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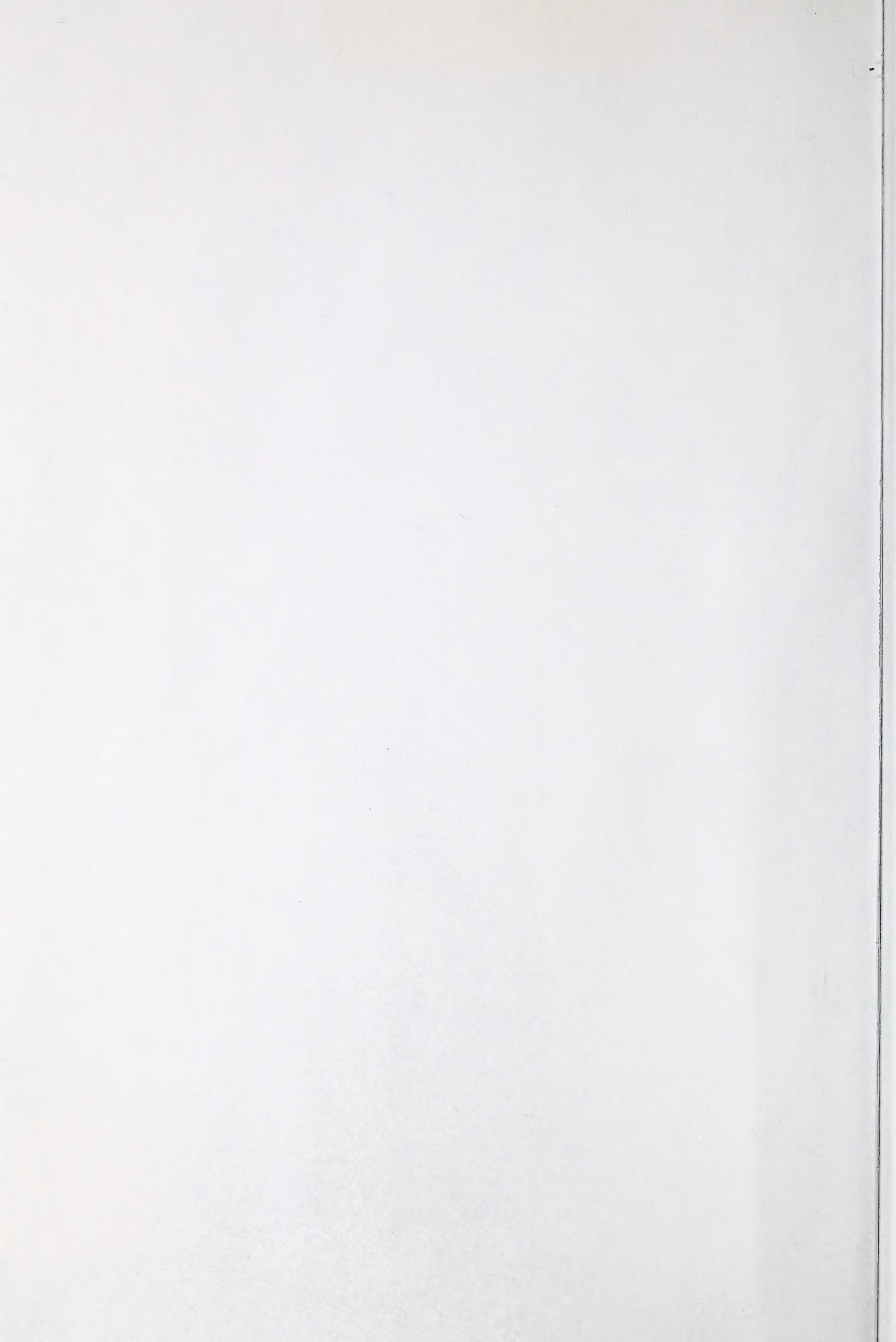
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HISTORY OF DEERFIELD

HISTORY

OF

NOTTINGHAM, DEERFIELD, AND NORTHWOOD,

COMPRISED WITHIN THE ORIGINAL LIMITS OF

NOTTINGHAM, ROCKINGHAM COUNTY, N. H.,

WITH RECORDS OF THE

CENTENNIAL PROCEEDINGS AT NORTHWOOD,

AND

GENEALOGICAL SKETCHES.

V. 2

BY

REV. ELLIOTT C. COGSWELL.

MANCHESTER:

PRINTED BY JOHN B. CLARKE.

1878.

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HISTORY

NOTTINGHAM, DERBY, AND
NORTHWOOD

COMPILED WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF

NOTTINGHAM ROYAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, N. H.

WITH REFERENCE TO THE

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF THE

AND

GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF THE

AND

REV. ALBERT C. COLEMAN

MANCHESTER

PRINTED BY JAMES E. CLARKE

1888

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born 1798; removed to Walden, Vt.; she died in Deerfield, June, 1800, aged twenty years.

(4) Capt. David Haines, born August 15, 1782, married Mehitable Hilton, April 4, 1810; she was born August 16, 1790, a daughter of Col. Joseph Hilton and Sarah (Thurston) Hilton. Col. Hilton was born at Epping, June 13, 1747, married Sarah Thurston, 1770, and died at Deerfield, November 16, 1826, aged seventy-nine years. He was lieutenant in Col. Scammel's regiment in 1777, and at the battle of Saratoga was severely wounded in the hip. Capt. Haines commanded a company of artillery on Fort Washington, Portsmouth, in the war of 1812; was justice of the peace in Deerfield for twenty years. In 1849 he, with his family, removed to Manchester, where he continued to reside until his death, October 4, 1854, aged seventy-two years; his wife died October 15, 1860, aged seventy years.

(5) Mercy Haines, born September 21, 1784, married Abner Purrington of Epping, April 23, 1804; removed to New York, where he died. She married, for her second husband, Eusebius Stickney, and removed to Corry, Penn., where she died in 1867, aged eighty-three years.

Issue by second wife, Jemima Pulsifer:—

(6) Samuel Haines, born February 20, 1789, married Mary Philbrick, April 6, 1819, born April 30, 1799, daughter of Jonathan Philbrick and Hannah (Smith) Philbrick; Jonathan, born April 20, 1771; Hannah, born October 22, 1770; and Jonathan's father, Jonathan, sen., was born March 18, 1736; his wife, Hannah (Brown) Philbrick, was born at Kensington, 1740, daughter of Benjamin Brown. Caleb Philbrick, father of Jonathan, sen., born July 21, 1705. Caleb's father was Elias, born 1680, and his father was John Philbrick, one of the first settlers of Hampton. Hannah Smith was daughter of Col. William Smith, one of the first settlers of Deerfield, came from Salisbury, Mass., about 1769 or 1770. He signed the Association Test at Deerfield, 1776. Samuel Haines was a farmer, always resided

born 1798; removed to Woburn, Vt.; she died in Dorchester, June, 1899, aged twenty years.

(4) Capt. David Haines, born August 15, 1782, married Melinda Hildon, April 4, 1810; she was born August 16, 1790, a daughter of Col. Joseph Hildon and Sarah (Thompson) Hildon. Col. Hildon was born in Epiphany, June 15, 1717, married Sarah Thibault, 1739, and died at Dorchester, November 16, 1826, aged seventy-nine years. He was lieutenant in Col. Bennett's regiment in 1777, and at the battle of Saratoga was severely wounded in the hip. Capt. Haines commanded a company of artillery on Fort Mifflin, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, in the war of 1812; was justice of the peace in Dorchester for twenty years. In 1819 he, with his family, removed to Massachusetts, where he continued to reside until his death, October 4, 1851, aged seventy-two years; he was died October 15, 1851, aged seventy years.

(5) Mary Haines, born September 21, 1784, married Abner Livingston of Epiphany, April 28, 1804; removed to New York, where he died. She married for her second husband, Kinslie Hildon, and removed to Cary, Conn., where she died in 1867, aged eighty-three years.

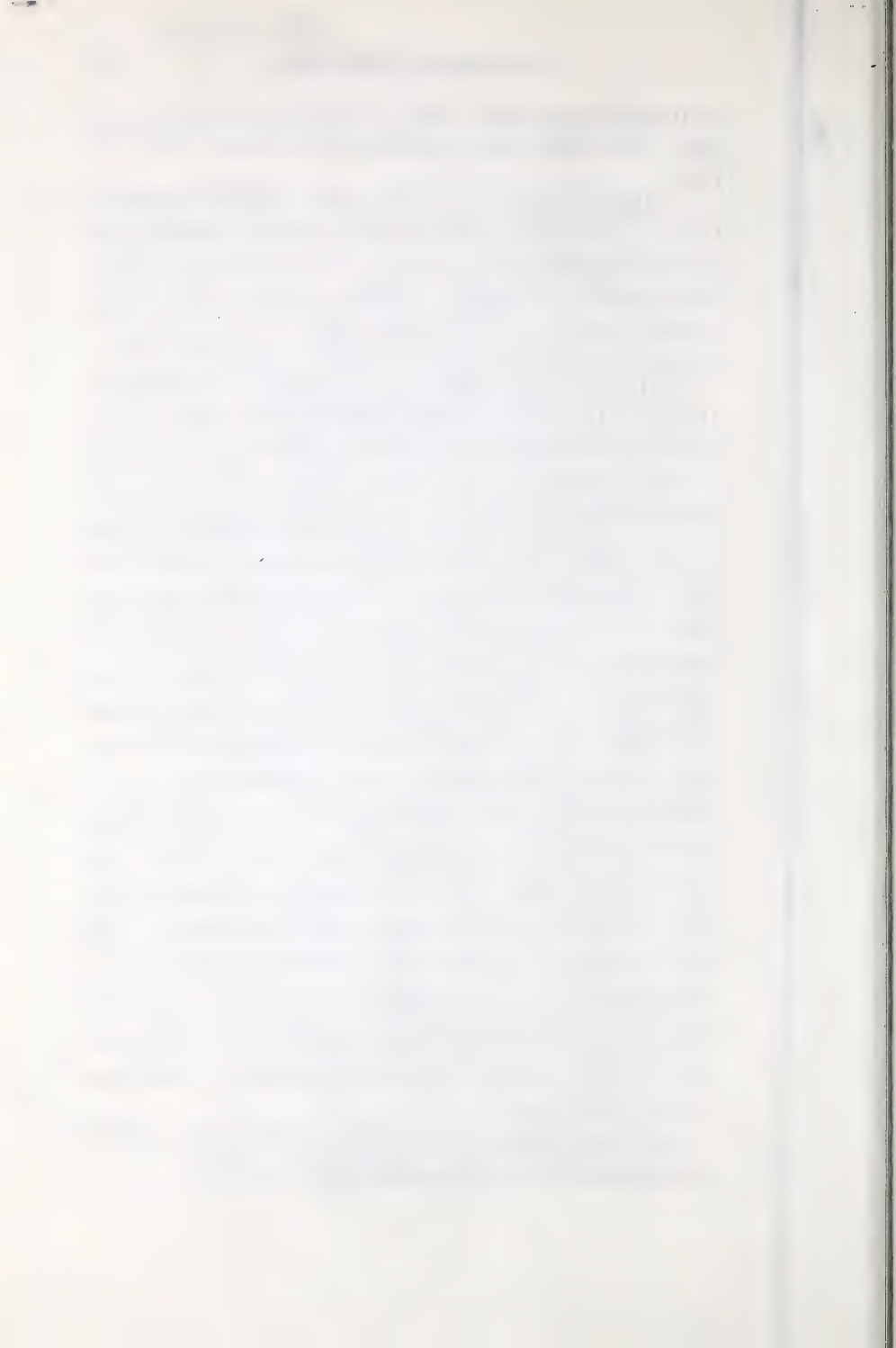
From my record with Jonathan Philbrick:—
(6) Samuel Haines, born February 20, 1780, married Mary Philbrick, March 2, 1814, born April 30, 1789, daughter of Jonathan Philbrick and Hannah (Smith) Philbrick; Jonathan, born April 20, 1771; Hannah, born October 22, 1770; and Jonathan's father, Jonathan, son, was born March 18, 1786; his wife, Hannah (Hewes) Philbrick, was born in Kensington, 1740, daughter of Benjamin Hewes. Caleb Philbrick, father of Jonathan, son, born July 21, 1762, John's father was John, born 1680, and his father was John Philbrick, one of the first settlers of Hampton. Hannah Smith was daughter of Col. William Smith, one of the first settlers of Dorchester, came from Salisbury, Mass., about 1760 or 1770. He signed the Association Test at Dorchester, 1770. Samuel Haines was a farmer; always resided

in Deerfield, and died April 19, 1860, aged seventy-one years. His wife, Mary, died July 26, 1863, aged sixty-four years.

(7) Hannah Haines, born November 15, 1790, married, March 7, 1833, Serg. John Sanborn, as his second wife, born at Kingston, April 15, 1782; he was the son of Capt. Peter and Anna Sanborn. He was a farmer, and died in Deerfield, October 20, 1864, aged eighty-two years; his wife, Hannah, died October 25, 1863, aged seventy-three years.

(8) Deacon Daniel Haines, born August 6, 1792, married, December 11, 1822, Sophronia Dearborn, born May 6, 1802, daughter of Nathaniel and Comfort Dearborn, of Deerfield, is still living, 1875, at Grand Rapids, Mich. In 1814, Deacon Haines enlisted in Capt. Samuel Collins's company as first sergeant, and was stationed at Fort McClary, Portsmouth, afterwards captain of the seventh company of infantry, Eighteenth Regiment. He was chosen representative to the legislature at Concord in 1824 and 1825, was selectman and town agent a number of years, and justice of the peace for twenty years in Deerfield. In 1833, he was chosen deacon of the Freewill Baptist Church, but, December, 1837, removed, with his family, to Hooksett; the next year removed to Manchester, and was chosen deacon of the First Freewill Baptist Church in that city. In 1849, at the time of the California fever, when so many were seeking the golden shores of the Pacific, Deacon Haines, then past the meridian of life, joined a company and made the then difficult and dangerous journey across the Isthmus. After his return, not satisfied with adventure, he removed to Minnesota, where he continued to reside, at Northfield, until 1869, when, the infirmities of age coming upon him, he removed to Janesville, Wis., where his son, Joseph W. Haines, Esq., resided, and died December 29, 1870, aged seventy-eight years.

(9) Nancy Haines, born October 19, 1794, never married, died December 28, 1828, aged thirty-three years.



(10) Noah Haines, born November 11, 1796, married, March 22, 1822, Dolly Smith of Candia, born January 25, 1798, died January 1, 1870, aged seventy-two years; he died December 12, 1863, aged sixty-seven years.

Children of William Haines and Judith Rowe of Deerfield:—

(1) Lucy Haines, born in Wolfeborough, April 27, 1771, died young.

(2) Jeremiah Haines, born May 22, 1772, married Abigail Evans, April 28, 1803, born March 15, 1776, died July 18, 1847, aged seventy-one years; had no children; he died September 28, 1849, aged seventy-seven years.

(3) David Haines, born January 25, 1775, married, 1802, Ann Osgood of Newport; moved to Cabot, Vt.; he died September 24, 1850, aged eighty-one years; she died January 26, 1866.

(4) William Haines, born April 15, 1778, married, first, February 22, 1806, Elizabeth Merrill, born June 27, 1781, daughter of Robert and Jane Merrill of Deerfield; she died September 6, 1840, aged fifty-nine years; married, for his second wife, Betsey L. (James) Philbrick, widow of Jonathan Philbrick, jr., July 5, 1849, born October 15, 1792, died August 5, 1874, aged eighty-one years. William Haines died October 29, 1865, aged eighty-seven years. No children by second wife.

The children of Lydia Haines and Dudley Ladd, Esq., of Deerfield, were:

(1) John Folsom Ladd, born in Epping, April 19, 1775, married Dorothy Smith, December 13, 1798, born at Deerfield, 1779, died August 13, 1852, aged seventy-three; he died May 27, 1817, aged forty-two years; they had ten children: David, Lois, David, Paluma, Dudley, Lydia, John F., Lucy, Sally, and Harriet M.; (2) Mercy Ladd, born 1783, died June, 1854, aged seventy-one years, unmarried; (3) Lydia Ladd, born April 14, 1785, married, July, 1804, Capt. Benjamin Smith of Epping, born August 7, 1783; he was

captain of the cavalry company in the Eighteenth Regiment New-Hampshire militia for a number of years, and died April 25, 1860, aged seventy-six; she died February 21, 1850, aged sixty-five years.

The children of Sarah Haines and Col. Samuel Collins of Deerfield (see sketch of Col. Collins), were :

(1) Lydia H. Collins, born June 8, 1800, married Joseph Beane, Esq., of Candia; they have one daughter, who married E. A. J. Sawyer, Esq., who resides at Deerfield Parade. Mr. Sawyer represented the town in the legislature in 1864-65; was deputy-sheriff for eight years; has been justice of the peace for fifteen years or more, and held many other offices in town; Mrs. Beane has one son, the Rev. Samuel C. Beane, who resides at Salem, Mass.; she, with her daughter, resides in Deerfield with her son-in-law, Mr. E. A. J. Sawyer; (2) Miriam F., born March 16, 1802, died September 27, 1803, aged eighteen months; (3) Miriam, born February 28, 1804, married Dr. Stephen Brown, who resides at Deerfield Parade; (4) Sarah, born January 3, 1806, died January 1, 1828, aged twenty-two years, unmarried; (5) Samuel, jr., born March 16, 1808, died January 2, 1826, aged eighteen years; (6) David H., born November 9, 1811, was clerk of the New-Hampshire State Senate at Concord two years, and register of probate for the County of Grafton; died June 24, 1843, aged thirty-one years, unmarried; (7) Rebecca M., born February 28, 1814, married, October 31, 1835, Edward P. Prescott, Esq., born April 14, 1812; he commenced business in Deerfield as a merchant and shoe manufacturer. In 1855-56, he removed to Candia, and pursued, successfully, the wholesale business in flour, grain, and groceries, until 1859, when he removed to Concord; he has for many years held the commission of justice of the peace, and for a number of years was elected alderman for ward six in Concord. He is a worthy member of the Freewill Baptist Church in Concord; he takes a great interest in the Young Men's Christian Association,

and is highly respected as an active, energetic, and upright citizen.

The children of William Haines and Elizabeth Merrill of Deerfield were ; —

(1) William Haines, born August 3, 1806, married Caroline Wason of Chester ; in 1837, removed to Pardeeville, Wis. ; has two daughters ; (2) Mahalah Haines, born August 31, 1810, married July 8, 1839, Dudley Ladd ; he was born February 11, 1806 ; a farmer ; resides in Deerfield ; no children ; (3) John O. Haines, born June 4, 1813, married Hannah M. Eaton of Barnstead ; he is a doctor ; resides in Manchester, and has two children ; (4) Robert M. Haines, born April 14, 1816, married May, 1848, Abigail Blaisdell, born 1821 ; in June, 1848, he, with his family, removed to Pardeeville, Wis. ; they have five children ; (5) Judith Jane Haines, born December 27, 1818, married, February 21, 1848, Samuel G. Haines, born November 24, 1819 ; he is a farmer and carpenter ; resides in Deerfield ; they have two children : Frank G., born January 31, 1853 ; Ella F. V., born February 15, 1855, resides at Deerfield.

The children of Lydia Ladd and Capt. Benjamin Smith of Deerfield were : —

(1) Dudley L. Smith, born November 12, 1804, died January 25, 1815, of spotted fever, aged eleven years ; (2) Stevens Smith, born December 2, 1806, married, December 2, 1840, Mary Robinson, born February 22, 1811 ; he died March 27, 1863, aged fifty-six years ; lived in Deerfield ; a farmer ; (3) Mercy L. Smith, born December 23, 1810, married, December, 1837, Andrew Bickford of Concord ; he enlisted in 1862, in Company A, Eighth New-Hampshire Regiment, William Barrett, captain, Hawks Ferring, colonel ; died in New Orleans, just before returning home ; (4) Lydia L. Smith, born July 9, 1814, married Charles Smith, born November 4, 1810 ; resides in Deerfield ; carpenter and farmer ; is twin brother of Hilgard Smith ; (5) Benjamin D. Smith, born July 3, 1819, married, 1843, first, Sarah L.

Merrill, born June 28, 1818, died July 6, 1844, aged twenty-six years; second, married Sally Kenny, died 1869; third, married — Bickford, 1871; is a farmer and shoemaker; resides in Deerfield; (6) Mary J. Smith, born September 2, 1822, died April 14, 1823, aged seven months; (7) John F. M. Smith, born April 20, 1824, is married and resides in Ohio.

The children of Samuel Haines and Mary Philbrick of Deerfield were:—

(1) Samuel G. Haines, born November 24, 1819, married, February 21, 1848, Judith J. Haines, born December 27, 1818; he is a farmer and carpenter; resides in Deerfield on the farm on which his father lived and died, and which was cleared and settled by Thomas Robie, who came from Hampton in 1765; he was captain of the company of artillery in the Eighteenth Regiment New-Hampshire militia; has been justice of the peace since 1860. On his mother's side, he is the seventh generation from John Philbrick, one of the first settlers of Hampton; (1) John; (2) Elias, born 1680; (3) Caleb, born 1705; (4) Jonathan, born 1736; (5) Jonathan, jr., born 1771; (6) Mary, born 1799; (7) Samuel G. Haines, born 1819.

(2) David P. Haines, born March 22, 1822, married, March 25, 1857, Mary Jane Silver, born October 31, 1822, daughter of Joseph M. and Sarah S. Silver of Deerfield; she died July 18, 1857, aged thirty-five years; his second marriage, July 13, 1867, was with Susan H. Ladd, born August 9, 1842; two children: (1) David H. Haines, born January 5, 1868; (2) Henry P. Haines, born March 30, 1869; second wife died January 13, 1871, aged twenty-eight years; he is a farmer, and resides in Deerfield.

(3) Jonathan Haines, born September 22, 1824, died January 7, 1826, aged one year.

(4) Jonathan P. Haines, born December 5, 1826, married, July 14, 1855, Abigail Maloon, born May 25, 1827; a farmer and machinist; he resides in Deerfield.



(5) Mary Haines, born December 22, 1828, died the next day.

(6) Mary Ann Haines, born March 1, 1830, married, May 14, 1857, Joseph S. Sanborn, Esq., born March 17, 1834; overseer in machine-shop in North Andover, Mass.; two children: Grace May, born November 12, 1864, and Annie E., born December 23, 1867.

(7) Hannah Haines, born April 4, 1832, died April 2, 1834.

(8) Hannah Haines, born June 13, 1836, died November 1, 1849, aged thirteen years.

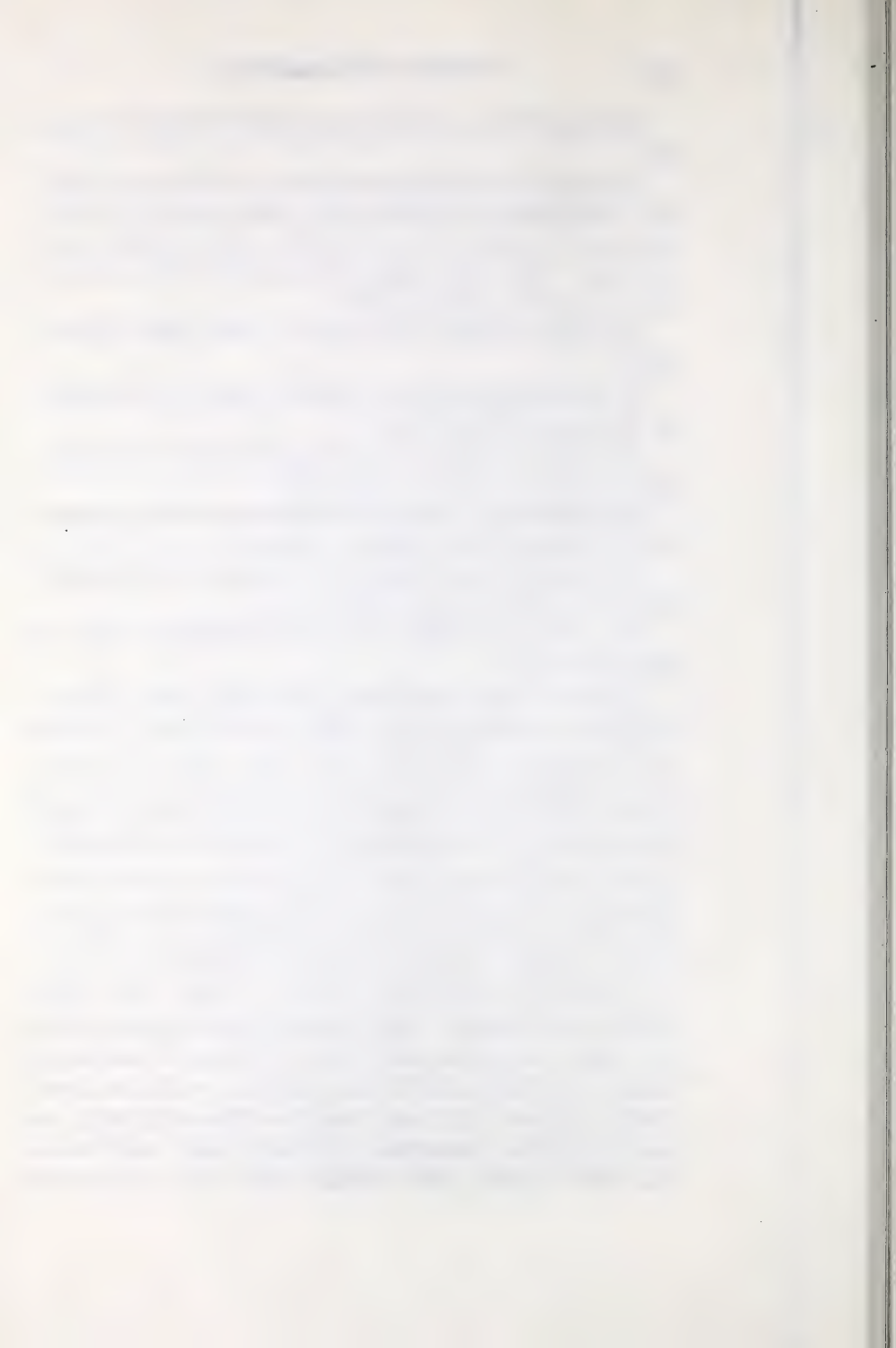
(9) Ashley D. Haines, born August 11, 1838; insurance agent, Lawrence, Mass.; unmarried.

(10) Roxanna E. Haines, born February 16, 1841, unmarried; resides in North Andover, Mass.

(11) Martha Jane Haines, born September 12, 1843, died October 16, 1860, aged seventeen years.

The children of John F. Ladd and Dorothy Smith of Deerfield were:—

(1) David Ladd, born March, 1799, died young; (2) Louisa Ladd, born February 13, 1801, married Mark Wadleigh of Kensington; (3) David Ladd, born July 7, 1802, married, September 7, 1826, Harriet Hoit, born October 5, 1809; resides in Deerfield; a farmer; (4) Paluma Ladd, born February 9, 1804, married Cyrus Mann of Pembroke; removed to Chicago; thence to California, and died there; she died in Chicago, March 20, 1865, aged sixty-one years; (5) Dudley Ladd, born February 11, 1806, married Mahalah Haines, August 8, 1839, born August 30, 1810; is a farmer; resides on the Ridge Road, so called; (6) Lydia Ladd, born October 9, 1808, married John Dunham of Boston, Mass., where they both died; (7) John F. Ladd, born August 10, 1810, married Mary Rollins; resides in Deerfield; a farmer; (8) Lucy Ladd, born March 22, 1812; resides at Exeter, unmarried; (9) Sally Ladd, born March 22, 1814, married, first, Luther Fuller; he died, and she



married Andrew Ladd of Pembroke; she died December 29, 1862, aged forty-eight years; (10) Harriet M. Ladd, born May, 1816, married William Treadwell of Lowell, Mass.; she died August, 1847, aged thirty-one years.

The children of Stephen Smith and Mary Robinson of Deerfield were:—

(1) Dyer S. Smith, born March 18, 1850, married, July 4, 1874, Miss Aura J. Ladd, born May 6, 1854, daughter of Lewis A. Ladd, Esq., of Deerfield; they have one child, Edward Guy Smith, born April 1, 1875; is a farmer, and resides in Deerfield.

The children of David Ladd and Harriet Hoit of Deerfield were:—

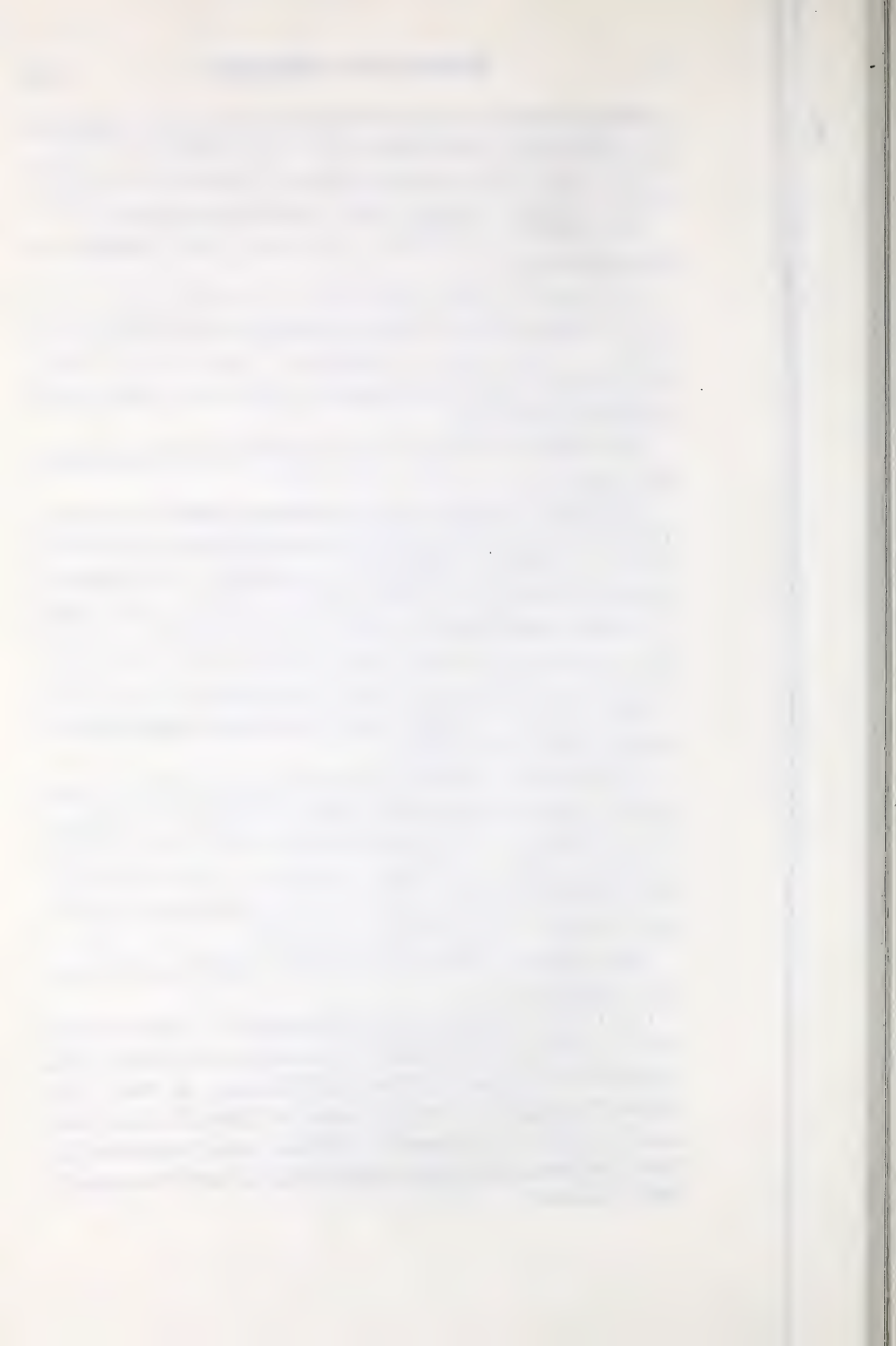
(1) Mary E. Ladd, born November 2, 1827, resides in Deerfield, unmarried; (2) Wyman H. Ladd, born June 30, 1831; is a farmer in Deerfield; unmarried; (3) Susan H. Ladd, born August 9, 1842, married, July 13, 1867, David P. Haines, born March 8, 1822; have two children; David H., born January 5, 1868; Henry P., born March 30, 1869; Susan H. died January 13, 1871, aged twenty-eight years.

The children of Capt. Samuel G. Haines and Judith J. Haines of Deerfield were:—

(1) Franklin G. Haines, born January 31, 1853, is a machinist; resides in Lawrence, Mass.; (2) Ella F. V. Haines, born February 15, 1855, married, February 15, 1874, Henry A. Rollins, born in Deerfield, January 4, 1851; have one child, Elmer H. Rollins, born in Deerfield, March 22, 1875; he is a farmer, and resides in Deerfield.

The children of Jonathan P. Haines and Abigail Maloon of Deerfield were:—

(1) Willis P. Haines, born December 27, 1855; resides with his father at Deerfield; (2) Henrietta S. Haines, born at Manchester, June 20, 1860, died February 26, 1861; (3) Emma May Haines, born September 16, 1863, Bedford, died April 4, 1865; (4) Samuel J. Haines, born September 11, 1865, Bedford; (5) Laura Abby Haines, born November 7, 1867, Bedford.



The following are descended, in direct line, of Samuel G. Haines, from Samuel Haines, born in England : —

Samuel Haines, born in England, 1611.

Samuel Haines, born in New England, 1646, married Mary Fifield.

William Haines, born in Portsmouth, 1679, married Mary Lewis.

David Haines, born in Greenland, 1717, married Lydia Cate.

Deacon David Haines, born in Epping, 1747, married, first, Mercy James; second, Jemima Pulsifer.

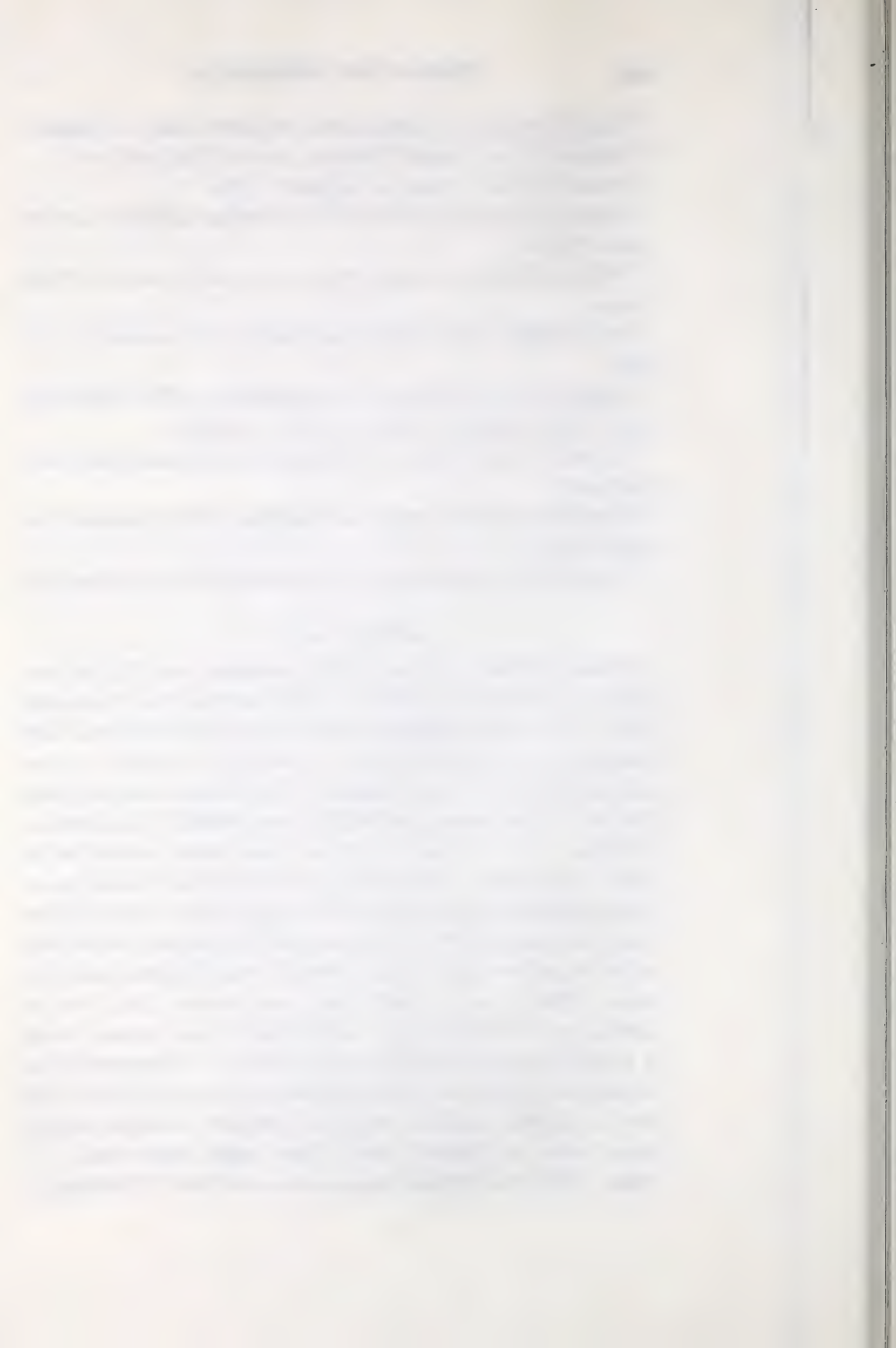
Samuel Haines, born in Deerfield, 1789, married Mary Philbrick.

Samuel G. Haines, born in Deerfield, 1819, married Judith Haines.

Franklin G. Haines, born in Deerfield, 1853, unmarried.

HILTON FAMILY.

Edward Hilton was one of the company sent by the proprietors of Laconia to effect a settlement on the Piscataqua River. Not understanding the nature of the climate, they thought to cultivate the vine. They also coveted mines, and proposed to discover them. This Hilton arrived from London in the spring of 1623, accompanied by his brother William. He settled on Dover Neck some seven miles from Portsmouth. The disappointments and hardships of this settlement may be inferred from the fact, that ten years later, the people of that place and of Portsmouth were compelled to secure most of their bread from England and Virginia. There was no mill for grain nearer than that at Boston, and even that was a wind-mill; and women were, if possible, scarcer than bread, and the men were sorely distressed for helpmeets, though wives and maidens were sent over in limited numbers, many of the first settlers leaving their wives in England until they could make ready for them. Edward Hilton was a friend of Gov. Winthrop of



Massachusetts, and so had influence. Much disorder was occasioned in the Dover settlement by the immoral conduct of Burdet, Knollys, and Larkham; and Hilton and the better portion of the community sought the protection of the government of Massachusetts in 1641, and Hilton was made the first magistrate. A grant had been made to him in Exeter in 1639, and he removed thither in 1652. The same year the inhabitants of Exeter, in town-meeting, "Voted that Mr. Hilton be requested to go along with Mr. Dudley to the General Court to assist him." The following year another grant, of some two miles square, was made to him, "in regard to his charges in setting up a saw-mill." This tract included what is now known as South Newmarket, then called Newfields. This Hilton died in 1671.

This Edward Hilton's eldest son was named Edward, and lived in Exeter, and married Ann Dudley, who was born October 16, 1641, daughter of Rev. Samuel Dudley of Exeter, and granddaughter of Thomas Dudley, who was the second Governor of Massachusetts Colony; her mother was Mary Winthrop, a daughter of John Winthrop, the first governor of that colony; this second Edward Hilton died April 28, 1699, and his eldest son was called Winthrop, born about 1671, best known for many years as Col. Hilton; he became the leading military man in the province, and had the chief command in one or more expeditions; he was appointed, 1706, a judge of the court of common pleas, and retained the office until his death; he was killed by the Indians, June 23, 1710; his wife was Ann Wilson. This Col. Winthrop Hilton's youngest son, born December 21, 1710, after his death, named Winthrop, lived on the homestead, was colonel in the militia, and died December 26, 1781; his son Winthrop was wounded in Northwood by the falling of a tree, January 11, 1775, and died the next day; and his son Ichabod, who married Susanna, daughter of Col. Joseph Smith of Newmarket, had a daughter, Susanna, who became the wife of Levi Mead, Esq., of Northwood.

The history of the world is a vast and complex subject, encompassing the lives and actions of countless individuals and the events that have shaped our planet. From the earliest civilizations to the modern era, the story of humanity is one of constant change and evolution. The study of history allows us to understand the patterns of human behavior, the causes of conflict, and the progress of society. It is a discipline that challenges us to think critically and to seek out the truth, even when the evidence is uncertain or the path is unclear. The history of the world is not just a collection of facts and dates; it is a living, breathing story that continues to unfold before our eyes. As we look back on the past, we gain a deeper appreciation for the present and a sense of hope for the future. The history of the world is a testament to the resilience of the human spirit and the power of our collective efforts. It is a story that we must all know, for it is the story of us.

Joseph, the third son of the second Edward Hilton, was born about the year 1681, and died at the age of eighty-four; by his second wife, a widow Adams, he had a son, named Theodore, who lived in Newmarket, and married Mary Sinclair of Stratham; and their eldest son, Joseph, settled in Deerfield, where he died in 1826; this Joseph Hilton married Sarah Thurston of Epping; he lived where the brick house now stands, near the mills owned by Sawyer, Dearborn, and Philbrick; was a large land-owner, and had corn to spare when others had not; he also carried on blacksmithing upon a large scale; made oil of flax-seed; was a very industrious man, succeeding in every branch of business to which he gave his attention, and accumulated a large estate; he had, for children, Stephen, who removed to Maine; Joseph, who lived in Deerfield, and died a young man, leaving children; John, who also lived in Deerfield; Daniel, who went into Maine; Winthrop, who graduated at Dartmouth College, and died in Deerfield; Hannah, who married a Mr. Butler, and moved into Maine; Mehitable, who became the wife of Capt. David Haines, who commanded a company of artillery at Portsmouth. He subsequently removed to Manchester, having a daughter who married Rev. J. L. Sinclair, whose son, Joseph H., married a sister of Col. Peter Sanborn of Concord, and they live in Manchester; Elizabeth, born March 30, 1780, married a Mr. Ford, and lived in Gilmanton, and their sons, W. P. and T. H. Ford, are hardware dealers in Concord; John, who married Abigail Prescott of Deerfield.

Col. Hilton's second wife was the widow of Joseph Mills, Esq., who was her second husband, her first being Joseph March, Esq. It is believed that, at her first marriage, she was a Coffin.

Col. Hilton was a lieutenant in the war of the Revolution, and was wounded at the battle of Saratoga, his company being a part of Col. Scammel's regiment.

HOAG FAMILY.

The tradition is handed down, that sometime before 1700, although the date is not given, the original of the Hoag family in this country left his wife in England and came with his young son, John, to New York. He found the country so much to his liking that, leaving his son in New York, he started for England to fetch his wife, but he was never afterwards heard from. The boy John, however, lived and grew up, and in due time married a lady of the name of Emery, by whom he had three sons, Joseph, Jonathan, and John; Joseph remained in New York, John removed to Connecticut, and Jonathan to West Newbury, Mass. From Jonathan is descended the New-Hampshire family, although the record is incomplete.

The unbroken record begins with Jonathan, a descendant of the last-named, who lived in Seabrook, where he married a lady of the name of Stanley, and had seven children: Abraham, Jonathan, Hassey, Hepzibah, Isaac, and two daughters, whose names are not preserved. The mother of these children was a Quakeress, and she lived to the great age of one hundred and five years and eight months. The son Isaac, a Quaker, came to Deerfield about 1784, and became the progenitor of the Deerfield family. He married Sarah Langley of Deerfield. They subsequently settled in Pittsfield, and had eight children, six sons and two daughters; afterward removed to Canterbury, where he died. The eldest were twin brothers, named Joseph and Benjamin, born in Deerfield. Joseph moved to Henniker, where he recently died at the age of eighty-nine years, leaving descendants. Benjamin married Betsy Nevins of Cape Ann, Mass., and settled in Deerfield about the year 1812. Nine children were born of this marriage, of whom four died in infancy. Benjamin Hoag died in the year 1828, at the age of forty-three years, having survived his wife, Betsy, six years.

Of the children who survived, Eliza Ann, the eldest



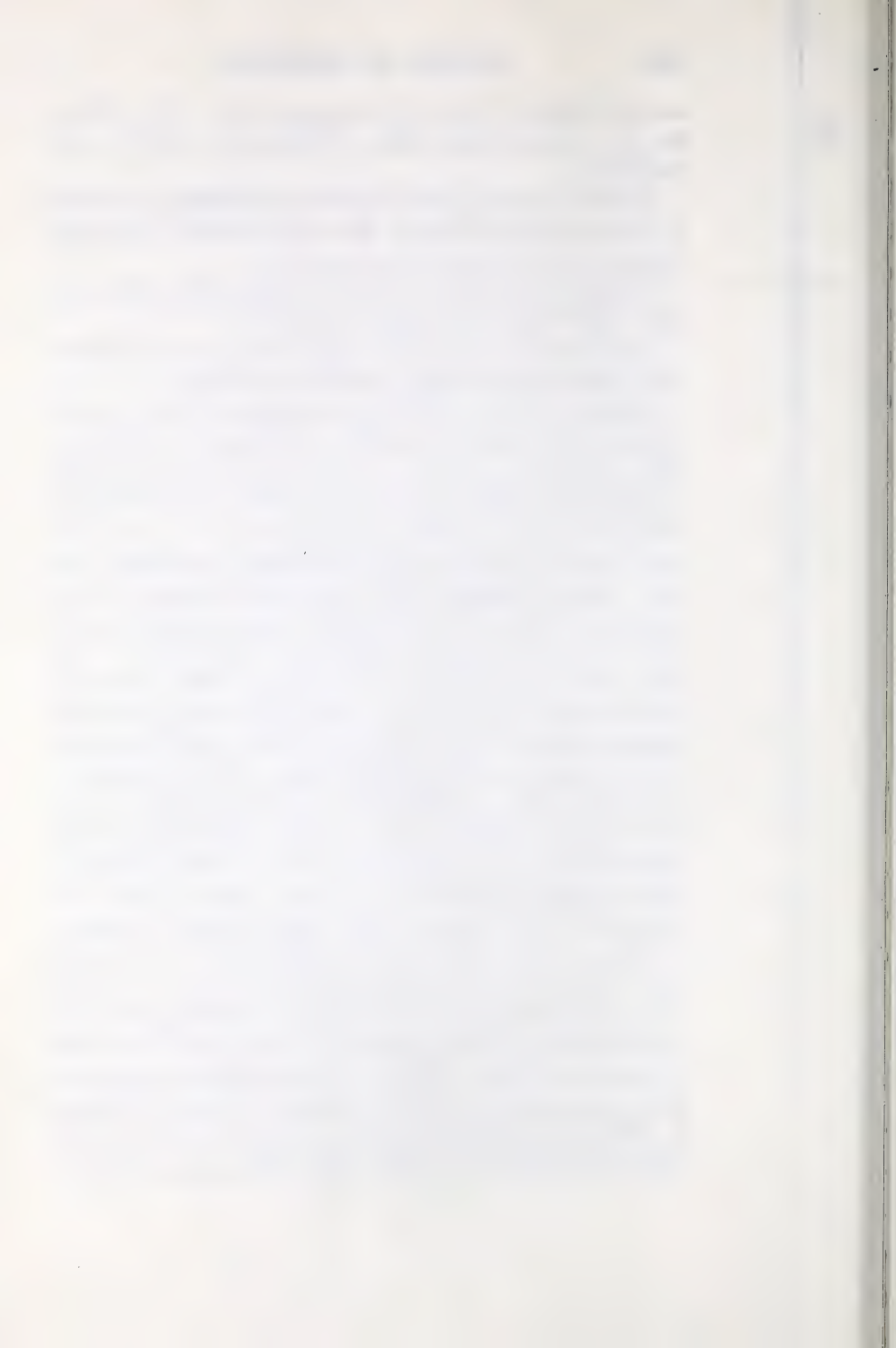
married Luther Cowen of Nashua, and died July, 1854, at the age of forty-three years, leaving four children, all daughters.

Katharine married John Morrill of Canterbury, and died in Brighton (now Boston), Mass., at the age of fifty-one, leaving three sons and three daughters.

Benjamin, the youngest, died in Brighton, Mass., January, 1845, aged twenty-three years, unmarried.

Isaac, the fourth child, born April, 1819, married Selina Hoag, lives in Manchester, and has no children.

Joseph, the third child, born August, 1816, married Sarah, only child of Timothy and Hannah Batchelder. They settled and still live on the homestead in Deerfield, on the spot where her grandfather, John Batchelder, one of the early settlers in the town, and who in his time did good service in the Revolution, originally established himself. Joseph Hoag has held various local offices of trust, and, from 1859 to 1861, served the town as selectman, the latter part of the time as chairman of the board. They have had six children, one of whom, a son, died in infancy, and the rest survive: Mary E., the eldest, married Stillman Humphrey of Concord, and has two children, both daughters; Joseph Henry, born March 20, 1839, married Emily, daughter of Patrick Colby of Boston, Mass., and lives in Lynn; they have children, a daughter and two sons; Caroline S., married Abbott Norris of Nottingham, and lives in North Hampton; they have one daughter and one son. Isaac T., born December 14, 1844, was graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1867, and from the Harvard Law School in 1870, and in that year was admitted to the bar in Boston. He subsequently went to Europe, and further pursued his legal studies by attending the law-lectures at the universities of Paris and Berlin. He is now practicing his profession in Boston, as a member of the law firm of Holmes & Hoague. In 1874, he married Caroline E., daughter of the late Otis Daniell of Boston; they have one child, a son, Theodore,



born June 22, 1876. Edgar C., the youngest, was born January 25, 1854, and lives in Concord, where he is a clerk in the firm of Humphrey, Dodge, & Co.; he is unmarried.

The name Hoag, like most other surnames, has been subject, in course of time, to considerable variation in orthography. The forms, Hoag, Hoagg, Hoague, Hogue, Hoge, Hogg, occur; and for any one who has had experience in genealogies or otherwise, of the tendency of names to variety in spelling, it will not be difficult to believe that all these forms had a common origin. The form Hoag is that generally used by the present members of the Deerfield family; but Isaac T. has adopted the form Hoague, as being more in accordance with what is known of the history of the name.

JAMES FAMILY.

John James was born January 9, 1752, settled at the Parade, where his daughter, Sally W., now resides, coming from Kensington, and died about 1845, aged about eighty years. His wife was Hannah, daughter of Ezekiel Worthington of Kensington, born July 17, 1752, and died September 2, 1829. Their children were: (1) Moses, born March 12, 1777; (2) Hannah, born October 30, 1778; (3) Mary W., born December 27, 1780; (4) Ezekiel W., born January 19, 1783; (5) Enoch, born September 1, 1785; (6) Mercy, born July 22, 1788; (7) Sally W., born June 4, 1790; (8) Elizabeth L., born October 15, 1792; (9) John, born October 8, 1794, now living in Deerfield. Moses lived and died in Lowell, Mass. His wife was Martha Young of Deerfield. They left children: Josiah Shephard, who resides in Raymond; Jacob, who lives in Manchester; Hannah, who nursed the mother of the present Gen. B. F. Butler at his birth, and died on the homestead; Mary W., who married John Eastman, and died, leaving children, one of whom, Enoch, lives in Eldora, Ia., who has been lieutenant-governor of that state; Ezekiel W., who lived and died on the homestead, marrying Lucy French of New-



market, leaving nine children, one of whom, Susan, is the wife of Moses Brown, son of Dr. Stephen Brown; Enoch, who married Eliza Bean of Candia for his first wife, and for his second, Judith Marden of Portsmouth, and is now living in Deerfield, aged eighty-six years; his son Frederick Plummer, who resides in New York, does not forget the place of his nativity, but expends his resources in improving and beautifying the homestead, and in making happy his friends, as well as in bestowing a public benefaction in erecting, at great expense, an elegant school-house in the district where his youth was instructed. A few such men in each of our rural towns would soon obliterate evidences of decline, and farms returning to forests would once more become fruitful fields, and the dwellings and barns reared by the fathers, now going to decay, would become models of beauty and taste, as well as promoters of comfort and aids to wealth.

JAMES FAMILY, — SECOND BRANCH.

Benjamin James came from Kensington, and settled on North Road, at what is called Rand's Corner. He died about 1822, aged about eighty-six years. His wife was a Garland, who died about 1827, aged about eighty-five years. Their children were: —

(1) Huldah, who married John Kenniston, and died in Wilmot, with her daughters, who became wives of gentlemen named White, brothers.

(2) Hannah, who married Timothy Batchelder of Deerfield, has one daughter, Sarah, now the wife of Joseph Hoagg, living on the Batchelder homestead.

(3) Jonathan, who was born April 13, 1779, married, March 23, 1802, Hannah, daughter of John Batchelder, born October 31, 1775, and their children were: (1) John B., born July 11, 1803, married Esther Dalton, born April 16, 1805, and died August 4, 1833, leaving one daughter, who married Gilman P. Rand of Deerfield, who has one

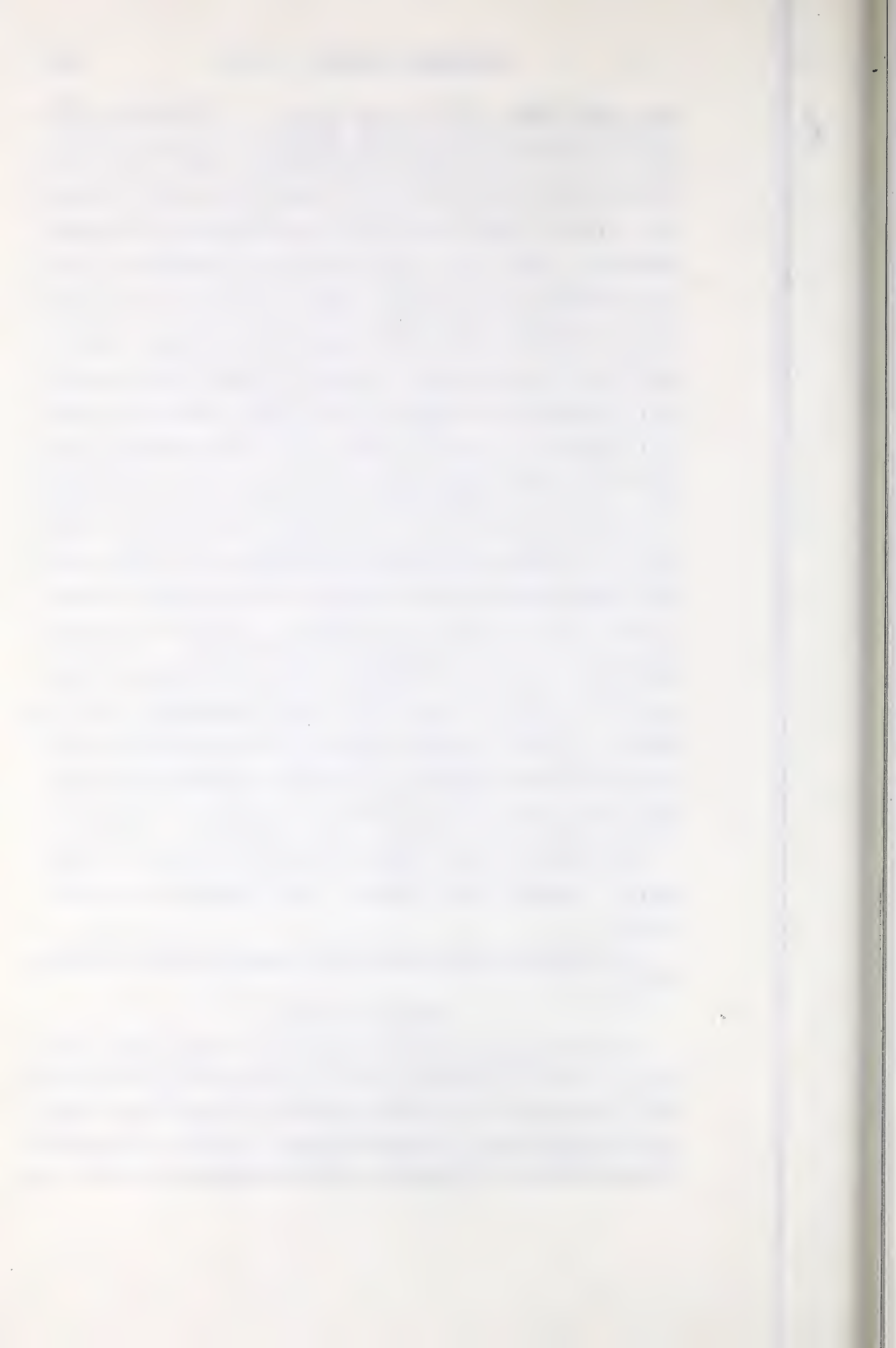
son ; this Esther Dalton was from Hampton ; Mr. John B. James is deacon in the Baptist Church, and he married, for his second wife, Sarah Whittier of Deerfield, born in 1812, and died February 17, 1874 ; and their children are : Myra S., who married William Whittier of Deerfield ; Charles L., who lives on the homestead ; and Ella F., who is a graduate of the Normal School at Bridgewater, Mass., and is a teacher in Fall River ; (2) Julia, sister of John B. James, was born April 21, 1805, and married Edmund Rand, Esq., of Deerfield, August 19, 1828 (see sketch) ; (3) Asa James, born May 14, 1807, died January 14, 1830 ; (4) Timothy B., born November 29, 1809, married, for his first wife, Sophia Page, who had two sons, Asa and George H., now living in Deerfield ; his second wife was Dorothea Fogg, who had no children ; his third was a widow Sanborn ; (5) Jeremiah Garland, born October 3, 1811, married Elizabeth Ladd of Deerfield, who lives near Thomas Veasey, and they have four children : Julia, who married Andrew Silver, of the firm Silver and Robinson, of Epsom ; Woodbury, who lives in Boston ; Alva, who resides in Montreal ; and Leroy, who lives on the homestead, with his father ; (6) William Henry Harrison, born August 19, 1815, married Hannah Dalton of Deerfield, where they reside, and have three children, Hannah, the wife of George H. James, Charles H., who lives with his father, and Fred E.

(4) Eunice, fourth child of Benjamin James, the first settler, married Jacob Freese, whose sketch may be consulted.

(5) Benjamin, fifth child of Benjamin, lived and died in Wilmot.

JENNESS FAMILY.

Francis Jenness, or, as the name was first spelled, Jennings, at the age of thirty-five, came from England to New Hampshire about 1665, and settled on what is now New-castle, then known as Great Island. In 1671, he married Hannah Cox of Hampton, and henceforward resided in



that town. The territory which he took up extended along the sea coast from what is now Straw's Point to Philbrick's Beach. Hannah, the wife of Francis, died in 1700; their children were: (1) Haunah, born 1673, married Edward Locke; (2) Hezekiah, born 1675, married Ann Foulsham, 1693; (3) John, born 1678, married, first, Hannah Foss, 1702; second, Mary Mason; (4) Ellinor, born 1681, married James Berry, 1700; (5) Mehitable, born 1683, married Deacon Matthias Haines, died 1768; (6) Richard, born 1686, married Mary Dow, 1710.

After the death of his first wife, Francis married, in 1701, at the age of seventy, Salome, widow of John White. Mr. Jenness died in 1713, aged eighty-two. His youngest son was the ancestor of those of the name with which we have to do in this sketch. He was born in 1686, and in 1710 he married Mary Dow, daughter of Simon Dow of Hampton, and settled near the homestead, which in a few years afterwards fell into his hands. This Richard was known as Capt. Richard Jenness. He became an extensive landowner, being a sagacious business man. In 1726, the territory formerly known as Sandy Beach, and which had been a part of Newcastle, was incorporated into the distinct parish of Rye, and Capt. Richard Jenness was chosen its first representative, and continued to represent the town for nearly forty years. He was an active and efficient member of the Provincial Assembly, and was a decided friend of Gov. Benning Wentworth. Large tracts of land in the New-Hampshire province were given away at various times to associations who had influence with men in authority. This Jenness obtained many a rich tract of land for a nominal consideration in the townships of Chester, Barnstead, Barrington, Epsom, Gilmanton, Canterbury, Chichester, and Nottingham.

"Two tracts acquired by him in Nottingham were located within the present limits of Deerfield. One of these, containing seventy-eight acres, was bought of Andrew McCleary

of Epsom, in 1751, being part of the original right of Jabez Joslyn. This tract was situated in the north-east part of the present Deerfield, close to Nottingham, and was sold by the captain's grandchildren, after his decease, to Josiah Morris of Epping. The other tract was purchased by Mr. Jenness, in 1743, of Joshua Pierce of Portsmouth, merchant, for the nominal consideration of £50, old tenor. It is described as two hundred and twenty acres *in lot No. 19, first range; being part of the original right granted, at the laying out of the town lands, to one Clement Hughes.*" These are parts of same lands on the Deerfield South Road which have since been held by his descendants.

This Richard Jenness died in Rye, in 1769, aged eighty-five, leaving ten children: (1) Sarah, born 1711, married Mr. Marston of North Hampton; (2) Mary, born 1712, married Joshua Weeks of Greenland; (3) Hannah, born 1714, married Joseph Lock of Rye; (4) Francis, born 1715, married Sarah Garland; (5) Richard, born 1717, married, second, Widow Abigail Sleeper; (6) Ruth, born 1718, died before her father; (7) Simon, born 1720, imbecile; (8) Jonathan, born 1721, died young; (9) Samuel, born 1724, married, first, Abigail Garland; second, Widow Eliza Shapley; (10) Joseph, born 1727, married, first, Mary Dow, 1750; second, Widow Parker of Lynn.

To Richard, his fifth child, he gave lands,—a farm at Breakfast Hill, and lands in Gilmanton, Canterbury, Barrington, and Nottingham; and these Nottingham lands led his descendants to Deerfield, carved out of Nottingham subsequently. This Richard took his father's place in the House of Representatives from Rye, until the Revolution. He was for many years the magistrate and justice of the peace for the town, long acting as conveyancer and an attorney and counselor-at-law. He ardently espoused the cause of the colonies, and died in 1782. He, like his father, was a sagacious man of business, and, by enterprise and judicious investments, acquired a large estate. He



added to the lands given him by his father, in Deerfield, so that, at his death, he had nearly a thousand acres, with no small improvements upon them. In 1767, the present South Road was laid out, running through the center of his estate. This Richard Jenness, Esq., was married about the year 1745, in the twenty-ninth year of his age; his children by this marriage were: (1) Richard, born 1747, married, first, Betsey Berry; second, Hannah Seavey; (2) Thomas, born 1748, married Sarah Yeaton; (3) Simon, born 1751, married Olive Shapley; (4) Elizabeth, born 1753, married Enoch Burbank; (5) Levi, born 1756, died young, and unmarried; (6) Anna, born 1759, unmarried.

By his second wife, Widow Abigail Sleeper, daughter of Tristram Coffin, whom he married in 1759, he had: (1) Jonathan, born 1760, married Abigail Garland; (2) Benjamin, born 1763, married Martha Seavey.

Two sons of this Richard Jenness, Esq., Richard and Thomas, about 1769, entered the South Road, as managers of their father's estate. Some years later, their brother Jonathan settled near the center of Deerfield.

Richard and Thomas erected a log house on the South Road, near where Thomas afterwards built a dwelling-house.

Richard, in 1770, married Betsey Berry of Greenland, and, 1785, he and Thomas erected large and handsome residences on the South Road, about half a mile apart. Here they both reared large and interesting families.

Judge Richard Jenness, as he was long known in his lifetime, held many and responsible offices. Besides minor appointments, he was elected delegate to the several state conventions held during the Revolution, and of the convention to organize the state government at its close; he served often as a member of the House of Representatives, and four years as senator for the second district; and, in 1809, was promoted to the bench of the court of common pleas, where he presided, with honor to himself and to the

satisfaction of others, until 1813. He died July 4, 1819, aged seventy-three.

Thomas, son of Judge Richard Jenness, was born in 1772, his mother being Betsey Berry, the first wife of his father. He was educated at Greenland Academy, and married, 1794, Deborah, daughter of Peter Sanborn, of Deerfield, and began housekeeping in the dwelling since destroyed by fire, nearly opposite the South-road cemetery. Here he carried on an extensive potash manufactory. In 1802 he erected a new house opposite the homestead. A tannery was established; hop-fields were set out; in 1812 the manufacture of saltpeter and of linseed oil was attempted, and a country store in the vicinity of the dwelling-house was established, long known as the "Old Red Store." Thomas Jenness died in 1836, at the age of sixty-four, leaving six sons, John, Peter, Richard, Thomas, Benning W., and Horace; and five daughters, Betsey, Annah, Matilda, Deborah, and Sarah.

The "Old Red Store" was where most of the sons of Esq. Thomas served apprenticeships. A country store in those days was a great institution. It became the great center of attraction as well as a *trading-post*. Men of leisure, story-telling men, political men, trading men, and drinking men resorted thither; while buxom girls and talkative women were no strangers. Products of the farm, of the wheel and loom, were here brought to be exchanged for the nameless articles which might be found in any country store; and, saddest of all, at every such center of trade might be had, without stint, New-England and West-India rum. "An eminent merchant of Portsmouth used to affirm, that one-half the primeval forests of New Hampshire were thus in a few years converted into ardent spirits." The scenery by which this place is encircled is of "marvelous beauty. The eye reaches to the eastward over broad and gently undulating lands, as far as the Po Hill in Andover, thirty miles away; on the south rise the lofty Raymond hills; on the

north the forest-clad Tuckaways; and on the west the blue Saddleback range encloses the picture. From the South-road ridge the fertile fields fall slowly away on either hand to the dark ravine below, and rise again on the opposite side, dotted with farm-houses and gleaming with spires, waving with herd's-grass and grain, and the deep-green Indian corn, or shaded by the remaining patches of the primeval forest, until far away the peaceful scene is merged in the grandeur of the eternal mountains. Over the ridge, along which the South Road winds its way, a pure, salubrious air is meantime fanning, bringing health and vigor on its wings." To this point tended, for pleasure or for business, multitudes from Raymond, Candia, Allenstown, and other "parishes;" and here the Jenness sons fitted themselves for business, and laid the foundation of their almost unequalled fortunes.

(1) John began in the "Old Red Store," and for a while had an interest in a store at the Parade; after a few years he removed to Portsmouth, became an extensive importer, then removed to Boston, enlarging his business, and becoming extensively engaged in banking operations. He died about 1867, aged about seventy, leaving an estate worth a million of dollars.

(2) Peter also began at the same "Old Red Store;" afterwards removed to Portsmouth, engaging extensively in mercantile business. He married Sarah True of Deerfield, and had five children: Mary; Sarah, who became the wife of John J. Pickering of Portsmouth; John; Annie; J. Horace, who lives in New York; he married Carrie Deming of Paris, France.

Peter Jenness was president of a bank in Portsmouth, and by energy and forecast amassed great wealth, nearly equal to that of his brother John. He died, 1865, aged about sixty-six.

(3) Richard, at the age of eighteen, became a clerk in the "Old Red Store," under his brother John. He traded

The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The second part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The third part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The fourth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The fifth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The sixth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The seventh part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The eighth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The ninth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$. The tenth part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function, and its value is determined by the initial condition $f(0) = 1$.

a while at the Parade, and, September 23, 1823, married Miss Caroline McClintock ; the same year acted as aid-de-camp to Brig.-Gen. Bartlett of Nottingham at the grand reception given at Concord to Gen. Lafayette.

In 1827 he removed to Concord, and in 1829 to Portsmouth, where he engaged in the hardware trade, built up an extensive business, and amassed a large fortune. He retired from mercantile business in 1856, devoting himself for several years afterwards to banking interests.

Mr. Jenness was chosen representative to the legislature in 1838 and 1840 ; was appointed navy agent in 1848 by President Polk ; was chosen state senator in 1849 and 1850, being elected to the presidency of the Senate the latter year. Mr. Jenness devoted his energies to business, and studied finances rather than politics. He gave \$5,000 for the schools of Deerfield, to indicate an affectionate attachment to the home of his childhood, and his interest in the cause of education. Mr. Jenness departed this life on the second day of February, 1872, aged seventy, leaving an ample fortune, which was not the product of any accidental or fortunate speculation, but the natural result of a life of ceaseless industry, guided by a sagacity which rarely failed, and an integrity which never faltered. Few men pass a long life so free from those stains which mar, and those foibles which obstruct, success, as Mr. Jenness.

He left a wife and four children : a son, John S. Jenness, Esq., a prominent New York lawyer ; and three daughters : one, the wife of Elbridge Gerry, Esq., a lawyer residing in Portland ; the second, the wife of Dr. Emil Richter of Portsmouth ; and the third, the wife of Hon. William T. Hamlington, United-States senator from Maryland.

(4) Thomas had an experience like the preceding brothers, in the home store ; then went to Bangor about 1833, and became an extensive dealer in hardware ; married Mary True of Deerfield, sister of the wife of Peter Jenness ; had two children : John S., who graduated at Cambridge,

and afterwards, in 1864, went into business with his father, and continues at Bangor; and Sarah, who became the wife of Judge James Rawson of Bangor.

Mr. Thomas Jenness died about 1864, aged about sixty-three. His widow still lives in Bangor.

(5) Benning W. was born July 14, 1806; in 1823 he began business as a merchant in Strafford, where he continued for thirty years, serving as postmaster for fifteen years, representing repeatedly the town in the lower branch of the state legislature, and holding the office of high-sheriff in old Strafford County for over five years. Subsequently he became probate judge, which office he resigned after five years, and was appointed to the Senate of the United States, to fill out the unexpired term of the Hon. Levi Woodbury, who was appointed to the supreme court of the United States. In 1850 he was a member of the constitutional convention to revise the constitution of the state. Mr. Jenness has always preferred business to politics, and in 1862 he removed to Cleveland, O., and engaged in the lumber business, in which he had had much experience in Strafford. He has been connected with others in building several vessels, one of which bears his own name, used for carrying lumber and trade from Buffalo to Chicago, capable of carrying three hundred and thirty thousand feet of lumber.

Mr. Jenness was married, in 1827, to Miss Nancy Shackford of Strafford, who died May 25, 1868, leaving two daughters: Ellen E., who became the wife of Ezra K. Palmer of Boston, and has one daughter, Mary, now the wife of J. Ross Dubbs, a lawyer in Indianapolis, Ind.; and Annie M., who married Augustus W. Merwin of New York, and has two daughters, Annie and Mary Jenness. Judge Jenness married, for his second wife, Miss Mira J. Woodman, daughter of Joshua Woodman, Esq., of Strafford, and they have one child, Bessie.

(6) Horace went to Bangor about 1835, engaged in lumber business, and died about 1865.

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(7) Betsey married, when sixteen years old, Samuel Whitehouse of Pembroke, a wealthy farmer; had two children, who have died. Mrs. Whitehouse died in Pembroke in 1877, leaving a large estate.

(8) Annah became the wife of Judge Ira St. Clair of Deerfield, and died about 1850; he dying in 1875.

(9) Matilda lives on the homestead in Deerfield.

(10) Deborah married Horatio Gates Cilley, jr., a lawyer of Deerfield. She died about 1850, leaving two children: Horatio Gates, who graduated from Dartmouth College, and lives in Iowa; and John S., who lives in Boston.

(11) Sarah married Joseph J. Dearborn of Deerfield, and died, leaving two children, Henry and Sarah; the latter died when sixteen years old; and the former, having graduated at Cambridge, entered into an extensive business in Boston.

MALOON FAMILY.

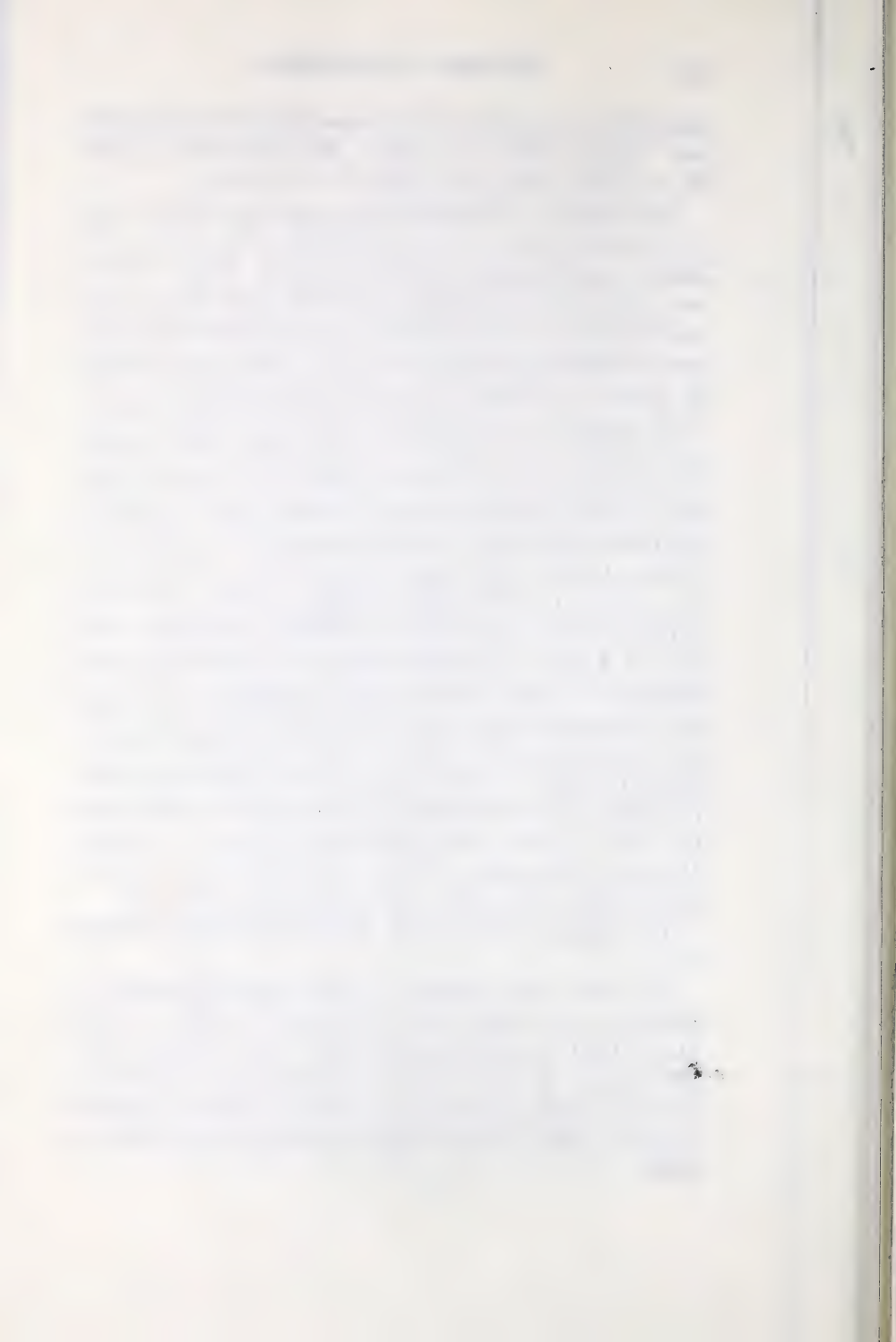
Lieut. Nathaniel Maloon, the grandfather of Meshech and Asa N. Maloon, and great-grandfather of John N. and Enoch F. Maloon, who now reside in Deerfield, was born in Exeter, April 18, 1733, Old Style; married Mary Norris of Epping, August, 1757; she was born in Exeter, September 25, 1731, Old Style, and was the daughter of Samuel Norris of Epping. He moved to Nottingham (now Deerfield) soon after his marriage, and cleared a farm at the south end of the upper Pawtuckaway Mountain, where his great-grandson, John N. Maloon, resides. He became owner of six or eight hundred acres of land, all in one body. At the first town meeting after Deerfield was incorporated, Nathaniel Maloon was chosen surveyor of highways. January 31, 1771, he was appointed, by Gov. John Wentworth, ensign of the Thirteenth Company in the Fourth Regiment of militia, commanded by Col. Nathaniel Folsom of Exeter, and, November 3, 1773, was appointed lieutenant of the same company. He settled his son Jeremiah on the farm owned by Martha O. Cilley, while he re-

tained his son Jonathan in the same house that his grandson, Meshech Maloon, occupies. His wife died in 1800. He died July, 1803, very suddenly, in his chair.

The children of Nathaniel Maloon and Mary Norris were: (1) Jeremiah, born May 21, 1758, died when young; (2) Molly, born September 2, 1760, married Thomas Tewksbury, and moved into Maine; (3) Dolly, born May 1, 1762, married Deacon Moses Marshal; he was in Chester in 1759, came to Deerfield subsequent to 1768; was a cabinet-maker; he moved to Corinth, Vt.; (4) Sally, born February 24, 1763, married Aaron Marshal, brother of Deacon Moses, and lived near him; he was a blacksmith; they moved to Unity, where their descendants reside; (5) Jeremiah, born May 4, 1765, married Nabby Thomas, June 9, 1789; he lived near his father, and died August, 1843; she died at Canaan, October, 1849, aged seventy-three; (6) Jonathan, born March 10, 1767, married Susan, daughter of Deacon Samuel Pulsifer, whose wife was Hannah, daughter of Daniel and Abigail (Prescott) Sanborn of Brentwood, granddaughter of John Prescott, born November 19, 1681, the son of James Prescott, born in England, 1643; Susan Pulsifer was born in 1771, died November 23, 1850, aged seventy-nine years; he died August 1, 1846, aged seventy-nine. (7) Betsey, born November 14, 1768, married Daniel Marston, son of Lieut. Robie Marston, grandson of Obadiah Marston, and brother of Gen. Samuel Marston; they settled in Maine, where their descendants may be found.

The children of Jeremiah Maloon and Nabby Thomas were: —

(1) Polly, born October 9, 1789, married Benjamin C. Judkins, son of Joel, born September 13, 1788; he died May 3, 1859; she died July 18, 1863. Their children were: (1) Harriet M., born June 13, 1819, married, January 8, 1865, Frederick Robinson; (2) Warren Sullivan, born December 2, 1823, married Eliza D. Carson; he died May 27, 1862.



(2) Sally, born June 2, 1791, married Thomas Clark of Andover. They had three children, (1) Hiram, (2) Lucy Ann, (3) Mary.

(3) Jeremiah, born January 5, 1793, married, first, Hannah, daughter of True Brown. She died, and he married Polly Richardson of Candia. They moved to Wentworth, then to Plymouth; he was deacon in the Baptist Church.

(4) Lucy, born March 4, 1795, married Jonathan Lovering, and resided in Springfield, having one son and two daughters.

(5) Betsey, born July 9, 1796.

(6) Nathaniel, born 1799, was a brickmaker; went to Boston, then to Charlestown and Newburyport, where he died, unmarried.

(7) Irena, born 1802, died in Andover.

(8) Nancy, born 1804, married Joseph J. Cilley of Nottingham. Children: (1) Louisa M., married Samuel Thompson of Lee; (2) Julia; (3) George B.; (4) Irena; (5) Harriet, married a Mr. Manson, and lived in Haverhill; (6) David F.; (7) Jacob; (8) Josephine; (9) Emma F. Children of Louisa M. Cilley and Samuel Thompson: (1) Anna L., born March 14, 1844, married, June 26, 1867, Lauren D. Ladd, born December 25, 1838, son of John Ladd, grandson of Jedediah, and great-grandson of Daniel Ladd, Esq. Daniel settled in Deerfield about 1756; born in Exeter in 1721-22; married, first, Joanna Dudley, a sister of Judge John Dudley of Raymond, by whom he had three sons, Daniel, James, and Nathaniel. Daniel was killed by the fall of a tree. James married, February 9, 1775, Margaret Glidden, went to Unity, and settled with his brother Nathaniel. Daniel Ladd, Esq., married, second, Susanna Dow; third, Ruth Bradley, by whom he had: (1) Joses, who married Rachel Fifield, October 16, 1785; (2) Peter; (3) Samuel; (4) Jedediah, married Nancy Brown; (5) Jeremiah, was lost at sea; (6) Melitable, married Nathaniel Marston, son of Lieut. Robie Marston; (7) Joanna,

The history of the world is a long and tedious story, but it is one that is full of interest and variety. It is a story that has been told in many different ways, and it is one that is always changing. The history of the world is a story that is full of many different people, places, and events. It is a story that is full of many different cultures, languages, and religions. It is a story that is full of many different experiences and adventures. The history of the world is a story that is full of many different things, and it is one that is always changing. The history of the world is a story that is full of many different people, places, and events. It is a story that is full of many different cultures, languages, and religions. It is a story that is full of many different experiences and adventures. The history of the world is a story that is full of many different things, and it is one that is always changing.

married and lived in Maine; (8) Susanna, married Benjamin Bartlett of Kingston, December 29, 1786; (9) Polly, married Mr. Brown, went into Maine; (10) Miriam, married Mr. Proctor, went to Maine. Esq. Ladd died April, 1809, aged eighty-seven. Children of Lauren D. Ladd and Anna L. Thompson: (1) Arthur G., born April 25, 1868; (2) Edith A., born April 11, 1871; (3) John L., born July 2, 1875.

(9) Abigail, born 1807, married Jewell Watson of Nottingham. Children: (1) Abigail, married William Jenkins; he dying, she married Henry Fife; (2) Susan, married Nathaniel Robinson; (3) Elizabeth, married Josiah J. Robinson, and had three sons, Joseph, Warren, —; all died in the late civil war.

(10) Alvina, born 1809, married Moses Frazer; afterwards a Mr. King.

The children of Jonathan Maloon and Susan Pulsifer were:—

(1) Nancy, born 1790, married Joseph Judkins, son of Joel, who moved to Piermont, then to Wentworth. Children: (1) George, resided at Manchester, where he died; (2) Polly; (3) Jonathan; (4) Huldah, married Mr. Foster, resides at Nashua; (5) Olive, married Mr. Welton; (6) Moses; (7) Nancy, married Mr. Mullen; (8) Joseph.

(2) Huldah, born September 12, 1793, married, October 30, 1827, Deacon Levi Harvey, born April 24, 1796. Children: (1) Moses B., born October 3, 1828, resides at Nottingham; (2) Jonathan H., born December 22, 1832, died December 30, 1832. Deacon Levi Harvey died in Wisconsin, October 30, 1860. His wife died in Nottingham, March 28, 1864, aged seventy.

(3) Josiah, born July 8, 1795, married, April 6, 1820, Sally Brown, daughter of True Brown, sen.; he died November 11, 1840, aged forty-five, at Manchester; she died March 27, 1875, at Manchester, aged eighty-three years; children: (1) Hannah B., born August 11, 1821, married

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William D. Ferson, Manchester, where he died ; (2) Sylvia, born October 16, 1822, married Stephen W. Nicold of Roxbury, Mass., and died January 16, 1846, aged twenty-four years ; (3) Olimena, born May 30, 1825, married Isaac W. Dow, Roxbury, Mass., died November 8, 1847, aged twenty-two ; (4) Abigail M., born May 25, 1827, married, July 14, 1855, Jonathan P. Haines, born December 10, 1826 ; children : (1) Willis P., born December 27, 1855, resides at Lawrence, Mass. ; (2) Henrietta S., born June 20, 1860, died February 26, 1861 ; (3) Emma M., born September 16, 1863, died April 4, 1865 ; (4) Samuel J., born September 11, 1865 ; (5) Laura A., born November 7, 1867 ; (5) George Maloon, born March 20, 1829, died October 7, 1829 ; (6) Mary P. Maloon, born July 13, 1831, married David Alden ; they reside at Manchester.

(4) Jonathan, born 1797, married Sally Butler, daughter of Capt. John Butler, and sister of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, the hero of New Orleans. He lived in various places, was an innkeeper, died in California in 1860 ; she died in 1875, in Cornville, Me. ; children : (1) John, died in California ; (2) Horace, died at New Orleans ; (3) Sally, died at Nottingham.

(5) Susan, born 1800, died August 31, 1848, unmarried.

(6) Samuel S., born February 20, 1803, married Louisa P. Marsh, born September 4, 1806, in Nottingham. He represented his native town at Concord in 1842-43 ; was justice of the peace ; he resided on the farm which his son, John N. Maloon, owns ; he died November 5, 1861 ; his wife died June 28, 1848 ; children : (1) John N., born April 9, 1827, married Frances L. Smith, May 21, 1853 ; she was born September 27, 1833 ; he resides on the farm on which his great-grandfather, grandfather, and father lived ; (2) Louisa P., born September 9, 1828, married Isaac Quint ; they live in Manchester ; (3) Sarah Ann B., born February 19, 1831, married William H. Thurston ; reside in Raymond ; he enlisted in Company B, Eleventh

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New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862, mustered out June 4, 1865; (4) a son born May 5, 1833, died young; (5) Samuel S., jr., born July 7, 1834; married, December 29, 1854, Deborah R. Rollins, born January 22, 1832; he enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862; was a blacksmith; died at Knoxville, Tenn., February 5, 1864; (6) Susan P., born September 15, 1837, married Daniel F. Moulton; they have three children, Frank E., Louisa, and Sadia Ann; (7) Elizabeth J., born July 15, 1840, married E. H. Cotton; they reside in Bedford.

(7) Nathaniel, born 1805, married Betsey Wadleigh of Meredith, where he settled; he died August, 1874.

(8) Meshech, born February 17, 1807 - 8, married, August 24, 1837, Mary Brown of Deerfield, and resides on the farm and in the house that his father and grandfather occupied; children: (1) Enoch F., born June 8, 1839, died June 4, 1840; (2) Enoch F., born May 18, 1841, married, July 4, 1871, Olive J. Perkins; he enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862, mustered out June 4, 1865; (3) Mary Jane, born June 15, 1842, married Henry O. Noyes; children: (1) Miriam A., born October, 1865; (2) Hattie J., born November, 1867; (3) George W., born February, 1870; (4) Mittie A., born February, 1872; (4) Anna S., born July 28, 1844, married, September 25, 1866, Stephen F. Fogg; children: (1) George E., born December 26, 1867; (2) Cora May, born March 24, 1869; he enlisted, August 23, 1861, in Company E, Third New-Hampshire Regiment, and was mustered out August 23, 1864; (5) George M., born May 13, 1846, died September 23, 1849.

(9) Asa N., born January 20 (cold Friday), 1810, married, October 10, 1844, Abiah Campnall of Nottingham, born July 8, 1809; children: (1) Jonathan C., born at Raymond, June 29, 1851, married, June 27, 1877, Hermione Rounds, born July 9, 1852; they reside at Providence, R. I.

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(10) Moses, born March, 1812, died March, 1817.

The children of John N. Maloon and Frances L. Smith were :—

(1) Charles N., born October 27, 1854; (2) Lucy A., born October 12, 1856; (3) a son, born May 24, 1858, died young; (4) a daughter, born June 9, 1859, died young; (5) Horace A., born November 6, 1860; (6) Frank E., born December 1, 1862; (7) Fred M., born May 20, 1866; (8) Willis H., born October 27, 1868; (9) Bert S., born March 24, 1871; (10) Grace Louisa, born March 28, 1873; (11) John M., born February 20, 1876.

The children of Samuel S. Maloon, jr., and Deborah R. Rollins were :—

(1) Otis A., born June 19, 1855; (2) Eldora, born March 29, 1857; (3) Anna, born May 30, 1859; (4) Roxie O. and Delena S., born January 15, 1863; Delena S. died September 1, 1865.

The children of Enoch F. Maloon and Olive Perkins were :—

(1) Nellie F., born October 30, 1873; (2) Minnie E., born July 20, 1877.

Mark Maloon lived in Deerfield from 1793 to 1803, on the farm where Nathan Fogg once lived; he was a blacksmith, nephew of Lieut. Nathaniel Maloon.

MARSTON FAMILY.

1732952

Three brothers came from England, and settled at Hampton, N. H. The family of Marstons in Deerfield sprang from Daniel, the son of one of these brothers. Daniel took part in the French and Indian war. Tradition says he was an officer. The history of his life is rather obscure; he led a seafaring life; the following account of his death is still preserved in his family Bible; "Deceased in ye year 1757 in the month of November a Friday at ye eleventh about eight of the clock in the evening, at Harvord in the Province of the Mearesityes Eraged, at the house of John Tay-

lor Innholder. Aged 50 years. Buried a Sunday at the burying place at the meeting house." This old Bible is still in the possession of the Marston family (costing twenty-four pounds, old tenor). He had four sons; two of these, Simon and Robie, settled in Deerfield. After the decease of Daniel, his wife married a Mr. Godfrey; and at her second widowhood went to live with her son Simon. She lived to be one hundred and one years of age. Her one-hundredth birthday was celebrated by a prayer-meeting at the house; her daughter-in-law, eighty years of age, rode on horseback from Hampton, and reached there in season for the meeting. Simon married Hannah Wedgewood of Hampton; he disposed of the home place and came to Deerfield in 1765, and bought the farm now owned by the Marston family. The farm had been cleared in part, and a garrison-house erected on the place some years previous; this was the first house built in Deerfield. This place was owned, first by a Leavit, for about six months; he sold the place to Jonathan Longfellow, who paid for it with slaves; the ring to which he had tied many of his trembling slaves when he whipped them for their faults has been preserved, and is placed in the barn now standing on the place. The garrison-house was very long and wide, but very low, containing three large rooms and two smaller sleeping-rooms; it was of hewn timbers, and the rooms were ceiled at the top and sides, except the kitchen. It had previously had a stockade of timber, enclosing a large yard; a lookout was placed upon the top of the house for the purpose of firing upon the Indians; the gate was fastened upon the inside by a heavy iron bar. It had sheltered many a family, in time of danger, from the Indians. At one time, a family living in the vicinity of Rand's Corner, by the name of Batchelder, were forced to flee here; the family consisted of the husband, wife, and two children. One bright, moonlight evening, while the husband slept, and the wife sat by the fire knitting, she heard a noise in front of the house; she hastily covered the

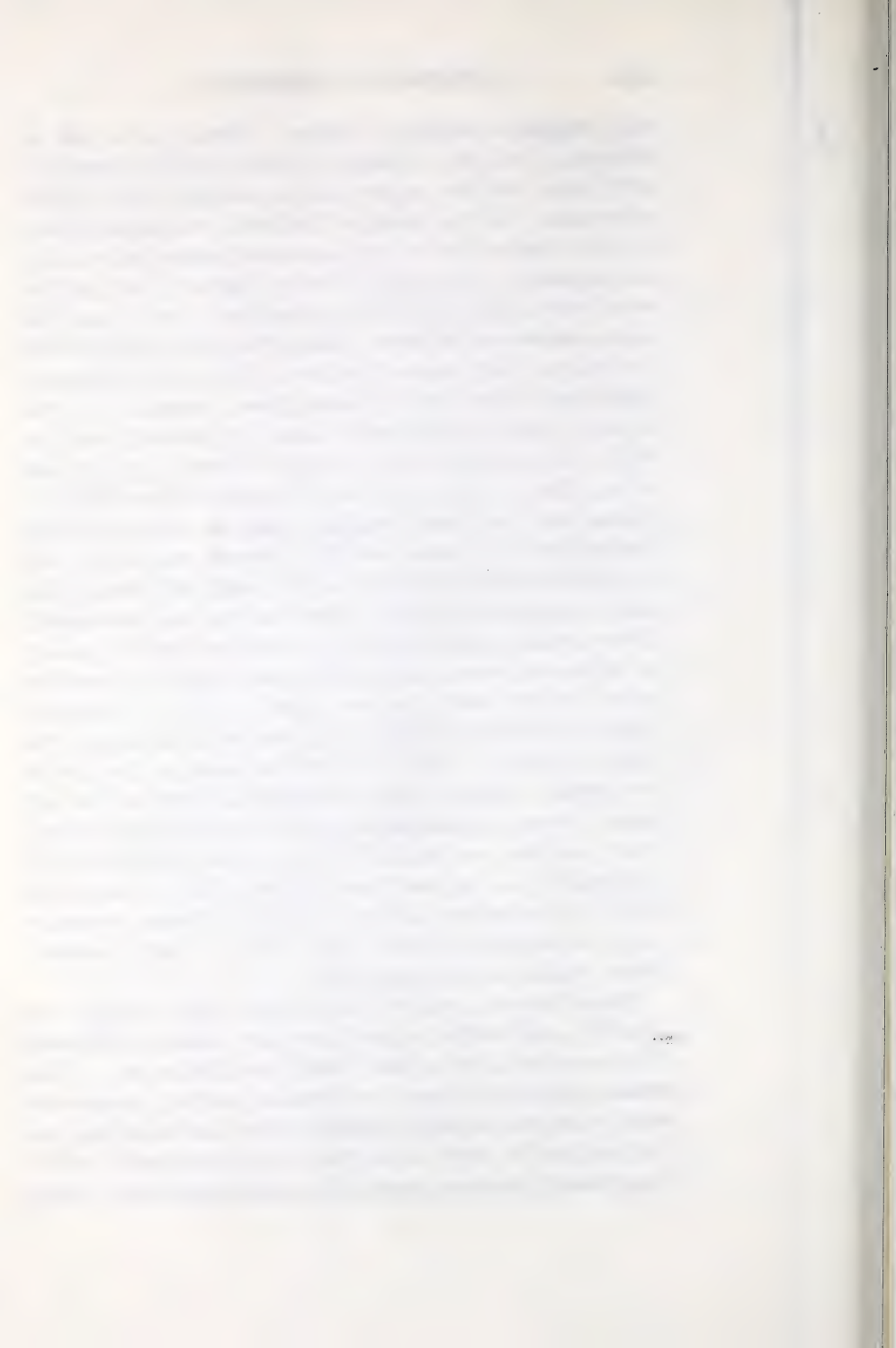
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fire, put out the light, and awakened her husband. In a few moments, a noise at the door proclaimed that the Indians were about the house. Knowing that it would be folly to attempt to defend their home, they wrapped the youngest child in a feather bed, and, seizing the gun, they made their way from the back of the house to the forest, and, sheltered by its trusty shade, made their way through the tangled underbrush to the garrison-house. When they reached there, the wife was overcome by cold and fatigue, and fainted at the door. Their own dwelling was destroyed; but they found a safe shelter here, with several other families who had suffered in the same way. Simon was short of stature, but carried himself very erect, and acted in the capacity of a lawyer in settling disputes among his neighbors; he was tenacious of the right, and had a lawsuit for seventeen years with Gen. Butler, about the so-called Butler field, and finally won the suit. The first stone wall ever built in this town was on this place, running on the highway east of the house. It was in this enclosure that he was sowing wheat when news was brought of the battle of Lexington; he left his measure in the field, rushed to the house, filled his knapsack with pork, seized his gun, and started for the field of action; he reached Boston in season to participate in the battle of Bunker Hill, and acted in the capacity of an officer; he received the appointment of captain in a battalion commanded by Lieut.-Col. Senter, and afterwards rose to the position of major; he was in the battles of Bennington, Ticonderoga, and others.

Simon had five sons: Asa, the eldest, inherited the home farm; Simon and Jonathan settled in Monmouth County, Me.; David engaged in shipping between North Carolina and New York; Daniel manufactured musical instruments, and, after amassing quite a fortune, died at Havana, Cuba; he had six daughters: Catherine married a Ballou; Hannah, a Prescott; Hitty, a Clough; Molly, a Dearborn; Sophia, a Pike; Sally remained unmarried. All the mar-

ried daughters settled in Maine. Simon, on a visit to Hampton, died very suddenly at the age of seventy-two. Sally lived with her nephew, Eben, and died at the age of ninety-one. All the history of the family was handed down by her; showing her to be a woman of remarkable ability and memory. Asa married Betsey Shepherd, and, eighty-seven years ago, built the house that now stands upon the place; he had six children: Eben, the eldest, inherited the home farm; Patty married Dudley D. Blake of Northwood; Daniel and Asa went to Salem, Mass., engaged in traffic, both foreign and domestic, and, by industry and integrity, have amassed quite a large fortune; they are both living; Asa is unmarried; Daniel married Hannah Fry of Salem, and had two daughters, one of whom married George Reed of Boston; she died, leaving one child; Betsey was unmarried, and died in 1867, aged sixty-four; Hannah is unmarried, and still lives on the old homestead; Eben married Lydia Dearborn; he was very popular among his fellow-townsmen, and served several years as representative for the town; he was captain of the Washington Blues of the Eighth Infantry; he had eight children: two died in infancy; David, the eldest, died at the age of twenty-one; Lizzie, who is unmarried, lives on the old place; Susan married Algernon Willis, and lives at Claremont, and has one child; William married Lella Irwin of Springfield, Ill.; he has three children, Robert, Laura, and Ella; he is a banker in New York City; Charles is unmarried; he resides in New York, and is a stock broker; Laura resides on the home place.

Robie Marston, son of Daniel, came from Hampton to Deerfield, and settled on the place now known as Marston Hill, near the close of the French and Indian war. The whole country was then a wilderness, and he, in common with other early settlers, endured many hardships and privations, but he lived to see the town incorporated and a large family grow up around him, and himself hold many



positions of honor and trust in his adopted town. He married Hannah Drake, and had a family of three sons and five daughters. Of this family, Nathaniel married Patience Knowlton of Northwood, where he lived and died. Daniel married Betsey Maloon, and removed to Maine, where he resided until his death. Abigail married Daniel True, and lived in Loudon. Sally married a Fielding, and lived in Deerfield. Polly married James Towle, and lived in Pittsfield. Nancy married William Coffin, and lived in Deerfield. Gen. Samuel Marston was born at Deerfield, March 21, 1782. He obtained a better education than was common among the young men of his time, and, while a young man, was regarded as one of the leading citizens of the town. In his youth, he exhibited a passionate love for military exercises, and mastered all the works on military science which he could obtain. In this manner, his knowledge of military tactics became so extensive that, when he entered the militia, he was rapidly promoted, until he reached the rank of brigadier-general, and became one of the most efficient officers in New England. Gen. Marston, with other military officers of that time, believed that the best defense of the country was a well-trained militia; therefore he labored industriously to infuse order into the state troops, and make them a well-drilled and efficient force. He married Sally Robinson, and resided on Marston Hill until his death, which occurred in January, 1861. His widow survived until 1870. The following is a brief account of their descendants:—

There were five sons and five daughters. Thomas was born October 8, 1801. He began the study of medicine at Woodstock, Vt., where he wrote an essay, which was published, and for which he was awarded a prize. Later, he attended the medical school at Brunswick, Me., from which he graduated. At an early age, he entered the militia as a private, but was soon promoted to the rank of colonel. He now began the practice of medicine in Candia, N. H., but



soon removed to Lowell, Mass., and, after working at his profession a short time, he emigrated to Texas, where he died, a respected and leading citizen of his adopted state. He married Susan Bean, of Candia, N. H., and had two children, a son and a daughter.

G. Harvey, the second son of Samuel, was born November 14, 1804, and married Lucretia D. Hilton, daughter of Joseph Hilton of Deerfield. In 1843, he emigrated to Wisconsin, and now resides in Appleton, in that state. In this family, there were nine children, four sons and five daughters; viz., Samuel L., is a practicing physician of New Cassel, Fond du Lac County, Wis. He was an assistant surgeon in the Union army, and was with Sherman in his march to the sea. He married Eliza Brigham of New York State, and had seven children; viz., George M., Edwin L., Lellah G., Hurlbert H., Jesse F., Cora I., and Myrta L. After the death of his first wife, he married Sarah Hardwick.

Capt. J. H. Marston, of the firm of Marston and Beveridge, manufacturers, was born in Deerfield in 1827, and removed with his parents to Wisconsin, and is mayor of Appleton. He is a man of strict integrity, and possesses the confidence of the entire community in which he lives. He served in the Sixth Wisconsin Regiment, was wounded, in the battle of the Wilderness, and returned home a captain. He married Louise B. Belding, of Hardwick, Vt. In this family were five children; viz., Cora I., Myrta L., Russell B.; these have passed away. The surviving children are Irving D. and Charles L.

Eliza C. Marston was born in Deerfield in 1831, and lives in Omaha, Neb. She married David Whitney, and had five children, of whom only two, Minnie and Hurlburt, survive. Mr. Whitney is a prominent business man of Omaha.

John M. Marston was born in Deerfield in 1834, and resides in Omaha, Neb. He married Elizabeth Abercrombie. He is a painter by trade.

Susan E. was born in Deerfield in 1836. She removed to Wisconsin, and married Frank Bates. She resides in Oshkosh, Wis. In this family were six children; viz., Clara C., Addie M., Dora L., Edwin. Warren, and George H.

Robie D. was born in Deerfield in 1841. He married Lizzie Malone of Appleton, Wis. He entered the service of the United States, and died at Roanoke Island, Va., in 1862. His wife, Lizzie, died at Chicago, Ill.

Josephine B. was born in Wisconsin in 1844. She married O. W. Pond, a dealer in agricultural implements in Appleton, Wis., where they reside. She had two children; of these, Lulu C. survives.

Addie H. was born in 1847. She married Samuel Bauserman, of the firm of Whitney, Bauserman, & Co., of Omaha, Neb., where they now reside. She has two children, Nellie K. and Charles M. Mattie A. was born in 1849. She married Harley Heath, and lives in Omaha, Neb. They have four children; viz., Addie M., Louise B., George H., and Rayman. This completes the family of G. Harvey.

Robie, the third son of Samuel, was born April 24, 1806, and died September 17, 1807.

Sally, the first daughter of Samuel, was born June 9, 1809. She married Robie M. Towle, had one daughter, Orilla V., and resides on Marston Hill.

Robie D., the fourth son of Samuel, was born in Deerfield, May 27, 1811. After mastering the common branches of the public school, he continued his studies at home, and soon re-entered the schools as teacher. He became very expert in the use of the pen, and as a musician he possessed talents of a high order. While yet a young man, he went to Texas, where he died, beloved and respected by a large circle of friends.

Dorothy B., the second daughter of Samuel, was born May 27, 1813. She married Obadiah Jackson of Gilman-ton, and resides at Waverly, Mass. She had four chil-

dren; of these, Clarence is dead. The surviving children are: Georgia L., who married Orville Ripley of Waverly, Mass.; Alma E., who married Abner Gutterson, and lives in Manchester; and Lilla H., who lives in Waverly.

Harriet, the third daughter of Samuel, was born in January, 1816. She married John Bartlett of Deerfield, and had six children; viz., Naomi M., who married Frank L. Adams, and had two children; Walter D.; Lizzie M. lives in Nottingham; Sarah R., who married S. A. Smith, and had two children; George M.; and Mary E. died February 13, 1867.

Harriet died in infancy.

John T. married Emma J. Durgin, and lives in Deerfield.

George L., who married Sarah F. Nealley, and has one child, Naomi M., lives in Deerfield.

Edwin I. lives in Nottingham.

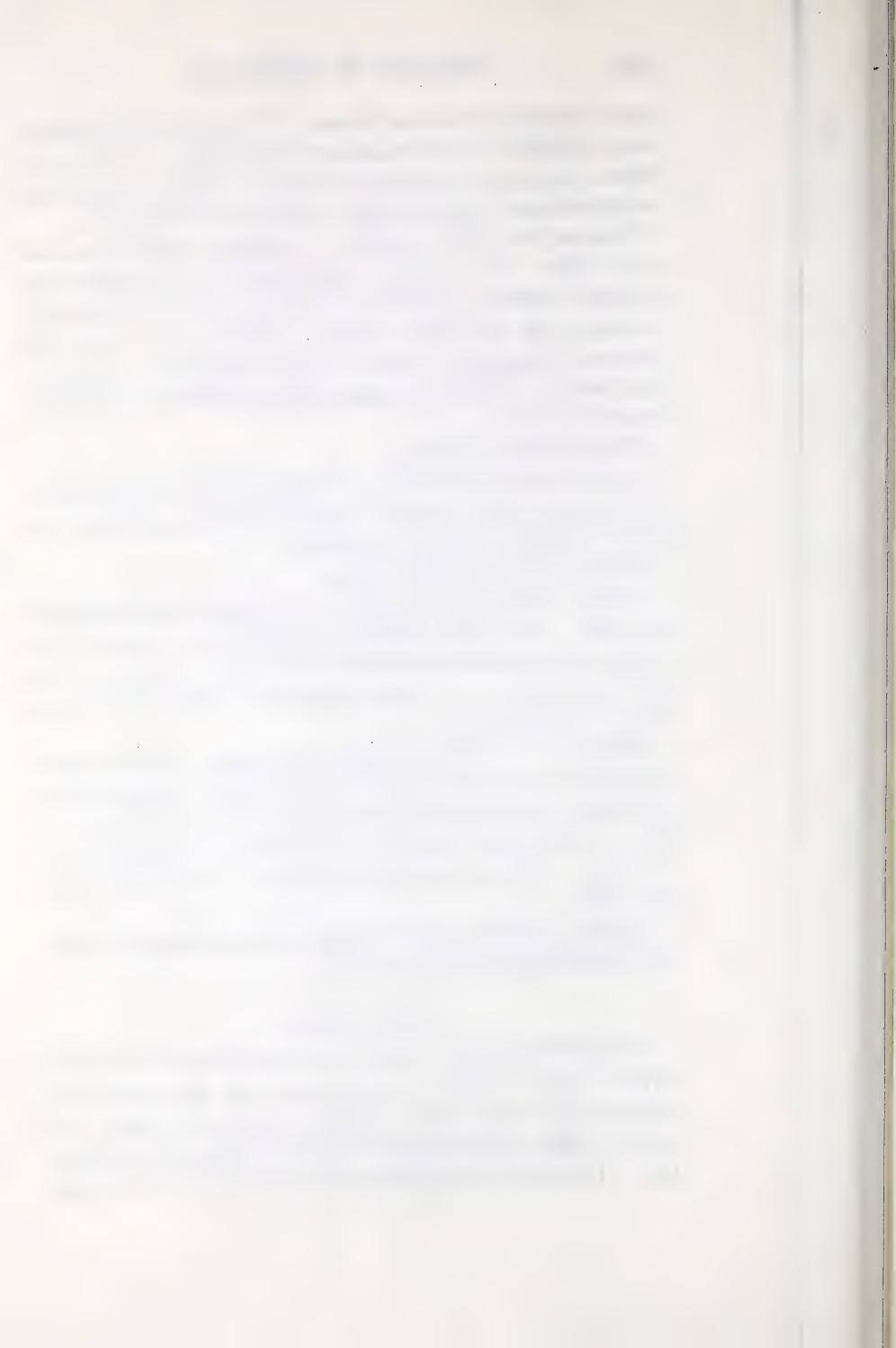
Polly T., the fourth daughter of Samuel, was born March 21, 1818. She married McClintock Moore of Caudia. He died, and she returned to Deerfield, where she lives. She had two children; of these, Sarah B. is dead, and George H. lives in Deerfield.

Betsey A., the fifth daughter of Samuel, was born April 12, 1820, and married Daniel L. Whittier. She had three children; viz., Robie D., who married Harriet Willey, and has two children, Nettie B. and Alvah; D. Jackson; and J. Albert. These all live in Deerfield. She died in January, 1852.

Samuel, the fifth son of Samuel, was born March 3, 1822, and died at the age of two years.

MILLS FAMILY.

Joseph Mills, Esq., lived at the Parade, where Dr. Stephen Brown resided, owned a large farm, was for many years justice of the peace and a leading man in the town. He was an officer in Col. Cilley's regiment during the Revolution. He came from Portsmouth, married, for his second



wife, the widow of Joseph March, Esq. His oldest daughter married a Mr. Mitchel; his second, Charlotte, married a Mr. Lapish of Durham for her first husband; and, for her second, a Capt. Page, who followed the seas, lived at Portsmouth, and subsequently at the Parade; for her third husband, she married a Mr. Gilman, who kept a public house at Exeter, near the old court-house. His two sons, Joseph and George, died young, unmarried; his daughter, Mary, married Thomas Todd, merchant at the Parade, subsequently removing to Philadelphia, where he died; he had also daughters, Eliza and Maria.

Mr. Mills was wealthy for his times, being taxed, in 1803, for \$2,000 at interest. He died January 14, 1809, aged sixty, and his wife, Lucy, died March 16, 1805, aged thirty-eight.

In the house owned by Mr. Mills was born John McCrillis, who celebrated his one-hundredth birthday at Goshen, N. H., July 15, 1873, in a rustic pavilion built for the occasion, opposite his residence, one hundred and twenty feet long and eighteen feet wide, with wings on each side the same width, forty feet, seating five hundred and fifteen people, into which he walked with the quickness and nervousness of young life, and greatly enjoyed the occasion; forty-one of his descendants were present, seven being of the fifth generation. He greatly entertained the company by the narration of incidents of his early life, speaking of the men who enlisted into the Revolutionary army, who were each to receive a two-years-old heifer as a bounty. He was three years old at the Declaration of Independence, and nine at the close, which event he remembered distinctly on his one-hundredth birthday. He says the people of Deerfield had great rejoicing over it; the militia turned out in force, and an old cannon, past service, was brought into requisition, and thundered lustily until it burst, somewhat checking the rejoicings of the hour. He spoke entertainingly of Mr. Moore, the taverner, the old Esqs. March

and Mills, Hilton and others, who were zealous patriots in that part of the town in which he was born, and whom he knew in his boyhood, and knew only to respect.

MOORE FAMILY.

Daniel Moore came to Deerfield Parade from Pembroke, where he was born. He was of the Scotch-Irish descent; he was son of Robert, it is believed. This Daniel married Peggy White, by whom he had, for children, Isaac, James, a daughter, who married Theophilus Stevens, and another, who married David Robinson of Deerfield.

Daniel Moore's second wife was Elizabeth White, daughter of a sea captain of Boston, named William; and their children were: Daniel, who lived in Waterville, Me.; Peggy, who married a Mr. Hunt, and lived on Cayuga Lake, N. Y.; Polly, who became the wife of Joseph Prescott of Deerfield, and died in Garland, Me.; her children being Joseph, who lived and died in Garland, Me.; Abigail, who married Gilman Fellows for her first husband, and lived for a while at the Parade, and subsequently removed to Waterville, Me., where he continued a merchant, and died. This Abigail married, for her second husband, a Mr. Philbrick of Waterville, and now lives in Skowhegan, Me.

William White Prescott, son of Joseph Prescott and Polly Moore, has been a printer by profession, living in the western states for forty years. He was born in February, 1804, married Triphena English of Randolph, Vt., who died February 3, 1875, at Council Bluffs, Ia., aged sixty-five years, leaving one son, David P. Prescott, living in New York City.

Daniel M. Prescott, brother of William, has been a seaman, but now lives in Pembroke. Joseph Moore, son of Daniel, followed the sea, and was lost. Nancy, daughter of Daniel Moore, married James Moore of Pembroke, where she now resides, ninety-four years old, with her son, Joseph Henry Moore.

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Daniel Moore kept the first tavern at the Parade. Maj. A. McClary was at his house soon after the tidings reached Deerfield of the battle of Lexington and Concord. McClary and Moore, with such as could be found in readiness, immediately started for the scene of strife. Moore became a captain of a company in Col. Stark's regiment, and stood by the side of McClary when the ball struck him from the enemy's cannon, and was one of those who opened a grave for him, and laid him in his yet unhonored resting-place.

After much service for his country, and for years enjoying the narration of the story of his exploits in the war, Capt. Moore removed to Pembroke, and died in 1820 or 1821, where his youngest daughter now resides, aged about seventy-nine years; his widow died about 1829, aged about ninety-two years.

PAGE FAMILY.

Three men, brothers, named Page, settled in Deerfield, in the early days of its history in connection with Nottingham. They came from Hampton, their names being Benjamin, Daniel, and James.

(1) Benjamin settled on Rand's Hill, on North Road, where John B. James resides; he married a James for his first wife, and their children early removed into the states of Maine and Vermont. This Benjamin Page subsequently removed to Gilmanton, and became a deacon in the church there. His second wife was a Williams; he died in Pittsfield in advanced age. By his second marriage he had two sons, one of whom became a lawyer, and lived in Boston, leaving at his death one daughter; the other son lived in Wiscasset, Me., but died in Pittsfield, leaving two daughters.

(2) Daniel, the second brother, settled at the foot of Rand's Hill, where Joshua Stearns now lives; he married, December 26, 1765, for his first wife, Betsey Currier, born 1742, and died January 13, 1767; they had one daughter, Betsey, born January 7, 1767, who became the wife of Dea-

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con Joseph Ham of Canterbury. For his second wife, Mr. Page married Mary McClary, born October 29, 1748, daughter of Col. John McClary of Epsom, and sister of Gen. Michael McClary; she had, for children: (1) Daniel, who died in South Carolina, unmarried; a noted school-teacher; (2) Andrew, born March 21, 1776, who lived on the homestead, and married Betsey Pearson of Deerfield, who died January 2, 1854; their children being eight in number: (1) Mary Ann, born in 1808, married Thompson Jackson of Durham; had, for children, Mary and John; (2) John, born 1810, lived near the Center, and married Phebe Sylvester of Maine; they had no children; she still lives where he died; (3) Betsey G., born 1813, married William G. Drake of Pittsfield; had three children, one of whom is now living, Anna, the wife of Elias Locke of Pittsfield; (4) Hannah, born 1816, died 1845, unmarried; (5) Andrew McClary Jackson Monroe, born 1819, lives in New Jersey, engaged in the fruit business; (6) Sarah W., born 1822, married John Lake of Chichester, now lives in Deerfield; (7) George, born 1825, married Anna Noyes of Deerfield, keeps the Exchange House at the New Center, and has one daughter, Sarah M.; (8) Maria J., born 1828, died, unmarried, about 1860.

John McClary Page, brother of Andrew, and son of Daniel Page and Mary McClary, was born February 16, 1778, married Dorothea Cram of Deerfield, removed to Tamworth, lived on what is still called Page's Hill; many years justice of the peace and judge of probate; a man of marked integrity of character and of great influence in the community; he and most of his family died in one season, of fever.

Joseph, brother of the above-named John, married Mary Ann Gilman of Dover, and lived in Durham; was in the war of 1812, and died about forty years since.

(3) James, the third brother that settled in Deerfield, lived on the North Road, where William Thompson resides,

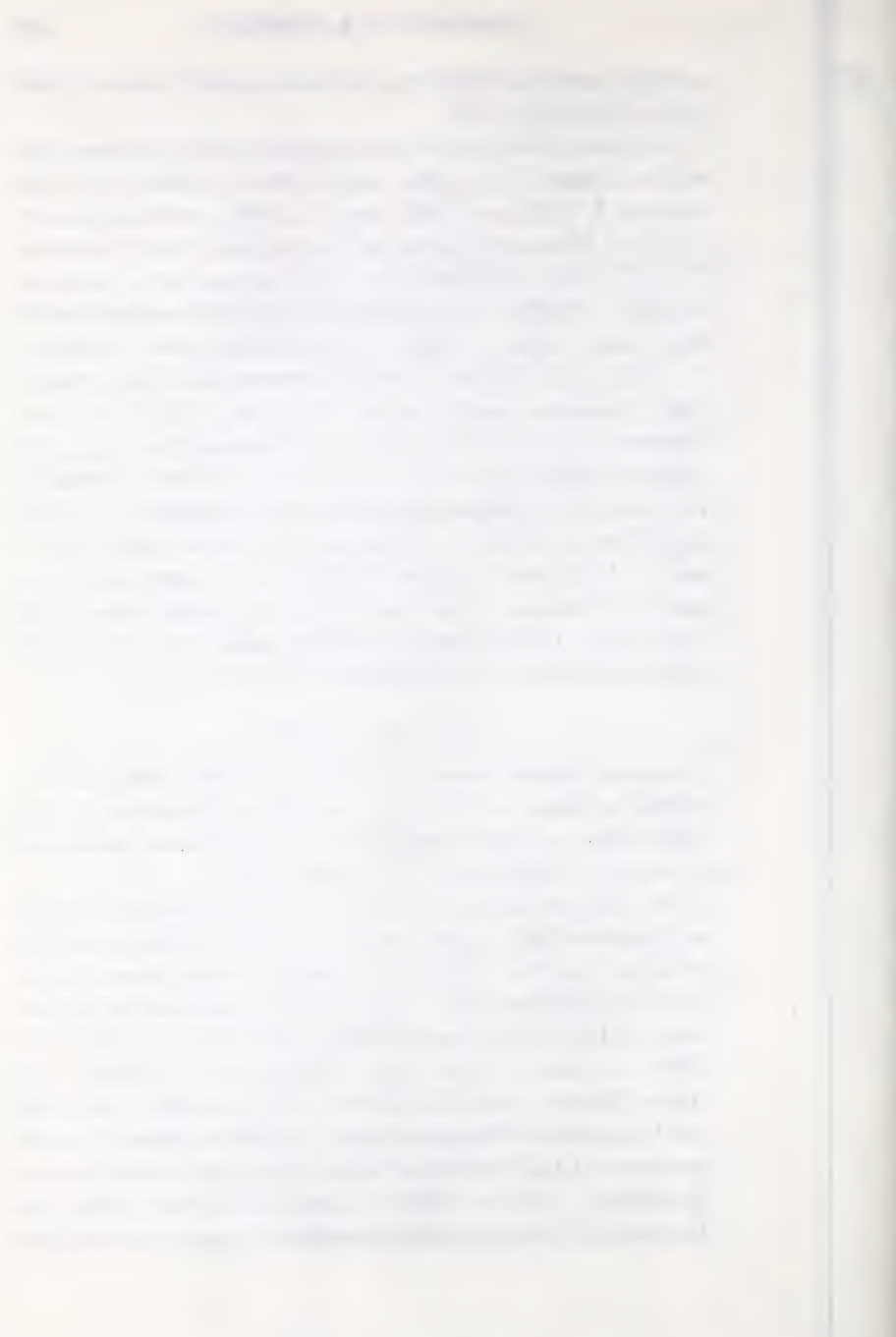
married, and had children, and subsequently removed into Maine, where he died.

Col. John McClary, whose daughter, Mary, became the wife of Daniel Page, the second Page brother, was born January 1, 1720, and died June 16, 1801, married January 22, 1746, Elizabeth Harvey of Nottingham, born December 27, 1722; their children were: (1) Agnes, born December 4, 1746; (2) Mary, born October 29, 1748, married Daniel Page, born April 1, 1741; (3) Elizabeth, born December 17, 1750; (4) Michael, born December 26, 1752, married Sally Dearborn, born August 30, 1755; (5) John, born October 31, 1754, died at Albany, November 26, 1777; (6) Andrew, born August 6, 1759, died at Medford, December 11, 1775; (7) Elizabeth Harvey, born January 17, 1780, died March 23, 1782; (8) Nancy Dearborn, born November 27, 1781, died August 20, 1789; (9) John, born January 6, 1784, died June 24, 1784; (10) John, born April 24, 1785; (11) Andrew, born September 26, 1787; (12) Nancy Dearborn, born September 25, 1789.

PRESCOTT FAMILY.

James Prescott came from Dryby, in the County of Lincolnshire, Eng., in 1665, and settled in Hampton, N. H., which then, and for some time afterwards, was comprised within the "Old County of Norfolk, Mass."

Mr. Prescott settled in what, since 1712, has been known as Hampton Falls, some two miles north of Hampton-Falls Academy, on the highway to Exeter; since owned by the late Wells Healey, Esq. Mr. Prescott was admitted a freeman in 1678, and received into the church in 1712. In 1668, he married Mary, the daughter of Nathaniel and Grace Boulter, born in Exeter, May 15, 1648. In 1708, the Commons of Hampton voted to give to James Prescott ten acres of land where his house then stood, John Sanborn dissenting. On the 10th of April, 1711, they voted him four acres of land for eight pounds of money, agreeably to



the report of a committee consisting of Josiah Chase, John Stanyan, John Sanborn, John Redman, Joseph Swett, and Samuel Dalton. In 1709, James Prescott, sen., Nathaniel, and James, jr., signed a petition for a new parish "at the Falls." In 1710, James, sen., Jonathan, and Nathaniel Prescott signed a petition again for a new parish at Hampton Falls, which was set off and incorporated into a new town by the name of Hampton Falls, on the 20th of April, 1712. James Prescott removed from Hampton Falls to Kingston in 1725, where he died November 25, 1728, aged about eighty-three years; he was born in England about 1643; the record of his death on the books in Kingston reads thus: "Nov. 25, 1728 James Prescott, an aged father died." Mary, his widow, died at Kingston, October 4, 1735, aged eighty-seven years.

The children of James Prescott and Mary Boulter were:

(1) Joshua, born March 1, 1669; his name appears as an inhabitant of Hampton Falls in 1722. In 1727, he and his son Nathan are found to be inhabitants of Kingston; he resided a part, if not all, of the time, after leaving Hampton Falls, in that part of Kingston which, since 1738, has constituted the town of East Kingston. It is a tradition, that he did not marry until thirty-eight or forty years of age. (2) James, jr., born September 1, 1671, married, March 1, 1695, Maria Marston; (3) Rebecca, born April 15, 1673, married, December 3, 1691, Nathaniel Sanborn; (4) Jonathan, born August 6, 1675, married Elizabeth —; (5) Mary, born June 11, 1677, married Jabez Coleman, November 2, 1699; (6) Abigail, born November 19, 1679, married Richard Bounds, November 2, 1699; (7) Patience, born November 19, 1679, twin sister to Abigail, died young; (8) John, born November 19, 1681, married Abigail Marston, August 8, 1701; (9) Nathaniel, born November 19, 1683, married Ann Marston, December 30, 1703, sister to Abigail.

The child of Joshua was Nathan, born about 1710 or 1711,

married, March 30, 1736, Usley Ward of Marlborough, Mass., daughter of Samuel and Mary Ward, born August 30, 1711; he resided in Kensington and East Kingston. We find him taxed in East Kingston from 1757 to 1764. His name is on a petition to the legislature, with sundry other inhabitants of Kingston, in 1732; he died in 1764; his son, Capt. Stephen, was appointed administrator to his estate, November 9, 1764. After the Revolution, his widow removed with her son, Capt. Stephen, to Deerfield, where she died in 1807 or 1808, aged ninety-six years.

The child of Nathan Prescott and Usley Ward of East Kingston, was Capt. Stephen, born at Marlborough, Mass., May 16, 1736, married, August 3, 1759, Deborah Weare, born at Kensington, 1736, and died at Kingston in 1764, leaving a son, Samuel. On the 26th of June, 1766, Capt. Stephen married, for a second wife, Rebecca Davidson of East Kingston. After the Revolution he removed to Deerfield, where he died about 1806; his will was dated June 24, 1799, and proved July 22, 1806; he signed the Association Test at Kensington in 1776.

The children of Capt. Stephen Prescott and Deborah Weare were:—

(1) Samuel, born June 17, 1760, married Miriam Page of Seabrook, born 1767, and died at Deerfield, 1848, aged eighty-one years; children by second wife, Rebecca Davidson: (2) Nathan, born September 12, 1766, married, first, —; second, a Widow Morrison; (3) Stephen, born December 10, 1769, married, first, Abigail Page, born July 7, 1768, and died March, 1823, aged fifty-five years; second, married Sally Tucker; he was a farmer in Deerfield, where he died April 20, 1842, aged seventy-two years; (4) Deborah, born 1771, married Jerry Rollins; (5) Rebecca, born 1773, married Ebenezer Brown of Deerfield, August 18, 1793; moved to Bowdoinham, Me.; thence to St. Andrews, N. B.; she was living at St. David's, N. B., a widow, in 1856; (6) Josiah, born August 5, 1775, died January 20, 1778.

The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the origin of life. It is shown that the problem is one of the most important and most difficult in the history of science. The second part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of life. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of life from non-living matter. The third part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of life. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of life from non-living matter. The fourth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of man. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of man from non-living matter. The fifth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of man. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of man from non-living matter. The sixth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of the universe. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of the universe from non-living matter. The seventh part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of the universe. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of the universe from non-living matter. The eighth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of the earth. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of the earth from non-living matter. The ninth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of the earth. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of the earth from non-living matter. The tenth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of the solar system. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of the solar system from non-living matter. The eleventh part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of the solar system. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of the solar system from non-living matter. The twelfth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of the galaxy. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of the galaxy from non-living matter. The thirteenth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of the galaxy. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of the galaxy from non-living matter. The fourteenth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the origin of the universe. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the origin of the universe from non-living matter. The fifteenth part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the various theories of the evolution of the universe. It is shown that the most plausible theory is that of the evolution of the universe from non-living matter.

The children of Samuel Prescott and Miriam Page were :

(1) Mary, born October 6, 1782, married Jonathan Chase, born December 24, 1779; they removed to Epsom; had three children: Josiah, Samuel P., and Hannah W., born August 7, 1819, married George F. Fife, May 11, 1848, reside in Deerfield; (2) Hannah, born 1784, married Samuel Pulsifer, born May 23, 1784, and died June 25, 1844, aged fifty-nine years; had Capt. Samuel P. and Jonathan Pulsifer; (3) Weare, born April 7, 1791, married Mary Locke, 1815, daughter of Capt. Samuel Locke of Epsom, born October 10, 1794, died October 14, 1854; aged sixty years; he resided in Deerfield, where he died January 16, 1866, aged seventy-four years.

The children of Stephen Prescott and Abigail Page were :

(1) True, born February 12, 1790, married Olive Weymouth, September, 1812; she was born in Barnstead, September 10, 1795; he was a carpenter; removed to Strafford, and in 1865 to Durant, Cedar County, Ia., at the age of seventy-five, and died May 18, 1868, aged seventy-eight; (2) Mary, born November 19, 1791, married John Sanborn of Exeter, October 18, 1826, born February 15, 1787; settled in Sanbornton; she died April 17, 1834; (3) Deborah, born August 11, 1793, married, February 20, 1817, John Weymouth, born September 1, 1792, died August 6, 1825; his widow resides in Lowell, Mass.; (4) Stephen, born October 19, 1795, married, first, Jemima Currier, November 1, 1820, born August 24, 1795, and died June, 1865; second, married Widow Hannah Dow, August, 1870; he was selectman two years, and representative in the legislature in 1843-44, and was a soldier in the war of 1812; (5) Abigail, born November 30, 1798, married John Hilton, son of Col. Joseph Hilton; (6) Josiah B., born April 28, 1800, married Martha, daughter of Henry and Polly (Wiggin) Dearborn; she was born February 27, 1803; Henry Dearborn, born at Deerfield, May 11, 1780, moved into Maine, where he died.

The children of Weare Prescott and Mary Locke were :

(1) Hannah, born August 12, 1816, married, 1854, John C. Watson of Newmarket ; (2) Samuel, born May 20, 1818, married, 1850, Mary Ann Jones of Boscawen, born December 13, 1826 ; captain of cavalry ; removed to Dover ; (3) Capt. Jacob W., born May 7, 1822, married, 1847, first, Abby J. Hobbs, born June 14, 1820 ; second, married Sarah A. Ring, born October 17, 1827 ; he resides at Deerfield Parade, and keeps a hotel ; he was captain of the company of cavalry in the Eighteenth Regiment New-Hampshire militia ; (4) Mary J., born May 4, 1828, married, 1850, Benjamin D. Hill ; reside in Northwood.

The children of True Prescott and Olive Weymouth of Deerfield were : —

(1) John W., born November 3, 1813, resides in Reading, Mass. ; (2) True, born July 16, 1817 ; married, January 5, 1837, Susan P. Chick, born in Strafford, August 13, 1815. In 1865, he, with his father, removed to Durant, Cedar County, Ia.

The children of Mary Prescott and John Sanborn of Sanbornton were : —

(1) Hannah C., born September 12, 1827, married M. C. Pope of Quincy, Mass. ; (2) Abigail P., born June 28, 1829, died February 6, 1853, at Acapulco, Mexico, of yellow fever ; (3) Sarah T., born March 16, 1831 ; (4) Deborah W., born November 18, 1832, married Lewis D. Sanborn of New Hampton.

The children of Deborah Prescott and John Weymouth were : —

(1) Abigail Prescott, born March 24, 1821 ; married, November 25, 1846, Josiah W. White, born April 26, 1809 ; had two children, Josiah W., born January 17, 1849, and Mary P., born July 25, 1853 ; (2) Mary Prescott, born January 23, 1823, died February 17, 1840, aged seventeen.

The children of Stephen Prescott and Jemima Currier of Deerfield were : —

(1) George W., born August 31, 1822, died July 31,

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1841, aged eighteen years, eleven months; (2) Winthrop T., born January 16, 1824; married, January 22, 1851, Martha W. Freese, born May 10, 1827, daughter of Judge Dudley Freese of Deerfield; (3) Safford W., born May 8, 1825, married, 1868, Susan Chesley of Lee; they live in Manchester; (4) Henry Benton, born and died in 1826; (5) Joseph H., born September 25, 1827; lived in Lawrence, Mass.; died September 21, 1849; (6) Stephen, jr., born June 4, 1830, married, November 17, 1859, J. Calvina James, born August 12, 1834; (7) Abbie L., born November 21, 1831, married, June 15, 1857, Henry J. White, born December 26, 1834; (8) Mary E. J., born December 22, 1834, married, October 27, 1855, Charles W. Norris, born March 4, 1827; they reside in Dover; (9) Andrew J., born May 11, 1836, married, January 21, 1858, Lucy A. Tilton, born January 24, 1838; (10) Benjamin F., born November 15, 1838, died February 15, 1839.

The children of Josiah B. Prescott and Martha Dearborn of Deerfield were:—

(1) Abigail, born January 29, 1827, died December, 1827; (2) Stephen D., born October 30, 1828; married, June 11, 1857, Mary S., daughter of Capt. Nathaniel Dearborn and Mary (Stevens) Dearborn, born February 16, 1832; they reside at Haverhill, Mass.; children, Ella M., born February 11, 1860, and Carrie Belle, born January 25, 1862; (3) Charles W., born April 12, 1831, married Miss Abby Silver, May 13, 1854, born January 6, 1828, daughter of Joseph M. Silver; Mr. Silver was born January 15, 1800; his wife, born April 16, 1800; Mr. Prescott resides at the Parade, a respected and enterprising merchant; (4) Mary Abby, born March 22, 1835, married, November 11, 1857, Jonathan V. Dearborn, son of Richard C. Dearborn and Dolly (Veasey) Dearborn, and grandson of Joshua Veasey and Molly Fifield of Hampton; their children, Alice J., born December 18, 1859, and Clara E., born March 11, 1861; (5) George H., born June 12, 1845, married, Sep-

tember 10, 1865, Jennie Morrill of Peterborough; they reside in Lynn, Mass.; have one child, Charles, born September 18, 1874.

The children of True Prescott, jr., and Susan P. Chick were:—

(1) Thomas Chick, born in Strafford, November 16, 1837; he enlisted, October 31, 1861, for three years, as a private, in Company G, Henry H. Huse. Captain, in the Eighth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers; embarked, February, 1862, in the Gen. Butler expedition to Ship Island; was at New Orleans in the capture of that city, and accompanied Gen. Weitzel's expedition through Western Louisiana during the fall of 1862; May, 1863, was promoted to second lieutenant; was at the siege of Port Hudson, June 14, 1863, and was severely wounded in the left shoulder and breast by a musket ball, while gallantly leading his company, in the absence of his superiors; in the spring of 1864 he was promoted to be first lieutenant of his company, and on the first of May was made adjutant of the regiment; was in the Red River expedition, and, September 1, 1864, was promoted captain of Company H, of the same regiment, and placed on staff duty as acting-assistant adjutant-general of the post of Natchez, Miss., which position he held until January 1, 1865, when he returned with his regiment to New Hampshire, and, on the 17th of January, 1865, was mustered out of service; in 1865, Mr. Prescott removed to Durant, Cedar County, Ia., where, October 27, 1868, he married Jennie A., daughter of H. N. Washburn of Durant, Ia.; (2) John Holmes, born in Strafford, November 3, 1840; he enlisted, November 4, 1861, for three years, as a private in Company G, Henry H. Huse Captain, Eighth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers, Hawks Fearing, Colonel; in May, 1864, he was promoted to first lieutenant, and in November to the captaincy of the same company; Capt. Prescott removed to Durant, Ia., in 1865, and in 1867 was married to Roxie O. Pingrey; (3) Mary Olive, born in Strafford, February 9, 1843.

The children of Winthrop T. Prescott and Martha W. Freese of Deerfield were : —

(1) Martha F., born December 14, 1851, married George F. Stevens ; have two children, Alice Maud, born September 28, 1874, died August 14, 1875, and Ethel May, born September 12, 1875 ; reside in Northwood ; (2) Charles H., born July 1, 1853 ; (3) Bertine O., born January 13, 1859 ; (4) Nellie R., born April 7, 1869.

The children of Abbie L. Prescott and Henry J. White of Deerfield were : —

(1) Edward Norris, born August 20, 1860 ; (2) Henry P., born March 23, 1862, died November 25, 1862 ; (3) George L., born November 5, 1867.

The children of Mary E. J. Prescott and Charles W. Norris of Dover were : —

(1) Henry C., born December 4, 1856, died March, 1857 ; (2) Jennie E., born December 22, 1858.

The children of Andrew J. Prescott and Lucy A. Tilton of Deerfield were : —

(1) Harriet W., born October 25, 1858, died April 19, 1864 ; (2) Ella M., born July 13, 1861 ; (3) Mary J., born February 24, 1874.

RAND FAMILY.

Thomas Rand came from Northampton and settled at what has long been known as "Rand's Corner." His son William succeeded him on the homestead, and his descendants are quite numerous. Two of his daughters, Sally and Hannah, are living, unmarried, near the "Corner ;" Betsey married James Dalton, and lives near the Parade, having several children ; Polly married Gordon Haley of Epping, having children, Thomas, William, Daniel, Mary, Harriet, and others ; Nancy married Levi Palmer of Northwood, and had children, one of whom, Andros, lives at the head of Pleasant Pond ; another, George, lives in Maine ; Lydia J. married a Mr. Page of Pittsfield, and Martha married a Mr. Hastings of Maine ; William, son of

The first of these is the fact that the
 people of the North are not only more
 numerous than those of the South, but
 more numerous than those of the West.
 The second is the fact that the
 people of the North are more educated
 than those of the South, and more
 educated than those of the West.

The third is the fact that the
 people of the North are more
 industrious than those of the South,
 and more industrious than those of the
 West. The fourth is the fact that
 the people of the North are more
 enterprising than those of the South,
 and more enterprising than those of the
 West. The fifth is the fact that
 the people of the North are more
 brave than those of the South, and
 more brave than those of the West.

The sixth is the fact that the
 people of the North are more
 patriotic than those of the South,
 and more patriotic than those of the
 West. The seventh is the fact that
 the people of the North are more
 loyal than those of the South, and
 more loyal than those of the West.
 The eighth is the fact that the
 people of the North are more
 honest than those of the South, and
 more honest than those of the West.

The ninth is the fact that the
 people of the North are more
 virtuous than those of the South,
 and more virtuous than those of the
 West. The tenth is the fact that
 the people of the North are more
 noble than those of the South, and
 more noble than those of the West.

William Rand. married Mary Sherburn of Epsom. and she is now living in Deerfield with her son, Gilman Plummer ; John married Elizabeth Sherburn of Epsom, and died. leaving one daughter, Nancy V., and three sons, Joseph, Gilman, and Osro ; Gilman married Caroline, daughter of Deacon Samuel Stearns ; Edmund, son of William, was born January 4, 1802, and married, August 19, 1828, Julia James of Deerfield, born April 21, 1805. This Edmund died October 20, 1870, his children being : (1) William James, born July 20, 1829, married Almira Swallow of Boston, and is a merchant in New York, having for children, William, James, and Charles ; (2) Hannah Margaret, born May 8, 1832, married Rev. Enoch Place, a Freewill-Baptist clergyman, who died July 14, 1874, by whom she had one son, Eugene ; she married, for her second husband, Joshua Holland, and they live in Limerick, Me. ; (3) Clara Elizabeth, born June 7, 1834, married John Stearns, and they live in Greenland, having one son, Frank ; (4) Sarah Susan, born December 9, 1836, married Cyrus Giles, and they live in Deerfield, having one son, Freddie ; (5) Edmund Franklin, born January 26, 1839, married Elizabeth S., daughter of Benjamin Robinson, and lives in Deerfield. having two children, Alice Lorena and Grace L. ; (6) Mary Juliette, born June 6, 1841, married Andrew J. Edgerly, and resides in Candia ; (7) John Clinton, born November 3, 1844, married Clara, daughter of Nathaniel Dearborn, and has two children, Charles Edmund, and an infant ; (8) Harriet Augusta, born July 30, 1847, married James Hill, and they live in Haverhill, Mass., having one daughter, Lena Elizabeth ; (9) Albert Henry, born February 2, 1851, married Emma, daughter of John Noyes of Deerfield ; (10) Emma, born March 13, 1853, married Oscar Chase of Deerfield, and died June 20, 1873, leaving one son, Elma Guy.

ROBINSON FAMILY.

✓ Capt. James Robinson of Brentwood was born in 1708. He had two brothers, Ephraim and Josiah. His father's name was Jonathan, and he was a son of one of two brothers who came over from England some time in 1600. At what place they took up their residence, or what their given names, — not known. Capt. James Robinson was one of the first settlers in Brentwood, and built a log-house first, and it is related that the first year he lived there he cut only enough hay to keep a calf.

Capt. James Robinson was married to his first wife, Mary Gilman of Exeter, December 27, 1732, by whom he had five children, four sons and one daughter. They all settled in Exeter and Brentwood; their names, James, Edward Gilman, Abigail, Jonathan, and Moses; Abigail married Daniel Smith of Exeter. His first wife died 1750. He then married Anna Trask of Lexington, Mass., by whom he had four children, two sons and two daughters, Nathaniel, Mary, Joseph, and Anna. Nathaniel married, January 24, 1776, Miriam Tucker, daughter of James Tucker of Old Salisbury, Mass.; her mother's name was Miriam Osgood. His sister Mary married Biley Liford of Poplin; Joseph married and settled in Brentwood; Anna married Joseph Godfrey and settled in Poplin. Nathaniel, the oldest, was born January 21, 1753; his father died January 22, 1767, aged fifty-nine. He was fourteen years old when his father died. He assisted his mother in the care of the farm until he was nearly twenty. He was drafted during the Revolutionary war, but obtained a substitute, and came to Deerfield, selected land for a farm owned by Benjamin Hallowell of Boston, Mass., and paid for it before he was twenty years old.

January 24, 1776, Nathaniel Robinson and Miriam Tucker were married, and took up their residence in Deerfield. Wolves and wildcats were numerous, and occasionally a bear would cross their path. They had eight chil-

CHAPTER IV

The first of these is the... the second... the third... the fourth... the fifth... the sixth... the seventh... the eighth... the ninth... the tenth... the eleventh... the twelfth... the thirteenth... the fourteenth... the fifteenth... the sixteenth... the seventeenth... the eighteenth... the nineteenth... the twentieth... the twenty-first... the twenty-second... the twenty-third... the twenty-fourth... the twenty-fifth... the twenty-sixth... the twenty-seventh... the twenty-eighth... the twenty-ninth... the thirtieth... the thirty-first... the thirty-second... the thirty-third... the thirty-fourth... the thirty-fifth... the thirty-sixth... the thirty-seventh... the thirty-eighth... the thirty-ninth... the fortieth... the forty-first... the forty-second... the forty-third... the forty-fourth... the forty-fifth... the forty-sixth... the forty-seventh... the forty-eighth... the forty-ninth... the fiftieth... the fifty-first... the fifty-second... the fifty-third... the fifty-fourth... the fifty-fifth... the fifty-sixth... the fifty-seventh... the fifty-eighth... the fifty-ninth... the sixtieth... the sixty-first... the sixty-second... the sixty-third... the sixty-fourth... the sixty-fifth... the sixty-sixth... the sixty-seventh... the sixty-eighth... the sixty-ninth... the seventieth... the seventy-first... the seventy-second... the seventy-third... the seventy-fourth... the seventy-fifth... the seventy-sixth... the seventy-seventh... the seventy-eighth... the seventy-ninth... the eightieth... the eighty-first... the eighty-second... the eighty-third... the eighty-fourth... the eighty-fifth... the eighty-sixth... the eighty-seventh... the eighty-eighth... the eighty-ninth... the ninetieth... the ninety-first... the ninety-second... the ninety-third... the ninety-fourth... the ninety-fifth... the ninety-sixth... the ninety-seventh... the ninety-eighth... the ninety-ninth... the hundredth...

dren, six sons and two daughters : James, their oldest, was born January 24, 1777 ; married Polly Robinson of Epping, and settled in Mount Vernon, Me. ; his second wife was Phebe Shurburn of Mount Vernon ; Nathaniel, his second son, was born April 8, 1779, married Polly Marston of Nottingham, and settled in Mount Vernon, Me. ; Moses, the third son, was born November 25, 1781, married Polly French of Mount Auburn, and settled in Mount Vernon, Me. ; his second wife was Rebecca Hussey of Rome, Me. Josiah, the fourth son, was born June 5, 1785, married Polly Merrill, daughter of Eliphalet Merrill, one of the early settlers of Deerfield, and settled on a part of the farm at home. Benjamin, the fifth son, was born April 20, 1788, married Betsey Neal, daughter of Levi Neal, and granddaughter of John Neal of Newmarket, and a granddaughter of John Clark of Perry ; he lived in Deerfield, and died at the age of forty-seven, leaving a wife and five children. Joseph, the sixth son, was born July 4, 1793 ; he remained single, and took the place on the farm made vacant by the death of his brother Benjamin, exhibiting all the care and tenderness of a father to his children, who, in return, reciprocated his affection, and took care of him in his declining years. Nancy was born October 25, 1790, and remained single, living at home. Polly, the youngest, was born October 26, 1795, married Thomas D. Rawlins, son of Francis Rawlins, and grandson of Aaron Rawlins, one of the first settlers in Deerfield, and lived on the farm with his father.

Miriam, wife of Nathaniel Robinson, died August 26, 1825, aged sixty-nine. Nathaniel Robinson died May 2, 1839, aged eighty-six years. All of his children are dead ; their ages ranged from sixty-four to eighty.

At the celebration of Gilbert Robinson's silver-wedding (grandson of Nathaniel Robinson), January 24, 1874, an historic sketch of the family was read by Rev. Mr. Walker, in which these facts were related in regard to Nathaniel

Robinson's descendants : Of eight children, there were fifty-two grandchildren, of whom twenty-five are dead ; one hundred and one great-grandchildren, and of the great-great-grandchildren there are over sixteen. Some of his descendants are settled in the extreme parts of Maine, California and other portions of the West, as well as in New Hampshire and Massachusetts. There are eight named James, after Nathaniel Robinson's father ; seven after Nathaniel Robinson ; seven named Ann, or Anna, after Nathaniel Robinson's mother ; two named Miriam, for his wife. One of the fifth generation, a granddaughter of Gilbert Robinson, was born, 1872, in the house built by Nathaniel Robinson. By Nathaniel Robinson's will his farm was divided between Josiah, Benjamin, Nancy, and Joseph ; one third each to Josiah and Benjamin, and a third to Nancy and Joseph. Gilbert Robinson, son of Josiah, still owns his father's share. That part of the farm on which the house stands that Nathaniel Robinson built, has been sold recently, having been in the name almost an hundred years. The one-hundredth anniversary of their marriage occurred January 24, 1876. Some years after their sons were settled in Maine, he and his wife rode one hundred and fifty miles to visit them, she on a side-saddle.

Benjamin Robinson died February 19, 1834 ; Betsey, his wife, died March 30, 1869 ; their children were : (1) Benjamin, born February 3, 1820, died August 5, 1822 ; (2) Miriam T., born November 1, 1821, married Joseph Bean, March 11, 1866 ; (3) Mary, born November 18, 1823, died August, 1825 ; (4) James, born January 3, 1826, married Eliza A. White, February 5, 1859 ; (5) Benjamin F., born February 29, 1828, married Sarah H. Russel of Maine, November 28, 1859 ; (6) Nathaniel, born June 20, 1830, married Susan Watson of Nottingham, December 12, 1857 ; (7) Eleanor, born December 15, 1832 ; (8) Elisabeth S., born September 2, 1834, married E. Frank Rand, April 13, 1859.

The children of James and Eliza A. Robinson were : (1) James Berton, born September 22, 1861 ; (2) Hattie B., born November 8, 1863 ; (3) Joseph Woodbury, born November 4, 1868.

The child of Benjamin F. and Sarah H. Robinson was Althea, born January 28, 1861.

The children of Nathaniel and Susan Robinson were : (1) Marion Josephine, born December 4, 1858 ; (2) Flora Ann, born June 1, 1862.

The children of Elisabeth S. and E. Frank Rand were : (1) Alice Lorena, born March 5, 1860 ; (2) Grace Lavert, born December 3, 1867.

The children of James Robinson of Mount Vernon, Me., were Mary Ann, Hannah, Lucinda, Samuel, Sally, Nathaniel, James Franklin, Julia, and Charles.

The children of Nathaniel Robinson were John, James, Polly, Nancy, Nathaniel, Harriet, Curtis, and Joseph.

The children of Moses Robinson were George, Maria, Rufus, Mary, John, Daniel, Sarah, Laura Ann, Franklin, Napoleon B., and Cordelia.

Josiah Robinson was born June 5, 1785 ; his children were : (1) Frederick, born March 7, 1809, married Harriet Judkins of Deerfield ; (2) Polly, born February 22, 1811, married Stephen Smith of Deerfield ; (3) Nathaniel, born 1814, died in childhood ; (4) Gilbert, born September 27, 1816, married Eunice J. Freese, November 7, 1843, who died August 15, 1848 ; his second wife, Sarah H. Dolloff of Hooksett, born October 20, 1826, married, January 23, 1849 ; (5) Hannah, born March, 1820, died August, 1825 ; (6) Susan, born 1822, died August, 1825 ; (7) Josiah Jefferson, born August 12, 1828, married Elisabeth L. Watson of Nottingham, August 8, 1854, died June 4, 1858 ; his second wife was Clara L. Sanborn, born May 5, 1849, and married October 6, 1868 ; (8) Miriam Ann, born 1830, died 1834. Polly Robinson died May 27, 1833 ; Josiah Robinson died November 14, 1853.

1871

1. The first of the year was a very cold day, with a heavy frost, and the wind from the north-east.

2. On the 2nd, the weather was much warmer, and the wind from the south-west.

3. On the 3rd, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

4. On the 4th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

5. On the 5th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

6. On the 6th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

7. On the 7th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

8. On the 8th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

9. On the 9th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

10. On the 10th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

11. On the 11th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

12. On the 12th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

13. On the 13th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

14. On the 14th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

15. On the 15th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

16. On the 16th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

17. On the 17th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

18. On the 18th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

19. On the 19th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

20. On the 20th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

21. On the 21st, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

22. On the 22nd, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

23. On the 23rd, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

24. On the 24th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

25. On the 25th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

26. On the 26th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

27. On the 27th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

28. On the 28th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

29. On the 29th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

30. On the 30th, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

31. On the 31st, the weather was very warm, and the wind from the south-west.

Dyer S. Smith, born March, 1849, son of Stephen and Polly Smith.

Jacob F., son of Gilbert and Eunice Robinson, born August 13, 1844, married Emma Durgin of Pittsfield; Mary, daughter of Sarah and Gilbert Robinson, born November 15, 1849, married Samuel Hill, November 15, 1871; Samuel Hill died May, 1877; John G., son of Gilbert Robinson, born July 20, 1851, married Belle French, February 27, 1873.

The children of Jacob F. Robinson were: (1) Edith, born April 5, 1874; (2) Charles Gilbert, born November 9, 1877.

Lillian B., daughter of Mary and Samuel Hill, born October 11, 1872; Annie M., born April 15, 1876.

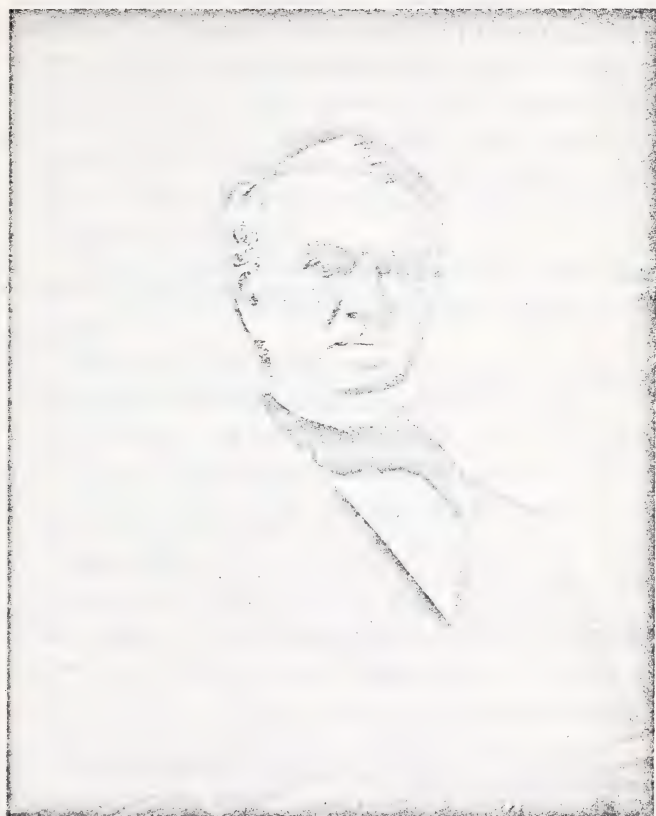
The children of Josiah J. and Elisabeth L. Robinson were: (1) Lona M., born May 18, 1855; (2) Charles J., born March 30, 1857, died March 19, 1859; (3) Horace J., son of Clara L. and Josiah J. Robinson, born May 20, 1869.

Thomas D. Rawlins died September 28, 1867; his wife, Polly Robinson, died January 8, 1870; their children were: (1) Mary Ann, born May 3, 1820, died October 6, 1860; (2) Thomas D., born March 25, 1828, died June 8, 1864; (3) Sarah E., born May 15, 1832, married Martin W. Childs; their son, Walter M., was born January 12, 1857; Sarah E., wife of Martin W. Childs, died November 2, 1860.

Dyer S. Smith married Orianna Ladd of Deerfield, 1874; Edward Guy, son of Dyer S. Smith, born April 1, 1875.

SANBORN FAMILY.

The first lineal ancestor of the Sanborn family, of whom we have any certain knowledge, was John Sanborn, who married a daughter of Rev. Stephen Bachilor, as the name was spelled; was born about 1600; had three sons, John, Stephen, and William; died in England, leaving the widow and her three sons to the care of her father, Mr. Bachilor,



Peter Sanborn

who was born in England 1561, took Episcopal orders, but was ejected for non-conformity, and retired with others to Holland, and then to America; arrived in Boston, June 5, 1632, bringing with him his three grandsons, John, Stephen, and William, and went directly to Lynn, Mass., where he preached a few years, till 1638; settled in Hampton where he was installed first pastor of the Congregational Church in that place. Here John and William settled, and died at a good old age; from these two brothers sprang all of the Sanborns in this country. About 1650 Rev. Stephen Bachilor and his grandson, Stephen Sanborn, returned to England.

John Sanborn, born 1620, married, first, Mary Tuck; second, Margaret Moulton; children: John, jr., and fifteen more.

John, jr., born 1649, married Judith Coffin; children: Tristram, and nine more sons and daughters.

Tristram, born 1690, married Margaret Taylor; children: Peter, and eight other sons and daughters.

Peter, born 1713, married Mary Sanborn; children: Peter, and ten other sons and daughters.

Peter, born 1748, married Annah Scribner; moved from Kingston with his brothers, Enos and Benjamin, to Deerfield about 1775; all settled and died in Deerfield; children: (1) Peter, married Sally Lyford; (2) Deborah, married Thomas Jenness; (3) John, married Susan Sanborn; (4) Benning Wentworth, married Polly Jenness.

Benning Wentworth, born 1786, was selectman and representative in 1827, 1832, and 1833, and was one of the best farmers in town; lived on the old farm on which Peter, his father, settled, the best farm in town to-day; had six children.

Peter, born 1808, married, first, Susan H. Veasey of Deerfield; second, Sally L. Dow of Epping; third, Abigail M. Toppan of Hampton. He went through all grades of the militia to colonel; represented Deerfield in the legis-

lature; was clerk of the Senate in 1838-40; represented Deerfield in the legislature in 1841 and 1842; moved to Concord 1853; elected representative from ward six, 1855 and 1856; elected state treasurer from 1857 to 1871, about fifteen years, and during the war; children: (1) Thomas Wentworth, born January, 1835, married Abby A. Noyes of Pembroke; with Hammond and Ayres, Concord; (2) Lawrence Dow, born January, 1843, married Belle Chatman of Newmarket; freight conductor on the Sugar River Railroad; lives in Concord; no children living; (3) Susan Josephine, born January, 1845, married Henry J. Crippen, cashier of National State Capital Bank, and lives in Concord; (4) Mary Jane, born October, 1850; (5) Peter, jr., born May, 1853, is in the bookstore with his uncle Josiah B. Sanborn, in Concord.

The children of Thomas W. were: (1) Josiah Butler, born October 23, 1860, died April 1, 1861; (2) Thomas Edwin, born October, 1862.

The children of Susan J. and Henry J. Crippen are: (1) Lida Josephine, born April, 1870; (2) Mary Alice, born September, 1873.

Col. Peter Sanborn went from the old farm, when he was fifteen years old, into a store at Deerfield Parade, and afterwards into trade at Deerfield; moved to Concord in 1853, and went into trade there until he was elected state treasurer; since leaving that office he has interested himself in farming in the summer-time at Hampton Village.

Benning Wentworth, jr., was never married; fitted for college at Exeter; went into trade at Deerfield; finally moved to Concord in 1843 and opened a bookstore, and published the "Congregational Journal" as long as it was published; also the Law Reports of New Hampshire; died 1874, aged sixty years, leaving a large estate.

Richard Jenness, who married Abby Stearns, now owns and lives on the old homestead on the South Road; has been representative and selectman several times; also was

brigadier-general in the militia. Richard J. has a son about twenty-five years old, living at home on the old farm with his father in South Deerfield, whose name is Joseph Woodbury, of the seventh generation.

Mary Jane married Joseph H. Haines, and they live in Manchester.

Joseph Woodbury, merchant; he was general's aid in the militia; moved to Lowell, Mass., in 1840; died at the age of twenty-four, in the year 1842; never married.

Josiah Butler, after keeping school a few years, moved to Concord in 1833, and went into business with his brother, Benning W., in the book and publishing business; is publisher of the New-Hampshire Reports, Town Officer, New-Hampshire Statutes, with all blanks for town business; was aid to Gov. Berry in 1862, and is owner of Sanborn Block, corner of state-house yard, where he keeps his publishing-house and bookstore.

SAWYER FAMILY.

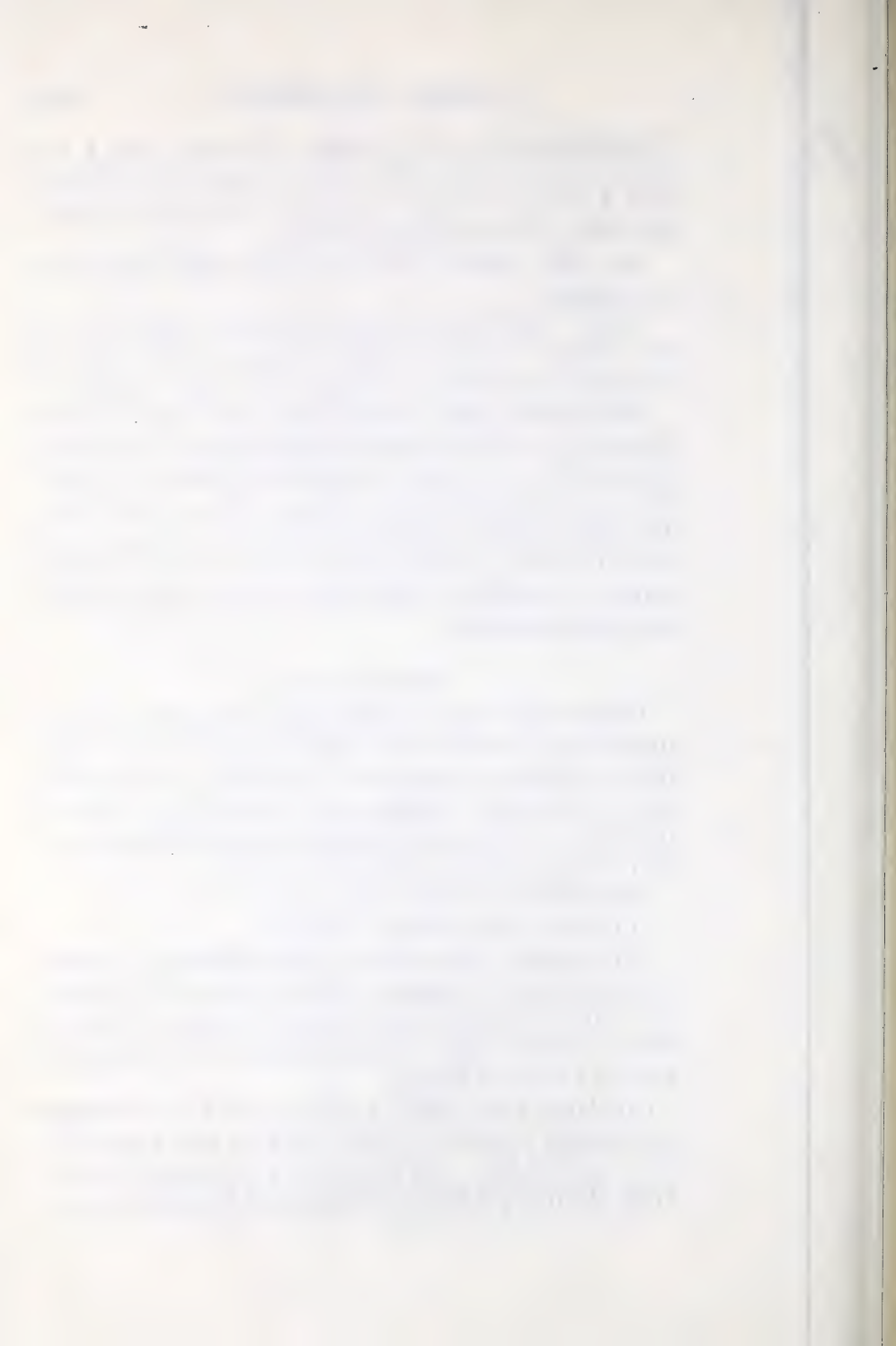
Josiah Sawyer was one of the original proprietors of Nottingham, and settled where Daniel Jones now lives, near the line between Deerfield and Nottingham; he married a sister of Jeremiah Eastman, who surveyed the town of Deerfield, and whom the people so generally trusted as a man of sound judgment and great integrity.

The children of Josiah Sawyer were: —

(1) Josiah, who removed to Gilford.

(2) Jeremiah, who married a Miss Purinton of Brentwood; removed to Gilmanton, where he died; his children were: John; Jeremiah, who served in the war of the Revolution; James; David; Nancy; Miriam; and Lydia, who married a Jones of Epping.

(3) David, born April 14, 1766, settled in Deerfield; subsequently removed to Lee, where he died August 21, 1845, aged eighty; his first wife was Hannah Palmer, whose children are David, Josiah, John, Hannah who mar-



ried John Porter, and Luella, who married a Mr. Conklin of Exeter.

David married Deborah Knowles of Northwood, whose children were Gilman, Emeline, and Perry.

Josiah, second son of David Sawyer and Hannah Palmer, married Joanna Sanborn of Kingston, whose children were Angeline, Almira who married Edward Bartlett of Lee, and Frank, also living in Lee.

John, another son of David and Hannah, was born March 16, 1801, married Clarissa Chesley, daughter of Thomas Chesley of Durham, April 19, 1826; settled near the base of Saddleback, where B. D. Smith resides; their children are: (1) Hannah S., born April 4, 1827, married Francis G. Bean, June 25, 1846; living in Manchester, having one child, Emma F., born October 23, 1848; (2) Ezra A. J. Sawyer, born November 3, 1828, married, May 24, 1853, Sarah Collins, daughter of Joseph Bean and Lydia H. Collins, who was the daughter of the late Col. Samuel Collins; lives at the Parade; represented Deerfield in 1865 and 1866; has been deputy-sheriff nineteen years; having, for children: Fred B., born April 16, 1854; John F., born March 2, 1856; both living in Dubuque, Ia.; and one daughter, Mabel J., born April 11, 1861.

David Sawyer, son of Josiah, married, for his second wife, Mary, sister of Deacon Levi Knowles of Northwood, and her child is Jefferson, living near Wadley's Falls, Lee, marrying Jane Knowles, daughter of Jonathan Knowles of Northwood; their children being Francena J., Arabelle, Hattie Beecher, and Charles: this Francena J. married John P. Eaton, and lives in Nebraska. This David, son of Josiah Sawyer, married, for his third wife, Susan Chesley, widow of Thomas Chesley of Durham; all now dead.

(4) John, the fourth son of Josiah Sawyer, lived in Andover, where he died, leaving children.

(5) Israel, the fifth son of Josiah, married and lived on the homestead, having, for children, Coffin, Ebenezer, Phebe, Tristram, and John.

The first of these was the discovery of gold in California in 1848. This discovery led to a great influx of people to California, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The second was the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Nevada, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The third was the discovery of gold in Colorado in 1858. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Colorado, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The fourth was the discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Idaho, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The fifth was the discovery of gold in Montana in 1862. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Montana, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The sixth was the discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1869. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Wyoming, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The seventh was the discovery of gold in Utah in 1871. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Utah, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The eighth was the discovery of gold in Arizona in 1876. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Arizona, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

The ninth was the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1878. This discovery led to a great influx of people to New Mexico, and the state became a great center of population and commerce.

SIMPSON FAMILY.

(1) Andrew Simpson, born in Scotland about 1697, married Elizabeth Patten in Scotland, came to Boston in 1725; he was a linen-weaver, and wove in Boston a few years; subsequently he moved to Nottingham, and bought a farm lately owned by John Simpson; the house stands south of Col. Joseph Cilley's residence, and where his wife, Elizabeth (Patten) Simpson, was murdered by two Indians, September, 1742. The garrison or block-house was on the Square, west of Hon. James H. Butler's residence. Great alarm had been given by the presence of hostile Indians, and the women and children were gathered here for safety. Mrs. Simpson went to her house to attend to some domestic labor, and there met her terrible fate. Mr. Simpson subsequently married the Widow Brown, whose maiden name was York.

The children of Andrew Simpson and Elizabeth Patten were:—

(1) Thomas, born in Scotland about 1720, came to Boston with his parents; attended school a few years, and laid the foundation for a better education in after years. He was a land-surveyor, and settled at Deerfield, Old Center, on the farm now owned by John W. Silver. He was selected, with his younger brother, Andrew, by Nottingham and Deerfield, to establish the line between the two towns after Deerfield was set off from Nottingham, January 8, 1766; he was chosen first parish-clerk of Deerfield, and retained the office till 1773, when he moved to Newbury, Vt., near Haverhill, N. H.; he married Sarah Morrison, February 4, 1747; she died March 24, 1753; he married again, Mary Cochran, whose maiden name was McClathlan, widow of David Cochran of Londonderry, March 5, 1754; she married, first, Mr. Adams, and they had a daughter, Rachel, who married Samuel Gove, who lived at Nottingham; and they had a daughter who married Barnard Goodrich; afterwards this Mary McClathlan married David Cochran,

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and they had a daughter, Mary, who married Ephraim Cram of Deerfield, and they had three daughters at one birth, who grew up to womanhood : Isabel married William Lane of Deerfield, who settled in Meredith ; another married Stephen Batchelder of Deerfield ; and the other married Mr. Kenney. Thomas Simpson, Esq., moved to Newbury, Vt., and lived with his daughter Susan, where he died ; his wife, Mary, survived him some twenty years.

(2) Robert, born about 1726 ; he was in the French and Indian war, and had a commission awaiting his return ; he persisted in loading his musket and firing at the Indians from behind a stump after having an arm broken by a shot from one of them ; he died a young man.

(3) Josiah, born about 1729, was killed in the French and Indian war, with a scout of one hundred and sixty men, known as rangers, — they were out eighteen days near Lake Champlain, — of whom but few ever returned ; he died a young man.

(4) Andrew, born about 1731, married, about 1759, Agnes Ayers of Londonderry ; he resided on the home place where he died September 11, 1799 ; wife died May 14, 1807.

(5) Maj. Patten, born about 1737, married, 1763, first, Jane McClure of Chester, a sister of David McClure who married Elizabeth Simpson, a daughter of Thomas Simpson, his oldest brother ; Jane died, and he married, July 17, 1802, Widow Lydia Graves, born 1746 ; her maiden name was Williams of Pembroke ; she died March 25, 1829, aged eighty-three years ; he signed the Association Test in Deerfield, June, 1776, and died 1807, aged seventy years.

The children of Andrew Simpson and Widow Brown were : —

(6) William, born about 1746, married Eunice — ; he bought fifty acres of land of his brother Thomas, and built on it ; subsequently, he sold to Jacob True ; he was styled " Old Sheriff Simpson ;" he moved back to Nottingham and died, aged ninety-four years.

(7) Abigail, born 1750, married Jacob Osborn, a Quaker, from Salem, Mass.; a potter by trade, who moved to Loudon, N. H., where their descendants now reside.

The children of Thomas Simpson, Esq., and Sarah Morrison were:—

(1) Maj. John, born December 1, 1748, married Mary Whidden of Greenland, 1785, and died October 10, 1810. When the news of the battle of Lexington reached Deerfield, Maj. John Simpson, then a private, shouldered his gun, went to the Parade and enlisted in Capt. Daniel Moore's company, and, with Maj. Andrew McClary of Epsom, and Capt. Henry Dearborn of Nottingham, and others, marched to Bunker Hill and was in that battle; he fired the first gun in the battle of Bunker Hill; in the summer of 1778 he was promoted to first-lieutenant in Capt. Simon Marston's company, Col. Stephen Peabody's regiment, and William Whipple's brigade; subsequently he was promoted to major; he signed the Association Test in Deerfield, and died October 28, 1825, aged seventy-six years, ten months, and twenty-seven days.

(2) Elizabeth, born April 28, 1750, married Daniel McClure, a brother to Maj. Patten Simpson's first wife; they removed to the State of Maine.

(3) Sarah, born September 14, 1751; she died unmarried.

The children of Thomas Simpson, Esq., and Mary Cochran were:—

(4) Lieut. Thomas, born May 7, 1755, married Betsey Kelly; he was lieutenant in Capt. Richard Weare's company, Col. Alexander Scammell's regiment, for 1777-79; was severely wounded in battle at Saratoga; he resided at Haverhill, N. H., in 1777; subsequently, at New Hampton; they had a son, Henry Y., who was appointed one of the county justices for Strafford County, January 4, 1833.

(5) Joanna, born December 2, 1756, married, September 26, 1793, Moses Sanborn of Raymond.

(6) Isabel, born December 31, 1758, married Mr. Johnson, and resided at Newbury, Vt.

(7) Esther, born 1760, twin to Anna, died young.

(8) Anna, born 1760, married Tristram Cram, August 21, 1780; he was a tailor, and resided at Deerfield, on the place where the late Capt. Stephen Chase lived; her father gave her the seven acres of land in front of the house; they had a large family; one daughter, Anna, married Benjamin Eastman, and lived near Pleasant Pond, where Walter Scott now resides, and where she died August 16, 1865, aged seventy-seven years; born 1788; Tristram Cram subsequently moved to Jackson, Me.

(9) Susan, born 1762, married John Sanborn, and lived in Newbury, Vt.

(10) Robert, born February, 1764, was paid twelve hundred pounds for serving six months, by Deerfield in 1780, at the age of sixteen years; after the war he married and went West; it is believed that he was the father of John Simpson, who was the father of Hannah Simpson who married Jesse R. Grant, who was the father of Gen. Ulysses Simpson Grant.

This Hannah Simpson, the mother of Gen. Grant, was the second daughter of Mr. John Simpson of Montgomery County, Penn.; she was born about twenty miles from Philadelphia. When about eighteen years old she removed with her father to Clermont County, O., in 1818. She was born about 1800. In 1821 she married Jesse R. Grant, and April 27, 1822, their first child was born, Ulysses S. Grant, in a small, one-story cottage still standing on the banks of the Ohio River, commanding a view of the river and the Kentucky shore. Jesse R. Grant and Hannah Simpson's children were: (1) Ulysses S. Grant, born April 27, 1822; (2) Orville Grant; (3) Simpson Grant, died at Galena, Ill.; (4) a daughter, married Mr. Corbin, and resides at Elizabeth, Union County, N. J.

(11) Cummings, born February 5, 1766, died aged thirty-five years.

(12) Ebenezer, born July 1, 1770, never married; went West with his brother Robert.

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The children of Andrew Simpson and Agnes Ayers were :—

(1) William, born 1760 ; (2) Josiah, born 1762, married Miss Kitteridge ; settled in State of Maine and had a large family ; in the summer of 1817 he and his family moved to Rutland, Callia County, O. ; (3) Robert, born 1764, married Miss Longfellow ; settled in Maine ; in the summer of 1817, he, with his brother Josiah, moved to Rutland, O., where his descendants reside ; (4) John, born August 11, 1769, married Abigail Gile, August 25, 1791 ; resided on the home place, where he died September 13, 1832, leaving a large family in Nottingham ; his wife died August 11, 1861 ; (5) Nancy, born 1771 ; (6) Andrew, born 1772, was a sea captain ; lived in Durham ; (7) Joseph, born 1773 ; (8) Betsey, born 1775.

The children of Maj. Patten Simpson and Jane McClure were :—

(1) Mary, born December 22, 1766, married Mr. Sanborn, and settled in Mount Vernon, Me. ; (2) Sarah, born July 22, 1769 ; lived on the home place, and died unmarried ; (3) Betsey, born 1771, married Nathaniel Philbrick ; settled in Mount Vernon, Me. ; (4) Anna, born 1773, married, February 18, 1794, Capt. John Robinson of Mount Vernon, Me. ; (5) Martha, born 1775, married Jeremiah Holman of Raymond ; (6) Ensign John, born November 5, 1776, married, January 5, 1806, Mary Graves, born March 29, 1790, and died March 26, 1865, aged seventy-five years ; he lived on the home place at Deerfield, Old Center, where he died aged sixty years ; (7) Jane, born 1778, married Benjamin Griffin of Deerfield, where he died, leaving a family ; one daughter married Nathaniel Batchelder, a brother of Deacon Thomas J. Batchelder ; (8) Isabel, born 1780, lived on the home place, where she died.

The children of William Simpson and Eunice — were :—

(1) William, born October 19, 1771 ; (2) Sarah, born

December 5, 1773 ; (3) Abigail Washington, born December 4, 1775, married Job Griffin.

The children of Major John Simpson and Mary Whidden were : —

(1) Joseph L., born February 8, 1787, died February 28, 1808, aged twenty-one years : he was found dead in the road at the foot of the hill between Alden B. Chase's house and Capt Nathan Chase's common. in Deerfield, on his way home from school ; (2) Rev. Thomas, born August 2, 1788, married, November, 1809, Elizabeth Lamprey ; she was born February 22, 1790, and died January 5, 1858, aged sixty-eight ; he first learned the carpenter's trade ; while at work on the state-house at Concord in 1816, he fell, and became crippled for life ; he afterwards became a Congregational minister, and labored at the West, where he died, December 1, 1872, aged eighty-four ; (3) John, born March 2, 1790 ; resided on the home place, where he died February 8, 1868, aged seventy-seven ; (4) Samuel, born January 29, 1792, married, May 26, 1814, Mary Pearsons ; she died, and he married Hannah Pearsons, sister of his first wife ; after some years he went to Kansas, where he died January 13, 1872, aged about eighty years ; (5) Polly, born June 5, 1794, died on home place November 11, 1832, aged thirty-eight ; (6) Hannah W., born April 29, 1797 ; lived on the home place with her brother John, where she died July 18, 1872, aged seventy-five.

The children of John Simpson and Abigail Gile were : —

(1) Nancy, born February 26, 1792 ; lived on home place in Nottingham, where she died, October 1, 1876, aged eighty-four ; (2) Joseph, born February 20, 1794, married Philena Standly, April 4, 1823, and lives in Ohio ; (3) Betsey, born April 1, 1796, married, January 29, 1821, Thomas Parsons of Gilmanton ; (4) Polly, born February 18, 1798, married, March 16, 1836, Nathaniel Rundlet of Lee ; he was born 1790, and resided at Lee ; died November 15, 1868, aged seventy-eight years ; she

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is still living at Nottingham Square (1878); (5) Sally, born December 9, 1801, died young; (6) John, jr., born September 30, 1803, married, February 28, 1832, Comfort Stevens of Concord; she was born September 4, 1814. He resided a while in Massachusetts; then on the home place in Nottingham, where his grandfather, Andrew, and where his great-grandfather, Andrew, and Elizabeth (Patten) lived, and where she was murdered by the Indians. He died October 16, 1874, aged seventy-one years; (7) Sarah, born November 23, 1806, married Peter Lane of Chester; (8) Rev. Andrew, born January 7, 1809, married, first, Sarah E. Harvey, granddaughter of the late Hon. John Harvey of Northwood; she dying, he married, 1854, Almyra Gage of Concord; he died near Boston, Mass., January 19, 1877, aged sixty-eight years; (9) William A., born February 27, 1812, married Mary Camp of Sandusky, O., where they now reside; (10) Samuel A., born June 27, 1814, married Jane Sleeper of Bristol, and they reside at Epping.

The children of Ensign John Simpson and Polly Graves were:—

(1) George Washington, born March 13, 1806; he was a school-teacher for a number of years in various towns in New Hampshire and Maine; was superintendent of schools in his native town, justice of the peace, held various other offices of trust, and was one of the selectmen at the time of his death; he was a man highly esteemed and died March 4, 1865, aged fifty-nine; (2) Andrew, born March 30, 1808, married Dorothy Hidden, born July 7, 1824; he, like his brother, was a school-teacher and a justice of the peace; they always lived on the homestead together, in the utmost harmony; he died December 1, 1865, aged fifty-seven; (3) Joseph G., born October 14, 1812; learned the cabinet-maker's trade, and died of consumption, September 6, 1831, aged eighteen; (4) Gilman, born April 17, 1814, died January 31, 1816; (5) John G., born June 16, 1816, married, September 12, 1843, Salome Nichols, born April 16,

1821; he was a merchant in Oswego, N. Y.; subsequently at Manchester, where he died July 23, 1861, aged forty-five; his widow married Deacon Nathan Griffin of Deerfield; (6) Mary, born March 7, 1820, married William M. Conant; they reside in Ipswich, Mass.

The children of Rev. Thomas Simpson and Elizabeth Lamprey were:—

(1) Mary L., born December 20, 1810, married James Adams, and died September 19, 1861; (2) Sarah Ann, born July 18, 1812, married Edmund Bowker; (3) Joseph L., born February 13, 1815, married, first, Lavina Heard, second, Mary R. McIntire, third, Widow Hannah Randell, who was a Jenkins; they removed to Minnesota, where they died; (4) Jerusha W. G., born December 23, 1827, married William Chalmard.

The child of Samuel Simpson and Polly Pearsons was:—

(1) Elizabeth, born 1816, married Col. Phinehas Adams, agent of the Stark Mills at Manchester, where they now reside. The children of Samuel Simpson and Hannah Pearsons were: (2) Timothy Gilman, born 1824, is a physician, and resides in Vermont; (3) Newel, born 1826, resides in Kansas; (4) Henry, born about 1830, resides in Kansas.

The children of John Simpson and Comfort Stevens were:—

(1) William J., born August 6, 1833, died young; (2) Samuel A., born May 7, 1835; he enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862; died at Milldale, Miss., July 5, 1863, aged twenty-eight years; (3) Sarah A., born May 4, 1837, married, June 11, 1866, John L. Bartlett, born May 31, 1832; he is a son of Gen. Bradbury, and grandson of Gen. Thomas Bartlett of Nottingham; he enlisted in Company E, First Regiment of United-States sharp-shooters, from Concord, September 9, 1861; he was wounded at Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862; promoted to corporal October, 1862; mustered out Septem-

The first of these was the discovery of gold in California in 1848. This discovery led to a great influx of people to California and to the establishment of the state of California in 1850. The second was the discovery of gold in Colorado in 1859. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Colorado and to the establishment of the state of Colorado in 1876.

The third was the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Nevada and to the establishment of the state of Nevada in 1864. The fourth was the discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Idaho and to the establishment of the state of Idaho in 1890.

The fifth was the discovery of gold in Montana in 1865. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Montana and to the establishment of the state of Montana in 1889. The sixth was the discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1869. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Wyoming and to the establishment of the state of Wyoming in 1890.

The seventh was the discovery of gold in Utah in 1871. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Utah and to the establishment of the state of Utah in 1896. The eighth was the discovery of gold in Arizona in 1876. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Arizona and to the establishment of the state of Arizona in 1912.

The ninth was the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1878. This discovery led to a great influx of people to New Mexico and to the establishment of the state of New Mexico in 1912. The tenth was the discovery of gold in Texas in 1880. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Texas and to the establishment of the state of Texas in 1912.

The eleventh was the discovery of gold in Oklahoma in 1889. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Oklahoma and to the establishment of the state of Oklahoma in 1907.

ber 8, 1864; resides at Nottingham Square, a farmer, having two children; (4) Susan M., born January 29, 1840, resides on home place; (5) William J., born June 4, 1843, died young; (6) Mary G., born May 11, 1847, married Warren Glidden of Pembroke; (7) William A., born August 22, 1851, resides on home place; (8) Betsey P., born November 10, 1855, died young.

The children of Andrew Simpson and Dorothy Hidden were:—

(1) Sarah E., born July 5, 1846, died October 31, 1865, aged nineteen years; (2) Clara A., born July 7, 1849, died January 5, 1869, aged nineteen years; (3) George H., born September 7, 1855, resides on the old homestead at Deerfield, Old Center, with his mother.

The children of Joseph L. Simpson and Hannah Randell were:—

(1) Thomas E., born February 10, 1856, resident at South Deerfield, is a farmer; (2) Fred L., born May 8, 1858, resides in Deerfield.

SMITH FAMILY.

The Smith family is long and wide, and it would not be advisable to give much of it here, but just a sketch of the branch that came and settled in Deerfield, and whose descendants are Hilliard J., Merick, and Stevens Smith.

Benjamin Smith was one of the early settlers of that part of Exeter now called Epping, born about 1685, married Polly Stevens; their children were: (1) Stevens, born 1717; (2) Eunice, born 1720; (3) Polly, born 1723; (4) Benjamin, born 1726, married Affie Cass, about 1750, who died in Epping in 1780.

Polly, daughter of Benjamin and Affie Cass Smith, born 1752, married Nathaniel, son of Paul and Martha Folsom Ladd; their children were: (1) Lois, born June, 1786, married James Harvey, and still resides on the old Ladd farm on Red-oak Hill, Epping, aged ninety-one; their chil-

dren were Nathaniel, Matthew, and Dudley L.; (2) Samuel, born 1790; (3) Polly.

Jeremy, son of Benjamin and Affie Cass Smith, born 1754, married Judith Towle. Their children were James, and Harriet who married a Mr. Ballou, and lived in Deerfield.

Jacob, son of Benjamin and Affie Cass Smith, born 1756, married Elizabeth Blake, and moved to Raymond, where Wilson S. Abbott now resides; died August 10, 1843, aged eighty-seven years; Elizabeth, his wife, died February 5, 1833, aged seventy-nine; their children were: (1) Dolly, who married Daniel Brown; her children were: Sarah, who married Mr. Taylor; Elizabeth, who married Benjamin Lang of Candia; Alfred; Arvilla, who married Mr. Pillsbury; Dolly, who married Josiah Cram of Deerfield, son of Jonathan Cram; Stewart; Jane, who married Thomas Hobbs of Deerfield; and Luceba; (2) Stevens, born 1782, married Mehitable Towle of Raymond; he died January 6, 1848, aged sixty-six; his wife is still living with her daughter in Exeter, aged ninety-seven; their children were Oliver, Joel, Eliza, William, Jacob, Irene, Dorothy, and Stevens; (3) Polly, born in 1784, married Mr. Beane; (4) Affie, born 1787, married David Abbott, died March 19, 1858, aged seventy-one years; her son, Wilson S. Abbott, still resides in Raymond; (5) Sally, born 1792, married John Palmer of Exeter, in 1812; died July 25, 1829, aged thirty-seven years; he died July 3, 1870; their children were: Frederick; Dorothy S.; Affie; Mary A., married Josiah B. Cram of Raymond, died November 30, 1852; Nathaniel G.; Elizabeth B., married Josiah Cram, October 11, 1853; Dorothy and Affie died in 1830; (6) Nancy, born September 13, 1795, died November 8, 1830, aged thirty-five.

Benjamin, son of Benjamin and Affie Cass Smith, born 1758, married Shuah Haines, and moved to Meredith, where his descendants now live.

Betsey, daughter of Benjamin and Affie Cass Smith, born 1759, married Richard Elkins of Grafton; their children were: (1) Susan; (2) Affie; (3) Richard, a physician.

Stevens, son of Benjamin and Affie Cass Smith, born 1760, married Martha, daughter of Paul and Martha Folsom Ladd Smith, and granddaughter of John Folsom, who was killed by the Indians, in Nottingham, with Mrs. Simpson, in 1742; she was born November 5, 1757; died at Deerfield, December 21, 1846, aged eighty-nine. Stevens Smith died very suddenly, in Epping, in October, 1801. The above Stevens Smith was deputy-sheriff, and captain in the Revolutionary war, and one of the selectmen in Epping. His widow, with her family, moved to Deerfield, where some of her descendants now reside. Their children were: —

Capt. Benjamin, born August 7, 1783, married Lydia, daughter of Dudley and Lydia Haines Ladd, in 1804. Capt. Benjamin Smith died April 25, 1860, aged seventy-six. Lydia, his wife, died February 21, 1850, aged sixty-five. Their children were: (1) Dudley, born November 12, 1804, died November 12, 1820; (2) Stevens, born December, 1806, died March 27, 1863, aged fifty-six years; married Mary Robinson, daughter of Josiah and Polly Merrill Robinson, December 2, 1840; she was born February 22, 1811; their children were: (1) Dyer S., born March 18, 1849; (2) a daughter, born July 4, 1851; Dyer S. married Anna J., daughter of Lewis A. and Sarah A. Lang Ladd, who was born May 6, 1854; their children were: (1) Edward Grey Smith, born April 1, 1875; (2) Mercy Velma, born February 7, 1878; (3) Mercy L., daughter of Benjamin and Lydia L. Smith, born December 22, 1810, married Andrew Bickford, December 7, 1837, and moved to Concord; died January 8, 1851, aged forty-one; Andrew Bickford died May 27, 1863; their children were: (1) Andrew, born 1838, died same year; (2) Benjamin T., born

July 20, 1839, married Annie Dwinells, 1860; their children were Myra, died young, Minnie E., Annie, and Charles A.; (3) Andrew, born December 8, 1842, died January 21, 1860, aged eighteen years; (4) Lydia K., born January 8, 1845, married John J. Palmer of Deerfield, 1868; their children were Annie J., John A. and Mamie A., twins; (5) Levi B., born June 16, 1848, married Georgie Wood of Georgetown, Mass.; their child was Georgie, born March, 1876, and died September, 1876; (4) Lydia L., daughter of Benjamin and Lydia Ladd Smith, born July 9, 1814, married Charles Smith, October 3, 1842, and still resides on the old place on the Ridge Road, so called; (5) Benjamin D., born July 3, 1818, married, first, Sarah, daughter of Daniel and Sarah Lane Merrill, December 18, 1843, who died July 6, 1844, aged twenty-six, by whom he had one child, Keziah, who died young; married, second, Sarah Mathews, November 6, 1845; their children were (1) Eugene, (2) Charles M., (3) George P., (4) Sarah N., (5) Melissa, (6) Josiah; she died in August, 1869; he married, third, Elisabeth A. Bickford; (6) Mary J., daughter of Benjamin and Lydia Ladd Smith, born September 23, 1822, died young; (7) John F. M., born April 20, 1824, moved to Union, O., where he married Eliza Moody, and where he still lives.

Eunice, daughter of Stevens and Martha Ladd Smith, born July 6, 1785, married John Smith of Deerfield in 1804, who was born July 29, 1781, died October 29, 1834. Eunice, his wife, died September 24, 1848. Their children were: (1) Eunice M., born March 24, 1806, died 1823, aged seventeen; (2) J. Merrick, born June 4, 1808, married Fannie M. Gustine of Winchester, died in Boston, Mass., December 23, 1870; (3) Greenleaf M., born May 29, 1813; (4) Salvama, born November 29, 1816, and married Robert M. Chase, December 31, 1840; he died January 19, 1875; their only son, Alvah B., born March 13, 1847, married Sarah F. Cross, June 14, 1870; their children were Edith M.,

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It is composed of members who are physicians, dentists, and other medical practitioners. The Association is organized into various departments and committees, each of which is responsible for a specific area of the medical profession. The Association's primary concern is the advancement of the medical profession and the improvement of the medical service to the public.

The Association's activities are carried out through its various departments and committees. These include the Department of Education, the Department of Legislation, the Department of Public Relations, and the Department of Research. Each of these departments is responsible for a specific area of the medical profession. The Association's primary concern is the advancement of the medical profession and the improvement of the medical service to the public.

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born July 21, 1872, and Mabel S., born June 27, 1875; (5) E. Philena, daughter of John and Eunice, born February 4, 1827, married Thomas Hubbard of Piqua, O.

Josiah L., son of Stevens and Martha Ladd Smith, born 1787, married Susan Tucker of North Andover, Mass. Their children were: Charles and Hilliard, twins, born November 4, 1809; Charles married Lydia Smith, October 3, 1842; Hilliard married Arvill V. Locke, November 16, 1839, born April 29, 1817; their children were: Caroline O., born May 15, 1844, married Hobart Stevens, May 8, 1861, died September 23, 1873; George A., born October 15, 1846, married Addie Brown, September 28, 1873; Emma F., born December 28, 1847, married William Bennett, November 14, 1864; Charles H., born November 7, 1850, married Etta Brown, November 27, 1875; Frank V., born January 21, 1855, died November 6, 1858; Ira A., born July 24, 1856. Martha M., daughter of Josiah and Susan Tucker Smith, born November 19, 1820, married Edward Hawley of Baltimore, Md.; he died in 1853, leaving one son, Edward L., who married, in August, 1877, Almie Stebbens, and is living in Brattleboro, Vt.; Martha M. married, second, James M. Culver of Royalton, Vt.; they have one son, Charles M., born 1860; (4) Edward L., son of Josiah L. and Susan T. Smith, born 1822, died in 1840, aged eighteen years; (5) Jane J., born 1827, married Charles W. Smith, 1854, and moved to Fond du Lac, Wis.; their children were Fred, born 1859, and James E., born 1861; (6) William J., son of Josiah and Susan, married and went to Fond du Lac, where he still lives. Susan, wife of Josiah L. Smith, died in Royalton, Vt., in 1857; he then went to Wisconsin, where he still lives, aged ninety.

Greenleaf, son of Stevens and Martha Ladd Smith, died in youth.

Jonathan, born 1792, died in youth.

Stevens, son of Stevens and Martha Ladd Smith, born July 19, 1796, married, first, Nancy Staples, second, Sophia

Chadbourne, December 30, 1831; she was born November 11, 1807; he died September 14, 1876; she died October, 1859. Their children were: (1) Frederick, born October 10, 1832, died April, 1861, aged twenty-nine; (2) Emeline, born June 3, 1835, married Mr. Hobbs, May 13, 1858; (3) Nancy S., born June 12, 1838, married January 1, 1866; (4) Charles L., born April 10, 1839, died September, 1841; (5) Martha L., born March 10, 1841, died October, 1860, aged nineteen years; (6) Francis M., born November 6, 1842, died December, 1842; (7) Herrick, born June 30, 1844, married December 30, 1871; (8) Charles, born August 29, 1845, married January 1, 1873; (9) Alfred S., born December 10, 1847; (10) Ella M., born August 10, 1850, married Mr. Marble, August 25, 1870. The above Stevens Smith moved to Waterford, Me., in early life, and died in Paris, Me.

Susanna, daughter of Stevens and Martha L. Smith, born February 26, 1799, married Aaron Rawlins, who was born May 22, 1799, and moved to Union, O., where they still live.

SMITH FAMILY.

William Smith came to Deerfield from Salisbury, Mass., in 1774; he had three children: the eldest, a daughter, married Jonathan Philbrick of this town, where some of her descendants still live, bearing the name of Haynes, French, and Chase; his only son, William True Smith, was born in Salisbury in 1772; the youngest child, a daughter, was born in Deerfield, married a Mr. Hoyt, and moved away quite early. Mr. William True Smith, married, about the year 1800, Martha Ambrose of Pembroke; they had eleven children: (1) Jonathan, a physician, living in Alna, Me.; (2) Ann T., who married Col. Samuel Thompson of Wilmot; (3) Phebe A., who married William Thompson of Deerfield; (4) William, who resides in Deerfield; (5) Timothy N., who died some years since; (6) Martha A., married Henry M. Elliott of Fisherville; (7) David A.,

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The nineteenth was the establishment of the city of
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establishment of the city of London in 1666.
The twenty-ninth was the establishment of the city of
New York in 1624. The thirtieth was the
establishment of the city of Boston in 1630.

who resided on the homestead until his death in 1856; (8) Elizabeth J., who graduated at Ontario Female Seminary; taught for many years at the Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., with which she is still connected; (9) H. Hildrith, who is a teacher in Tennessee; (10) Abbie B., who married William Spangler of Brooklyn, N. Y.; (11) John Q. A., who resides in Boston.

Mr. William Thompson and Phebe A. Smith, his wife, were members of the Congregational Church from early life; and he was one of the pioneers of the anti-slavery cause in Deerfield, voting, with one other man in town, for Birney for president in 1840. William Smith, the grandfather of Mrs. Phebe A. Thompson, served as lieutenant during the Revolutionary war; was on the governor's staff, also a colonel in the state militia. Once during his absence in the Revolutionary service, his little children were playing not far from the house, and on their return were greatly alarmed at seeing a number of muskets leaning against the side of the house. They hid themselves in the bushes in the garden, thinking the Indians had come to murder and to burn; and there they watched for the flames from the house until their mother, by chance seeing them, assured them the muskets belonged to men who had come from the northern part of the state to join their father's company, and that she was keeping them till refreshments could be prepared for them. His son, William True Smith, was for sixty-three years a member of the Congregational Church, and for the greater part of that time served as a deacon; he died in 1859.

STEARNS FAMILY.

John Stearns was the son of Rev. Josiah Stearns of Epping, who was settled there March 8, 1758, and his pastorate and his life terminated July 25, 1788; he was born at Billerica, Mass.; graduated at Harvard in 1751: was a descendant from Isaac Stearns, who came from England

with Gov. Wentworth in 1630; this John Stearns, son of Rev. Josiah Stearns, was born January 16, 1762, married Sarah Lane of Poplin, in 1783, and came to Deerfield, March, 1802, and settled on North Road, south shore of Pleasant Pond; he died January 23, 1843, aged eighty-one; his wife died April 25, 1845, nearly eighty years old; their children were:—

(1) Sally, born May 21, 1784, died young.

(2) Betsey, born June 29, 1786, married John, a son of Dr. Edmund Chadwick, and died at Middletown, leaving five children: Nathaniel G.; John S., who lives in Bangor, Me.; Edmund G., living in New York; Peter, living in Holden, Me.; Abigail, who married Reuben Hayes of Madbury; (3) Josiah, born March 10, 1788, married Jane Thompson; was a farmer and lived in Wilmot, where he died; leaving, for children: Abigail, who married a Mr. Hurd, and lives in Candia; Hannah, who married a Sanborn of New London, and is now living in Andover; William, living in Manchester; John, who died young; Samuel, living in Lawrence, Mass.; James, living in Wilmot; Lydia Jane, who married a Peaslee, and lives in Plaistow; having children: Susan, who married Seth Goodhue, and lives in Wilmot, having children: Josiah Lane, who lives at the West; Minot, who married and lives on the homestead in Wilmot; Tyrus, who died in the army during the late Rebellion.

(4) Ruth, daughter of John, became the wife of Judge Dudley Freese; she was born November 6, 1789 (see sketch of Freese family).

(5) John, born October 23, 1791, died young; (6) John, 2d. born October 28, 1793, married Margaret Wallace of Deerfield, and lived near Pleasant Pond on the North Road; he died leaving children: Samuel, who became a Freewill Baptist clergyman, whose wife was Elizabeth Latham of Lowell; Sarah and Abigail died young; Mary, who married William Yeaton of Epsom, and lives in Enfield, having children.

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Susan, daughter of John Stearns, jr., married Alonzo A. Cox of Enfield, where they reside, having children.

Sarah A., married David Philbrick of Pittsfield, and has children; Margaret A., married James Hoitt of Northwood, and has children; John G., married Susan, daughter of Rufus Swain of Northwood; his second wife was Lucy Hoitt; has one child.

(7) Samuel, son of John Stearns, the first settler, born April 10, 1795, married Mary French of Deerfield; lived on the homestead near Pleasant Pond, and died January 1, 1861; his wife died February 5, 1869, leaving, for children: Richard Jenness, who married and lives in Wilmot, having children; Bryant, who married Caroline Thompson of Wilmot, and resides in Concord; Sarah E., who married David Smith of Deerfield, and died, leaving one son, David A.; Abigail J., who married Richard Jenness Sanborn of Deerfield, and has one son, Woodbury; Horace Butler, who married a Widow Buzzell of Wilmot, and lives in Deerfield, having one daughter, Mabel; Mary A., who married Luther Tasker of Northwood, and died without children; Clinton, who died young; John, who married Clara Rand of Deerfield, and lives in Greenland, having one son, Frank; Caroline C., who married Gilman Rand, and lives in Deerfield, having two sons, Walter and John.

(8) Polly, daughter of the first settler, John Stearns, born January 1, 1797, married Jonathan Goodhue of Deerfield, and died August 19, 1844, in Amesbury, Mass., leaving five daughters: Sally, who married Joseph Jewell of South Hampton; Abigail, who married Samuel Stevens of West Amesbury, Mass., having three children; Augusta, who married Dr. Garland of Hampton, and died in Gloucester, Mass., leaving children; Elizabeth, who married Weare Clifford of Lowell, and Amanda M., unmarried.

(9) Abigail, sister of Polly, born November 20, 1798, died young.

(10) Joshua, born January 3, 1801, married Betsey Page

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of Deerfield, having, for children: Elizabeth, now the wife of Joseph Veasey of Deerfield, having one son, Bryant; Bryant, who married Mary Holmes, and lives in Deerfield, having three children; Gilman lives in Manchester, having one son, Clarence; Martha J. married William Thompson of Deerfield, having three children; Sally died young; William married Jennie Fellows, and lives in California, having three sons; Sarah, unmarried.

(11) William, son of the first Stearns, born August 5, 1803, married Martha Winkley of Barrington, and lives in Portsmouth, having one daughter, Isabel.

(12) Sally, sister of William, born March 21, 1805, married David Lamprey of Hampton, and died in Deerfield, June 15, 1851, having for children: Nancy C., who married and lives in Haverhill, Mass.; Norris, who lives in St. Paul, Minn., a lawyer; Sally, who married a Mr. Carpenter, and lives in Chichester; John, who married and lives in Haverhill, and has children; Martha, who married William Hilton, son of Col. Winthrop H., lives in Haverhill; Malvina, who married a Standley, and lives in Concord; William B., married and lives in Haverhill, Mass.; David, who lives in Manchester; Uri, who lives in St. Paul, Minn.; Almon, who died young; Mary, who lives in Concord; Albion, who died in 1875.

(13) Bryant, brother of Sally, born January 22, 1807, married Sally Veasey, daughter of Thomas V., and died December 31, 1838.

STEVENS FAMILY.

Jonathan Stevens lived and died in Salisbury, Mass., and had three sons, Lemuel, Jacob, and Theophilus. Lemuel and Jacob settled in Salisbury, Mass., and died there. Theophilus Stevens, born January 31, 1732, married Eleanor Tucker, who was born August 17, 1734, and moved to Epping when a young man. He had three sons and one daughter: Benjamin, born August 29, 1751, and died Au-

The first of these is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world. It has been the most successful in the world because it has been the most successful in the world.

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The eighth of these is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world. It has been the most successful in the world because it has been the most successful in the world.

gust 12, 1810 : Theophilus, born April 8, 1753, died August 29, 1830 ; Samuel, born May 20, 1764, died December, 1843 ; Molly, born November 27, 1767, died June, 1847, unmarried. The two latter lived and died in Epping. Benjamin and Theophilus moved to Deerfield when young men, became wealthy farmers near the center of the town, and were influential men. Benjamin Stevens married Sarah Fogg, who was born March 7, 1757, died June 11, 1826 ; had five children : one son, Jonathan, born December 12, 1775, died April 2, 1819 ; one daughter, Polly, born October 27, 1782, married Nathaniel Davis of Gilford, and died January 6, 1815, leaving several enterprising children ; another daughter, Sally, born October 12, 1790, married Peter P. French of Deerfield, and had eleven children of respectability ; the other two died unmarried.

Theophilus, second son of Theophilus Stevens of Epping, married Betsey Moore of Pembroke ; she died without children ; he then married Abigail Tewksbury of Salisbury, Mass., and she had three children : Theophilus, Davis, and Betsey. She died February 18, 1844, aged seventy-eight years.

The said Theophilus Stevens, 2d, held several offices of trust in Deerfield, and was also a first-lieutenant in the company of cavalry in the Eighteenth Regiment New-Hampshire militia ; was also out in the Revolutionary war as a private.

Jonathan Stevens, son of Benjamin, was married to Polly Tilton of Deerfield, who was born April 6, 1778, and died June 11, 1814, leaving seven children, three sons and four daughters. He was also a lieutenant in the company of cavalry. Their eldest son, Benjamin, was born November 22, 1801, married Mehitable Hill of Newmarket : lived in Deerfield, on the original farm of his grandfather, Benjamin Stevens ; was a trader, a justice of the peace, was town clerk and treasurer for a number of years, and was also a deacon of the Baptist Church. He died in Lowell, Mass., June 19, 1857.

Theophilus Stevens, son of Theophilus of Deerfield, married Mary Ann Currier of Deerfield; they live in Deerfield, and have had two sons and one daughter. He was also a lieutenant in the company of cavalry before mentioned.

Deacon David Stevens, second son of Theophilus, born October 1, 1804, married Charlotte Fowler of Newmarket, May 21, 1828, and had one son, George F. Stevens, born February 25, 1830, who married Nancy P. Davenport of Hamilton, Mass., and has three children, Anna B., Charles D., and Georgie Etta; and one daughter, Sarah S., born May 9, 1833, who married John M. Ballou. These children of Deacon Stevens are living in Deerfield.

THOMPSON FAMILY.

Moses Thompson was a native of Kingston in this state; he married Jane Page of South Hampton, and moved to this town in 1764 or 1765. They had a family of three sons and four daughters; of the sons, William, the eldest, remained in this town; Moses settled in Wolfeborough, and Samuel in Wilmot; two of the daughters died young; one became Mrs. Cate of Wolfeborough; and one, Mrs. James Prescott of this town; the family of Mrs. Prescott was quite large, including the late Mrs. Abram Prescott of Concord, also Mrs. Sleeper of Concord, Mrs. John Fellows, Mrs. Milton Lane, and Mr. James Prescott of this town, all deceased; the latter, Mr. James Prescott, left a family of seven children, but one of whom (J. F. Prescott) now resides here.

William Thompson married, not far from the year 1785, Hannah Philbrick of this town; their children numbered thirteen; the eldest, Jonathan, moved, when quite young, to Wilmot, and was soon after fatally injured by the falling of a tree, which he, with some other men, was cutting; Eleanor, the next child, married Enoch Stevens of this town, and of a large family of children and grandchildren none now remain in Deerfield; one son, William, was a

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soldier in the war of the Rebellion, serving in the Fifteenth New-Hampshire Regiment; was taken ill on his way home and died in hospital; Jane, Hannah, and Abigail married, respectively, Messrs. Stearns, Cram, and Smith, and moved to Wilmot in this state; Moses remained at the homestead; married twice, and had a family of nine children, only one of whom remains in town, William, who tills the farm which his ancestors have occupied for more than a century; Betsey married N. J. Hilton of this town; still resides here, and is the only surviving daughter. Of a family of nine children four still are living; Polly married Capt. J. Fellows of this town, and died young, leaving three sons, all of whom have found homes in California; the youngest was drowned there some years since; Sally, second wife of the above Capt. Fellows, left two sons, both now residents of Suncook; Samuel married Ann T., daughter of Deacon William T. Smith, and moved to Wilmot; William married Phebe A., also daughter of Deacon William T. Smith; their children numbered six, and all except one, who died in infancy, still survive; the eldest, Martha A., graduated at Mount Holyoke Seminary, taught about fifteen years in Trenton, Washington, Boston, and Groveland, then traveled a year in Europe; the next survivor, Elizabeth V., married early Mr. Samuel Thompson of Wilmot; the third, Jennie P., graduated at Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn; taught for some years at Haverhill, Reading, Boston, Flushing, and Groveland Academy; since married to G. J. White of Andover, N. H.; the eldest son, Charles H., now on the farm which lately belonged to his father, was a member of the Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment in the late war, and saw much active service for about two years, when he was severely wounded in the head at Spottsylvania; he was discharged from the service in consequence, a few months after, and has spent most of his time since in Boston. until he retired to the farm about four years since; the youngest, William Adams, has always resided in this town. Daniel

Thompson, son of William, the son of Moses, resides in Andover; Benjamin, the thirteenth child of William Thompson, who was the son of Moses T., resides in Deerfield; he married Angelina, the only daughter of Col. Peter Sanborn, and widow of a Mr. Bartlett; their children are five; two of the sons served in the late war; this Mr. Thompson has had many years of experience as teacher of music and day schools in Lowell, Exeter, and vicinity.

TILTON FAMILY.

It is believed that three brothers, David, Jacob, and Daniel Tilton, came to this country from Tilton Hill, England, and settled in Hampton; where their descendants may now be found, so also in Kingston, Ipswich, and elsewhere. Of these, Josiah, Samuel, and Ebenezer, from Kingston, settled in Deerfield.

Josiah, about 1820, removed to Cornville, Me. His first wife was Sarah, daughter of Deacon Abraham True, and their children were: (1) Samuel, (2) Josiah, (3) Sally, (4) Huldah, and (5) a daughter who became the wife of Daniel Currier of Deerfield. This Samuel, son of Josiah, married Deborah, daughter of Nathaniel Batchelder, who died at Ticonderoga in the Revolutionary war; while Josiah, son of Josiah, married Sarah Dearborn of Kensington, and had a large family of children, one of whom is the Rev. Jeremiah Tilton of Rumney, a Baptist clergyman.

Josiah Tilton, the first, whose first wife was Sarah True, married, for his second wife, Abigail Nudd of Kingston, and their children were Abraham, Daniel, and Horatio Gates, all living in Cornville, Me., and having families.

Samuel Tilton, son of Josiah the first, who married Deborah Batchelder, settled in the eastern part of the town, where his grandson, George Adams Tilton, resides, and near where Samuel's father pitched his first tent in Deerfield. His children, by Deborah Batchelder, were: (1) Polly, who died young; (2) Josiah B., born May 28, 1799; (3) Sam-

The first part of the history is a general account of the state of the country at the beginning of the reign of Henry the First. It describes the condition of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the character of the people. It also mentions the various wars and conquests which took place during the reign of Henry the First.

THE REIGN OF HENRY THE FIRST

Henry the First, who reigned from 1113 to 1135, was the first of the Plantagenet dynasty. He was a Norman, and his reign was marked by a series of wars and conquests. He was a strong and able ruler, and he succeeded in establishing a firm and lasting empire.

One of the most important events of Henry's reign was the conquest of Ireland in 1171. This was a great triumph for the king, and it marked the beginning of English rule in Ireland. It also showed the power and influence of the Plantagenet dynasty.

Another important event was the death of Henry in 1135. He was succeeded by his son, Stephen, who reigned from 1135 to 1154. Stephen's reign was marked by a series of wars and conquests, and it was a time of great trouble and distress for the country.

The reign of Stephen was followed by the reign of Matilda, who reigned from 1141 to 1141. Matilda was a strong and able ruler, and she succeeded in establishing a firm and lasting empire. Her reign was marked by a series of wars and conquests, and it was a time of great trouble and distress for the country.

uel Sherburn, who married and removed to Newbury, Mass., where he died, leaving several children; (4) True, who died young; (5) Nathaniel, who died young; (6) Sarah Ann, who married Andrew Leighton of Northwood, and lived in Deerfield, where she died, leaving one son, Washington; (7) Joseph True, who married a Miss Fernald, daughter of Ezra, and died, leaving three children.

Josiah Batchelder Tilton married Nancy Adams of Newbury, Mass.; they reside near the Parade. Their children: (1) George A., born August 4, 1824, resides on the homestead; married Ann Lord Manning of Newbury, Mass., and they have three children, Frank, Horace, and Burt; (2) John Moody, born December 8, 1826, was drowned when young in Parker River, in Newbury, Mass.; (3) Harrison J., born March 27, 1830, married Kate, daughter of Simon Robinson; lives in Deerfield; their son, Kirk, died young; (4) Washington B. B., born September 25, 1832; lives in Deerfield; married Susan, daughter of Benning W. Veasey, having one daughter, Mary V., a son having died in infancy; (5) Albert Folsom, born April 8, 1835, married Emma D. Manning of Newbury, Mass., and they live in the same house erected by his great-great-grandfather, their children being Albert F., John, Carriabel, and Warren; (6) Elizabeth N., born June 16, 1838, married Jonathan Ballou, having one son, who died young; her second husband was Henry Ackerman of Exeter, where they reside.

Eben Tilton, brother of Josiah and Samuel, son of Dr. Ebenezer Tilton of Hampton, who was a surgeon in the war of the Revolution, and son of Nathan, was born April 5, 1773. This Dr. Ebenezer Tilton had a brother Phineas, who lived where Elbridge Tilton now resides.

Eben was married to Miriam, daughter of Jonathan Prescott of Epping; lived where Elbridge T. resides, and had nine children: (1) Hannah, born April 3, 1796, married John Goodhue of Epsom; (2) Sally, born November 8,

The history of the world is a vast and complex subject, encompassing the lives of countless individuals and the events that have shaped our planet. From the dawn of civilization to the present day, the human story is one of constant change and evolution. The study of history allows us to understand the forces that have driven progress and the challenges we have overcome. It provides a context for the events of our time and helps us to see the patterns that repeat themselves throughout the ages. The history of the world is not just a collection of facts and dates, but a living, breathing narrative that continues to unfold before our eyes. It is a story of hope, struggle, and triumph, and it is one that we must all share.

1797. married Deacon John James, and their children are : George P., who married Mehitable Lane of Manchester ; Louisa, who married Gilman George ; Eben T., who married Elizabeth, daughter of Miles Knowlton of Northwood, for his first wife, by whom he had two children, Addie and Fred, and his second wife was a Widow Buckman, by whom he had one child, May ; Syrena L., who died young ; Hannah, who died young ; Susan V., who married Isaac Morrison, who was first-lieutenant in the Eleventh Regiment, Company B, and was wounded at Petersburg ; Sarah, who married John Legro, who represented Deerfield in the legislature in 1876, and they had two children, Carroll and Julian J. ; Olive Ann, who married Rev. Edward T. Lyford, now residing in Georgetown, Mass.

(3) Elbridge, son of Eben, born December 28, 1798, married Melinda, daughter of Sewell Dearborn ; they live on the homestead, and have four children : Sewell D., born December 11, 1824, commanded Company B in the Eleventh Regiment ; was wounded at Petersburg ; commanded the regiment in the absence of Col. Harriman, was on Gov. Harriman's staff, and is now a county commissioner. His first wife was Sarah, daughter of Thomas Folsom of Raymond, and left one son, Elbridge Francis ; his second wife was Laura, daughter of Asa Currier of Raymond, and they have two sons, Asa Currier, and Charles M. T., who resides in Raymond.

Eben W., son of Elbridge, born June 8, 1826, married Betsey, daughter of Eben French of Canterbury ; they have two children, Frank L. and Mary E.

Mary M., daughter of Elbridge, born October 1, 1830, married Jonathan G. Dow of Laconia, having one daughter, Myra.

Sally Ann, daughter of Elbridge, born April 15, 1836, married Moses R. Currier of Manchester, and has two children. Anna and Elbridge.

(4) Jonathan, son of Eben Tilton, born September 20,

1803. married Clarissa, daughter of Ezrad Fifield of Salisbury; had two children: George B., who married Sarah F. May of Nottingham; they had four children, Georgiana, Otis, Woodbury, and Fred; and Charles E., who married Jane Rollins, and they have six children: Ida A.; Eva F., who married Frank Wiggin of Lee, now of Haverhill, Mass.; Emma J.; James B.; Charles Clinton; and Edwin Walker.

(5) Mary M., daughter of Eben Tilton, born October 2, 1805, married Winthrop Hilton; lived on the Hilton homestead, now in Haverhill, Mass.; their children: William E., who married Martha Lamprey; they have two children, Belle and Nellie; Mary, died young; Eben T., who married Eveline Alley; they live in Lynn; Clarissa F., married William Sawyer of New York, and they have three children; Edward, the inventor of recent improvements in telegraphing; George, and Alice; Sarah T., daughter of Mary M., married Rufus George, living in Manchester, and having one son, Charles: her second husband is Alden Stone, and they live in Maine; Hannah, daughter of Mary M., married Edwin Batchelder, son of Simon Batchelder of Northwood; she died leaving two children; Winthrop A., son of Mary M., married Laura Dearborn, daughter of Nathaniel Dearborn; they live in Lynn, and have three children; Helen, daughter of Mary M., married William H. Lang, and they have several children; while another daughter, Susie A., died young.

(6) Olive R., daughter of Eben Tilton, married Benjamin Gerrish (see Gerrish sketch).

(7) Eben, son of Eben, born September 5, 1810, married, first, Mary, daughter of Ezekiel James, and she died leaving two children: Newton J., now living in Northwood, and who married Olive, daughter of Miles Knowlton, and they have two children, Stewart E. and Henry; and Lucy A., who married Andrew J. Prescott; they have two daughters, Ella and Mary; this Eben married for his sec

The first part of the history of the world is the history of the creation of the world and the history of the first man, Adam. The second part is the history of the world from the time of Adam to the time of the birth of Jesus Christ. The third part is the history of the world from the time of the birth of Jesus Christ to the present time.

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ond wife, Mrs. Mary Goodhue; and for his third, Mrs. Hannah Adams of Mason, and they reside in Manchester.

(8) Almira B., daughter of Eben Tilton, the first, born July 14, 1812, died young; and her sister, Susan W., born June 3, 1817, married David Gerrish (see Gerrish sketch).

Ebenezer, brother of Josiah and Samuel, lived near his brother Josiah, where they built their first camp beside a great rock. His son Joseph married and lived in Exeter, where he died, leaving children, while his son Daniel married Eleanor, daughter of Maj. William Norris of Nottingham, and lived on the homestead near the large rock, and had four children: William, who married a Miss Robinson of Exeter; Joseph, who married Judith French, daughter of Eben French of Canterbury, and they have two daughters: Josephine E., who married Charles H. White, having children; Emma F., who married Martin V. B. Hill, having one child; Eleanor, daughter of Daniel, married Hiram Sargent of Raymond, having one son, Edwin.

Daniel's second wife was Widow Randlet of Gilmanton, by whom he has three children: Arvilla, who married Nathaniel Clark of Pittsfield, having two children; Georgiana, who married Henry Sanborn, and they live in Haverhill, Mass.; and Herbert M., who lives on the old homestead; he married Hannah, daughter of Samuel Dame, Esq., of Nottingham; Mary, who married a Mr. Sangar of Cambridge, Mass.; George W., who married a Miss Sweat of Gilmanton, served in the Fifteenth Regiment in the Rebellion, and died soon after his discharge.

Ebenezer's daughter, Sally, married Jonathan Stevens of Deerfield, and died, leaving children: Benjamin; Lucy; Sally, who became the wife of Dr. Israel Gale of Deerfield; Eleanor, who married Jonathan Smith; Eben; Polly, who married Nathaniel Dearborn, leaving at her death, four children, one son and three daughters.



TRUE FAMILY.

Deacon Abraham True, the progenitor of all the Trues who formerly lived in Deerfield, was one of the early settlers of Deerfield; his father, grandfather, and great-grandfather were all residents of Salisbury, Mass.; his great-great-grandfather, Henry True, was an Englishman, who came to America and settled in Salem, Mass., about 1630 or 1635. Deacon Abraham True was born in Salisbury, Mass., May 28, 1721, and died in Deerfield, March 30, 1812; he married, February 22, 1744, Sally French, a daughter of Gould French of South Hampton; she died in Deerfield, in 1814, aged about ninety years; he resided first after marriage in South Hampton, but in 1754 he removed to Nottingham, and settled in that part of the town which afterwards became Deerfield; when he moved there it was a wilderness for miles around; his nearest neighbors were at Nottingham Square, three and one-half miles distant; he bought a large tract of forest land, cleared his farm, built the first house upon it, and lived there till his death; he was one of the selectmen of Nottingham before Deerfield was set off, and was one of the signers of the petition asking for a division of the town; and after Deerfield was incorporated, was one of the most active men in religious and town affairs for years; he was a very devout Christian, and deacon of the first church organized in Deerfield; he had eight children:

Hannah True, eldest daughter of Deacon Abraham, was born December 2, 1746, and died December 5, 1748.

Sally True, second daughter of Deacon Abraham, was born June 21, 1748; she married Josiah Tilton of Deerfield, and they had five children, one of whom, Samuel Tilton, married Deborah Batchelder, a daughter of Nathaniel Batchelder of Deerfield, and one of their sons, Josiah B. Tilton, is living in Deerfield now.

Ezra True, eldest son of Abraham, was born July 12, 1752, and died September 28, 1835; he married Molly

The first of these is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world in the last century. This is due to a number of factors, including the superior technology of the British Empire, the superior organization of the British Empire, and the superior leadership of the British Empire. The second factor is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world in the last century. This is due to a number of factors, including the superior technology of the British Empire, the superior organization of the British Empire, and the superior leadership of the British Empire. The third factor is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world in the last century. This is due to a number of factors, including the superior technology of the British Empire, the superior organization of the British Empire, and the superior leadership of the British Empire.

The fourth factor is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world in the last century. This is due to a number of factors, including the superior technology of the British Empire, the superior organization of the British Empire, and the superior leadership of the British Empire. The fifth factor is the fact that the British Empire has been the most successful in the world in the last century. This is due to a number of factors, including the superior technology of the British Empire, the superior organization of the British Empire, and the superior leadership of the British Empire.

Russell, and they had two daughters: Polly, who married Mathew Nealley of Nottingham, and Sally, who married John Churchill of Deerfield, some of whose descendants are living there now on the old Ezra True farm, which was a part of Deacon Abraham True's original farm.

Abraham True, second son of Deacon Abraham, was born July 15, 1755, and died July 15, 1828; he married Nancy Batchelder, a daughter of Nathaniel Batchelder of Deerfield; they resided in Chichester, and had nine children, one of whom, John True, is now living in Pittsfield.

Benjamin True, third son of Deacon Abraham, was born May 2, 1760, and died August 22, 1806, being killed accidentally by the falling of a stage-pole used by the carpenters in building Bradbury Bartlett's house on Nottingham Square; he married, December 5, 1782, Molly Batchelder, a daughter of Nathaniel Batchelder of Deerfield; she was born April 29, 1761, and died April 8, 1816. They lived on old Deacon Abraham True's homestead place; besides being a prosperous farmer, he commenced keeping tavern in 1796, at a period when all the up-country towns began to draw their supplies from Portsmouth with ox-teams, principally, and the route over Nottingham Square, and up through Deerfield and Epsom, was the great thoroughfare of travel and business, and continued to be so for a great many years, and many and many a time his house was so full of guests that the members of the family had to sleep on the floor. After his death, his widow kept up the business as long as she lived. They had nine children:

Abraham True, eldest son of Benjamin, was born October 9, 1783, and died August 5, 1786; and Nathaniel True, the second son, was born May 2, 1785, and died August 10, 1785.

Polly True, eldest daughter of Benjamin, was born September 7, 1787, and died November 22, 1862; she married Bradbury Bartlett of Nottingham; he was a merchant, farmer, and general business man, and held, at times, all

the important offices in his town. He was state senator, and one of the judges of the Rockingham County court of common pleas. They had nine children, several of whom are still living in Nottingham. Their eldest son, Benjamin T. Bartlett, was a merchant in St. Louis, Mo., and another son, Rufus F. Bartlett, was a merchant in Keokuk, Ia.

Sally True, second daughter of Benjamin, was born October 25, 1789, and died in Burlington, Ia., December 28, 1850; she married Edward B. Nealley of Nottingham, and they soon removed to Lee, where they always resided till his death. He was a merchant and general business man, holding various public offices for many years; they had ten children. (See Edward B. Nealley's family.)

Nancy True, third daughter of Benjamin, was born December 25, 1791, and died October 29, 1861; she married Cogswell Dudley of Pembroke, and they had six children, one of whom resides in Pembroke, one in Manchester, and three in Chicago, Ill.; the eldest son, True Dudley, is engaged in the banking business in Chicago.

Hannah True, fourth daughter of Benjamin, was born February 7, 1794, and died in July, 1874; she married Josiah Bartlett of Nottingham, and they resided in Lee; he was a prosperous farmer, and held, at times, all the important offices in town; he was a lieutenant in the United-States army in the war of 1812, and one of the New-Hampshire state councilors in 1844-45; they had twelve children, several of whom are now residing in Lee and Epping.

Marcy True, fifth daughter of Benjamin, was born August 23, 1796, and died October 21, 1840; she married Nicholas Durrell of Lee, and they had seven children, one of whom now resides in Portsmouth.

Benjamin True, youngest son of Benjamin, was born August 16, 1802, and died February 14, 1863. He kept a hotel in New York City for many years, and afterwards in Boston, Mass. He married Hannah Payne of Boston, and

they had two daughters. He died in Chelsea, Mass., where his widow and one daughter now reside.

Betsy True, youngest daughter of Benjamin, was born January 11, 1805, and married, December 28, 1828, Samuel Scales of Nottingham; he was born July 18, 1800, and died January 12, 1877. They resided in Nottingham till 1851, then in Barrington till 1870, then in Lee till his death. In Nottingham he held various town offices; was one of the selectmen in 1844-45, and representative in the New-Hampshire legislature in 1849-50; was captain in the New-Hampshire militia, and justice of the peace many years. They had four sons, one of whom, Prof. John Scales, graduated at Dartmouth College in 1863, and has been principal of Franklin Academy in Dover since April, 1869; another son, George Scales, graduated at the Literary and Scientific School in New London in 1861, and was killed in the battle at Malvern Hill, Va., July 1, 1862; another son, True Scales, resides in Cambridgeport, Mass.

Joseph True, fourth son of Deacon Abraham, was born in Deerfield, and died in Maine. He married Sally Batchelder, a daughter of Nathaniel Batchelder of Deerfield; she was born March 12, 1766, and died April 10, 1842. They resided in Deerfield till 1820, when they moved to Maine, somewhere in the vicinity of Bangor. They lived, in Deerfield, on the farm next adjoining the home place, as Deacon Abraham True divided his original farm into three farms, giving one to Ezra, one to Joseph, and the home place to Benjamin. Joseph True had six children, as follows:—

Betsy True, eldest daughter of Joseph, was born May 20, 1787, and died March 11, 1809; she married Joseph Jenness, a brother of Judge Jenness of Deerfield.

Abraham True, eldest son of Joseph, was born June 8, 1793; he married Sally Fogg.

Sally True, second daughter of Joseph, was born May 16, 1797; she married Peter Jenness of Deerfield, who was

afterwards a prominent wholesale merchant in Portsmouth till his death. She is still living in Portsmouth.

Joseph True, second son of Joseph, was born in Deerfield, and went with his father to Maine.

Polly True, third daughter of Joseph, was born February 12, 1805; she married Thomas Jenness of Deerfield, who was afterwards a prominent merchant in Bangor, Me., till his death. She is still living in Bangor.

Nancy True, youngest daughter of Joseph, was born December 21, 1809, and went with her father to Maine.

Daniel True, fifth son of Deacon Abraham, was born in Deerfield, and married Abigail Marston. They lived in Loudon, and had six children, Daniel, Winthrop, Sally, Betsy, Rhoda, and Ezra.

Winthrop True, youngest son of Deacon Abraham, was born November 23, 1768, and died October 25, 1851. He married Polly Gale, and they lived in Meredith. They had two sons.

These Batchelders whom so many of the Trues married, viz., Deborah, who married Samuel Tilton; Nancy, who married Abraham True; Molly, who married Benjamin True; Sally, who married Joseph True; and another, who married John Butler, father of Gen. B. F. Butler, member of Congress from Massachusetts, were sisters, daughters of Nathaniel Batchelder of Deerfield, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary war. After the marriage of Benjamin True and Molly Batchelder, her mother, the widow of Nathaniel Batchelder, always lived with them, and there died. She was a daughter of Jonathan Longfellow, and a sister of Gen. Joseph Cilley's wife, — the General of Revolutionary fame. This Jonathan Longfellow was one of the very earliest settlers in that part of Nottingham, now Deerfield, and was one of the most important men in town, and very active in all public affairs. He was the owner of several negro slaves, some of whom came directly from the wilds of Africa, whose descendants now live in Nottingham and Deerfield.

VEASEY FAMILY.

Thomas Veasey of Stratham married Annie Neil. They had five children ; namely, Nancy, Joshua, Simon, Thomas, and Olive.

Joshua, born in 1753, married Nancy Fifield of Stratham in 1776, and came to Deerfield about that time, after serving six months in the army, near Boston. They had eleven children ; namely, (1) Mark, (2) Nancy, (3) Levi, (4) Joseph, (5) Thomas, (6) Sally, (7) Joshua, (8) Dolly, (9) Jonathan, (10) Simon, and (11) Cotter. Cotter is the only one of the family that is living ; he was born in 1801, and is living on his father's farm. He married Susan Page of Deerfield ; they had four children, — three daughters, and one son, who is living with his father. No record was kept of this large family. Mark, Thomas, and Dolly, are buried in Deerfield. Some of the family went into Maine, some to Ohio, others into the army.

Simon Veasey, born June 8, 1756, came to Deerfield quite young, and raised corn that he threshed and hauled to Stratham in the winter. He married Susanna, daughter of Capt. Joseph Ham of Deerfield, about the year 1782. Susanna was born August 15, 1752, in Portsmouth. Capt. Ham was a ship-builder in Portsmouth before his removal to Deerfield about the year 1765. This Simon Veasey had five children : Thomas, born January 18, 1784, is still living in Deerfield ; he married Eliza Goodhue of Deerfield, in 1807 ; they had four children, Susan, Sarah, Elisabeth, and Joseph ; Joseph married Elisabeth Stearns ; they have one son, Bryant ; Joseph, born May 5, 1785, died June 23, 1816 ; Betsey, born November 7, 1787, died January 29, 1821 ; Simon, born October 8, 1789, moved to Northwood in the year 1830, and kept a public house to the general satisfaction of the traveling public ; was a trader and post-master for many years ; December 22, 1842, he married Mary S. Pike of Exeter, and they had two children ; one died in infancy ; the other, Henry, is living on the farm

that belonged to his father; he married, September 25, 1865, Martha H. P. Fogg of Northwood; Benning, born February 13, 1792, died March 12, 1878, aged eighty-six years; he married Jennett Tilton of Deerfield, 1821, and they had five children: (1) Joseph H., married Sarah E. Locke of Epsom, and they have one daughter, Mary J.; (2) Simon married Dorothy Jones of Stratham, and they have two children, Emma and Mary; (3) Betsey, died October 4, 1858; (4) Isabel; and (5) Susan, married W. V. B. Tilton, 1865, and died November, 1867, leaving one daughter.

WEARE FAMILY.

The Weare family came early into this country. Peter was probably the first who came. He resided in Newbury, Mass., and there died, October 12, 1653. His son Nathaniel removed subsequently from that town to Hampton. His son Peter was born in Newbury, November 15, 1660, and appointed a councilor of New Hampshire in 1698. It is believed that Nathaniel Weare was the son of Peter and the father of Meshech Weare, so distinguished in the early history of New Hampshire. This Nathaniel Weare had four sons and eight daughters. Meshech was the youngest of the sons, born at Hampton, June 16, 1713. He graduated at Harvard College, in 1735, and soon devoted himself to the service of the public; he died January 15, 1786.

Prior to 1776, New Hampshire was under various forms of government. In 1623, a few families of fishermen and planters lived under the government of the Company of Laconia, through agents, from time to time sent out. In 1638, Portsmouth, Dover, and Exeter formed, each for itself, voluntary associations, Hampton being under the jurisdiction of Massachusetts. Three years later, all these were taken into the protection of the Bay State, whose County of Norfolk was made to extend from the Merrimack River to the Piscataqua, and this continued until 1680, when

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It was founded in 1847 and has since that time been the leading organization of the medical profession in the United States. The Association is composed of more than 50,000 members, including physicians, dentists, and other health care professionals. Its primary purpose is to advance the science and practice of medicine, to protect the public interest, and to promote the highest standards of medical education and practice. The Association is organized into several divisions, each of which is responsible for a specific area of medical practice. These divisions include the American College of Physicians, the American College of Surgeons, the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology, the American College of Podiatry, the American College of Optometry, the American College of Dentistry, and the American College of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons. The Association also publishes the Journal of the American Medical Association, which is one of the most widely read and respected medical journals in the world.

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Charles II. established a royal government, and in the following year John Cutts and Richard Waldron were appointed presidents, followed the next year by Edward Cranfield as lieutenant-governor, who was also succeeded, in 1685, by Walter Barefoote as deputy-governor. In 1686, James II. established a general government over what was then called New England, over which he appointed Joseph Dudley president, and in the following year Sir Edmund Andros was appointed governor. In 1689, Andros was deposed, and New Hampshire chose to be again united with Massachusetts on the terms of the old charter. John Usher served as lieutenant-governor, though Samuel Allen was commissioned as governor, without taking the chair. In 1697, William Partridge was appointed lieutenant-governor, but the next year Allen discharged the duties of governor, and restored Usher as his lieutenant. But the following year, Richard, Earl of Bellemont, governor of New York, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, served with William Partridge as his lieutenant-governor, and three years later, Joseph Dudley served as governor of Massachusetts and New Hampshire, with Usher for lieutenant, and they retained their position until 1715, when George Vaughan was appointed lieutenant-governor. The next year, Samuel Shute served as governor of Massachusetts and New Hampshire. In 1717, John Wentworth was appointed lieutenant-governor, and when Shute, in 1722, left for England, Wentworth became commander-in-chief. In 1727, William Burnett became governor of Massachusetts and New Hampshire. The next year, Jonathan Belcher received a similar appointment, and the following year, David Dunbar was appointed lieutenant-governor, and returned to England in 1737.

Benning Wentworth was appointed governor, without a lieutenant, in 1741, and continued in that office for twenty-five years. He was a native of Portsmouth, and a descendant of Elder William Wentworth of Dover. Lieut.-Gov.

John Wentworth was born June 16, 1672, and had fourteen children. The first was Benning. He was councilor from 1732 to 1741, when he became governor, the first after the establishment of the boundary lines of the state.

Benning Wentworth was succeeded by John Wentworth, in 1767. This John was the son of Mark Hunking Wentworth, who was a brother of Gov. Benning Wentworth. He came to this office when in the prime of life. He was enterprising, easy in his address, and highly popular with the people. He was fond of agriculture, and cultivated a plantation in Wolfeborough, where he built an elegant house. By his example, he stimulated other landholders to cultivate the wilderness with great zeal.

In 1775, the province of New Hampshire ceased to be under British control, and the same year a Provincial Convention was formed, of which Matthew Thornton was made president. In the following year a temporary constitution was adopted, which was to continue until the close of the war with England, and, under this constitution, Meshech Weare was annually elected president, until 1784.

In 1784, a new and permanent constitution was organized, under which, Meshech Weare was elected president; but, exhausted by protracted public services, and enfeebled by increasing infirmities, he resigned his office before the expiration of the year, and died January 15, 1786, aged seventy-three. His public services extended through a period of forty-five years. He was chosen speaker of the House in 1752, and commissioned to the congress at Albany in 1754; afterwards, one of the justices of the superior court, and, in 1777, chief justice. Dr. Belknap says: "He was not a person of an original inventive genius, but had a clear discernment, extensive knowledge, accurate judgment, calm temper, a modest deportment, an upright and benevolent heart, and a habit of prudence and diligence in discharging the various duties of public and private life. He did not enrich himself by his public employment, but was one of

those good men who dare to love their country and be poor." It is evident that he was justly entitled to some literary reputation, as, in 1782, he was elected a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. This election was gracefully announced by the corresponding secretary, Rev. Joseph Willard, president of Harvard College.

President Weare married, for his first wife, Elizabeth Shaw of Hampton Falls. She heired the estate where they resided, which contained about three hundred acres of land. She was a highly cultivated lady, and was greatly esteemed for her many excellences. She died October 30, 1745, aged twenty-four years. Their children were Samuel, who died December 30, 1802, aged sixty years, and Mary, who married a Mr. Russell of Haverhill, Mass.

President Weare married, for his second wife, Mehitable Wyman of Haverhill, Mass., a lady of much refinement and gentility; she died November 20, 1787, aged sixty-two years; their children were: Nathan, who died April 18, 1798, aged fifty years; Thomas Wyman, who left Hampton Falls and resided in the vicinity of Philadelphia; Redford, who died April 17, 1807, aged forty-five; Elizabeth, who married Maj. Joseph Dow of Kensington, and died July 12, 1813, aged sixty-four; Dow died in 1829, aged eighty-three; Hannah, who was born in 1754, married John Porter of Hamilton, Mass., and died on the homestead, February 1, 1849, aged ninety-five; Porter died September 19, 1847, aged seventy; Richard, who was in the Revolutionary army, died near Albany, N. Y.; a daughter, who married a Mr. Lang of Hampton Falls, moving further into the interior of the state; they reared a large family, a grandson of whom is Mr. Samuel Lang Batchelder, the present station-master at the Eastern Railroad depot in Salem, Mass.; and Nathaniel, born March, 1757, who settled in Deerfield, where he married, March 7, 1793, Mary Locke, born in Deerfield, April 19, 1776, and was, from 1795 to 1826, town-clerk, and died in that office; he for many years

was justice of the peace; he had three children, two daughters and one son; one daughter, Hannah, married a Mr. Tenney of Chester; the second remained unmarried; the son, Meshech, married Meribah Green of Deerfield, and had one son, and a daughter; the latter, Meribah, married George Brown of Deerfield, and is now living in Wisconsin; the son, Gardner M., married Abigail Young of Gilmanston, and lives in Deerfield, having three sons: Albert M., who married Annie Palmer of Deerfield, and lives in Nottingham; Charles D., who married Emma Hill of Gilmanston, where they reside; and Frank J., living with his father.

The venerable mansion where the first president of the State of New Hampshire, under the new constitution of 1783, lived and hospitably entertained the distinguished men of that stirring period — patriot warriors and not less patriotic statesmen — remains much as when he left it, save the inevitable corrodings of winds and storms, shaded by the majestic elms whose growth was watched by the eye of the sage of Hampton Falls. It is an inspiring relic of another epoch. Not long before her death, his daughter, Mrs. Porter, delighted the writer with the narration of pleasing anecdotes of her father, and incidents in his noble life, while passing through the spacious halls, calling attention to the broad-spreading antlers of a deer suspended on the wall of the grand reception-room, and other relics that were prized by her father. While in the large room whose walls were covered with paper imported from England, nearly a half-inch thick and nailed to the wall — “Here,” said she, “is where my father used to consult with Bartlett, Langdon, Poor, Cilley, Dearborn, and all the leading generals and statesmen of his day. Many an hour has been passed here in the social dance and under the excitement of the jovial bowl. These were the only relaxations from business allowed my father.”

This structure ought to be preserved to perpetuate the

memory of one of the noblest men the state can boast, and where the patriot pilgrims from all parts of the state may kindle anew their love for republican institutions bequeathed to us by such men as Weare and his coadjutors of Revolutionary times.

WHITTIER FAMILY.

Of the Whittier family tradition says there were four brothers, who came from Scotland to New England about 1730. William, born about 1710, married Abigail Morrill, and they had four children; she died, and he married Sarah Huntington: he was the great-grandfather of Samuel Whittier, who resides at Short Falls, Epsom, and Capt. William Whittier of Deerfield; he was a blacksmith and manufacturer of iron at Crowley's Falls, and resided at East Kingston; March 6, 1760, he enlisted in Capt. John Hazen's Company to go to Crown Point; he was discharged, October 27, 1760. Capt. Isaac H. Morrison of Deerfield Center has the gun that he carried in that expedition. His will was made, June 29, 1769, and he died at East Kingston, about 1771.

Reuben Whittier, a brother of William, born about 1712, married Mary Smith; they had thirteen children; he lived in Exeter, then in Newton: he was the great-grandfather of David L., Samuel, and Addison S. Whittier of Deerfield, and Josiah S. and Aaron G. Whittier, who reside at Raymond Center; he moved to Raymond, prior to 1751, and settled on lot No. 30, O. H., where he lived the remainder of his days. Perhaps Benjamin Whittier of Nottingham was another brother; he was moderator of the town-meeting at Nottingham, in 1770, and assessor in 1772. Benjamin Whittier signed the petition for Raymond in 1764; was chosen first constable in 1765, and was Committee of Safety in 1775.

Issue of William Whittier (brother of Reuben) and Abigail Morrill were:—

(1) Abigail, born 1733, married David Morrill of Ames-

bury Mills, Mass.; (2) Isaac, born 1736, married Mary Blaisdell, and resided in East Kingston and Brentwood; was a blacksmith with his father, and a manufacturer of iron at Crowley's Falls; he made a will April 7, 1797, and died in Brentwood, September 6, 1807, aged seventy years; his wife died July 8, 1825, aged eighty-five years; (3) Nathaniel, born 1738, married and settled at Cornville, Me., where his descendants reside; (4) Phoebe, born 1742, married Mr. Currier of East Kingston.

Issue of Isaac Whittier (son of William) and Mary Blaisdell were:—

(1) William, born June 23, 1763, at East Kingston, married Polly Rowell, daughter of Rice Rowell and Elizabeth Harvey of Nottingham; she was born May 12, 1778, and died in Deerfield, October 2, 1828; he died in Deerfield, November 1, 1831; (2) Abigail, born 1765, died November 12, 1810; (3) Hannah, born 1767, married Henry Marshall of Brentwood, and died July 2, 1825; (4) Phoebe, born 1770, married John Knowles of Center Harbor; (5) Mary, born 1773, married Ebenezer Brown; they resided at Vershire, Vt., and were the parents of Dr. W. W. Brown of Manchester; (6) Isaac, born August 22, 1776, married Sarah Tuck of Brentwood, who was born March 26, 1778; he resided in Deerfield on the farm that his son, Samuel, subsequently occupied; she died August 12, 1849; he died September 19, 1859; (7) Sarah, born June 16, 1779, married Josiah Hook of Brentwood; afterwards Israel Smith of Springfield.

Issue of William Whittier (son of Isaac, grandson of William) and Polly Rowell were:—

(1) Mary, born December 1, 1808, died November, 1863; (2) Betsey, born September 14, 1811, resides on the home place in Deerfield; (3) Capt. William, born December 5, 1814, married Hannah F. Dearborn, February 17, 1853; she was born November, 1828, and died May 29, 1860; he married again, December 19, 1867, Myra S. James, born

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May 21, 1836; he represented, in 1851-52, Deerfield in the legislature at Concord; he resides on the home place; (4) Rev. Rice R., born June 20, 1817, married Abigail Whittier, his cousin; they settled in Greenwood, Ill., where she died October 6, 1874; they had one daughter, Sarah E., born February 28, 1846; he married Mary B. Cheney, October 18, 1877; he is a Baptist clergyman.

Issue of Capt. William (son of William, grandson of Isaac, great-grandson of William) and Hannah F. Whittier were:—

(1) Lizzie Mary, born July 20, 1857; (2) Willie Lincoln, born May 23, 1860.

Issue of Isaac Whittier (son of Isaac, grandson of William), and Sarah Tuck were:—

(1) Anna, born September 20, 1807, married April 17, 1828, Henry Morrison, born November 4, 1801; he died April 10, 1831; (2) Capt. Isaac, born April 10, 1809, married, 1836, Adaline M. Washburne of Hancock; he settled in Pittsburgh, Penn.; died March 19, 1868; they had one daughter, Helen A., born December 27, 1840; (3) Samuel, born March 21, 1811, married Nancy C. Eastman, who died October, 1851; he married Susan R. Veasey in 1858; he resides at Short Falls, Epsom; (4) Sarah T., born May 21, 1812, married, 1834, Deacon John B. James; she died February 17, 1874; (5) Abigail, born January 17, 1816, married Rev. Rice R. Whittier, died October 6, 1874; (6) Edward T., born August 13, 1819, married Lizzie J. Young of Stoneham, Mass., in 1839; he was postmaster in Stoneham, Mass., seventeen years; is editor and publisher of the "Stoneham Independent."

Issue of Anna Whittier (daughter of Isaac, granddaughter of Isaac, great-granddaughter of William) and Henry Morrison were:—

(1) Capt. Isaac H., born October 2, 1829, married, January 6, 1859, Susan V. James, born July 26, 1833. She is the daughter of Deacon John James, and granddaughter of

John James, one of the first settlers of Deerfield : he was born in Kensington about 1750. Capt. Morrison enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, and was commissioned first-lieutenant September 4, 1862. He was wounded at the battle of Fredericksburgh, December 13, 1862, and also at Cold Harbor, June 2, 1864; was promoted captain July 22, 1864, and honorably discharged September 3, 1864. He represented his native town in the legislature at Concord in 1865-66, and has held various offices of trust in town. (2) John J., born December 18, 1831, died August 5, 1834.

Issue of Sarah T. Whittier (daughter of Isaac, granddaughter of Isaac, great-granddaughter of William) and Deacon John B. James were : —

(1) Myra S., born May 2, 1836, married, December 19, 1867, Capt. William Whittier ; (2) Charles L., born July 8, 1848 ; resides on the home place ; (3) Ella F., born July 19, 1851 ; graduated at Normal School, Bridgewater, Mass., March, 1874 ; now teaches at Fall River, Mass.

Issue of Edward T. Whittier (son of Isaac, grandson of Isaac, great-grandson of William) and Lizzie J. Young were : —

(1) Charles A., born May 29, 1840, died of wounds received in the battle of Antietam, 1862 ; (2) Leonard S., born March 20, 1842 ; was killed in battle at Spottsylvania C. H., May 12, 1864 ; (3) Eddie, born May, 1844, died young ; (4) Abby J., born September, 1846, died July 13, 1847 ; (5) Frank L., born April 10, 1849, married Lizzie Cochran of Holden, Mass. ; (6) Willie E., born June, 1854, married Louisa Cochran of Holden, Mass.

Issue of Reuben Whittier (brother of William) and Mary Smith were : —

(1) Moses, born 1740, married Anna Webster ; (2) Richard, born 1743, married Miss Boynton ; (3) Josiah, born 1747, married Miss Severance of Chester ; (4) Reuben, born 1749 ; (5) Mary, born 1751, married Charles Moore,

jr., of Chester; he died in 1811; she, about 1830; (6) Joseph, born 1752; (7) Daniel, born May 5, 1753, married Polly Quimby; she died, and he married the widow of his brother Josiah; he was in the war of the Revolution in Capt. Rummell's company, and Col. Thos. Tasker's regiment; he died in Candia; (8) Deborah, born March 26, 1755; (9) Sarah, born June 15, 1756; (10) Miriam, born March 13, 1757; (11) Phineas, born July 3, 1758; (12) Aaron, born July 3, 1761; (13) Clark, born June 4, 1764.

Issue of Moses Whittier (son of Reuben) and Anna Webster were:—

(1) Moses, born November 1, 1762; (2) Webster, born April 5, 1765; (3) Anna, born August 11, 1766; (4) Mary, born November 4, 1768; (5) Lydia, born November 11, 1770, died November 14, 1777; (6) Abigail, born August 9, 1772; (7) Reuben, born January 31, 1774; (8) Josiah, born August 17, 1776, died November 5, 1777; (9) Josiah, born May 2, 1778; (10) Beniah, born December 13, 1782.

Issue of Richard Whittier (son of Reuben) and Miss Boynton were:—

(1) Betsey, married Samuel Robinson of Brentwood; (2) Sarah, married Benjamin French of Chester; (3) Aaron, born 1780, married Lydia Worthen, died April 15, 1842; (4) Joshua, married Miss Poor, and went to New York; (5) Reuben, married Ruth Poor, who was born February 26, 1792, and moved to New York; (6) Edmund, married Sally Bennett, and moved to New York; (7) Hannah, married Mr. Robinson, and moved to New York.

Issue of Josiah Whittier (son of Reuben) and Sarah Severance was (1) Richard, born May 16, 1775, married Dorothy Brown, born August 20, 1776; she died at Deerfield, July 28, 1870. He went to Maine, with his son Josiah, where he died.

Issue of Mary Whittier (daughter of Reuben) and Charles Moore, jr., were:—

The first of these is the fact that the majority of the cases of this disease are reported from the United States and Canada. This is not surprising, since these countries are the most highly developed in the world, and the most likely to have the resources necessary for the study of this disease. The second fact is that the majority of the cases are reported from the United States and Canada. This is not surprising, since these countries are the most highly developed in the world, and the most likely to have the resources necessary for the study of this disease.

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(1) James, married Nancy Young, who died at Exeter, February, 1827; (2) Josiah, married Dolly Lock; he died 1821; she married Thomas Shannon; (3) Reuben; (4) Robert; (5) John, married Susan Robinson; moved to Belfast, Me.; (6) Henry, was in the war of 1812, and killed in the battle of Plattsburgh.

Issue of Daniel Whittier (son of Reuben) and Polly Quimby were:—

(1) Reuben, born about 1780, lived and died in Boston; (2) Clark, born about 1782, married Miss Healey, and moved to Vienna, Me., where he died, leaving a large family; (3) Susan, born about 1784, married Mr. Lane of Chester; they had one son, Daniel; (4) Polly, born about 1786, married Jedediah Smith of Candia; (5) Noah, born about 1788, married Miss Whittier of Haverhill, Mass.; he was a blacksmith, and lived at Danvers Neck, Mass.; they had nine daughters, and one son, George W. Whittier, who was a house-carpenter, and resided on the home place at Danvers Neck; (6) Samuel, born about 1790, married and resided in Boston; he came to Candia on a visit, and died, in 1820; (7) Hannah, born 1792, married John Dearborn of Candia, where they resided for a time; subsequently they settled in Vienna, Me., where they raised a large family; (8) Josiah, born July 11, 1794, married Hannah Heath, born April 26, 1797; she died May 4, 1866. He lived in Deerfield, on the farm upon which his son, Addison S. Whittier, resides. He enlisted in the war of 1812; was in the battle of Plattsburg, under the command of Gen. McComb; his time expiring, he enlisted in Capt. Samuel Collins's company, which was stationed at Portsmouth; was first-corporal. He died in Deerfield, December 26, 1850.

Issue of Aaron Whittier (son of Richard, grandson of Reuben) and Lydia Worthen were:—

(1) Edmund, born 1806, married Almira Poor of Raymond, born November 9, 1811; he represented Raymond in 1852-56; died in Raymond, April 17, 1863; (2) Hazen,

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born 1808, married Harriet Parker, born 1817; resides in Fremont; (3) Richard, born 1810, died young; (4) Mary, born 1812, married Isaac Poor; resides in West Newbury; (5) Harriet, born 1813, died in Raymond; (6) Olive, born 1815, married Josiah B. Robinson of Fremont; (7) John, born 1817, married Mary Lovering; moved into Fremont, where he died, leaving one child, Nellie, born 1850; (8) Alvin, born 1820, died young.

Issue of Richard Whittier (son of Josiah, grandson of Reuben) and Dorothy Brown were: —

(1) Elizabeth, born March 28, 1801, died young; (2) Ruth, born July 24, 1802, married Darius Tanday; he died; she married Ebenezer Brown of Raymond, and died October, 1846; (3) Josiah, born November 25, 1803, married Octavia Blanchard; lived in Deerfield a while, and moved to Maine; died May 2, 1865; (4) Elizabeth, born January 20, 1805, married Sewell Abbott of Raymond, and died April 26, 1827; (5) Benning S., born September 2, 1807, was captain of a vessel, and was lost at sea; (6) Anna, born July 4, 1809, married James Campbell, merchant in Boston; (7) Richard, born April 16, 1811, married Rhoda Felker; moved into Epping, where he died, April, 1850; (8) Elbridge G., born January 14, 1814, married, October 17, 1840, Sarah Taylor of Biddeford, Me., born September 18, 1817; he resides at Deerfield Center; they had one son, Frank E., born March 9, 1842, who married Emma Hefner of Pennsylvania; he died in Deerfield, September 24, 1875; they had two sons: Elbridge F., born November 11, 1870, and Ernest H., born 1872, died young; (9) Mary J., born April 11, 1816, married Israel Herbert of East Bridgewater, Mass.; (10) William C., born May 3, 1818, married Elizabeth Langley; resides at Deerfield Center; their children are Orianna and Carrie A.; (11) Caroline M., born October 23, 1821, married John Dunbar; resides at West Bridgewater, Mass.

Issue of Edmund Whittier (son of Aaron, grandson of

Richard, great-grandson of Reuben) and Almira Poor were : —

(1) Otis H., born 1835, resides at Hampton ; (2) Horace G., born 1838, resides in Raymond on the farm on which his great-great-grandfather, Reuben Whittier, once lived, and where he died, lot No. 30, O. H. ; (3) Mary Jane, born 1840 ; (4) Aaron, born 1843 ; (5) Andrene, born 1846.

Issue of Hazen Whittier (son of Aaron, grandson of Richard, and great-grandson of Reuben) and Harriet Parker were : —

(1) Alvin, born 1835 ; (2) Charles, born 1842 ; (3) George, born 1845.

Issue of Ruth Whittier (daughter of Richard, granddaughter of Josiah, great-granddaughter of Reuben) and Darius Tandy : (1) Mary A., (2) Richard, (3) Benning S.

Issue of Josiah Whittier (son of Richard, grandson of Josiah, and great-grandson of Reuben) and Octavia Blanchard were : —

(1) Almira, (2) Albert, (3) Ellen, (4) Alvin, (5) Warren, (6) George, (7) Isabel, (8) Estelle, — she accidentally shot herself with a pistol, at Charlestown, Mass., 1874, — (9) Martha.

Issue of Elizabeth Whittier (daughter of Richard, granddaughter of Josiah, great-granddaughter of Reuben) and Sewell Abbott were : —

(1) Luther, (2) Daniel, (3) Ruth, (4) Martha A., (5) Caroline.

Issue of Anna Whittier (daughter of Richard, granddaughter of Josiah, great-granddaughter of Reuben) and James Campbell were : —

(1) Walter Scott, (2) Anna M., (3) Sarah.

Issue of Richard Whittier (son of Richard, grandson of Josiah, great-grandson of Reuben) and Rhoda Felker were : —

(1) Olive, (2) Richard, (3) Lucy.

Issue of Mary Whittier (daughter of Richard, grand-

daughter of Josiah, great-granddaughter of Reuben) and Israel Herbert were: —

(1) Olive W., (2) George C.

Issue of Polly Whittier (daughter of Daniel, great-granddaughter of Reuben) and Jedediah Smith were: —

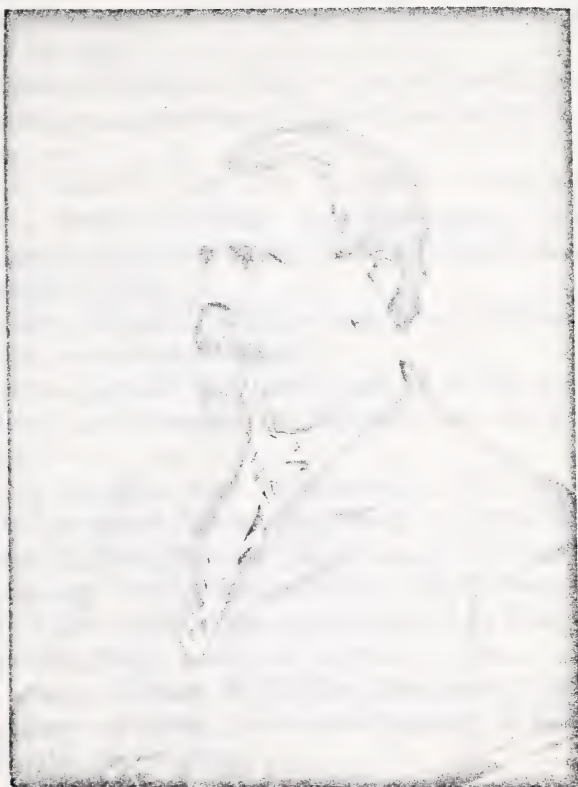
(1) Daniel; (2) Polly, born 1812; married Capt. Samuel Hubbard of Boston; he died, and she married Stephen B. Robinson of Deerfield, born 1798, died March 31, 1875; she died July 7, 1851; they had nine sons and three daughters; one, Mary E., born February 5, 1840, married, July 4, 1861, William F. Chase of Deerfield, born November 9, 1837; they have one daughter, Nettie M., born July 9, 1862; (3) Nancy, died young; (4) Lyman, died unmarried; (5) Jefferson, a seafaring man, was lost at sea; (6) Jacob, fell from the bridge east of L. D. Ladd's house in Deerfield, and was drowned.

Issue of Josiah Whittier (son of Daniel, grandson of Reuben) and Hannah Heath were: —

(1) Daniel L., born September 9, 1816, married, March 12, 1843, Betsey A. Marston, born April 12, 1820, died January 14, 1852; he married, March 15, 1854, Julia A. Webber, born March 31, 1832; (2) Samuel, born February 14, 1820, married, May 3, 1840, Susan Aspinwall Ladd, born April 4, 1821; (3) Josiah S., born September 10, 1822, married, April 25, 1844, Mary M. Lang, born February 4, 1824; he resides at Raymond Center; (4) Hannah H., born July 25, 1825, married, November 26, 1846, Jeremy Rollins, jr., born October 24, 1820; he represented Deerfield in the legislature at Concord in 1871–72; (5) Abigail, born February 10, 1828, married, May 4, 1849, True W. Currier, born April 17, 1825; (6) Addison S., born February 22, 1830, married, October 28, 1858, Susan F. Robinson of Epsom; she was born May 20, 1833; (7) Mary, born July 26, 1832, married, November 22, 1849, Francis S. Rollins, born January 10, 1830; he enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862; was in the battle of Freder-

The first part of the book is devoted to a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time. It is divided into three main periods: the colonial period, the revolutionary period, and the federal period. The colonial period is characterized by the struggle for independence from Great Britain. The revolutionary period is marked by the American Revolution and the establishment of the new government. The federal period is the period of the growth and development of the United States as a nation.

The second part of the book is devoted to a detailed history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time. It is divided into three main periods: the colonial period, the revolutionary period, and the federal period. The colonial period is characterized by the struggle for independence from Great Britain. The revolutionary period is marked by the American Revolution and the establishment of the new government. The federal period is the period of the growth and development of the United States as a nation.



A. G. Whittier



11-11-11

icksburgh, and at the siege and surrender of Vicksburgh ; he died August 8, 1863, on board a United-States transport boat between Vicksburgh and Cincinnati ; he was buried at Carrolton, Ind. ; (8) Aaron G., born February 10, 1835, married, October 28, 1855, Amanda M. Lang of Candia, born May 23, 1837 ; (9) Charles H., born May 21, 1841, married, January 1, 1862, Jane A. Heath of Raymond, born May 16, 1845.

Issue of Daniel L. Whittier (son of Josiah, grandson of Daniel, great-grandson of Reuben) and Betsey A. Marston were : —

(1) Robie D., born July 21, 1843, married, August 25, 1867, Hattie M. Willey, born December 2, 1846 ; (2) Daniel J., born January 20, 1846 ; (3) Josiah A., born November 19, 1849.

Issue of Daniel L. Whittier and Julia A. Webber : George Frank, born June 10, 1854.

Issue of Josiah S. Whittier (son of Josiah, grandson of Daniel, great-grandson of Reuben) and Mary M. Lang were : —

(1) Newell C., born September 14, 1845, married Drusilla Sanborn of Epsom ; they reside in Lynn, Mass. ; (2) Sarah M., born December 24, 1851, married James L. Jones of Epping ; they have one daughter, Ida F., born October 1, 1875 ; they reside at Raymond Center ; (3) Horace L., born April 21, 1859 ; resides at Raymond Center.

Issue of Hannah H. Whittier (daughter of Josiah, granddaughter of Daniel, great-granddaughter of Reuben) and True W. Currier were : —

(1) George W., born January 6, 1850 ; (2) Emma G., born April 10, 1855, married, June 2, 1877, Stephen G. Sleeper of Fremont ; he was born October 15, 1842 ; they have one child, Emma Grace ; (3) Henrietta Frances, born October 13, 1856.

Issue of Addison S. Whittier (son of Josiah, grandson of Daniel, great-grandson of Reuben) and Susan F. Robinson were : —

(1) Josiah H., born April 25, 1860; (2) Harlan P., born March 8, 1863; (3) Josephine M., born June 20, 1875.

Issue of Mary Whittier (daughter of Josiah, granddaughter of Daniel, and great-granddaughter of Reuben) and Francis S. Rollins were: —

(1) Josiah C., born February 7, 1851, married, December 25, 1873, Sarah M. Matthews of Candia; she was born November 10, 1853; he resides in Derry; (2) Lute M., born October 1, 1863.

Issue of Aaron G. Whittier (son of Josiah, grandson of Daniel, great-grandson of Reuben) and Amanda M. Lang were: —

(1) A son, born February 9, 1860, died young; (2) Edda, born May 25, 1861, died June 5, 1861; (3) Byron S., born May 25, 1861, died July 9, 1862; (4) David W., born July 4, 1864; (5) Aaron Byron, born April 10, 1876.

Issue of Charles H. Whittier (son of Josiah, grandson of Daniel, great-grandson of Reuben) and Jane A. Heath were: —

(1) C. Frank, born April 9, 1864; (2) Anna M., born January 2, 1874.

Issue of Robie D. Whittier (son of Daniel L., grandson of Josiah, great-grandson of Daniel) and Hattie M. Willey were: —

(1) Nettie B., born March 11, 1866; (2) Alvah D., born September 8, 1872.

Issue of Polly Smith (daughter of Polly Whittier, granddaughter of Daniel, and great-granddaughter of Reuben) and Stephen B. Robinson were: —

(1) Samuel H., born 1824; he enlisted, August 25, 1862, in Tenth New-Hampshire Regiment; was mustered out June 21, 1865; is married, and resides in Raymond; (2) Nathaniel, born 1826; resides in New York; (3) Stephen B., jr., born 1828, married Nancy Fogg; enlisted in Company B. Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862; was wounded December 13, 1862; discharged for disability

May 10, 1863; (4) Emeline, born June 13, 1830, married John S. Noyes; (5) Julia, born July 7, 1832, married Dudley Noyes; (6) Benning W., born November 11, 1834; enlisted in Company B, Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment, August 28, 1862; resides in Raymond; (7) George B., born March 30, 1836; resides in Raymond; (8) John H., born 1838; enlisted in Nineteenth Massachusetts Regiment; died; (9) Mary E., born February 5, 1840, married, July 4, 1861, William F. Chase, born November 19, 1837; they have one daughter, Nettie M., born July 9, 1862; (10) Sherman S., born July 27, 1842; he enlisted in the Nineteenth Massachusetts Regiment; was promoted to lieutenant; was killed in the battle of Gettysburg, July 3, 1863; (11) Dana D., born July 4, 1844; enlisted in the Third New-Hampshire Regiment, February 13, 1864; was wounded May 15, 1864; mustered out July 20, 1865; (12) Leroy D., born September 3, 1846; married; resides in Raymond.

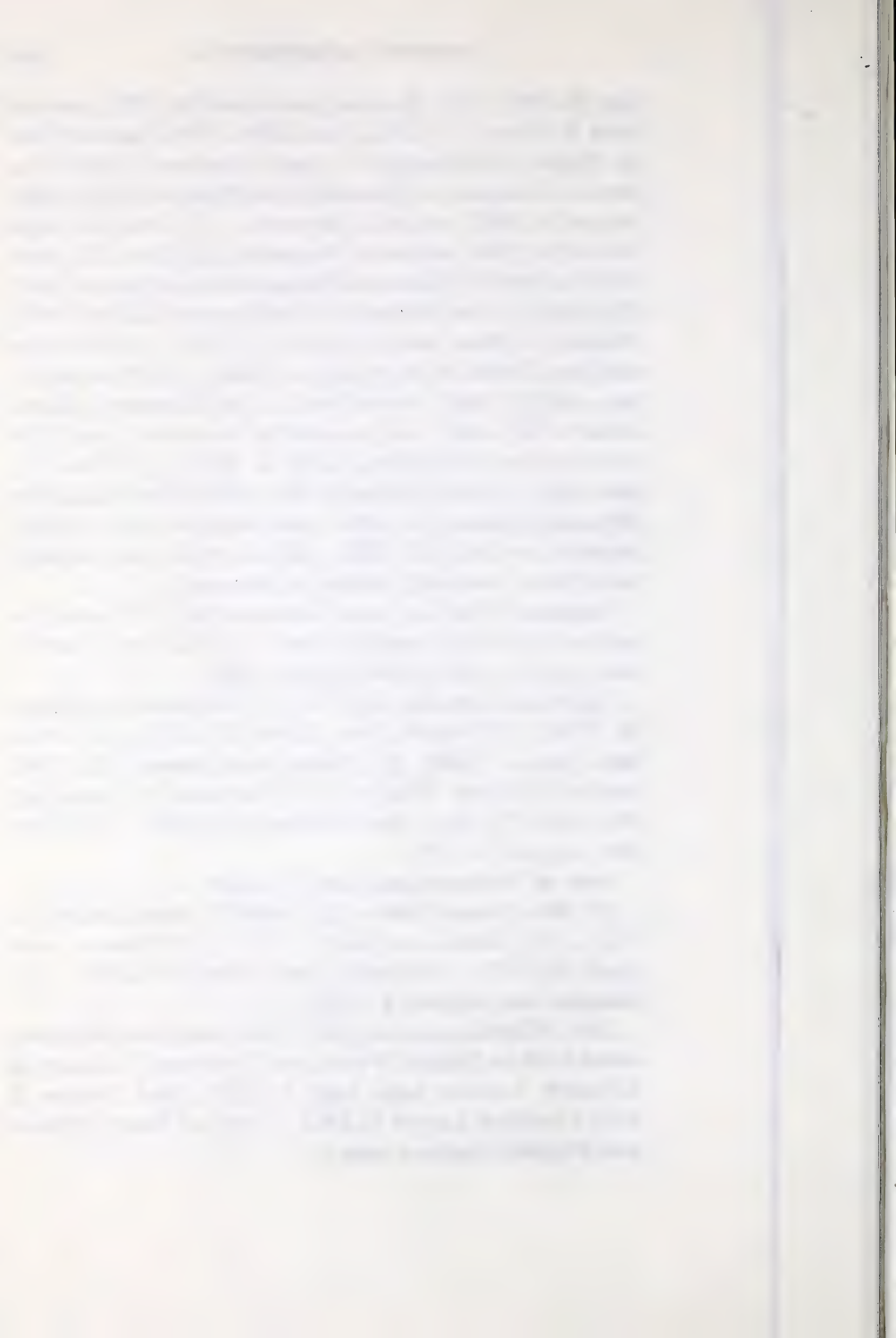
Nathaniel Whittier, born November 30, 1751, died December 30, 1810; married, June 4, 1773, Sarah Harvey, born April 11, 1748, died May 10, 1839.

(1) Sarah, born May 20, 1774; (2) Benjamin, born June 26, 1776; (3) Abigail, born March 30, 1778; (4) Grace, born May 25, 1780; (5) Nancy, born January 24, 1782, married Eliphalet Watson; (6) Nathaniel, jr., born May 18, 1784; (7) Jane, born February 6, 1787; (8) Mary, born August 23, 1791.

Issue of Nathaniel and Ruth Whittier:—

(1) Mary, born 1769; (2) Jedediah, born August 22, 1771; (3) Ruth, born July 8, 1773; (4) Thomas, born April 16, 1775; (5) Dolly, born January 11, 1777; (6) Hannah, born October 7, 1778.

Mark Whittier, born July 26, 1746, came from Newtown, about 1798, to Chester Woods, now Hooksett. He married Elizabeth Sanborn, born April 13, 1755, died October 4, 1830; he died August 1, 1824. Issue of Mark Whittier and Elizabeth Sanborn were:—



(1) Joseph, born June 21, 1774, married Sarah Whitaker, born 1777, died July 31, 1851; he died August 19, 1845; they had two sons, Joseph and Samuel; (2) Mark, born September 15, 1776, married Betsey Dustin of Martin's Ferry, May 2, 1806; she was born January 16, 1780; they settled in what is now Webster; he died April 26, 1838; she died February 14, 1865; they had four children, George, Betsy, Olive, and Moses; (3) Abigail, born December 21, 1778, died February 8, 1838; (4) Dearborn, born May 19, 1781, married (second) Rosanna Aiken, widow of Alexander McGregor, and lived in Hooksett; subsequently they moved to Londonderry, where he was killed by the cars, January 26, 1850; (5) Dolly, born February 24, 1784, died October 10, 1850; lived in Hooksett; (6) Samuel, born April 18, 1786, died January 17, 1864; lived in Newtown; (7) Mary, born July 29, 1788, died November 20, 1815; (8) Jonathan, born February 7, 1792, married Charlotte P. Abbott of Andover, Mass.; they had two children, Elizabeth and Charles M.; she died, and he married Rhoda Whittier, widow of John Jones; he died in Plymouth, September 14, 1868; (9) Reuben, born October 4, 1796; died March 16, 1797.

WHITE FAMILY.

William White, the first ancestor of Nathaniel White in this country, came from the County of Norfolk, England, about 1635, and was one of the original grantees of the town of Haverhill, Mass. Among his descendants were many distinguished men: the Phillips brothers, who founded the academies at Exeter and Andover, the Gilmans, Peabodys, Quincys, etc. Nathaniel White, who settled at Deerfield in the year 1806, was of the fourth generation from William White. His father was Hon. Phillips White of South Hampton, who was an officer in the army at Lake George, and a zealous patriot in the Revolution; was a member of the provincial congress of New Hampshire, held in Exeter, December, 1775, which adopted the first state consti-

tution in this country, six months before the Declaration of Independence. He was one of the committee of safety, member of the state legislature, and speaker of the House, judge of probate, member of the convention, 1778, and representative in Congress in 1780. His appearance is described as having a strong resemblance to that of Gen. Washington.

Nathaniel White, his son, who settled in Deerfield, and died in 1806, aged forty-five years, left six children. Phillips, his oldest son, was a sea-captain, and died in South Hampton. Nathaniel, the second son, was for many years engaged in mercantile pursuits in Deerfield. He afterwards removed to Amesbury, where he was for a number of years cashier of the Powow River Bank. He was one of the first settlers of the city of Lawrence, cashier of the Bay State Bank for twenty years, and treasurer of the Essex Savings Bank. He was one of the original members of the first church in that city. He died, 1866, at the age of seventy-five years, honored and respected. Theophilus Morrill, the third son, married the oldest daughter of Rev. Nathaniel Wells. He was early engaged in mercantile pursuits, but afterwards retired to the family estate, and is still living on the original White farm. His son is president of the Boston and Maine Railroad. John Thomas, the youngest son, removed to Medford, Mass., in 1817. He is still living, and has been for thirty years sheriff and collector of taxes in that town, and is a prominent man in the town, and in the church, of which he is an active member. Of the daughters, Sally, the oldest, died of yellow fever, in Newburyport, at the early age of fifteen years. Lydia married Charles Hodge, a sea-captain of Newburyport, where she resided for fifty years. She still lives in Lawrence, at the advanced age of ninety-one years. Mary, the youngest daughter, married Josiah Houghton, a lawyer of Deerfield. She survived her husband for twelve years, and died in Deerfield in 1847.

WOODMAN FAMILY.

The ancestor of the Woodman family in America was Edward, who, in company with Mr. Archelaus Woodman, settled at Newbury, Mass., in 1635. They were passengers in the ship "James," which sailed from Southampton in the month of April of that year. It is believed they were brothers. Edward and Archelaus were for many years among the leading men of Newbury. Archelaus died October 14, 1702, leaving no children. Edward was living in 1687; his wife's name was Joanna, and they had seven children, four sons and three daughters; the sons were, (1) Edward, (2) John, (3) Joshua, (4) Jonathan; hence the four great branches of the Woodman family.

(1) Edward had two sons, Edward and Archelaus; and this Edward had five sons, John, Samuel, Joseph, Edward, and Daniel; Archelaus had six sons, Edward, Archelaus, Joshua of Kingston, John, Joseph, and Benjamin.

(2) John had two sons, John and Jonathan; and this Jonathan had six sons, John, Jonathan, Joseph, Edward, Dowling, and Archelaus.

(3) Joshua had four sons, Jonathan, David, Joshua, and Benjamin; and this Jonathan had five sons, Joshua, Jonathan, David, Stephen, and Nathaniel; and David, son of Joshua, had five sons, Moses, David, John, Benjamin, and Samuel; Benjamin, son of Joshua, of the second generation, had seven sons, Joseph, Benjamin, Joshua, David, Jonathan, Nathan, and Stephen.

(4) Jonathan had three sons, Jonathan, Ichabod, and William; and this Jonathan had two sons, Jonathan and Hilton; Ichabod had one son, Ichabod.

The children of Edward and Joanna Woodman were:—

(1) Edward, who settled at Newbury; (2) John, who was born about 1630, married Mary Field, July 15, 1656; settled at Dover, now Durham; she died July 6, 1698; he married, for his second wife, Mrs. Sarah Huckins, October 17, 1700; he died September 17, 1706; had two children,

CHAPTER IV

THE first of the three principal objects of the present inquiry is the history of the English nation, from the time of its first settlement in the British Islands, to the present period. The second is the history of the English monarchy, from the reign of King Alfred the Great, to the present period. The third is the history of the English constitution, from the reign of King John, to the present period.

The first of these three objects is the most extensive, and the most difficult to treat. It requires a knowledge of the history of the British Islands, from the time of their first settlement, to the present period. It also requires a knowledge of the history of the English nation, from the time of its first settlement, to the present period.

The second of these three objects is the history of the English monarchy, from the reign of King Alfred the Great, to the present period. It requires a knowledge of the history of the English monarchy, from the reign of King Alfred the Great, to the present period.

The third of these three objects is the history of the English constitution, from the reign of King John, to the present period. It requires a knowledge of the history of the English constitution, from the reign of King John, to the present period.

John and Jonathan; he settled in Durham more than two hundred years ago. The garrison is standing now which he built; is owned, and occupied by his descendants, never having been out of the name.

The issue of Jonathan was:—

Edward Woodman, who married Martha Doe December 18, 1740; their children were: (1) John, born September 18, 1742; (2) Edward, born May 3, 1746; (3) Samuel, born September 19, 1749; (4) Elizabeth, born November 18, 1753; (5) David, born September 13, 1757; (6) Ebenezer, born March 29, 1760.

The children of Samuel Woodman and Lydia Durgin were:—

(1) Martha, born October 17, 1775; (2) Susan, born April 15, 1777; (3) Samuel, born May 14, 1779; (4) Edward, born December 10, 1781; (5) Susan, born June 8, 1784; (6) Lydia, born January 2, 1787; (7) Mehitabel, born January 8, 1790; (8) Sarah, born February 10, 1792; (9) Lewis, born April 24, 1794; (10) Lewis, born October 11, 1796.

The children of Samuel and Anna Woodman were:—

(1) Mary, born 1804; (2) Samuel, born November 26, 1806, married Sarah Gile, born March 20, 1807; their children were: (1) John and Joseph, twins, born 1808; (2) Andrew K., born 1810; (3) Nancy, born 1812.

Andrew Chapman and Mary Woodman (of the seventh generation) had one son, Samuel W.

Joseph Woodman had one son, Samuel.

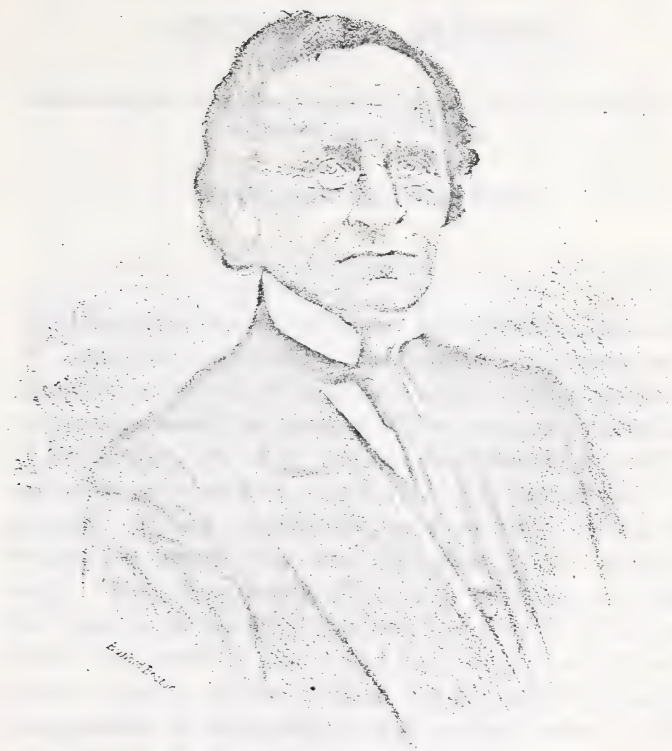
The children of Andrew and Betsey Woodman were: James K., Ira H., John, and Samuel.

James K. Woodman had one son and three daughters; the son's name was Charles; Ira H. Woodman had one son, Arthur; John Woodman had one son, Almon.

Tradition says, that the father of the first Edward, and another son, came to America, but on landing became discouraged, and returned to England in the same ship, the "James."

HISTORY OF NORTHWOOD.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO



Elliot H. Cogswell



HISTORICAL ADDRESS,

DELIVERED AT THE CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION IN NORTHWOOD,
SEPTEMBER 6, 1873,

By ELLIOTT C. COGSWELL.

THE mother has called home her children, far scattered amid the activities of busy marts, and homes on the hills and in the vales of the vast empire. Her summons has been heard amid the pines of Maine, and the golden sands of California. To every son and daughter she has said, "I am now one hundred years old." A century is a long period. Mighty revolutions have occurred during these years, and events that have agitated all the empires of earth. But, though old, she is not wrinkled, nor infirm. Her face is fairer from age, and her step is all the more elastic by reason of years, and her heart is as full of the warm, gushing passion of love for her offspring as when they nestled in her arms, or slept on her bosom. She invites back to the home of their childhood her dear offspring, not to fill their ears with the story of her woes, but, as a young mother, once more to caress her offspring, and romp and sport and feast with them, that they may taste again the pleasures of the old homestead-life, live childhood over again in the kitchen and chambers under roofs that sheltered sons, sires, and grandsires; in gardens where the peach, pear, and apple tempted the appetite; in fields where harvests smiled; in pastures where the ox and cow,

the horse and the sheep, roamed ; in the forests where the shade cooled, the soft winds refreshed, and the bird charmed them. She spreads her table, around which all her children may gather, not to partake of richer food or rarer luxuries, but to taste of the home-made bread which the mother's hands have made, and the cup which the mother's hand has poured, while they on each other gaze and witness the smile, and hear the voice of the venerable parent ; and where she may, once more, and all together, bless her sons and her daughters, as they return to their new-formed homes, or start once more to battle in life's rugged pathway.

The mother has not forgotten the throes of child-birth, nor the joy she felt when young life craved nourishment at her breast ; nor has she forgotten, or ceased to care for, her grown-up offspring, who, fledged, have flown from the nest where maternal love fostered the helpless, but growing resemblances of herself. Hence, she has spread this feast in love, and called to her presence the absent, not to chide them for follies, but to joy with their joy, and to incite them to higher aims, and nobler resolves. And her language to-day is :—

“ Welcome home again, ye children !
Welcome to your native town !
Laden each with well-earned honors, —
We are glad in your renown ;
Every heart in pleasure beating
With an honest, grateful glow,
That our fathers this location
Sought, one hundred years ago.”

And your response to the mother's call is as cordial as the invitation was sincere and tender. Yielding to a common instinct of our nature, you have come from distant and varying lines of activity to share in this feast of friendship. The broad prairies of the West, the orange groves of the South, and the stirring marts of the Middle and the Eastern

The first of these is the fact that the
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states, have instinctively yielded you up and constrained you to obey the desire of your nature to revisit the scenes of your childhood. For, —

“Breathes there the man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself has said,
This is my own, my native town!
Whose heart hath ne’er within him burned,
As home his footsteps he hath turned,
From tarrying in another clime?”

The eye and the heart of every one of you have turned at the summons, to this high swell of land, whence Mt. Washington, calm and stern in summer, but cold and boisterous in winter, whence Belknap, Kearsarge, Pawtuckaway, Saddleback, and Blue Ridge, may be seen, kissed by the earliest rays of the morning sun, and on which linger the fading beams of declining light; whence may be traced the fair towns of Massachusetts and of Maine, names ever dear to the sons and daughters of New Hampshire; whence may be seen the blue waters of the Atlantic, whitened with her sails by day, or sparkling with her beacons by night; yes, the eye and the heart of every one of you turned to these miniature inland seas, sparkling like gems on the breast of beauty, uniting their waters to swell the Merrimack and the Isinglass, and then pouring their waters into the Atlantic. In these you have bathed your heated foreheads, or plunged your youthful bodies, when released from the toils of a summer day, or in them you have caught the hungry pickerel or the smaller tribes that abound in these waters; yes, the eye and the heart of every one of you turned to this broad highway, extending for eight miles, through the entire length of the town, adorned with beautiful farms, and set on either side with neat, white cottages, or more stately dwellings, with the stir of trade or the noise of handicraft; and you have exclaimed,

“This is my own, my native town.”

10. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β . It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied.

11. In the second part of the paper the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β is solved. It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied.

12. In the third part of the paper the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β is solved. It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied. In the fourth part of the paper the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β is solved. It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied.

13. In the fifth part of the paper the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β is solved. It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied. In the sixth part of the paper the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β is solved. It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied.

14. In the seventh part of the paper the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β is solved. It is shown that the system has solutions for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β if and only if the condition $\alpha + \beta = 1$ is satisfied.

Hither with hurrying steps you have come, and to these, all so smiling in gladness, we bid you welcome; nay, these mute objects reach out their hands to you, and, by the smiles they give, say to every one of you, "Welcome back again, ye children that have strayed from us, and all, the lakes and streams, the hills and valleys, the fields and forests, the cottages and the mansions, are at your service and for your pleasure."

Sadder associations may have been not less influential in inclining hither some of you. Hearthstones forsaken; graves fresh and moistened with sorrow's teardrops, or grassed over and imperfectly marked and long neglected; graves of fathers and mothers, and of earlier generations who first grappled with the sturdy oak and lofty pine,—may have attracted you irresistibly to the place of your birth; and to these we bid you welcome. We invite you to the task of finding their resting-places; the foundations of early and rude habitations; whence they came; the characters they sustained; the deeds they wrought, "and the works that do follow them." It is but just that you snatch from oblivion the names and the deeds of the pioneer settlers. Three generations have already passed, in the grand march to eternity, since the hardy adventurer stepped foot on what is now our fair inheritance. Here, and now, as the century gathers its mantle about itself, it behooves their posterity to gather up the scattered, and rapidly diminishing, fragments of their history, and rear a monument to perpetuate their memory, for the honor of the past, the comfort of the present, and the advantage of the coming generations. And, indeed, we have met to-day "to chronicle events, while we glean in the field of recollection; to pause in the rapid round of years, review the past, and make a record; to witness the closing scenes of a dying century, and raise a monument, and trace upon it a brief inscription to its memory. Though the range of immediate inquiry is narrow and special, the task of its examina-

tion, which we propose to ourselves on this occasion, is not devoid of general interest."

EARLY SETTLEMENTS.

The century preceding that in which our town history is involved, was one of comparatively small beginnings throughout New England. In the territory now known as New Hampshire, small settlements, independent of each other, had been made at Dover, Portsmouth, Exeter, Hampton, and elsewhere. As they suffered from the misrule of men claiming proprietorship of territory, and from the unfriendliness of some of the Indian tribes, they sought protection from the State of Massachusetts. This state had claimed that the territories of New Hampshire and Maine were included within the limits of their original charter, and willingly took these settlements under their care, which proved not a little beneficial. Immigrants from England came in greater numbers, not only increasing settlements already existing, but pushing further from the sea-coast into the interior, making settlements at Epping, Lee, and Nottingham. Nottingham was incorporated as early as 1722, including what may now be known as Deerfield and Northwood, in addition to its present limits. Deerfield was incorporated as a town in 1766. But the eyes of the energetic and restless settlers of the lower towns did not fail to observe the high slope of land lying on a line between Portsmouth and Concord. Hunters found this region abounding in game, and gave, on their return to settlements nearer the coast, glowing descriptions of the excellence of the soil and the richness of the forests. A few had from time to time constructed temporary huts, and purposed permanent settlements; but they were not the men to fell the trees and rear a population so remote from any considerable settlement as was this tract of country long known as North Woods.

In 1762, there arrived in the east part of the town, and halted there for the night, four wearied, weather-beaten,



determined men. The day was one of those warm, sunny days in spring, when the south winds blow, and the heart leaps with joy at the sight of fresh soil and green leaves, and at the sound of the blue jay and the cunning raven, as well as at the plaintive strains of the thrush. These men each bore upon their shoulders an ax and a gun, with provisions to last them a few days. No wife, no child, accompanied them. They build their booth of pine boughs, kindle their fire, and, partaking of their rude fare, lay them down for rest. Wearied as they were, they could not sleep without interruption from the howlings of the wolves in their vicinity. On the morrow, they survey the tract of land around their camp-fire, and find it to be a beautiful swell, sloping towards the rising sun, in the neighborhood of meadows abounding in forage and adequate water-power for mills. Three of these men, Moses Godfrey, John and Increase Batchelder, resolved here to make for themselves permanent homes, while the fourth, Solomon Bickford, resolved to look further. Accompanied by Godfrey, he spotted his way over the height, where the eye may detect the blue waters of the Atlantic, and reached the north-western part of the town, now known as "The Narrows." And here, too, were meadows abounding in forage and water-power; and in sight of these, and near the gem of lakes, the Suncook, he erected his pillar and resolved to build and abide.

One of the great obstacles to the taking of new lands remote from other settlements, is the want of forage for cattle, so essential to success. It requires several years to clear the land and bring it into grass sufficient to sustain any number of cattle both summer and winter. Hence these sensible men resolved to obviate this by making their settlements near where a supply was already provided in meadows, of which they took possession, with none to dispute their right. And, more than this, they were both farmers and mill-wrights, and they knew, if they would gather

around them other families, they must be able to furnish building materials; and so they sought the water-fall, and planned at once the rude mill that should meet this urgent want.

Godfrey and the Batchelders naturally affiliated, being from the same neighborhood, and of the same religious tendencies, and expected many others of like sympathies to follow them; while Bickford saw that it would be better for him to seize a point around which he could gather his friends, and those in sympathy with him; while both parties ever afterwards sustained the friendliest relations.

Bickford and Godfrey returned to the camp, around which the Batchelders had effected a clearing, and all aided in erecting a log house for Godfrey, in a field now owned by Nicholas D. Hill, west of the turnpike, for Godfrey was a married man, while the Batchelders were not. Having made rude beginnings, these four friends returned, Bickford to Lee, Godfrey and the Batchelders to Hampton, now North Hampton; and, on the twenty-fifth day of the following March (1763), Godfrey, with his family, and John and Increase Batchelder returned to occupy the land they had chosen, the Batchelders boarding with Godfrey, until they might build near him, where now stands the house of Francis J. Hanson. Theirs was the first frame house built in Northwood.

In December following, Bickford, with his family and his brother John, returned to possess the land at the Narrows, building where stood the dwelling-house of the late Deacon Asa Bickford, where was born to him a son, named Solomon, June 25, 1764, the first child born within the present limits of Northwood.

The next man that came was Samuel Johnson, from Hampton. He spent the first night following the day of his arrival between two rocks that had been rent, one from the other, spreading over them a covering of boughs. This was near where now stands the house of Charles O. Brown.

and close by the base of these rocks lie the ashes of the good man, and of many of his descendants. Johnson's arrival was in November, 1765, when there were only twelve persons within the present limits of the town; five men, Godfrey, John and Increase Batchelder, Solomon and John Bickford, and two women, the wives of Godfrey and Solomon Bickford, and five children.

These Batchelders were the descendants of the Rev. Stephen Batchelder, who arrived at Boston, June 5, 1632, having sailed with his family in the ship "William and Francis." He immediately went to Lynn, where, on the following sabbath, June 8, he preached his first sermon in America. From Lynn, February, 1636, he removed to Ipswich, and soon after to Yarmouth, and in 1638 to Newbury. On the 6th of September, it would appear, the General Court gave him permission to settle a town at Hampton. Hither, with his family and some personal friends, he came, and was installed the first minister of Hampton. In the year 1654, he returned to England, and died at Hackney, near London, in 1660, in his one hundredth year. He left in this country two sons, Henry, who is believed to have settled in Reading, Mass., and Nathaniel, who remained in Hampton, from whom descended the Batchelders who earliest came to Northwood; for he had a son named Samuel, and his sons settled here; two at first, and a little later, two others.

It appears that these noble pioneers were soon followed by Daniel Hoyt, Jonathan, Thomas, and Ebenezer Knowlton, brothers, from Kensington, Jonathan and Taylor Clark, brothers, from Stratham, Jonathan Jenness from Rye, John, Simeon, and Benjamin Johnson, brothers, Joshua Furber, Abraham and Samuel Batchelder, and others, so that the high places of the town were taken possession of, mills had been erected, and paths with bridges had been constructed, leading to the various settlements along the central line through the town from south to north in the

direction of Concord, as well as over the swells of land on either side, as early as 1772. And as this portion of Nottingham was so far from what was then the center of business, the inhabitants began to agitate the propriety of being erected into a separate township. Accordingly, at the session of the General Court in 1773, a petition was presented by the inhabitants for an act of incorporation; and this was granted, February 6, 1773, while John Wentworth was Governor of the Province, and George the Third was king of England. We do not know the exact number of the inhabitants of Northwood when erected into a separate parish or town. But two years later, that is, in 1775, the town numbered three hundred and thirteen.

The following is the act of incorporation: —

INCORPORATION.

Anno Regni Regis Georgii tertii Magnæ Britanniae, Franciae, et Hiberniae, decimo Tertio.

An Act to sett off Part of the Town of Nottingham into a distinct Parish by the name of Northwood.

Whereas a number of the Inhabitants of Nottingham in this Province have petitioned the general Assembly to be sett off and erected into a distinct Parish agreeable to a vote of said Town set forth in said Petition and after public notice thereof given, no Person hath appeared to oppose the same; and the same appearing to be for the public good —

Be it therefore enacted by the Governor Council and Assembly that that Part of the said Town of Nottingham which was to the north-westward of Long Street so called and is bounded Southwesterly on Deerfield Line be and hereby is sett off from said Town of Nottingham and erected into and established to be a distinct and separate Parish by the Name of Northwood;

And that the Inhabitants thereof be invested with all Powers and Privileges by Law invested in any Parish within this Province; And are hereby fully exempted from paying any further Tax to the said Town of Nottingham except the Province Tax which they shall continue to pay there until a new Proportion be made. And Benjamin Johnson of said Parish is hereby authorized and impowered to call the first meeting of said Parish of Northwood for the choise of Parish

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the twenty-seventh part of the history of the
the twenty-eighth part of the history of the
the twenty-ninth part of the history of the
the thirtieth part of the history of the

officers by setting up a Notification thereof in some public Place in said Parish fourteen Days beforehand and to govern said meeting untill a moderator be chosen, and then they are to proceed to the choice of said officers as the Law directs.

PROVINCE OF	}	IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		February 6, 1773.

This Bill having been read three times, Voted that it pass to be enacted.

J. WENTWORTH, Speaker.

IN COUNCIL, Feb^y 6th, 1773.

This Bill was read a third time and passed to be enacted.

THEODORE ATKINSON, Secretary.

Consented.

J. WENTWORTH.

Benjamin Johnson was authorized to call the first meeting of the town for the choice of officers and the transaction of other business. Accordingly a meeting was notified "at the house of mister Volintine kinson," March 23. 1773, at which Benjamin Johnson was chosen moderator; Increase Batchelder, clerk; and Benjamin Hill, Joseph Demerit, and Samuel Johnson, selectmen; Moses Godfrey was chosen constable; and the selectmen were instructed to settle with Nottingham, matters growing out of the act of incorporation, while Asel Blake and William Blake were tithingmen; William Wallace and John Harvey fence-viewers; Jonathan Knowlton, Asel Blake, Solomon Bickford, and Daniel Hoitt were surveyors of highways; Zebulon Norris and John Harvey were chosen hog-reeves; Solomon Bickford, leather-sealer.

At this same meeting, it was voted to raise six pounds lawful money to hire preaching, and seven pounds four shillings for schooling. Accordingly, we find that there was paid that year five pounds and one shilling and ten pence to Mr. Timothy Brown for preaching, and to Mary Walton for school-keeping, two pounds ten shillings, while there were "paid to Volintine kenston five shillings for

getting a Pare of Shoes for Scole Dame." And the same year it is recorded that the selectmen "paid to the Scoll Dame twelve shillings;" while the following year there were paid three shillings to Joshua Furber "for caring the scoll Dame home," and Betsey Sanborn and others are paid various sums "for schooling," and Nicholas Dudley is paid for preaching. The money raised for schooling was expended in five different places, since we find it divided into "Moreel's proportion," "Johnson's proportion," "Senter proportion," "Batchelder's proportion," and "Knolton's proportion."

Thus it will be seen that the early settlers began their work with religion and education. They had, in their towns whence they came, the benefits of the sanctuary and the school-house, and, though in a vast forest and among rude dwellings, they resolved that the sabbath should be respected, and the worship of God should not be neglected, and that their children should not grow up without knowledge. And it appears that the men who early came to this town were both religious and intelligent; and their piety and intelligence impressed themselves upon the incoming population, and prepared them, not only to establish permanent institutions for the moral and intellectual improvement of the town, but to take an honorable and high-minded stand in the great Revolutionary struggle already beginning to agitate the country.

REVOLUTION.

March 21, 1775, Benjamin Hill was appointed a delegate to the congress holden at Exeter, and the question was earnestly discussed respecting their duty in the threatening aspect of affairs. The meeting was adjourned to April 22, when it was voted "to be equipt at a moments warning." A short time prior to this, a convention of deputies had met at Exeter to consult on the state of affairs, and appoint delegates for the next General Congress to be holden on the

10th of May, at Philadelphia. Major Sullivan and Capt. Langdon, already great favorites of the people, were chosen, and the convention issued an address to the people, warning them of their danger, exhorting them "to union, peace, and harmony, frugality, industry, manufactures, and learning the military art, that they might be able, if necessary, to defend the country against invasion." Just at this time, Gen. Gage had destroyed the magazine at Concord, Mass., and sought to seize some of the prominent opposers of the objectionable acts of Parliament. Alarmed by this act of hostility, the people of New Hampshire, and of the other colonies, prepared themselves for war. Hence the action of Northwood, April 22. At this same meeting it was also further "voted to list eight minit-men;" "that these men shall have one shillin and sixpense a week for exercising;" that these men "shall have five dollars a month, and the town find them there Vitling." And to show the spirit of the men of that day, it is recorded that, "Volintears listed for this present distress," and these were "Samuel Johnson, William Woolis, Eliphalet Taylor, William Blake, Nathanel Twombly, Benjamin Johnson, jun'r, Simon Batchelder, and Abraham Batchelder." And only seven days later, "at a meeting notified by perticerly men for to chuse deputeys" to attend a convention called by Gov. Wentworth, Benjamin Johnson and Sherburn Blake were chosen deputies; and Moses Godfrey was chosen "as a committy-man for to see if there is any powder for this parish;" and "Increase Batchelder is chosen to take care of this powder."

ASSOCIATION TEST.

The following pledge, signed by the men of Northwood, is adapted to fill the hearts of their descendants with a just pride. It was agreeable to the following requisition:—

To the Selectmen of Northwood, —

COLONY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

IN COMMITTEE OF SAFETY, April 12th 1776.

In order to carry the underwritten resolve of the Honorable Continental Congress into Execution, You are requested to desire all males above twenty one years of age (Lunaticks, Idiots, and Negroes excepted) to sign to the Declaration on this paper; and when so done, to make return hereof, together with the name or names of all who shall refuse to sign the same, to the General-Assembly, or Committee of Safety of this Colony.

M. WEARE, Chairman.

IN CONGRESS, March 14th, 1776.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the several Assemblies, Conventions, and Councils, or Committees of Safety of the United Colonies, immediately to cause all persons to be disarmed, within their respective Colonies, who have not associated, and refuse to associate, to defend by Arms, the United Colonies, against the hostile attempts of the British Fleets and Armies.

(Copy) Extract from the Minutes.

CHARLES THOMPSON, Sec'y.

In Consequence of the above resolution, of the Hon. Continental Congress, and to show our determination in joining our American Brethren, in defending the Lives, Liberties, and Properties of the inhabitants of the United Colonies;

We the subscribers, do hereby solemnly engage, and promise, that we will, to the utmost of our Power, at the risque of our lives and fortunes, with arms, oppose the hostile proceedings of the British Fleets, and Armies, against the United American Colonies.

Joseph Demerit	James Batchelder.	Zabulon Norris.
(Capt. of the parish).	Thomas Trowland.	Nathaneil Chandler.
Eliphalet Taylor.	Richard Garland.	Jonathan Sanborn.
Joshua Furiour.	Benj. Johnson.	Elias Philbrick.
Daniel Hoit.	Nathaniel Twombly.	John Wadleigh.
John Durgin.	Elijah Carswell.	Thomas Piper.
William Wallais.	Richard Carswell.	Francis Jennes.
Increase Batchelder.	Stephen Rawlians,	John Sherburn.
Israel Hodgdon.	Jonathan Knolton.	Samuel Sherburn.
Moses Godfrée.	Jonathan Clark.	Reubon Morgan.
Abraham Batchelder.	Benjamin Wadleigh.	Sherburn Blake.
William Blake.	Shurborn Dearborn.	Jonathan Blake.

REIGN OF

CHARLES THE FIRST

IN WHICH ARE CONTAINED THE
MOST IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING
CIRCUMSTANCES OF HIS REIGN
FROM HIS MARRIAGE TO HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

BY
JOHN HUME
ESQ;
OF THE BARR

IN TWO VOLUMES.
THE FIRST.

LONDON:
Printed by J. Sturges, at the
Sign of the Sun, in Pall-mall.
1764.

Levi Dearborn.	Benj. Hill.	Nath ^l Morrill.
Asahel Blake.	Valentine Kinson.	John Bickford.
Henry Sanborn.	William Prescott.	Samuel Bartlett.
Henry Dearborn.	Moses Johnson.	Stephen Hoit.
Phinehas Blake.	Sam ^l Johnson.	Benjamin Johnson, jun ^r .
Nicolas Blake.	Solomon Bickford.	Timothy Caswell.
Simon Wadleigh.	Caleb Clough.	John Batchelder.
Robert Hill.	Norris Langley.	Joseph Durgin.
David Knowles.	Nathaniel Morrill, jun ^r .	Thomas Knolton.

Daniel Sawyer Refuses to Sign this, making pleas that he is of a quaker Principle.

CENSUS.

About this time, a census of the town was taken as required by the Provincial Congress, as follows:—

IN PROVINCIAL CONGRESS, NORTHWOOD, NEW HAMPSHIRE,
August 25th, 1775.

Whereas it is necessary that an exact account of all the inhabitants of this Colony should be taken, in order to be transmitted to the Congress of United American Colonies; Therefore resolved that it be recommended to the Select Men of the several towns Parishes and other Places in this Colony to take an exact number of the inhabitants of their respective Districts including every Soul in the same in separate Columns as follows:

Males under 16 years of age	85
Males from 16 years to fifty not in the army	57
All males above 50 years of age	6
Persons gone in the army	10
All Females	155
Negroes and slaves for life	0
Total	313
Powder	10 Pounds

SAMUEL JOHNSON
SHERBURN BLAKE

And it is further recommended that no part of the aforementioned Business be delayed; for its being as speedily done as possible, will be of great utility to the Colony . . . and it is further strictly enjoined upon all Selectmen & Committees to endeavour to prevent all persons from burning their Powder in shooting at birds & other Game.

By order of Congress,

MATTHEW THORNTON President.



NORTHWOOD, agust the 18, 1775.

An exact account of the fire arms and of those that are wanting
 and their is thirty six fire arins 36
 And there is sixteen fire arms wanting 16
 Dun by us

SAMUEL JOHNSON } selek
 SHERBURN BLAKE } men

ROCKHAM L. S.

September 26th, 1775.

Then Samuel Johnson, Shurborn Blake selectmen for Northwood all personally appeard and mad solemn oath that they had taken an exact number of all the malle and femalles in the parish of Northwood persuent to a warrant from the Congres.

Sworn Before

INCREAS BAT., Parish Clerk.

The whole country is aroused to a sense of danger, yet resolved to gain independence. Northwood shares in the agony and resolve. Samuel Johnson, Sherburn Blake, Nathaniel Chandler, Jonathan Knowlton, Benjamin Johnson, March, 1777, were chosen a committee of safety. Additional soldiers are enlisted and means are provided for their remuneration.

And subsequently, March, 1777, Samuel Johnson, Sherburn Blake, Nathaniel Chandler, Jonathan Knowlton, Benjamin Johnson, were chosen a committee of safety "for this year 1777."

FIRST VOLUNTEERS.

"By the old militia law, every male inhabitant, from sixteen years old to sixty, was obliged to be provided with a musket and bayonet, knapsack, cartridge-box, one pound of powder, twenty bullets, and twelve flints. Every town was obliged to keep in readiness one barrel of powder, two hundred pounds of lead, and three hundred flints, for every sixty men; beside a quantity of arms and ammunition for the supply of such as were not able to provide themselves with the necessary articles. Even those persons who were exempted from appearing at the common military trainings, were obliged to keep the same arms and ammunition. In a time

1871
The first of the year was a very dry one, and the crops were much injured by the drought. The weather was very hot, and the crops were much injured by the drought. The weather was very hot, and the crops were much injured by the drought.

The second of the year was a very wet one, and the crops were much injured by the rain. The weather was very cold, and the crops were much injured by the rain. The weather was very cold, and the crops were much injured by the rain.

The third of the year was a very dry one, and the crops were much injured by the drought. The weather was very hot, and the crops were much injured by the drought. The weather was very hot, and the crops were much injured by the drought.

The fourth of the year was a very wet one, and the crops were much injured by the rain. The weather was very cold, and the crops were much injured by the rain. The weather was very cold, and the crops were much injured by the rain.

The fifth of the year was a very dry one, and the crops were much injured by the drought. The weather was very hot, and the crops were much injured by the drought. The weather was very hot, and the crops were much injured by the drought.

of peace, these requisitions were neglected, and the people in general were not completely furnished, nor the towns supplied, according to law." This was the state of things in Northwood in 1775. But when the danger was seen, they vigorously met the demand, and put themselves in readiness for the struggle. And noble men hazarded their lives without hope of reward, and their names ought to be embalmed in the memory of their descendants. Let the names of Samuel Johnson, William Wallace, Eliphalet Taylor, William Blake, Nathaniel Twombly, Benjamin Johnson, jr., Simon Batchelder, and Abraham Batchelder, live forever, — live as long as the memory of our Revolutionary struggle shall last.

When Gen. Gage made his attack on Concord, the alarm immediately communicated from town to town through the whole country, and volunteers flocked from all parts. Some twelve hundred men marched from the nearest parts of New Hampshire to unite with those who had assembled in arms about Boston. Some of these men formed themselves into two regiments, under the authority of Massachusetts. But when the Provincial Congress of New Hampshire met, May 17, 1775, two thousand men were raised and formed into three regiments; those already in the service to be accounted as two, and the third was to be enlisted. These men engaged to serve till the last day of December, unless sooner discharged. These regiments were placed under the command of Colonels John Stark, James Reed, and Enoch Poor. The first two took part in the struggle on the heights of Charlestown, where they did fatal work for the "Red-coats." Upon this the third regiment was brought into service, being stationed at Winter Hill, under the command of Brig.-Gen. Sullivan.

In this Third Regiment a part of our brave boys served in Capt. Adams's company, in Gen. Poor's regiment and Sullivan's division. Hearing of the battle of Lexington, Simon Batchelder, Benjamin Johnson, Morrison, Willey,

and others started on foot, with their guns and knapsacks, joined Cilley, Dearborn, McClary, and others at Nottingham, and reached Medford the following morning, traveling all night, eager to join their brethren in arms. Batchelder was only eighteen years old, and was afterwards at Newport, R. I., and Ticonderoga.

SACRIFICES.

The town voted "to pay twenty-four pounds lawful money to some soldiers for encouragement to go to the Northern army to join under General Sullivan." And during the progress of the war others were called into the service, and persevering efforts were made to encourage such as might enlist, and to relieve the families whence volunteers might go.

July 1, 1777, "Voted sixty dollars for each man as a hire for eight months." "Voted to get four men, and at any lay, and Nathaniel Chandler, Col. Joseph Demerret, Daniel Hoit, be a Committee to hire them and the Selectmen are empowered to hire as much money as is wanting to hire them with."

The record of that period is full of proofs of the existence of a spirit of patriotism, and of the practice of great public and private self-denial. The following, though apparently insignificant, entered on the records, illustrate this: "1777 paid to Benjamin Johnson junior ten dollars for going to Ticonderoga which was added to his bounty." "The same to Joseph Caswell for the same purpose." "Paid to Simon D. Wadley five pounds as a bounty from the parish."

A population of a little more than three hundred, with small clearings and rude dwellings; with few cattle or sheep or horses; with no market at hand, and with little or nothing to carry to market, or from which to realize money; yet they contrived to put into the army their full quotas of able-bodied men, and to pay liberal bounties and provide

The first part of the book is devoted to the study of the properties of the real numbers. It begins with a discussion of the natural numbers and the integers, and then proceeds to the rational numbers. The chapter concludes with a discussion of the real numbers and the construction of the real number system.

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for the families of the needy. Husbands and fathers abandoned their firesides and their civil occupations in spring-time and in harvest season, to join their brethren in the struggle for independence; and wives and mothers hastened husbands and sons to the field, to conquer or die. "The women," said the late Deacon Simon Batchelder, to whom reference has already been made, "were worse than the men. They would not let them sleep a-night, but made them take their guns and knapsacks and go into the ranks, telling them they would take care of the farms in their absence. They even cut down the trees and cleared the land in many instances, so that some who were absent a number of years did not know their own homes when they returned."

Women strong and patriotic, women delicate and feeble, and girls cheerful, happy, and artless, not only plied the spindle and the loom to work the flax and the wool, but drove the oxen and guided the plow, hoed the corn, and gathered the harvests of hay and grain. During cold, dreary winters, the fire burned in their dwellings, because their own hands prepared and ministered the fuel. Destitution, of which we can form no conception, was in many a hamlet where weary hands and anxious hearts found little rest. If those who had already served returned, it was but to obtain a new outfit of clothing, and to receive a fresh baptism of the spirit of patriotism. And when they enlisted again, returned to their comrades in the field, and were welcomed to the ranks, and were addressed with the inquiry, "Well, old fellow, how came you back again?" each replied, "The old woman drove me off." It was the noble spirit of the wives and mothers, daughters and sisters, that filled the ranks thinned by disease and death. It was the influence of the angel spirits that worked wondrously at home, that nerved the heart and arm of the brave soldier in the field. And, while we commemorate the noble daring and patient endurance of the warriors of that

the first of these was the discovery of the
 fact that the earth is not a perfect sphere
 but is flattened at the poles and bulged out
 at the equator. This discovery was made
 by the French astronomer Jean Picard in
 1669. He measured the length of a meridian
 arc in France and found that it was longer
 than it would be if the earth were a perfect
 sphere. This led him to conclude that the
 earth was flattened at the poles and bulged
 out at the equator. This discovery was
 confirmed by other measurements made by
 other astronomers in the following years.

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 years.

eventful period, let us not forget the equally heroic and self-sacrificing women, who incited the men to dare, and encouraged them to struggle in the holy cause. Women, in their plain, homespun dresses, toiling by torch-light as well as by sunlight, were a power behind the throne that could not be withstood. And the Lord raised up these as indispensable auxiliaries to the men that fought in the field, and they together won the victory, each in an appropriate way, and to each belong the gratitude of descendants and the glory of achievement.

The fire of patriotism died not out with the achievement of independence. In those trying years that followed the cessation of hostilities, Northwood appears right upon the record, and when the second conflict arose between us and the mother country, Northwood responded effectively to the call for the sinews of war. Her voice was heard, demanding no surrender of rights, but the fighting it out "on that line," until England should learn that the child she once ruled had grown into such stature that it was not safe longer to trifle with her strength. Fathers and sons girded themselves with courage, seized their rifles and bared their breasts to the weapons of the foe, cheered on by the same spirit in those at home which nerved the soldier's arm in the Revolution. And it is needless at this period to say, that, in our recent encounter with treason, Northwood was not slow to respond to the call for aid. Her treasures flowed freely; her sons, with a shout, leaped into the bloody arena, and sought victory or death, determined that Northwood should never tarnish her glory by being found wanting in the hour of her country's peril. The records speak well for Northwood.

DOINGS OF NORTHWOOD DURING THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

November 29, 1861. Voted, That the selectmen of the town be authorized to give aid to the families of volunteers who have been or shall be mustered into the service of the United States.

The first of these is the fact that the majority of the cases of this disease are reported from the United States and Canada. This is not surprising, since these countries are the most highly developed in the world, and the most likely to have the resources necessary for the study of this disease. The second fact is that the majority of the cases are reported from the United States and Canada. This is not surprising, since these countries are the most highly developed in the world, and the most likely to have the resources necessary for the study of this disease.

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The ninth fact is that the majority of the cases are reported from the United States and Canada. This is not surprising, since these countries are the most highly developed in the world, and the most likely to have the resources necessary for the study of this disease. The tenth fact is that the majority of the cases are reported from the United States and Canada. This is not surprising, since these countries are the most highly developed in the world, and the most likely to have the resources necessary for the study of this disease.

July 15, 1862. Voted, to raise one thousand dollars for the support or aid of the wives and families of those soldiers who are now or may be hereafter mustered into the service of the United States. The selectmen were appointed a committee to apportion the money so raised, and they were authorized to hire money for the purpose.

August 26, 1862. Voted, to pay two hundred dollars bounty to each volunteer from this town who shall be mustered into the service: provided such person shall enlist, or shall have enlisted, since the eleventh day of August, 1862. The selectmen were authorized to hire money for this purpose.

September 25, 1862. It was voted to add one hundred dollars to the bounty offered August 26, 1862, to volunteers for nine months.

October 27, 1862. Voted, to raise fourteen thousand dollars to encourage voluntary enlistment.

Voted, that the town pay to Austin H. Tucker, Daniel W. Griffin, and Henry A. Fuller the sum of two hundred dollars each as bounty, they having been mustered into the Ninth Regiment.

December 27, 1862. Voted, to raise fifteen hundred dollars for the aid of the families of volunteers.

July 17, 1863. Voted, to raise a sum not exceeding six hundred dollars for the aid of volunteers, or their families, who have been, or hereafter may be, mustered into service.

August 4, 1863. Voted, to pay a bounty not exceeding three hundred dollars to each person who may be drafted or conscripted from this town to serve during the war, or to the substitute of such conscript.

Voted, that a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars be raised and appropriated to this purpose.

December 5, 1863. Voted, to pay a bounty not exceeding two hundred dollars to each man who volunteers under the call of the President of October 17, 1863, for three hundred thousand men to be mustered into the service of the United States, to fill the quota of said town, before the fifth day of January, 1864.

Voted, to cash the bounties offered by the General Government and State of New Hampshire when each shall be mustered into service.

Voted, to raise twelve thousand five hundred dollars for this purpose.

April 21, 1864. Voted, a bounty of two hundred dollars to each new recruit, re-enlisted veteran, conscript, or his substitute, who has been or shall be mustered into the service of the United States, towards filling the quota of the town under the present call of the President for two hundred thousand men, prior to April, 1865.

Voted, to raise ten thousand dollars for this purpose, and the selectmen are to see that the quota of the town is filled.

June 25, 1864. Voted, that the selectmen be authorized to hire two thousand dollars to be appropriated for the purpose of paying bounties to volunteers for the army and navy of the United States, to be credited to the town. Francis J. Hanson was chosen agent to carry said vote into effect.

August 13, 1864. Voted, to pay a bounty to each soldier who shall be mustered into the service, or who may have been mustered in since the passage of an act of the legislature, entitled, "An act to facilitate the raising of troops," to fill the quota of the town under the call of the President for five hundred thousand men, a sum of one hundred dollars for each one year's man, the sum of two hundred dollars for each two years' man, and three hundred dollars for each three years' man, and for each man drafted for one year who shall be mustered into the service as a part of the town's quota, the sum of two hundred dollars.

Five thousand dollars are to be raised, in addition to the amount heretofore appropriated for this purpose, and the state bounty is to be cashed by the selectmen.

September 3, 1864. The selectmen are authorized to pay a bounty of five hundred dollars to each (not exceeding nineteen) man who shall be mustered into the service for the term of one year. The selectmen are to hire six thousand dollars for this purpose.

November 8, 1864. Voted, to enlist nine men for the war service, and pay them, if they enlist, the same bounties as paid to those under the last call; and five thousand five hundred dollars are appropriated to this purpose; and to obtain men who shall be "credited to the town prior to a future call from the President for more men."

February 20, 1865. The selectmen are authorized to pay five hundred dollars to each inhabitant of the town who may enlist and be mustered into service and credited to the quota of the town to fill the quota under the call of the President, dated December 19, 1864, for three hundred thousand men; and the selectmen are authorized to cash the state bounty for three years' men who may or shall have been credited to the quota of the town. Ten thousand dollars are appropriated for this object.

William S. Ring was appointed agent to procure the requisite number of men.

March, 1865. At the annual meeting it was voted to appropriate twenty-five hundred dollars to aid families of volunteers and drafted men for the year ensuing, and the selectmen are authorized to pay a bounty of one hundred dollars for one year's men, two hundred dollars for two years' men, and three hundred for three years' men, when mustered into the service to fill the quota of an anticipated call for

more troops, and to cash the state bounty for one, two, and three years' men to fill the town's quota.

Ten thousand dollars are appropriated therefor.

ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY.

CALVIN BAPTIST CHURCH.

During all these years our fathers are not unmindful of their spiritual needs, nor of the education of their children. Many of the first settlers were of the Baptist denomination, and some of them, being members of the churches in Stratham and Epping, united in sustaining worship, associated together, and requested to be organized as a distinct church. Accordingly this was done, on the 27th of July, 1773, and they chose Moses Godfrey clerk, and Edmund Pillsbury of South Hampton, who was a member of the Baptist Church in Haverhill, as teaching elder. But he was not ordained until November 17, 1779. A council of Baptist churches seems to have been called, and Elder Samuel Shepard presided and preached the sermon. William Plumer of Epping was chosen clerk. Mr. Pillsbury received no stated salary, but was supported by the voluntary contributions of his hearers, and by his own industry. Some part of the time of his ministry, the town, in its corporate capacity, employed him.

At a legal meeting Held at the House of Col. John Harvey Inholder in Said Parish on Monday the Eleventh Day of Aug^r 1788, Voted that Mr. Pillsbury Shall Preach in the Senter half of the time for one year with paying half as much as what the Baptis Gaves him P^r year.

Subsequently a committee was chosen to confer with Mr. Pillsbury and define his salary; and April 27, 1789, they met according to adjournment.

Voted to hire Mr. Edward Pillsbury to preach for the whole parish for one year from the first of May next one half of the time at the upper meeting house and the other at the lower meeting house and that he have for Support fifty Bushels of Corn one hundred wait of

Beef and to keep three Cows, a Sheep and one Horse Summer and winter and fifty Pounds of flax and five Barrels of Sider and twenty Cord of wood hald to his door wich is the Report of the Committe as witness our hands.

JON^A CLARK.

JOHN BATCHELDER.

SAMUEL JOHNSON.

INCREAS BATCHELDER.

SHERBON BLAKE.

HENRY BATCHELDER.

With this exception, Mr. Pillsbury was not the minister of the town, and was not settled as such, since the first settlement was made near the lines separating Northwood from Nottingham, Barrington, and Strafford; and here they built the first meeting-house, which could of necessity accommodate but a fraction of the town. This meeting-house was erected in 1772, while the upper meeting-house was not erected until 1780. Thus Mr. Pillsbury's congregation was drawn not only from his own town, but from four; chiefly, however, from Northwood, Nottingham, and Barrington. The active ministry of Mr. Pillsbury continued about twenty years, until about 1799. And his successor, Rev. Eliphalet Merrill, a native of Stratham, was not ordained until December 30, 1804. He closed his pastorate in 1828, and died 18—.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

A meeting of such as were in sympathy with Congregationalism was holden November 7, 1780. when it was voted to build a meeting-house, forty-five by thirty-six feet. During the following year such a building was erected, and Mr. Allen, afterwards settled in the ministry at Wolfborough, preached six months as a candidate, and the pulpit was supplied a part of the time by different clergymen until 1788, when the Rev. Josiah Prentice of Alstead was employed by the town, and was ordained May 29, 1799, by a council composed of Rev. Mr. Upham of Deerfield, who

presided as moderator; Rev. Mr. Haseltine of Epsom, the scribe; Rev. Isaac Smith of Gilmanton, who preached the ordination sermon, Rev. Messrs. Lanckton of Alstead, Carpenter of Chichester, and Coe of Durham; the Congregational Church having been organized on the 29th of November preceding.

When the town gave Mr. Prentice the invitation to become their minister, fifty-two men subscribed an agreement on the town book, to the votes respecting his settlement and salary, and engaged to pay their proportion thereof during his ministry, and none were taxed for his support except such as were in sympathy with the doctrines he preached. Mr. Prentice was born in Grafton, Mass., February 17, 1772. He graduated at Dartmouth College, 1795. Having studied theology with Rev. Dr. Burton of Thetford, Vt., and Rev. Dr. Emmons of Franklin, Mass., and having been ordained pastor of the church in Northwood, May 29, 1799, he sustained that relation until May 10, 1842, a period of forty-three years. He died October 28, 1855, aged eighty-three years. Mr. Prentice commanded the respect of all who knew him, and his influence upon the morals of the people was elevating and happy as well as enduring.

FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Freewill Baptist society was incorporated in 1832, and a church organized through the agency of Rev. Daniel P. Cilley, June 4, 1833.

EDUCATION.

We have already seen that the town was early divided into districts, money raised and expended in teaching the young, and, from the first, the general intelligence of the community and the instruction of the children in the common schools were surpassed by no neighboring town. On the contrary, we believe it has been conceded that North-

wood, in general intelligence and mental activity, bore the palm. Her children have found fields for their activity inviting their entrance; and their testimony has been to the effect, that, while Northwood was a good town in which to live, it was also a good town whence to emigrate, since it had a good reputation abroad for intelligence and manliness of character. Her leading men were a pledge that the community where their influence was felt must be intelligent, virtuous, and enterprising, and consequently that the education of the children must be an object of lively interest.

The pioneer settlers, and those attracted to them, came hither with the hope of improving their fortunes, well knowing that success depended upon bodily vigor and a resolute will. But they knew, also, that those energies of body and mind must be controlled by intelligence; that if they cast their lot in a dense wilderness, and warred with the storms of winter and the ruggedness of the soil, the intellect of their children must not be lost sight of amid the clearing of land, the rearing of houses, and the constructing of highways. Hence, like wise men, they reared school houses and hired teachers as their straitened circumstances would allow. And the number of those that could not read and write was exceedingly small; and no small portion were sufficiently educated to correctly do the business of the town, as well as private business. True, the town, for many years, could boast but few classical students, John L. Blake being the first college graduate. At different times, select schools were established, and brought educational advantages to many beyond those had in the common schools. As early as 1844, efforts were made to establish a permanent institution for learning, to be called Harvey's Academy, to the permanent endowment of which the Hon. John Harvey pledged funds on condition that the town should erect a suitable building, near the center of the town. But, unhappily, the question of location could not

be settled, and the funds were lost. In 1864, an effort was made in the same direction, and the enterprise proved a failure for want of harmony. In February, 1866, Northwood Academy was incorporated, and opened its first session in August of the same year, at the center of the town, near the Congregational meeting-house, and from that day it has enjoyed uninterrupted prosperity.

In March, 1866, after the incorporation of the academy, the effort was renewed for a school near the Freewill Baptist Church, and a building was erected and a school was commenced soon after the opening of the academy, and in the following year was incorporated by the name of Northwood Seminary. This school has been in operation until now.

The academy has received a small permanent endowment from the estate of the late Mrs. Abigail Cate, formerly the wife of the late Deacon Thomas Wiggin. Should these institutions be sustained by generous endowments and liberal patronage, they will do for the town what the early settlers would have been glad to see in their day, but died without the satisfaction. In the future, Northwood will not fail to profit by the past, and will, first of all, seek the glory of having her youth intelligent and virtuous, of having "her sons as plants grown up in their youth, and her daughters as corner-stones, polished after the similitude of a palace," by careful and thorough training of the head and the heart.

TURNPIKE.

Three important events were of special interest to Northwood. The first was the construction of a turnpike road from Concord to Piscataqua bridge in Durham, through the entire length of the town of Northwood. This was the first constructed turnpike in New Hampshire, the company building it being incorporated in June, 1796. The roads leading from Portsmouth, Exeter, Dover, and other towns near the sea-shore, to Concord, the capital of the

state, were irregular, and at times almost impracticable for traveling, and the demand for an improved highway from Concord to the eastern parts became imperative. But no town on the whole line between Concord and Durham was so much benefited as Northwood, lying midway between the capital and the Atlantic. Hence there was extensive travel through the town, public houses were patronized, and trade from neighboring towns centered here; and merchants, acquiring an enviable reputation for shrewdness and integrity, not only amassed wealth for themselves, but enhanced the business and the wealth of the people, the principal points of business being the extreme easterly part, Clark's Hill, the Center, and the Narrows.

PRESIDENT MONROE.

The second event referred to was the visit of President Monroe in the summer of 1817. During this season the president visited the principal towns in New England; among these was the capital of our own state. From Concord he passed to Dover, through Northwood, halting for a while at the public house kept by Deacon Jonathan Piper. This house became greatly noted as one of the best-kept taverns in the state; where order and excellent fare gladdened the hearts of weary travelers, and a feeling of home was realized. Hence it became the frequent resting-place of Daniel Webster and other distinguished jurists and public officials. It was here that Monroe, and those accompanying him, halted, and received the hearty congratulations of the people, to whom it was no small privilege to see a live president, the friend and coadjutor of Washington, Jefferson, Adams, and the noble men of Revolutionary times. Our hardy and hard-handed, but warm-hearted fathers, civilians and military men, veterans of the Revolution, and survivors of the recent war, greeted and cheered him on his way, and returned to their homes with higher resolves and nobler aims, and taught their sons to

The first of these is the fact that the
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 years past, and are still, in a
 state of ignorance and
 superstition. The second is
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beverence the great and good, and to cherish in heart's memory the patriots who organized and strengthened our government.

LAFAYETTE.

The third event to which we have alluded was the advent of Lafayette, the noble patriot and friend of the republic, and associate of Washington. By invitation of the president, he visited this country in 1824, and was received in every part of the country with the warmest expressions of delight and enthusiasm. He was proclaimed by the popular voice, "the guest of the nation," and his presence was every where the signal for festivals and rejoicings. He passed through all the states — twenty-four — of the Union in a sort of triumphal procession, in which all parties joined to forget their dissensions; in which the veterans of the war renewed their youth, and the young were carried back to the doings and sufferings of their fathers. Having celebrated, at Bunker Hill, the anniversary of the first conflict of the Revolution, and at Yorktown that of its closing scene, in which he himself had borne so conspicuous a part, and taken leave of the four ex-presidents of the United States, he received the farewell of the president in the name of the nation which had sought to reward his service in the Revolution in the gift of two hundred thousand dollars and a township of land, and sailed for France, September 7, 1825. It was in the summer of this year, 1825, that Lafayette visited Northwood, traveling in a private conveyance, attended by his son, and an escort of fifteen gentlemen from Concord to Dover. Leaving Concord early in the morning, he breakfasted at the well-known inn of Deacon Jonathan Piper. The house was elaborately trimmed with flowers, and a sumptuous repast was provided, which the excellent landlady, still living, fresh and happy, knew well how to temptingly spread for her noble guest, while hundreds of people gathered from all parts of the town to shake hands with the friend of the nation. Amid the shouts of welcome,

tears flowed down many a furrowed cheek ; tears not of sadness, but tears of joy and gratitude to the nation's benefactor. Among the rest, the black race had a representative in the person of Tobias Cutler, the gardener of Deacon Piper. This man waited upon the table when Lafayette breakfasted. In the war he served as an attendant on one of the officers, and so met the general amid the perils of war. The recognition was followed by manifestations of tender interest. " We, who had been in the war," said the late Deacon Simon Batchelder, " were all introduced to the general together ; and when we took his hand, not one of us could say a word, but wept and went away feeling that he *must stay* with us. But he was too good to stay long, and so we followed him as far as we could, and sent up three hearty cheers and swung our hats."

On the general's return to Concord, he passed a night here very quietly, grateful for rest.

Lafayette is gone ; the patriots of the Revolution are dead, but not forgotten. The third and fourth generations to-day gladly testify their gratitude to them for their sacrifices in the cause of human freedom.

CHANGES.

Vast changes have been wrought on the face of the land as well as in civil and educational institutions. The forests have been laid low, and in their places may be seen green pastures and fields of repaying harvests. Instead of the rough paths that threaded the land, winding and hard to travel, now may be seen the smooth and beaten highways, thronged with easy, noiseless vehicles, bearing the gay and happy of all ranks. The bridle-path and the pillion are among the things that were. The dwellings, contracted in dimensions and inconvenient in arrangement, have given way to commodious and cheerful structures. The wheel and the loom no longer make music in the dwelling. Light machinery, in the house, on the farm, and in the shop, makes

The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and that its history is a history of growth and development. The second is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a new identity. The third is the fact that the United States is a nation of free men, and that its history is a history of the struggle for freedom.

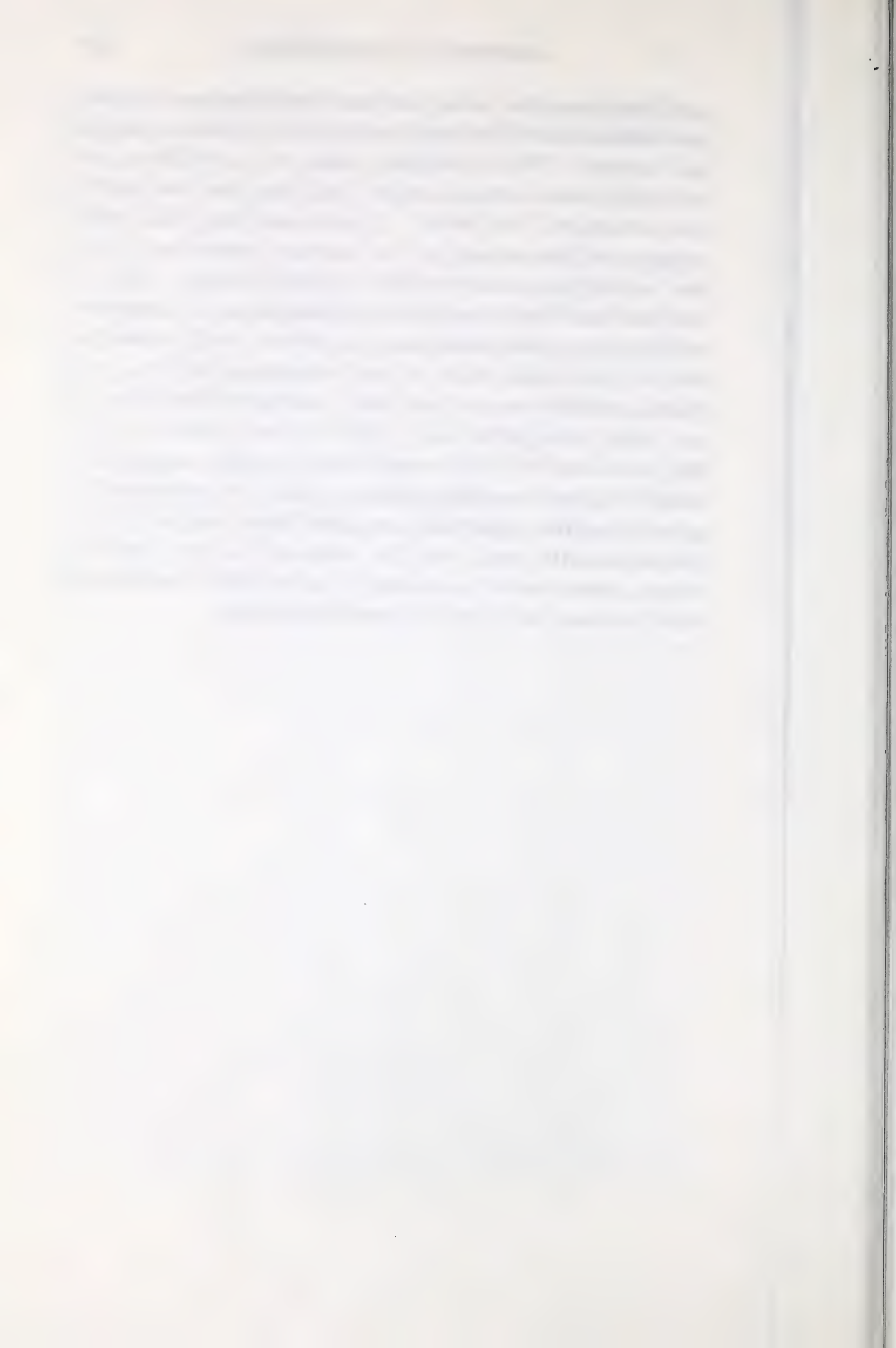
The fourth is the fact that the United States is a nation of opportunity, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a better life. The fifth is the fact that the United States is a nation of progress, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a new future.

The sixth is the fact that the United States is a nation of peace, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a new world. The seventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of justice, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a new order. The eighth is the fact that the United States is a nation of hope, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a new dream.

work less a task. Could the men and women of three generations past be allowed to revisit the land of their choice, they would find themselves among strangers and in a strange land. They would come to their own only to be unrecognized. Those March winds must have been piercing, and those storms must have been dismaying, to Godfrey and the Batchelders in 1763. And great must have been the power of endurance in the Bickfords, when, in that cold December of the same year, they found rest amid the lofty pines of the Narrows. Startling must have been the cry, "Our fire has gone out!" when the flint and the steel refused to yield the spark, and the long way to the Godfreys' must be traversed to obtain the desired fire. Those rude beginnings; those mighty struggles with cold and want; those great removes of families, depriving them of frequent social intercourse; those deprivations of almost all that seem essential to comfort at present, can be but imperfectly realized at this day by those who have come into possession of all the fruits of their endurance. Could we but glance at the scenes through which they passed; could we but take their places amid hardships and privations, and struggles for life even, amid necessities, — befitting, indeed, it would seem, to pause here amid the on-rushing tide of activity and enjoyment, to pay a tribute of respect, to give utterance to gratitude of filial hearts to the ancestors that subdued the wilderness, cleared the soil, fenced the land, planted the orchards, and reared the dwellings that make Northwood the pride of their children at home and abroad. Few of us but would shrink from repeating in our experience the history of the founders of this little republic. We have been borne in their strong arms so long, we have been so long indulged in all our appetites and tastes through their tenderness, that we have become unfitted for the endurance of their toils and frightful privations. But we can honor their memories, care for their graves, make mention of their deeds, and gratefully acknowledge our indebtedness to the

The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and that its history is a history of growth and development. The second is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these immigrants. The third is the fact that the United States is a nation of free men, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these free men. The fourth is the fact that the United States is a nation of law, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these laws. The fifth is the fact that the United States is a nation of peace, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these peace. The sixth is the fact that the United States is a nation of justice, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these justice. The seventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of liberty, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these liberty. The eighth is the fact that the United States is a nation of equality, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these equality. The ninth is the fact that the United States is a nation of unity, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these unity. The tenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of progress, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these progress.

hard hands and the loving hearts of the fathers and mothers who blessed us while they lived, by their labors, example, and prayers. We can tell their deeds to our children, and let them know to whom, under God, they owe the inheritance which will be theirs. To do less than this, would argue a sad degeneracy in the present generation; to do less, would prove us unworthy of a noble ancestry. Now is the hour, and here the place, in which to rear a monument to their glory, and which shall be for our credit when the sun of 1973 shall shine on our children's children, and theirs, and they review from their standpoint the history of our town through the long period of two hundred years. May the example which we set them of paying appropriate respect to our ancestors, stimulate them to remember the generations that shall have preceded them, and keep in remembrance the deeds and the virtues of the men and the women. actors amid the scenes of to-day, that, then, though dead, we may still live in appreciating hearts.



DESCRIPTIVE AND STATISTIC HISTORY.

CHAPTER I.

CHURCHES.

Calvin Baptist. — Edmund Pillsbury. — Eliphalet Merrill. — Elias Gregory. — George W. Ashby, and others. — Congregational. — First Meeting-house. — Call to Josiah Prentice. — Pledge of Support. — Ordination. — Meeting-house repaired. — Revivals. — Second Meeting-house erected. — Mr. and Mrs. Coe. — Mr. Prentice's Dismissal. — His Successors. — Freewill Baptist. — Meeting-house erected. — Pastors.

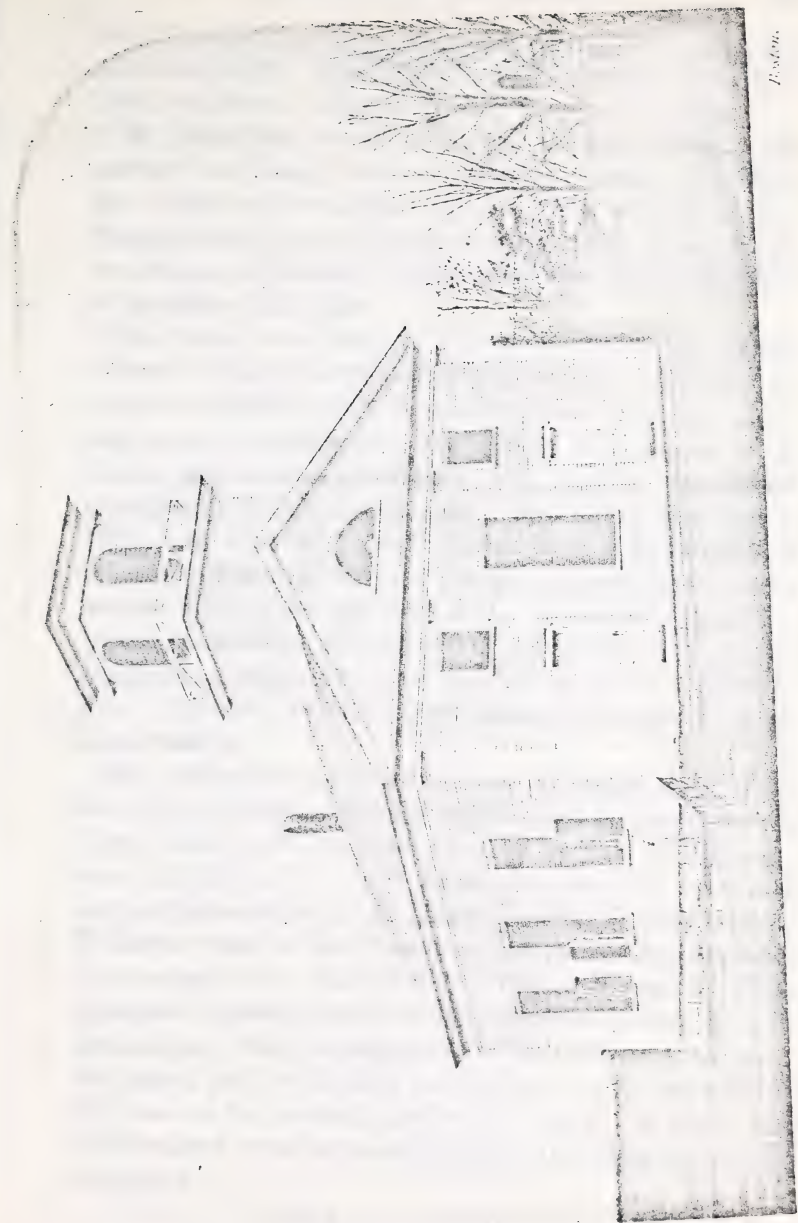
IT is well known that religious worship was first maintained in the east part of the town. There the first settlements were made. And these first settlers, if not decided Baptists, yet inclined not to sympathize with Orthodox Congregationalism. From 1750 to 1790, there existed great uneasiness in the religious mind. Not a few were restive under what seemed staid Orthodoxy. The people generally reveled in unrestrained liberty, and this passion for liberty ran into extravagance. There was a wild prejudice against what had the least claim to antiquity, whether in doctrines or in customs. Hence new lights sprung up, wild and fanatical notions were entertained, and customs or modes of expression and worship came into vogue that strangely jarred and contrasted with the decorous and measured notions and customs of what was reproachfully termed the *standing order*. The great ancestor of the Batchelders was an eccentric man, though evidently of much ability. His descendants that came to this town, and those that

affiliated with them, were good men, but their religious bias was against Congregationalism. Some of them were members of Baptist Churches, and though they well understood that the town could not, and would not, settle as minister one who was not thoroughly educated according to the standard of the times, and of decided orthodox views, and though they well knew that their church was on the extreme southern limit of the town, and could not command the gathering of the people generally, yet they early purposed to secure to themselves a house of worship, and the ministrations of the gospel, according to their cherished conceptions of right. They were aided in this by their dislike of Orthodox Congregationalism. The Baptist Church had at this time but few men in the ministry who had been liberally educated, and they claimed to have a dislike of college-learned ministers. They held to lay preaching; that any man, who felt himself called to hold forth, in whom the church might see evidence of being called of God to preach, might be set apart to this office. Mr. Pillsbury was of this character. He had been educated to a degree that enabled him to be a successful teacher in the limited branches of study of those days, and had the gift of speaking to the edifying of the people who were in sympathy with Baptist notions. And so he was ordained by the churches to the work of the ministry in the church in East Northwood. He had no stipulated salary, but depended upon the voluntary contributions of his hearers, and his own industry. The contributions to his support were very irregular and unsatisfactory, tantalizing his hope, while he was ever stung with the conviction that his services were unappreciated and unrewarded. In 1789, Mr. Pillsbury fared best of any year in all his ministry, when the town in its corporate capacity hired him to preach half the time at the upper meeting-house, and the other at the lower, and agreed to give him for his services as support, fifty bushels of corn, one hundred pounds of beef, fifty

pounds of flax, five barrels of cider, twenty cords of wood, and the keeping of three cows, ten sheep, and one horse, summer and winter.

It is said that Mr. Pillsbury, before he closed his ministry with the church in the east part of the town, changed his theological views in respect to final salvation of men, and came to believe and affirm that all men would finally be saved, irrespective of moral character. What more could be expected than that a man whose early labors command, at the very best, and that only for one year, the small consideration of fifty bushels of corn, one hundred pounds of beef, fifty pounds of flax, five barrels of cider, twenty cords of wood, and the keeping of three cows, ten sheep, and one horse, — what more natural than that any man, under such requitals, should either come to believe that *all* will finally be saved as being one as good as another, *or* that *all* would finally be lost as universally unfit for the kingdom of heaven, since none can enter that world who are not honest and just? Wonderful grace is needed to keep the best man from apostasy when stung by the conviction that even the church are willing that he should labor and want for the ordinary comforts of life, while they have enough and are increased in riches, or grow poor through indolence or want of enterprise. What more natural than that a church thus treating its pastor with such starving penuriousness, should long years pay the penalty through diminished numbers, internal dissensions, and diminished spirituality? Here may be seen the inevitable effects, flowing from a given cause. No lesson in all the history of the church is more clearly taught than this, that a church that starves its minister itself perishes of hunger.

It appears that a church structure was erected for worship in 1772, some nine years after the first settlement was made, and was rebuilt in 1816, and dedicated August 4, 1817. Rev. Edmund Pillsbury was ordained November 17, 1779, and continued about twenty years. His successor,



Easton.

CALVIN BAPTIST MEETING HOUSE

H. S. & P. Printing Co.



Rev. Eliphalet Merrill, was ordained December 30, 1804, and dismissed 1828. Rev. Elias Gregory succeeded Merrill in 1832, and he was followed by Rev. George W. Ashby.

Mr. Ashby was the son of George Ashby of Salem. His mother was Nancy Hartwell, married January 12, 1808; Mr. Ashby was born February 16, 1809, studied at New Hampton, and married, September 12, 1834, Eliza, daughter of John Batchelder, whose wife was Betsey, daughter of Abraham Batchelder.

Mr. Ashby was ordained pastor of the Calvin Baptist Church in East Northwood, September 11, 1833, and remained until 1840, when he went to South Hampton. After two years he returned to Northwood, and, because of ill health, purchased a small farm, and supplied such vacant churches as desired his services. Mr. Ashby died May 4, 1873, aged sixty-four, greatly lamented by a large circle of friends, as a sound, orthodox preacher, a good pastor, and a worthy citizen; he was one of the centennial committee, where his knowledge and sound judgment were greatly needed, and where his death was felt to be an irreparable loss. Few men are found more genial, and truer in friendship, than he.

Mr. Ashby was succeeded by Rev. B. Knight, May, 1840. Rev. S. G. Gilbert succeeded in 1845, and he was followed, April, 1857, by W. H. Jones, and he by S. H. Smith, January 5, 1860, and he by P. Favor, February 20, 1869, and he was followed by G. B. Chase, August 27, 1872. Rev. D. Taylor, born in New York City, graduated from Madison University, N. Y., succeeded Mr. Chase, November, 1877. Intervals of some years intervened between several of these pastorates. The congregation has been increased within a few years, and the church strengthened, by an increase of business in the eastern part of the town. A tower has been erected upon the meeting-house, furnished with a bell and clock.

1848

1. The first of the three main branches of the tree of life is the plant kingdom, which includes all the green plants and algae. The second branch is the animal kingdom, which includes all the animals. The third branch is the kingdom of fungi, which includes all the mushrooms, yeasts, and molds.

2. The plant kingdom is the largest and most diverse of the three. It includes everything from the smallest green alga to the tallest redwood trees. The animal kingdom is the second largest and most diverse. It includes everything from the smallest insects to the largest whales. The kingdom of fungi is the smallest and least diverse of the three. It includes everything from the smallest yeasts to the largest mushrooms.

3. The three main branches of the tree of life are the plant kingdom, the animal kingdom, and the kingdom of fungi. Each branch has its own unique characteristics and members. The plant kingdom is the largest and most diverse, the animal kingdom is the second largest and most diverse, and the kingdom of fungi is the smallest and least diverse.

4. The three main branches of the tree of life are the plant kingdom, the animal kingdom, and the kingdom of fungi. Each branch has its own unique characteristics and members. The plant kingdom is the largest and most diverse, the animal kingdom is the second largest and most diverse, and the kingdom of fungi is the smallest and least diverse.

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CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

During all this time there were efforts made for stated worship according to the Congregational order, near the center of the town. But the people had much to contend with. Those in sympathy with the Baptist Church, and who were opposed to making any other part of the town a center than the extreme east, naturally enough resisted every effort to build a church in the central part of the town. And, then, the people had to raise men from among themselves for the armies, and were compelled to furnish money to such as would enlist, to care for their families, and in various ways to aid in carrying on the war. So that, embarrassed by a depreciating currency, they made no effectual effort to erect a meeting-house until 1780, though meetings were occasionally held in private houses by neighboring ministers. "The Rev. Mr. Tucke, of Epsom, is believed to be the first minister that preached occasionally in Northwood. It is said, that on the church records of Epsom, frequent mention is made of baptisms here, of the children of the first inhabitants."

November 7, 1780, a meeting of such as were in sympathy with Congregationalism was holden, when it was "voted to build a meeting-house forty-five by thirty-six feet." During the following year such a building was erected, with the understanding that those who were identified with the Baptist congregation should not be at charges for the same. This meeting-house was erected near the center of the town, a committee having been appointed to "ascertain the center by measuring the length of the town in its longest direction; and, also, its width through the center of its length." This committee reported the center to be a few rods south-west of where the town-house now stands. Hence that gentle swell of ground was chosen on which to erect the first meeting-house built by the action of the town. This was built according to the style of the times, with two large porches, one at each end.

It was at first imperfectly boarded and battened, and rude benches provided, with a ruder elevation for a pulpit for the minister. But it was where they could worship God in spiritual services. Here, March 5, 1781, a warrant was issued warning "all Qualified by Law to vote in Parish affairs, Exclusive of Quakers and Baptists to meet at the house of Mr. Jonathan Clarks, in-holder, on the twentieth day of same month to see if they will Raise any money for to hire Mr. Ebenezer Allen to preach with us, and if so agreed to 3ly to See how Long a time they will hire for." At that meeting it was voted to raise money for the purpose indicated in the warrant, and "to hire Mr. Allen six months; and Benjamin Johnson, John Sherburn and Benjamin Wadleigh were appointed a committee to see upon what conditions he would preach with them." On the thirtieth day of October, 1781, Benjamin Johnson, Lieut. Samuel Johnson, Solomon Bickford, jr., Nathaniel Chandler, and Levi Dearborn, were chosen a committee to sell the pew privileges in the meeting-house, and to expend the avails in furnishing the house. For reasons not known, Mr. Allen left town after a service of six months, and was settled, October 25, 1792, as pastor of the Congregational Church in Wolfeborough.

The pew privileges on the ground were sold June 3, 1784, ranging from twelve dollars to nineteen dollars and fifty cents, to

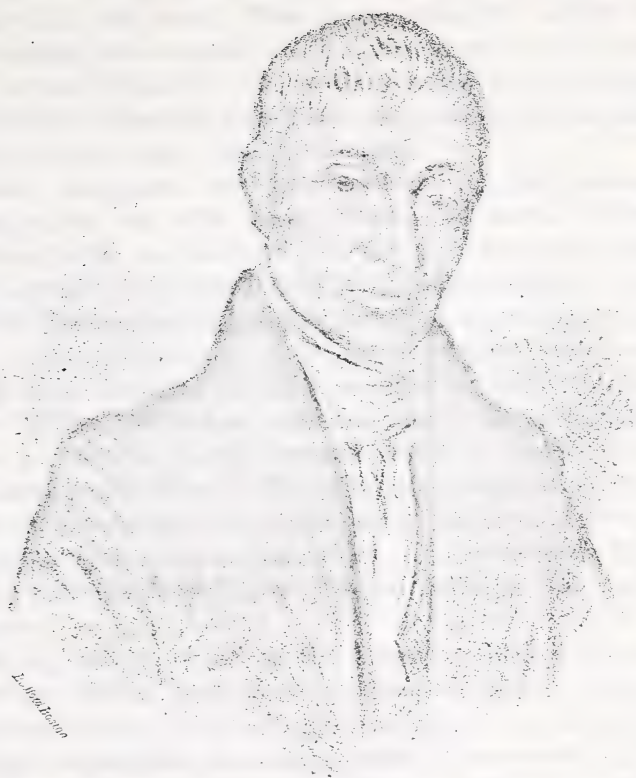
W^m. Prescott, Solomon Bickford, Thomas Piper, Nathaniel Garland, Lt. Samuel Johnson, Esquire Jennes, Lt. Daniel Hoyt, Jonathan Clark, J. Crockett, Benj^a. Johnson, John Harvey, Benjamin Johnson, Thomas Piper, a second Pew, Jonaⁿ. Sanborn, Lt. Samuel Johnson. a second privilege, Jonathan Clark, a second privilege, Ensⁿ. John Neeley, Benj^a. Johnson, a second privilege, John Harvey, a second privilege, John Harvey, a third privilege, Samuel Sherborn.

LT SAMUEL JOHNSON,	} Committee Men.
SOL ^r BICKFORD,	
BENJ ^a JOHNSON,	
JOHN HARVEY,	
W ^m PRESCOTT,	

This same committee, on the twenty-eighth of the same month, sold to lowest bidders small lots of work to be done in boarding and shingling the house, as they say, "that every won that Hath Purchased privaleges of pews in Said house may have an opportunity of paying their Proportion in work." "The Lots of work, Boards, Shingles, Nails, or any other article that Shall be wanting on Said fraim Is to be struck off to the Loest Bidders for Boarding and Shingling Said frame."

Thomas Piper bid off the westerly half of the fore side to board, at three dollars and two shillings; William Prescott, the easterly half and the southerly hali of the east end, for seven dollars and two shillings; Jonathan Clark bid off the northerly half of the east end, for four dollars; Benjamin Johnson, the easterly half of the back side, at three dollars; William Prescott, the westerly half of the back side; John Crockett, the north half of the west end; Thomas Piper, the fore side of the "Ruff" to board; Jonathan Sanborn, the back side of the "Ruff;" Thomas Piper, the shingling of the westerly half of the fore side, and John Crockett, the east half; Benjamin Johnson, the shingling of the easterly half of the back side, and Thomas Piper, the westerly half. One agreed to make and put in the window-frames on the fore side. another on the back, another on the east end, and another on the west. Benjamin Johnson was "to put in the Cobern Jice and Case them;" Mr. Piper was "to put in half the sleepers and cut the gains," and Mr. Crockett the other half. Thomas Piper was "to underpin the four side with face stones neatly;" Jonathan Sanborn, the east end; Jonathan Clark, the west end; and Samuel Johnson, the back side, in the same manner. These fragments of the work were done for sums ranging from two dollars and two shillings to eight dollars and fifty cents. And then Solomon Bickford "bid off 4 thousand of shingles at 14 shillings per thousand;" Samuel Johnson, "3 thousand for the same;" and

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Josiah Bartlett.



others, greater or lesser numbers for nearly the same amount; others furnished boards, for about seven dollars per thousand. Benjamin Johnson furnished "one thousand Dubel Bord Nails for two dollars five shillings;" Dudley Hill, the same. Thus, in due time, the outside of the building was covered, though in a rude style, pews were built up and rendered inviting, the singers were provided for, and the "Deakons Pew" was set apart, as well as one for the minister and "two for the poor."

Other clergymen were employed for limited periods, among whom was a Mr. Abisha Clark, who seems to have been employed as a missionary to look after feeble churches and to preach to scattered families in new localities. Mr. Josiah Prentice began to supply the pulpit some time in the year 1798, it is believed, about one year before a call was given him. January 14, 1799, we find the following record: "Voted and Joined with the church in said Northwood to give Mr. Josiah Prentice a Call to settle in the ministry in said Town." The church was organized on the 29th of November, 1788, consisting of Solomon Bickford, Jonathan Blake, Simon Batchelder, John Sherburne, Elizabeth, his wife, Susan Clarke, Deborah Bickford, and Sarah Harvey.

Having voted a call to Mr. Prentice, the town chose Sherborn Blake, Levi Mead, Samuel Sherborn, Samuel Johnson, George Frost, Henry Batchelder, and Jonathan Clark, "a committee to consider what is necessary to give Mr. Prentice as a Settlement and Salary for his Support as a Minister of the Gospel in said town, and report to this meeting." This committee subsequently reported as follows: "The town give Mr. Prentice as a Settlement Six hundred Dollars or David Rawlins House and barn and all the land he bought of Doct. Kelley as a Settlement, with this proviso, he preach with us eight years, or proportion for a lesser time;—also report as a Salary for the first year one hundred and fifty Dollars, fifty Bushels Corn,

twenty Cord wood, and to keep his horse ; — also report Salary after the first year be two hundred Doliars, fifty bushels Corn, twenty Cord wood and a parsonage that shall keep one Horse, two Cows and six Sheep, summer and winter or provide produce wherewithal to keep said Horse, Cows and Sheep, and so on annually."

January 18, 1799, at an adjourned meeting, the report was discussed, and the following action taken: "Voted to give Mr. Josiah Prentice Six hundred Dollars as a Settlement with this provision. &c.," as the committee had reported. At the same time, "Voted and chose Jonathan Clark, Henry Batchelder and Samuel Durgon be a Committee to Join such of the Church as they may appoint to present to Mr. Josiah Prentice the above votes for his consideration and attention, if he shall think proper."

At an adjourned meeting, May 6, 1799, it was "voted to add five cord wood more a year to Mr. Prentice annual Salary if wanted which will make twenty five cord a year to be corded up at his house in Northwood." It was also "voted that Mr. Prentice take four Sundays in a year to himself, if he wants them."

January 18, 1799, the inhabitants of the town, "except Baptists and Quakers," decided upon the conditions of Mr. Prentice's settlement, and to assure him of the payment of his salary, and to allay any uneasiness on the part of Baptists and Quakers lest they should ever be required to pay any part of this salary, fifty-two men entered into a solemn obligation, both to Mr. Prentice and the town, that they would pay their proportion, severally, of the salary to be raised from year to year.

Obligation signed Northwood, January 18, 1799: —

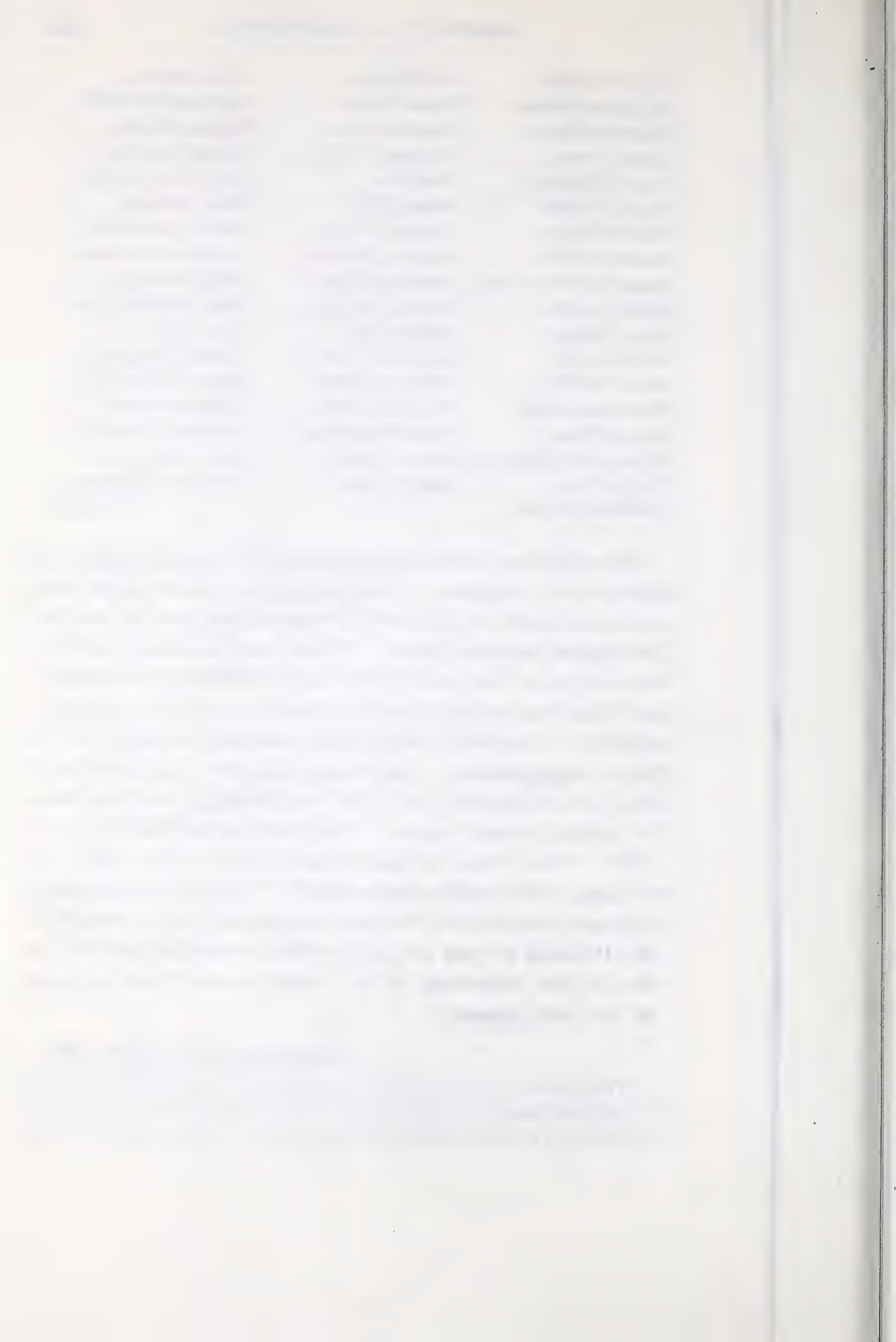
We the Subscribers do hereby by subscribing our names agree to the foregoing votes respecting Mr. Josiah Prentice Settlement and Salary to be our proportion thereof during his minstre in said town of Northwood as witness our hands.

Eliphelet Dade.	Asa Bickford.	John Harvey.
Valentine Mathes.	Moses Norris.	Nathaniel Garland.
Phinehas Swain.	Jonathan Foss.	Stephen Hoitt.
Samuel Dow.	Nicholas D. Hill.	Dudley Leavitt.
James Edgerley.	John Doe.	Benjamin Colcord.
Samuel Brown.	Samuel Hill.	John Bartlett.
Reuben Brown.	Thomas Buuck.	Samuel Sharbon.
Jonathan Hill.	Solomon Bickford.	Alexander Johnson.
Samuel Johnson, jun ^r .	Jonathan Blake.	David Rowlings.
John Crockett.	Samuel Johnson.	John Bickford, jun ^r .
Jesse Bickford.	Joshua Hoitt.	John Wille.
Jacob Swain.	Jonathan Clark.	Gedion Bickford.
John Nealley.	Sherburn Blake.	Samuel Edgerly, 2 ^d .
Trueworthy Hill.	Samuel Bartlett.	Ephraim Small.
George Frost.	Simon Batchelder.	William Watson.
Solomon Bickford, jun ^r .	Samuel Durgin.	Levi Mead.
Taylor Clark.	Joseph Shute.	Nathaniel Watson.
Jonathan Jenness.		52 in all.

Thus the way was nobly prepared for the permanent settlement of a minister. The people had shown a generous and considerate regard for the temporal support of him they had elected as their pastor. We are not to believe, however, that all these men proved true and fulfilled their covenant, but when one proved recreant, some one else took his place, so that, by succession, the society retained its ability to fulfill its engagement. One thing only was neglected until after his ordination; and that was, deciding the time when his salary should begin. This they established July 8, 1799. "Mr. Prentice salary shall begin on the ninth day of April, 1799, and so on annually." And the honorableness and integrity of the town may be seen in a receipt of Mr. Prentice for pay for past service, — service prior to this date of the beginning of his salary, — and part payment of his "settlement."

NORTHWOOD, March the 3th. 1800.

Then Sealled accounts with the Select Men of Said town in regard of my Supplying the Desk in said town and have received my pay for the same up to the eighth Day of April 1799. Likewise Rec'd of Sher-



burn Blake and Jonathan Blake Collectors two Hundred and twenty four Dollars and Seventy five Cents for which they Received my Receipt for the Same which is toward my Salary and Settlement to Commence April 9th 1799.

JOSIAH PRENTICE.

The ordination of Mr. Prentice took place May 29, 1799. The council was composed of Rev. Timothy Upham of Deerfield, who was chosen moderator; Rev. E. Haseltine of Epsom, who was chosen scribe; Rev. Isaac Smith of Gilmanton, who preached the ordination sermon; Rev. Messrs. Lanckton of Alstead, Carpenter of Chichester, and Coe of Durham, and delegates from these churches. An ordination in those days was an important event, and when Mr. Prentice was ordained the people of the town had made elaborate preparations and were early at the meeting-house, and large numbers came from towns both near and remote. The occasion was one of great interest, and elderly people used to speak of it as the great event of their lives.

Mr. Prentice, at his ordination, was twenty-seven years old. He was born in Grafton, Mass., February 17, 1772, whence, subsequently, he removed with his father's family to Alstead, in this state. He was graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of 1795. He studied theology with the celebrated Rev. Drs. Emerson of Franklin, Mass., and Burton of Thetford, Vt. The early years of the ministry of Mr. Prentice passed quietly and happily amid a united and satisfied church and people; the population of the whole town being, at his ordination, about one thousand. During the winter of 1809 and 1810 a great religious excitement prevailed, especially in the east part of the town. Rev. Eliphalet Merrill was then pastor of the Baptist Church, a man of striking peculiarities, of both mental and moral character. The *reformation*, as it was termed, was as peculiar as he who conducted it. "There was a most singular preparatory step to conversion among many of the

The following is a list of the names of the members of the American Medical Association who have been elected to the office of President for the year 1917. The names are listed in alphabetical order of their last names.

Dr. J. C. Brainerd, of Chicago, Ill., has been elected President of the American Medical Association for the year 1917. Dr. Brainerd is a member of the American Medical Association since 1885 and has held the office of President of the Association for the year 1916.

Dr. J. C. Brainerd is a member of the American Medical Association since 1885 and has held the office of President of the Association for the year 1916. He is a member of the American Medical Association since 1885 and has held the office of President of the Association for the year 1916.

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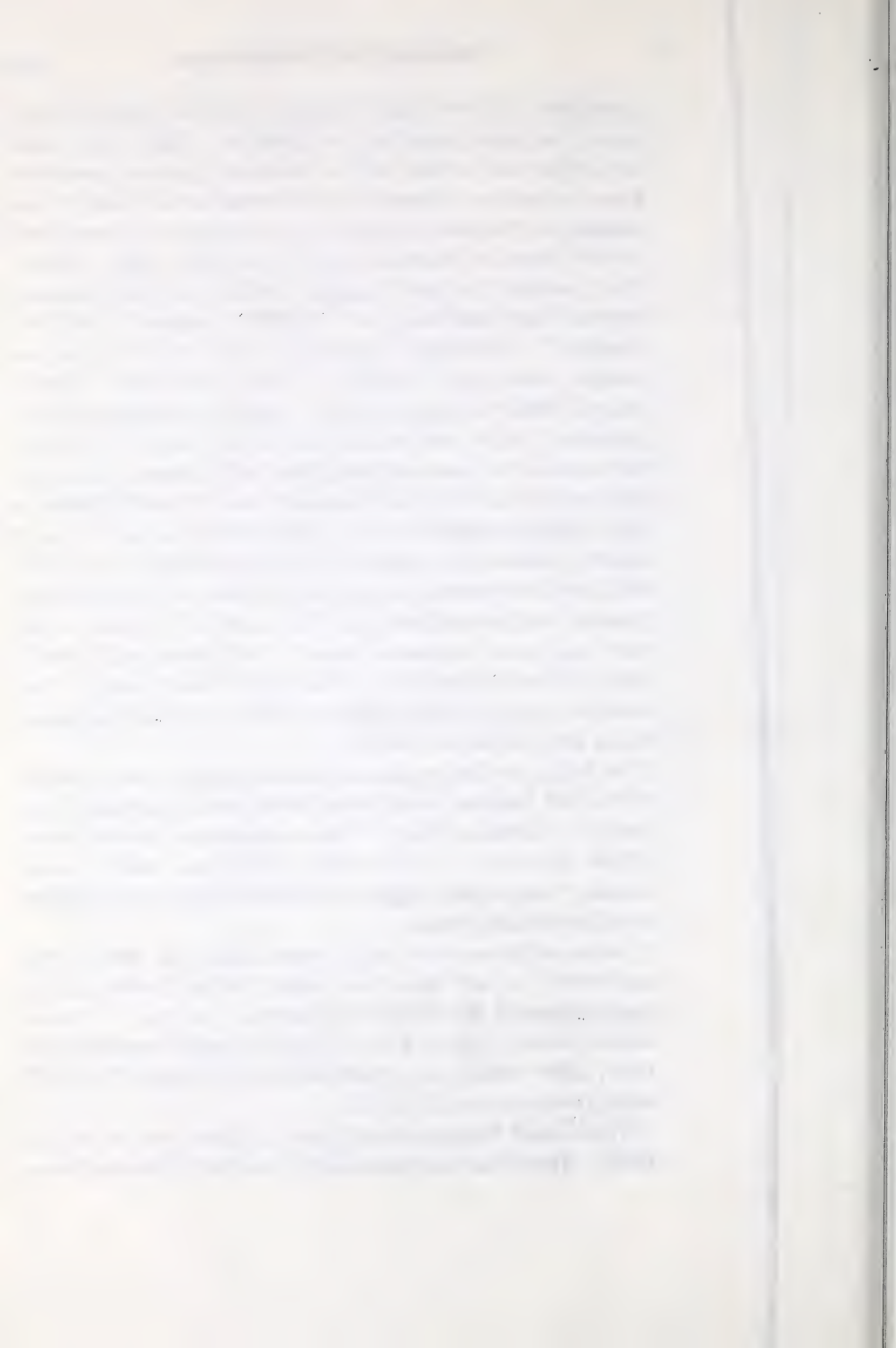
Dr. J. C. Brainerd is a member of the American Medical Association since 1885 and has held the office of President of the Association for the year 1916. He is a member of the American Medical Association since 1885 and has held the office of President of the Association for the year 1916.

proselytes; it was chiefly confined to the young of both sexes, but more especially to females. They were seized with what was termed *spells*, which very much resembled fits of a nervous character, that came upon them, it was thought, at the time of conviction, and generally continued to visit them, at intervals, until conversion was realized. They seemed in much agony during their continuance, striving and shrieking in a frightful manner, until exhausted." Mr. Merrill baptized, as the fruit of this *reformation*, about one hundred. This excitement entered many a family belonging to Mr. Prentice's church and congregation, taking one and another of the heads of families, but more of the sons and daughters, who became uncharitable towards the Congregationalists, and fearfully bitter in their feelings towards them; while there was no excess of charity towards the subjects of this excitement. As a result, families became permanently divided in religious sentiments and sympathies, and the cause of religion in the town has never recovered what it lost during this fearful reign of wild fanaticism; while the church, which then seemed most to prosper, traces to this period the beginning of its long and dreary decline.

In 1827, the Congregational meeting-house was repaired. "The old porches were torn down, and something very much in imitation of one of them was erected on the center of the front side. On the top of this was built a small steeple," but, to the disgrace of the town and congregation, a bell never hung there.

Large additions were made to the church in 1832, 1834, and 1838. In all there were added to the church, during the ministry of Mr. Prentice, about two hundred. The old meeting-house was used as a place of public worship until 1840, after which, as a town-hall until March 10, 1847, when it was consumed by fire.

The second Congregational meeting-house was erected in 1840. There had long been felt a need of a new and more



convenient house of worship, but there was a reluctance to abandon the house of their fathers, hallowed by so many pleasant associations. The very dust on its moldings was sacred, and the clatter of its seats had music in it. Besides, the pastor was already in the vale of years, and could not lead in such an enterprise as one in the vigor of manhood. Still there was ability enough in the parish—wealth and talents—to accomplish the work if some impulse could be given. At this juncture, a son of Mrs. E. Coe, by her former husband, the Hon. David Barker, a youth of much promise, and prepared to enter college, sickened and died. When his body and intellect could no longer be aided by parental ministrations and further expenditures, the mother said within herself, “It would have required five hundred dollars to pay the college bills of our son; we had set apart this amount for this purpose, and had consecrated him to Christ and the church. The Lord Jesus has undertaken the completion of his education and the supply of his wants. This money is no longer needed for him. But here are some of God’s dear children longing for a more appropriate place of worship, for their spiritual good and the honor of Christ. If this money should be given towards the erection of a new sanctuary, may it not, in the comforting and strengthening of his people, and in its influencing for good the youth that may be taught in it, accomplish as much for his glory as if expended as we first purposed?” Her husband is made acquainted with these reflections, and cordially approves of the plan; and together, in that chamber of sorrow hallowed by the death-scene of a pious son, they bowed their hearts before the Good Shepherd, and consecrated to him and his people what it would have cost them to educate that now sainted boy if his life had been spared to them. Wiping away their tears, and blessing God for the privilege, they announced to the people their determination to give five hundred dollars towards a building fund; Mr. Coe added to the same



Mary W. Coe



the sum of five hundred dollars, while the Hon. John Harvey gave five hundred dollars, and others of their smaller means contributed, and a beautiful sanctuary. — beautiful for its symmetry of proportions and admirable taste, — was erected at an expense of three thousand dollars, and was consecrated to the worship of God amid great rejoicings of the people, wherein an entire generation has worshiped, and young and old have alike reaped the benefits resulting from that affliction and that God-suggested conception of a plan of doing good. That gift blessed the givers and receivers; for it made this sanctuary the special care and object of tender interest of the givers as long as they remained with us, and held them bound to us in tender affection when removed, until the one, of blessed memory, ceased to pray for the people to whom he was held bound by tender ties, and still holds the other to us in affections heightened by lapse of years, whose daily prayers are for the church in whose bosom her children nestled, and by whose prayers and sympathies she was comforted in her repeated afflictions.

The pastor whose strength and manhood was consecrated to this church in 1799, who baptized the children, married the young, and buried the dead, and comforted and instructed the living, closed his pastoral labors with this people, by the action of a council called at his own request, May 10, 1842, honored and beloved by the children and children's children of the men and women who welcomed his coming to them in 1799, after a ministry of nearly forty-three years, including the year preceding his ordination. He died October 28, 1855, aged eighty-three years.

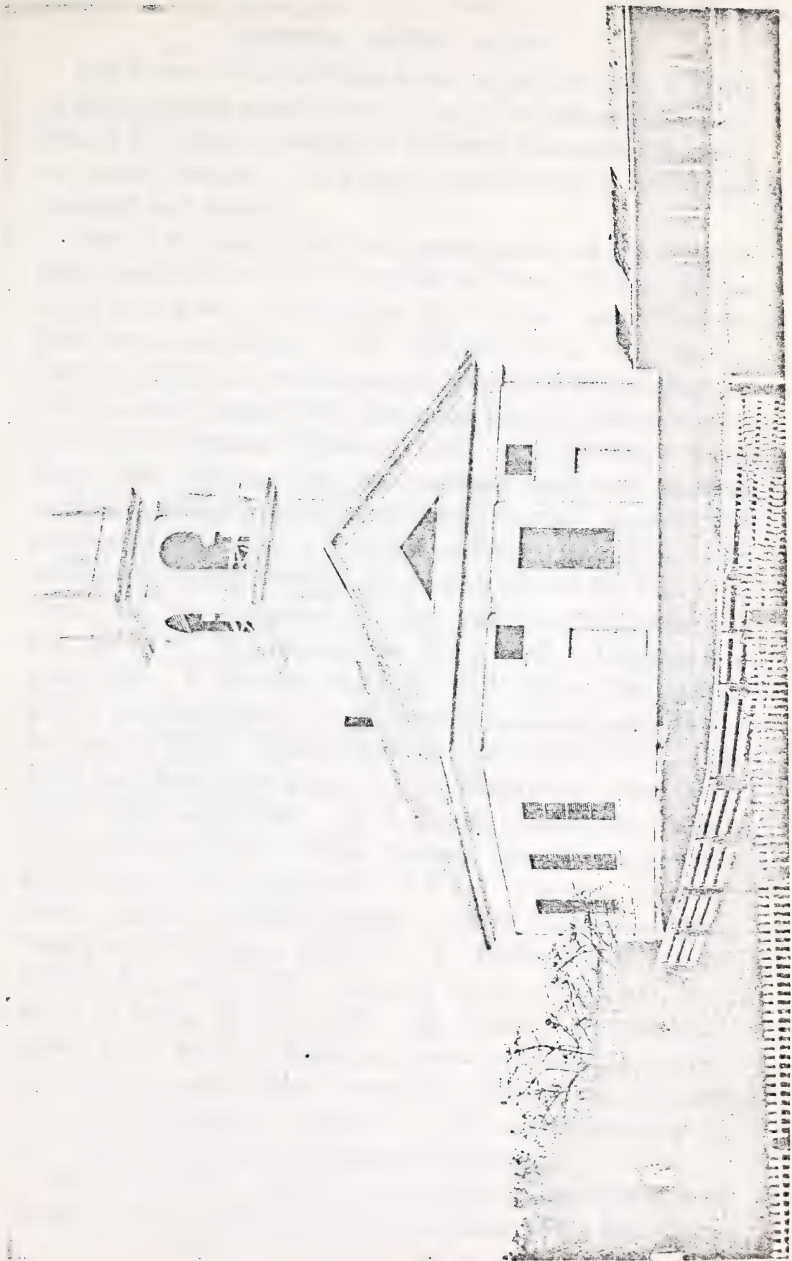
After the dismissal of Mr. Prentice, the services of Rev. Benjamin F. Clarke were secured for a few weeks. Through the agency of the committee of the church and society, consisting of Mr. James C. Locke, Dr. Moses Hill, and Nathan H. Leavitt, E. C. Cogswell was introduced to this people the first sabbath in July, 1842, and was ordained the

third day of November following, by a council consisting of Revs. Winthrop Fifield and S. N. Greeley, Prof. Aaron Warner who preached the sermon, Rev. E. N. Hidden who gave the hand of fellowship, Rev. Daniel Lancaster who addressed the people, together with their delegates, among whom was the Rev. Nathaniel Wells. Rev. Josiah Prentice gave the charge to the pastor.

Mr. Cogswell was dismissed July 18, 1848, and was succeeded, the following year, by Rev. Otis Holmes, who was installed January 1, 1850, having commenced his labors here May 1, 1849. He was dismissed November 3, 1857, and removed to York, Me. Subsequently he returned to Sandwich, where he began his ministry in 1842, and at a later period he removed to Long Island, where he still resides, 1878, in active service as pastor of a church.

Rev. Henry C. Fay was installed December 29, 1858, coming from the State of Maine. He was dismissed November 15, 1864, and removed to Norton, Mass.

Mr. Cogswell, who was dismissed from this church July 18, 1848, where he commenced his work the first sabbath in July, 1842, immediately entered upon pastoral duties with the Congregational Church in Newmarket, where he remained until the summer of 1855, when he removed to New Boston, to which place he had been invited the previous year, and was there installed pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. Having suffered much from over-taxed eyes, and with exhausted strength, he was dismissed in the autumn of 1865, and, by invitation, returned to Northwood immediately, to do what he might be able for the destitute church and people for one year, but whom he continued to supply as pastor until May, 1876, and, during the last nine of those years, was principal of Coe's Northwood Academy, in which many successful teachers have been trained, and numbers fitted for college; and, during the last five years, the materials for these pages have been collected and arranged for the press.





FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Freewill Baptist Church was organized June 4, 1833, in the Mountain school-house, through the influence of Rev. Daniel P. Cilley, consisting of thirteen members, five males and eight females. Its present membership is about one hundred and seventy.

Some five years after the organization of the church, their meeting-house was erected on Clark's Hill, and provided with a bell. Since then, their sabbath congregations have been quite large. S. P. Fernald became their pastor, May 26, 1838, and was dismissed May 2, 1839, followed by John Kimball, May, 1839, dismissed March, 1843, followed by W. D. Johnson, October, 1843, and dismissed May, 1845. Mr. Johnson was an excellent man and an able preacher, whose influence restrained unruly passions, he presenting religion in a rational and attractive form. He removed to South Berwick, Me., where he and his wife soon died. He was succeeded in May, 1845, by Mark Atwood, and he by W. D. Johnson, in May, 1846. Johnson has since died. F. Moulton came, April, 1850, and left, April, 1853; has since died. S. P. Fernald came in April, 1853; left, April, 1855. Horace Webber came April, 1855; left, 1858, and has since died. R. D. Richardson came May, 1859; left, May, 1861. B. S. Manson came May, 1861; left, January, 1863. Edwin Manson came January, 1863, left October, 1864, followed by E. H. Prescott, October, 1864, who left, January, 1868. James Rand came May, 1869; left, February, 1870. L. P. Bickford came, April, 1870, left, April, 1875, followed by G. W. Gould, May, 1875, to leave, March, 1877. Mr. Gould was succeeded, April, 1877, by H. P. Lamprey, born in Groton, November 3, 1833, graduated from Dartmouth College in 1862, and from New Hampton Institute in 1865, and married, July, 11, 1867, Miss Nellie S. Hardy of Groton.

Thus, from May, 1838, to May, 1878, there were sixteen pastors, and an average pastorate of two and a half years.

The history of the United States is a story of growth and development. It begins with the first settlers who came to the continent in search of a new life. They found a land of vast potential, but also one of many challenges. The early years were marked by struggle and hardship, but the spirit of the pioneers was unyielding. They built a nation from scratch, one that was based on the principles of liberty and justice for all. The United States has come a long way since those early days, but the values that guided its founding remain its strength. The story of the United States is a testament to the power of the human spirit and the ability of a people to overcome adversity. It is a story of hope and dreams, of a nation that has the courage to stand for what is right. The United States is a land of opportunity, a place where anyone can achieve their dreams. It is a land of freedom, a place where everyone has the right to live as they see fit. The United States is a land of promise, a place where the future is bright. The history of the United States is a story of a nation that has the courage to stand for what is right, a nation that has the strength to overcome adversity, a nation that has the power to achieve its dreams. The United States is a land of hope and dreams, of a nation that has the courage to stand for what is right. The United States is a land of promise, a place where the future is bright.

CHAPTER II.

SCHOOLS.

Coe's Academy. — Seminary. — School-houses. — First Sabbath. — School Organized.

COE'S NORTHWOOD ACADEMY.

[The following historical sketch of Coe's Northwood Academy was prepared for exchange with kindred institutions, on the centennial year of our country, and is changed only to adapt the record to 1878.]

THE town of Northwood is located in the northern part of the county of Rockingham, on the old turnpike road leading from Portsmouth to Concord, the capital of the state.

The distance from the nearest station on the Suncook Valley Railroad, at Epsom, is seven miles. The principal street runs through the center of the town, over a beautiful swell of land, affording views of lakes, hills and valleys of great attractions. The first settlements were made in 1763, by families from Hampton. A population, industrious and religious, soon took possession of the rich soil found on all our hills and valleys, which they dotted with comfortable dwellings.

The town was incorporated in 1773, and its one hundredth anniversary was appropriately celebrated September 6, 1873, by calling home those who had removed from the town, and by an historical address and various memorial services. As the fruit of this, a volume is soon expected to be issued from the press, containing the doings of the celebration and the history of the town, together with historical sketches of Deerfield and Nottingham, the two former having been set off from the latter, after a united history of more than fifty years.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE

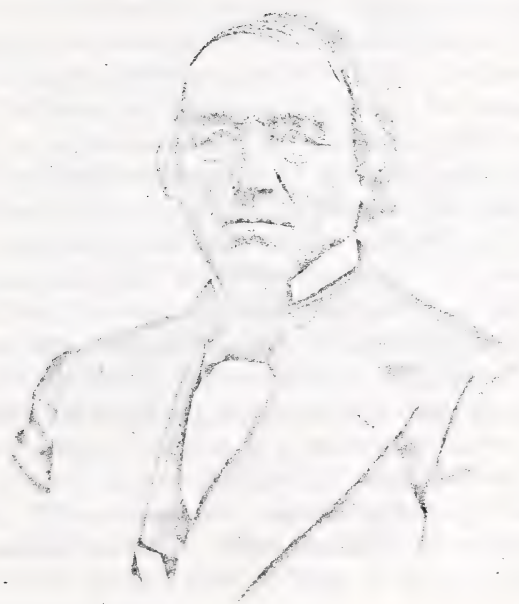
FOR THE YEAR 1891

The following report of the Commissioners of the Land Office for the year 1891, is submitted to the General Assembly. It contains a statement of the land owned by the State, and of the land sold or otherwise disposed of during the year. It also contains a statement of the land owned by the State, and of the land sold or otherwise disposed of during the year.

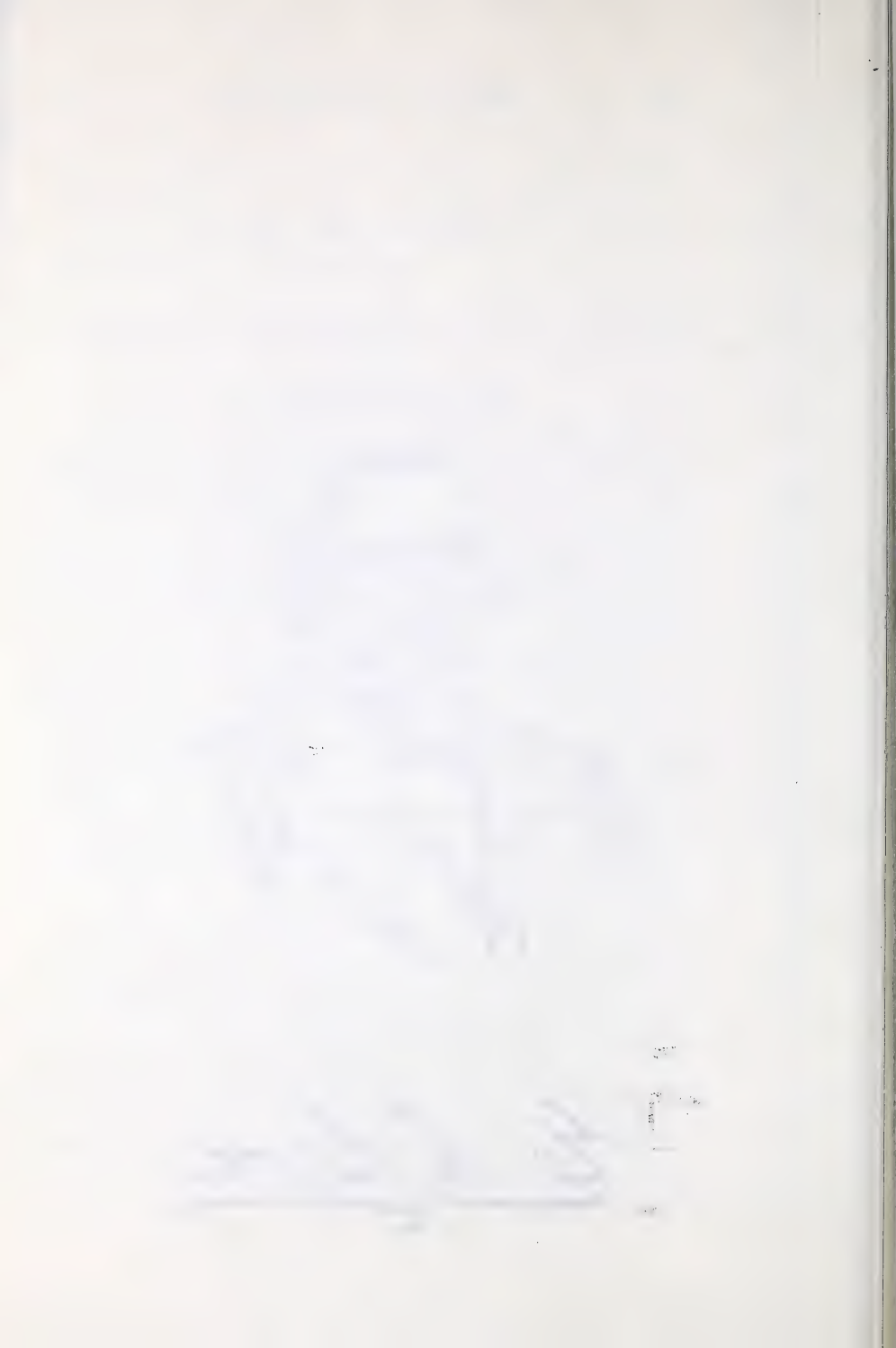
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E. S. Love



This book is to be embellished with portraits and landscape views of the town, and copies of it to be presented to the leading institutions and libraries of our country. The population of the town is one thousand four hundred and thirty, according to the last census. The climate is healthful, and there is an unusual freedom from incentives to restlessness and irregularities, so that great safety is guaranteed to the morals of the young.

The academy was incorporated in February, 1866, and chartered by a special act of the State Legislature, June, 1867, as "Northwood Academy," but in June, 1875, the charter was so amended as that the institution should hereafter be known by the name of "Coe's Northwood Academy," in honor of Ebenezer Coe, Esq., for many years a highly respected merchant and Christian gentleman, whose heart and hand were ready to aid every good cause, and whose son, E. S. Coe, Esq., of Bangor, Me., has shown a lively interest in the town of his nativity, and in various ways has materially aided the academy. At present it has only a small permanent fund, derived from the estate of the late Mrs. Abigail W. Cate, who foresaw the advantages of the institution to the community, and made Northwood Academy the residuary legatee of her small property.

The academy building is a modest structure, fifty feet long by thirty-three wide, having a main hall and two ante-rooms. These rooms are provided with ample blackboards and needful furniture, while the belfry is supplied with a bell full of melody, cast at Troy, N. Y., the gift of the friends of the school.

REUNION.

A reunion of the members of this institution took place at the close of the spring term, May 11, 1875. A large number came from far and near, agreeably to arrangements made by themselves, and were cordially welcomed by teachers and people. A permanent organization was effected as the "Associate Alumni of Coe's Northwood Academy."

Orris W. Farrar, Esq., of Dover, was chosen president; James M. Berry of Malden, Mass., corresponding secretary; and Miss Harriet A. Sanborn of Epsom, recording secretary. An address of welcome was given by the principal, and responded to by the president; notices of the deceased and the married were read by Mrs. Martha Ellen Meade, and entertaining reminiscences and stirring addresses were had during the day. In the evening an address was delivered by Rev. George A. Foss, followed by interesting responses to appropriate sentiments by A. O. Brown, John M. Moses, E. P. Sanborn of Dartmouth College; also, by C. H. Prescott of Walpole, Mass., J. W. Littlefield of Boston, and others.

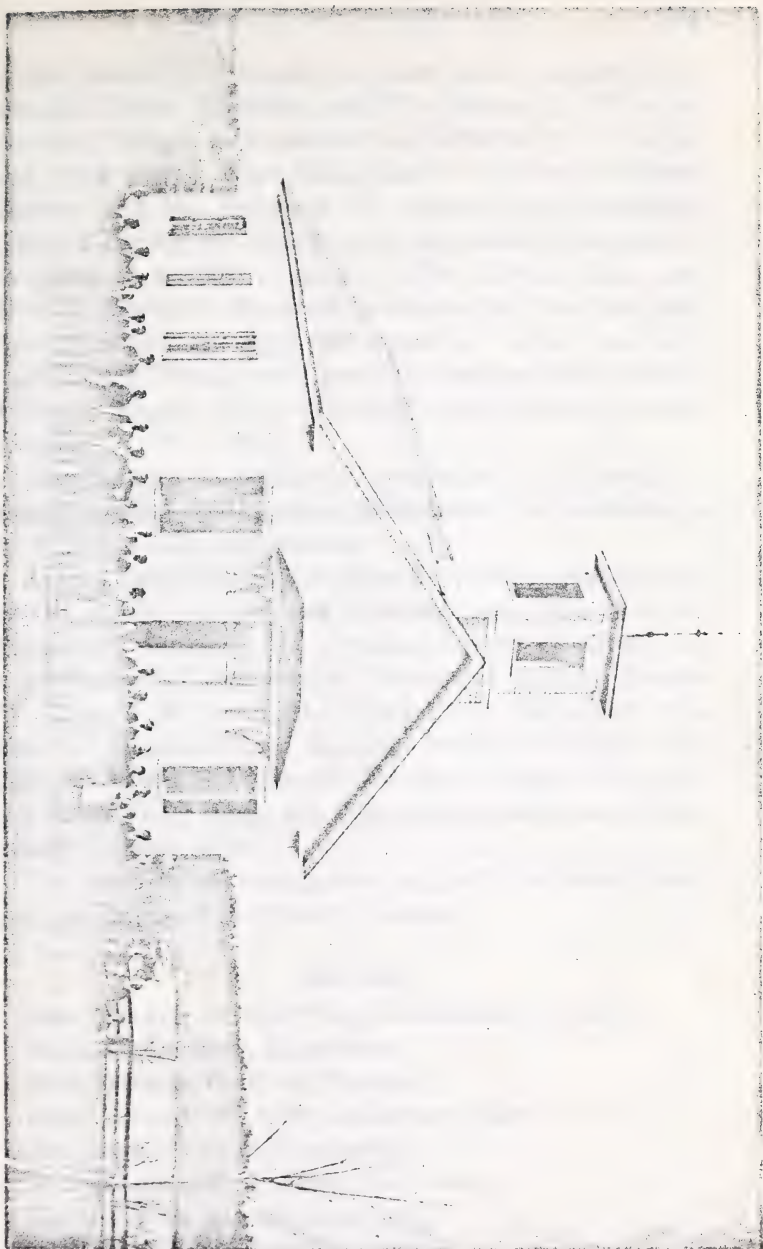
SCHOOL YEAR.

The school year is divided into three terms of twelve weeks each, beginning on the first Wednesday in September, December, and March. There are four prescribed courses; viz., commercial, English, English and classical, and the classical. Appropriate diplomas are awarded to any who may complete either course of studies. In addition to English, Latin, and Greek, instruction is given in French, drawing, painting, vocal and instrumental music.

TEACHERS.

The academy has been under the care of the Rev. E. C. Cogswell as principal, a graduate of Dartmouth College, from 1866 to the present time, a period of twelve years, with an average attendance per term of sixty-three pupils.

Miss Lizzie K. Peabody, a graduate of Oxford Female Seminary, Ohio, Miss Mary Neville, a graduate of Ipswich Academy, and Maj. Charles W. Greene, a graduate of Quaker City Commercial College, Philadelphia, were associate teachers the first year, while Miss Ella K. Hayes of Boston had charge of the department of music.



COE'S ACADEMY.

Boston.



Miss Laura E. Robinson, for some years preceptress in Kimball Union Academy, and Mr. George A. Wood of Harvard College, were associate teachers during the second and third years. Miss Eliza Rand, a graduate of Bates College, and Mr. Nathaniel W. Cogswell, were associate teachers during the fourth year, with Miss Elizabeth G. Cogswell as teacher of music. Miss Martha Ellen, and Miss Elizabeth G. Cogswell, graduates of this academy, the former having taught two years in a ladies' seminary in Pittsburg, Penn., were associate teachers from August, 1870, to August, 1874, with others for teachers in book-keeping.

Miss Harriet A. Sanborn, a graduate of this academy, has been lady principal since 1874, having especial charge of French, music, and drawing.

Among those who have assisted for periods ranging from one term to a year are the following; viz., Miss Clara A. Simpson of Deerfield, Mr. Jonathan Leavitt of Chichester, a graduate of Poughkeepsie Commercial College, Charles W. Fogg, C. F. Carter, Mrs. Elizabeth A. Bohnstedt, Miss Belle P. Tucker, Walter E. King, Martin W. Hoyt, A. B., John M. Moses, and Albert O. Brown, William B. Cogswell, and Rosco Hill; Moses and Brown being graduates of Dartmouth College, 1878.

The interests and management of Coe's Northwood Academy are intrusted to a board of eleven

TRUSTEES.

REV. ELLIOTT C. COGSWELL, Northwood, President.

HON. EDSON HILL, Manchester.

HON. GEORGE G. FOGG, Concord.

HON. GEORGE W. CATE, Amesbury, Mass.

MR. JOHN J. CATE, Northwood.

MR. WILLIAM T. WILLEY, Northwood.

MR. JOHN B. CLARK, Northwood.

JOHN G. MEADE, ESQ., Northwood.

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HON. WILLIAM B. SMALL, Newmarket.

HON. HENRY F. SANBORN, Epsom.

MR. JOSIAH P. LANCASTER, Northwood.

Hon. William B. Small, one of the trustees of Coe's Northwood Academy, died April 7, 1878, from an injury of the head, caused by a fall against a railway track at Rochester, a few weeks prior, in an effort to reach the car which should convey him to the bedside of a dying brother in Ossipee. Mr. Small was born in Limington, Me., May 17, 1817, though his father removed to Ossipee after his birth. He died aged sixty-one, leaving a wife and three children. Mr. Small was married, June 12, 1851, by Rev. E. C. Cogswell, to Miss Olive A. Furber of Newmarket, by whom he had one son, William H. She died, and Mr. Small married the widow of Reuben French. Mr. Small studied at Exeter Academy, read law with Messrs. Bell and Tuck, was admitted to the bar in 1846, and settled in legal practice in Newmarket. He was chosen senator, district No. 1, in 1870; was elected member of congress in 1873, and was county solicitor at the time of his death. Mr. Small stood at the head of his profession; a man of great integrity of character, active in the cause of education, a generous supporter of religious institutions, and an abiding friend. His sympathy was always on the side of humanity; one whom none knew but to respect and love. Rev. E. B. Pike of Northwood, since the death of Mr. Small, has been elected to fill his place as trustee.

NORTHWOOD SEMINARY.

This institution is located on Clark's Hill, some mile and a half or two miles south-east from the center of the town and from the academy. In 1864, an effort was made to erect a building for educational purposes in this part of the town, without any very well defined conception of what was wanted or what could be done. Dissensions among the projectors of the enterprise rendered meetings, held to

consult respecting the object, inharmonious, and an adjournment to a distant day was voted. When that day arrived, no one put in an appearance, and the enterprise was freely admitted to be a failure, and was abandoned by those who had been most prominent in the movement; some of these men became interested in the establishment of the academy in 1866, and pecuniarily aided in the erection of the academy building by subscribing to its funds. But when the academy was legally incorporated, and the building of the edifice was contracted for by responsible men, sectarianism incited some, and localism others, to revive the old scheme, and to sacrifice freely to its accomplishment. Their building was erected in 1866, and a school started in the autumn, which has been maintained with greater or less success until 1878, under the instruction of a new principal, generally, each year, the names of whom we have not obtained. As yet this institution has no permanent fund, and must rely on the tuition for the support of the teacher. Under the spur of excitement, a fund was raised by parties obligating themselves and heirs to pay annually the interest, for a period of ten years, on the amounts severally subscribed; this has come to an end.

The building has an airy situation, is two stories high, the upper being used by a lodge of Freemasons, and for such other purposes as circumstances may demand.

With judicious management, and with a felt need of the institution by wise men in the community, this seminary might be made a promoter of knowledge and good character among those who partake of its benefits.

SCHOOL-HOUSES.

The first efforts to provide instruction for the children at public expense resulted in the division of the town into several districts, and the selectmen were authorized to apportion to each its share of the small sum they were able to raise. Schools were at first taught in some unoccupied log houses,

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or rooms in private dwellings. The building of school-houses early commanded the attention of the town, and repeated votes to build were passed, not, however, executed. As now, the location occasioned strifes and prevented building, and not unfrequently the same building would be made to change its location, as new settlements were formed changing the center of population, or as new roads might be constructed modifying facilities of approach. It would seem that quite early in the history of the town there were five districts in which schools in some part of the year were taught. These were known as Morrill, Johnson, Center, Batchelder, and Knowlton districts. The following votes of the town will suggest some of the difficulties they had to contend with: —

May 7, 1792. "Voted that the Narrows School house be Seat by the Narrows."

June 26, 1792. "Voted that the Senter District move the Senter School house and Set it on the corner of John Crockets Land the North Side of the Road by Elezer Watsons. Voted that the Town wood not move the lower School house upon the expense of the Town."

"November 12, 1792, a meeting of the legal voters of the town was held at the Senter School house."

March 19, 1793. "Voted to except of the Senter School house as Benjamin Hill built it." "Voted to build three more School houses by the cost of the town."

On the 25th, at an adjourned meeting, "Voted that the wood not Receive the School house that Daniel Hoit built." "Voted to have Chamber floars to the School houses." "Voted the Destricts to provide places to Set the Several School houses on." "Voted that all the School houses be attended and finished in the Same manner as the Senter School house is by the cost of the town." "Voted that Joseph Demerit, Increase Batchelder and Eliflet Taylor be a Committee to survey the Several School houses and to report to the town. Voted that Daniel Hoit refund back

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Forty three Dollars out of the money that he Rec^d towards Building a School house." "Voted to Build a School house for the Lower Destrict. Voted Samuel Sharbun to build one School house. Voted Jonathan Randal to build one School house. Voted Henry Batchelder to build one School house."

There are at present nine districts. The school-houses are mostly new, or recently remodeled, and about fifteen hundred dollars are annually raised for the support of the public schools; while the academy at the Center and the seminary near the Freewill Baptist Church afford ample facilities for the higher education of the children of the town.

FIRST SABBATH SCHOOL.

As early as 1819, the Rev. Mr. Prentice made a beginning in sabbath-school instruction by organizing a class of four young men, who met at his house and had him for their teacher. These young men were Charles Harvey, Josiah Edgerly, Samuel Johnson Edgerly, and J. Elliot Brown. The next year classes were organized at the Narrows, Jenness Pond, the Center, and Clark's Hill; and soon these were all united in one school, holding its sabbath sessions at the school-house at first, then at the meeting-house. Some years later, schools were organized in connection with the Calvin and Freewill Baptist Churches. These schools at first were discontinued during the cold weather, but for many years have, in the Congregational Church, been continued through the entire year. All that composed the class of 1819 have died, J. E. Brown being the last.

The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and that its history is a history of growth and expansion. The second is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a common identity. The third is the fact that the United States is a nation of free men, and that its history is a history of the struggle for freedom.

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CHAPTER III.

LOCAL SKETCHES.

East Northwood. — Clark's Hill. — Center. — Letter of Hon. S. B. Piper. — Narrows. — S. G. Drake. — His Letter. — Blake's Hill. — Chace C. Hill. — The Mountain. — Bennett's Hill. — Richardson's Hill.

EAST NORTHWOOD.

HERE the first settlement was made, the first school-house erected, the first church built, the first blacksmith-shop opened, and the first store presented the attractive merchandise, — tobacco, salt fish, New-England rum, and molasses, being in excess.

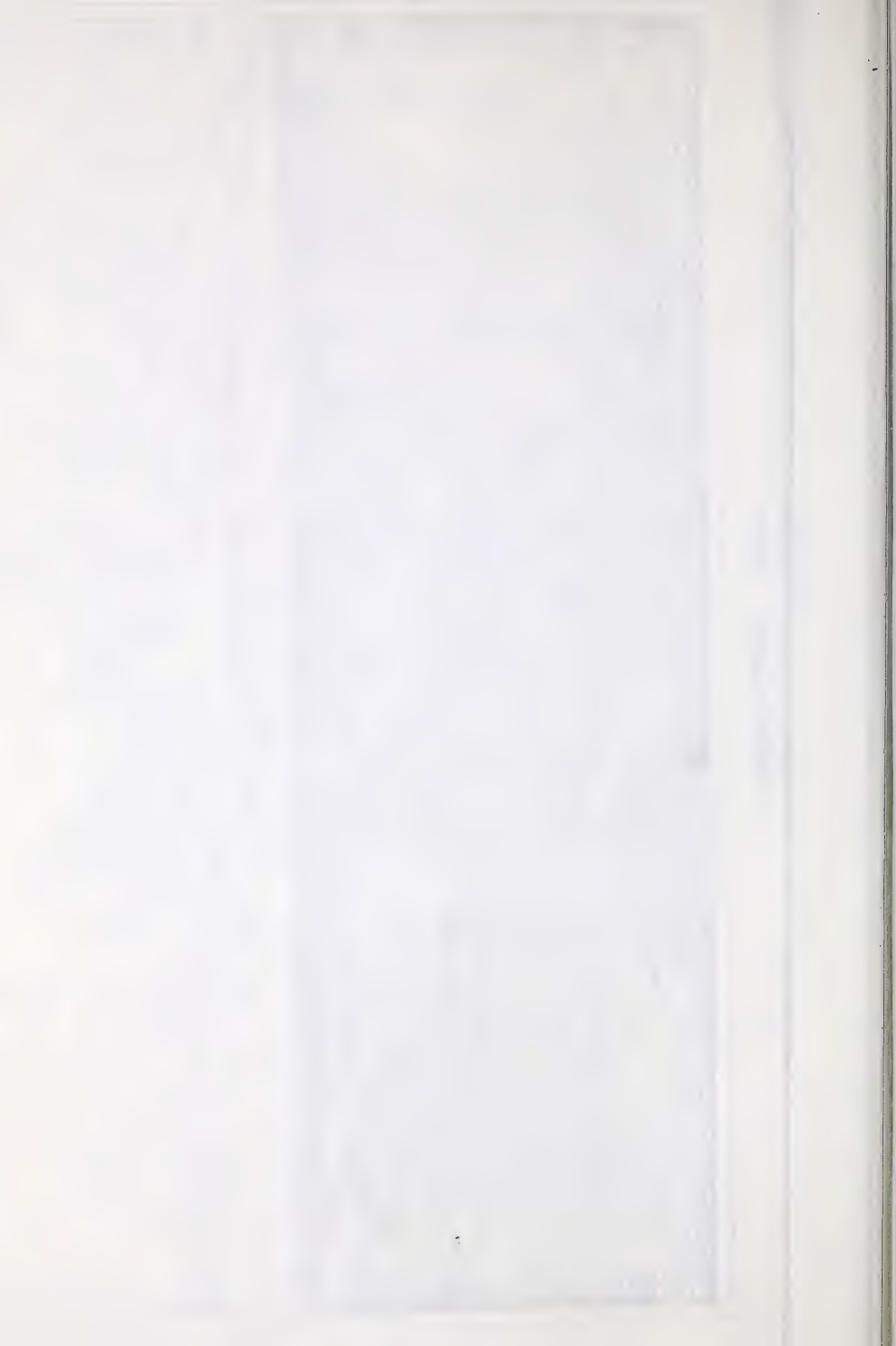
Some of the earlier teachers are remembered with interest by the older inhabitants because of the aid rendered in solving the problems of arithmetic, or in dusting their coats with the birch. Knowledge was limited, both in teachers and scholars; reading was poorly executed; mathematics were unknown, save arithmetic as far as interest or cube root; geography had few attractions; and grammar was a blessed mystery, when not thought of with dread.

It was here that the Rev. Edmund Pillsbury, for years, taught the people on the sabbath, and the children during the week, as a pastor.

"A man he was to all the country dear,
And passing rich with twenty pounds a year.
Remote from towns he ran his godly race,
Nor e'er had changed, nor wished to change, his place
Unpractis'd he to fawn, or seek for power,
By doctrines fashioned to the varying hour;
Far other aims his heart had learned to prize, —
More skilled to raise the wretched than to rise."

As a teacher, he was mild and patient, ready to unfold all the stores he had, whether great or small, and many of the first generation had reason to remember him with gratitude.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a textured appearance with visible creases, wrinkles, and some discoloration or foxing, particularly along the edges. There are faint, illegible markings and shadows across the surface, possibly from the reverse side or due to the age of the paper. The overall tone is a light beige or off-white.



Here was the region in which was felt the strength of the arm of Samuel Buzell, to subdue the will and crush the might of overgrown young men fond of revolution, preferring to be masters and disdaining to obey. Buzell could look down with contempt upon any six-footer, and no man could wield the poker, or lay on the birch, with greater effect; few the rogues that dared resist, and destruction awaited those that dared. His stern aspect and lowering brow were enough to carry dismay to the stoutest heart. When other teachers failed and were "put out," Buzell was the "coming man," and when he came, culprits went out. And yet he was one of the noblest of men. For his times, he knew much, far more than most teachers. He loved to teach any that loved to learn. He was skillful in imparting instruction and in encouraging those who desired to learn, carrying beneath a stern exterior a kind heart and sincere love for the young. His influence for good, as teacher and superintending committee, we think, has been equaled by no other man in the town. His bearing was such as not only to inspire respect towards himself, but make the young desire to be respected. To young men, Buzell was a model man, and those who imbibed most of his energy, manly spirit, and upright deportment, came nearest to true manhood. Would that he had many successors not inferior to him.

It was here, also, that "Master Thomas Demeritt" figured, before Buzell. He had many excellences as a teacher and acquired a wide reputation in his vocation, being well known as "Master Demeritt."

Among the merchants who flourished in this part of the town, was Joel Virgin, a native of Concord. He held his position long among the honorable men of his times, for urbanity of manners and fair dealing. Nathan H. Leavitt, and others, were sometimes associated with him in trade, or "up for themselves," and brisk was the business in the "staples" of life. The merchants were polite and accom-

...the city of Boston, which is situated on the neck of land between the harbor and the mainland, and is bounded by the water on three sides. The city is divided into several wards, and each ward is governed by a selectmen. The selectmen are chosen by the freeholders of the ward, and they are responsible for the police and the fire of the ward. The city is also governed by a mayor and a city council. The mayor is elected by the city council, and he is the chief executive officer of the city. The city council is composed of members from each ward, and they are responsible for the laws and the finances of the city. The city of Boston is one of the oldest and the largest cities in the United States. It has a long and rich history, and it is a city of many achievements. The city is known for its harbor, its ships, and its people. It is a city of commerce and industry, and it is a city of culture and education. The city of Boston is a city of many faces, and it is a city of many stories. It is a city that has shaped the history of the United States, and it is a city that will continue to shape the future.

modating, young ladies were abundant, old women enough, hard-handed men as numerous as could be desired, and "red noses," not a few. The dance, the husking, and the sleigh-ride were popular "institutions."

Dr. John Starr, the physician here, a graduate of Cambridge and a member of the New-Hampshire Medical Society, cured or killed, as the head was "level" or otherwise; a gentleman of fine taste and culture, who would have been an honor to his profession and the pride of society, under other surroundings and the control of appetite.

The shops of the blacksmith, where the forge glowed, and the sons of Vulcan sweat in black, where nails were wrought and shoes were hammered, where horses kicked and oxen roared, and "craziness seemed to rule the day" and cheer up the night, have ceased to be what once they were. Taverns, odorous with toddy and punch, where men ate, drank, smoked, bragged, swore, and fought, when the internal heat was too great, where teamsters rested, horses and oxen reposed, coachmen halted, and travelers "turned in," have ceased to be the resorts of mighty captains and windy corporals. In the place of all these, is the neat and attractive school-house, with its teachers of intelligence and dignity, and its pupils, modest and quick to learn, carrying books unfolding the sciences in an attractive style, and the beauty of whose exterior "is a joy forever." The old "poker" is gone, the large rods have disappeared, the ferule is unused, standing on one foot, extending the arm, bending to touch nothing, clasps on the ears, and the chip between the jaws, are things that are numbered among days gone by; while the school-room is the place to which the young are attracted to be taught, and not driven to be tortured. The church wears a cheerful aspect without, and discloses an air of comfort within, and all things conduce to an intelligent and spiritual worship.

The farms discover to the traveler the presence of culti-



Heliotype Printing Co.

Boston.

ELM TREE, CLARK'S HILL.



vation and abundance ; and here is the shoe manufactory of the Pillsbury Brothers, doing an extensive business, furnishing employment for many, and disbursing large sums monthly.

Here H. E. Kimball has his store ; Mrs. H. L. Carter her millinery shop, with articles new and old ; G. W. Knowlton his blacksmith-shop ; the Cates, Pillsbury, and Johnson their saw-mill ; the Cates and Boody their grain-mill, and another saw, shingle, and clapboard mill, the latter two being just within the bounds of Nottingham. In the first-named mill may be found machinery for planing, for laths, and other purposes. West of the factory is Miss Stephens's millinery store, Brickett's variety store, and, beyond, D. N. Tilton & Co.'s store ; at Hoitt's Corner, and yet nearer Clark's Hill, may be found the manufactory of Tasker Brothers, for carriages and sleighs.

CLARK'S HILL.

This locality was early chosen for a settlement, though no settlement was made until after families had improved their lands in the eastern and central portions, as well as at the Narrows. This neighborhood was attractive because it overlooked the whole tract of land lying between it and the ocean, while from it an extended northerly view might be had. The Clarks built here, coming from Stratham. They were men of business capacity and of acknowledged integrity. The first Clark for a while kept a tavern, and his house was always made the home of the traveler when desired, and the scene of much hospitality. A store, blacksmith-shop, and a school-house soon gave notoriety to the locality. Jonathan Clark, Esq., for many years traded here, while taverns on the east and west were well patronized. Since Mr. Clark removed from the town, Jacob, William, and Caverly Knowles have in succession occupied his place ; while a meeting-house belonging to the Freewill Baptists has been reared, and still later the seminary

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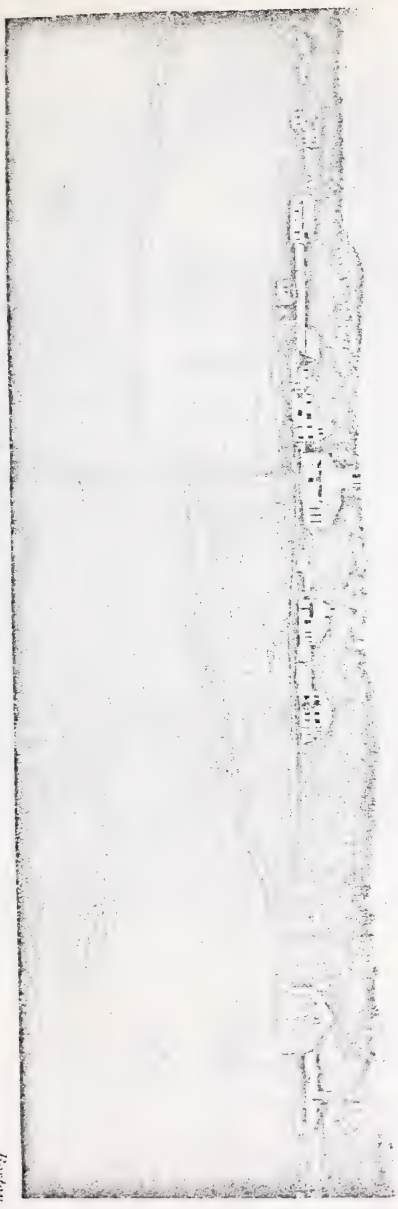
building, wherein a school has been taught by several principals in succession since 1866; and within the last three years a post-office has here been established. The anvil of Jonathan Hill long rang here, and Mr. Manning, his successor, keeps its music good.

THE CENTER.

This part of the town was early settled. Here was built the Congregational meeting-house. Here Norton long did a thriving business in blacksmithing, and here the Hon. John Harvey acquired a large property in trade and in keeping a tavern; here Deacon J. Piper also traded, and kept for many years a public house, which became extensively known and was the favorite resort of travelers, who formerly were numerous on this highway between Concord and the lower towns; here a post-office was early established, and here it remains; while a modest and attractive church has taken the place of the first structure; Coe's Academy stands by its side, under the care of the same principal since 1866. The district school-house, the blacksmith-shop, and the hotel, together with the store of J. G. Mead, Esq., and the beautiful lake, contribute their parts to make this locality one of much attraction, and a favorite resort for those flying from the heat and dust of cities. Mine hosts, Hill & Co., have greatly improved the external appearance and the internal arrangements of the well-known Harvey House, and from long experience know how to make their guests comfortable and contented, whether they live to eat, exercise to enjoy, or sail or row for pleasure on the placid lake, whose waters abound with pickerel and smaller fish. Delightful drives are shown through diversified scenery of land and water, both near and remote. Few places present more attractions for the tourist than these around Harvey Lake.

The Center was formerly the scene of much activity. The old tavern was thronged with strangers, and made

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Boston.

NORTHWOOD CENTRE.





S. B. Piper



cheerful by the jovial bowl. The tan-yard, under the management of John Harvey, jr., and, later, of Deacon Thomas Wiggin, afforded employment for some, and the extensive traffic in lumber brought from Pittsfield, Epsom, and Barnstead, as well as from the many parts of the town, for more hands. At present the shoe business brings employment to many, and the box-factory of Ivory B. Hill, erected in 1877, is adding to the activity of the neighborhood.

Among the men known to fame who have gone forth from this part of the town, is the Hon. Sherburne Blake Piper of Lewiston, N. Y., the eldest son of Deacon Jonathan Piper. He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1832, taught Lewiston Academy, N. Y., read law with the late Judge Hotchkiss of Lewiston, was admitted to the bar of all the courts in the state in 1837, held the office of district-attorney for the county in which he resides from 1845 to 1851, was candidate for Congress in 1842, 1844, 1850, and in 1852, was an elector at large when Franklin Pierce was chosen president, has been for ten years a member of the board of supervisors of his county, being chairman of the same for five years, was elected member of the Assembly in 1876, and re-elected in 1877. Mr. Piper married, November 5, 1835, Ann Eliza, daughter of the late David and Martha Goodwin of Batavia, N. Y., and they have a son and a daughter, the former owning and occupying a plantation of thirteen hundred acres of land near the city of Brunswick in Georgia.

Mr. Piper's interest in the place of his nativity may be seen from the following letter:—

LEWISTON, N. Y., September 3, 1873.

REV. E. C. COGSWELL.

Dear Sir,—Yours of the 6th ult. was duly received. I have delayed an answer in the hope that I might be able to comply with your very complimentary request. I deeply regret that my professional duties at the court, now in session, absolutely forbid my being present on the occasion of your celebration on Saturday next. Nothing but the most urgent necessity could prevent it. Every day since I was

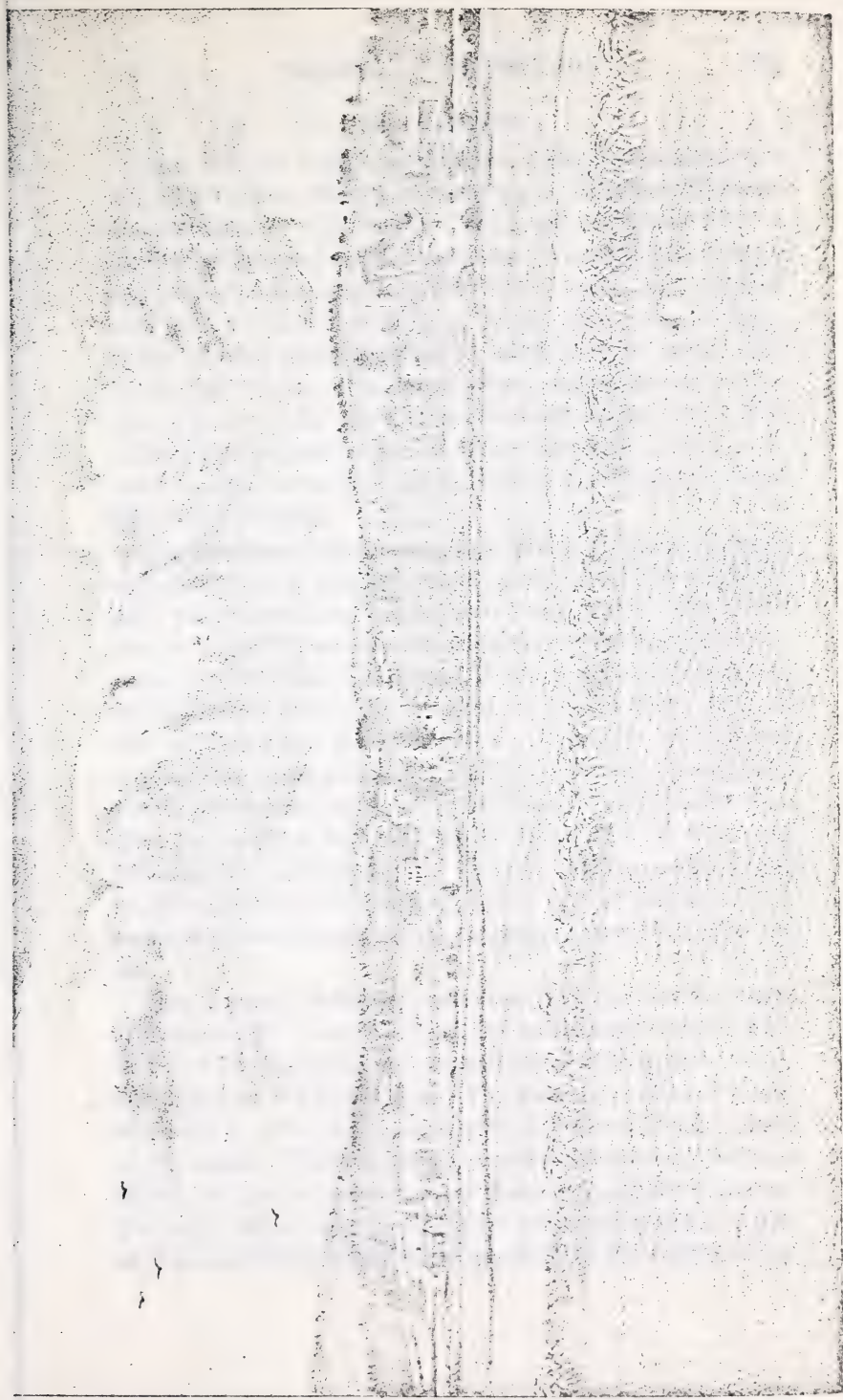
notified by you, in the spring, of the intended celebration, Northwood has been more or less the subject of my musings. In imagination, I have again traveled along the highways, seen the houses and those that dwelt in them, all as they appeared fifty years ago, or upwards. The faces, the dress, the manners of the people, appear to me as distinct and vivid as do those of my neighbors of to-day. The strange and the common place, all alike pass in review before me. Almost every place and thing belonging to Northwood forty years ago, has its story for me. The place of one's birth, the scene of his childhood and youth, however unlovely it may be in itself, has its attractions and charms for him. But Northwood, aside from these considerations, is attractive and interesting beyond most other places. I have never seen a place so picturesque as it. Within its narrow limits there are situated, wholly or partially, nine little lakes, the like of which I have never seen elsewhere. When a boy, these lakes afforded me great opportunities for sport. In their waters I learned to fish and swim. On their surfaces, I made my first attempts at skating and paddling a canoe. In the lake near my father's, season after season, I was in the habit of spearing fish in the spring, and of gathering water-lilies in the summer.

I have not time to refer to all the loved attractions of your town. One other must suffice. The view both far and near from a point at or near where Mr. Jonathan Clark's family resided, is both commanding and beautiful. The road in both directions from this point, for two miles or more, has the appearance of a thickly-settled street. On the east, the whole country between this point and the ocean can be seen, and even the ocean itself, with its regular and unbroken horizon, while on the west and north-west the sky-line is entirely different; it is irregular and broken by the mountains and high lands which appear in this direction. The scenery viewed from this point by itself in any direction is pleasant; but, when viewed and considered as a whole, it presents a beautifully variegated picture.

The last time I visited New Hampshire was four years ago, on an occasion not unlike the one proposed by the people of Northwood. It was to attend the centennial celebration of the establishment of Dartmouth College. The delight which I experienced on that occasion makes me anxious to be present at your celebration. I have thought all along that the Northwood celebration would afford me greater satisfaction than did that of the college, and that it would be the day of all others that I should mark and write down as the holiday of my life. But this pleasure is forbidden me. "*Sic voluere Parcae.*" Say to those who knew and now recollect me as a Northwood boy, that I shall never forget nor forsake old Northwood, not for all the rest of the world beside.

Yours truly,

S. B. PIPER.





THE NARROWS.

Here was the second settlement made in the town, and immediately after that in the east part. Solomon Bickford was the hero of this region. He loved adventure; had a passion for hunting the fox and bear; was strong and tall, a sort of giant, yet mild and gentle, full of mirth, and running over with wonderful stories of things and events, delighting in making others amazed at what he told them. He passed his life here in usefulness; never harming, but always blessing, he was a favorite of all around him. His kindred and descendants were much like him, and marvelous were the stories they could recount and great the feats they could perform.

The Johnsons came next, and, like the Bickfords, were social and fond of fun and merriment, so that the neighborhood was characterized by these traits. The "Narrows" are so named from the circumstance that here the two streams from Harvey and Long Ponds approach each other, but have their directions changed by a high ridge, so that they unite at some distance below. Over this they passed to reach the place where Mr. Bickford pitched his tent, and over it now is the road leading to Pittsfield and other towns. Here was built a saw-mill, which in process of time was followed by several others in its neighborhood, which greatly facilitated settlements in this part of Northwood by supplying new comers with building materials ready for use.

Here Samuel Johnson built the first grist-mill, where, afterwards, Mr. Lancaster had his carding and fulling mill, in which he did quite an extensive business, greatly to the advantage of his customers. The stream on which his mill was built is quite small, as, indeed, are all within the limits of the town. Northwood is the source of streams, while it affords no channels for streams flowing from other sources. The only one of any considerable importance is the outlet of Suncook Lake, which soon passes into the limits of Ep-

ORIGINAL ARTICLES

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som. The outlets of Jenness, Harvey, and Long Ponds are the next in size, but dwindle into insignificance in dry seasons. On the latter, Mr. Lancaster's mill stood, and, close by where that stood, is now Durgin's, built by Miles Durgin and William S. Ring, in which the latter was killed by being caught by a shaft. Higher up is another mill, owned by the Jameses; not far from it, on the outlet of Jenness Pond, is another, owned by Mr. Bartlett; and still another, a short distance from the Narrows, towards Epsom, owned by Messrs. Holmes and Noyes. Here, at the Narrows, may be found the best school-house in town, in which, in two departments, about one hundred children are taught. Here are two stores, kept by J. S. Trickey, and J. P. Lancaster and Sherman. For many years, a post-office has been here. Mr. Frost long traded here, succeeded by the late Eben Coe, Esq., and many others have here done business, either on a small scale, or for short periods.

The manufacturing of shoes centered early at the Narrows, and made it a thriving village for a time; while Dow's tan-yard was near by.

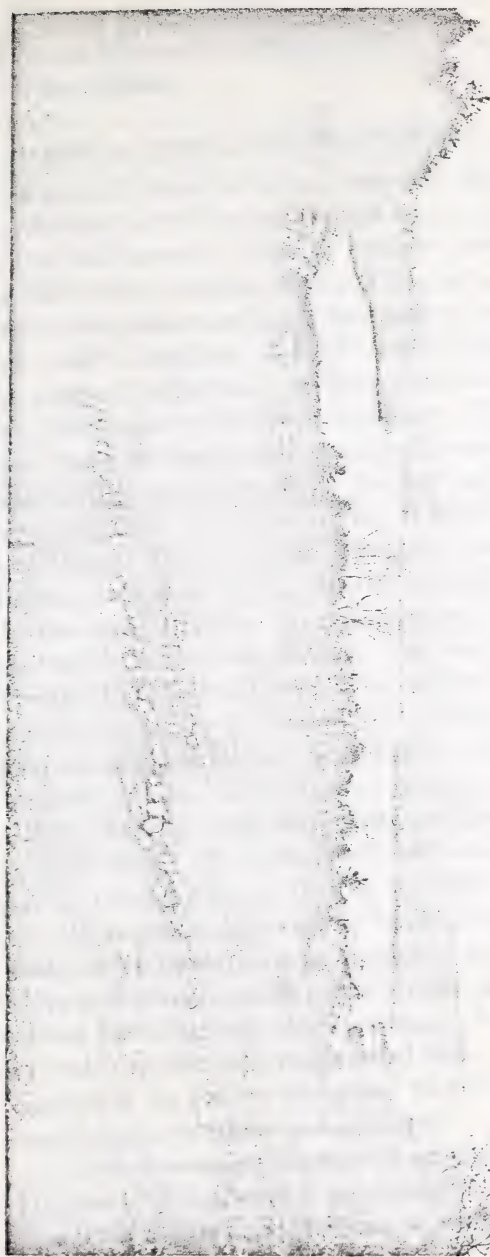
In speaking of mills, it should be remarked that Northwood has had many of them, not a few over streams now too small for such a purpose, and in neighborhoods from which timber has been removed, the sites of these mills being here and there seen.

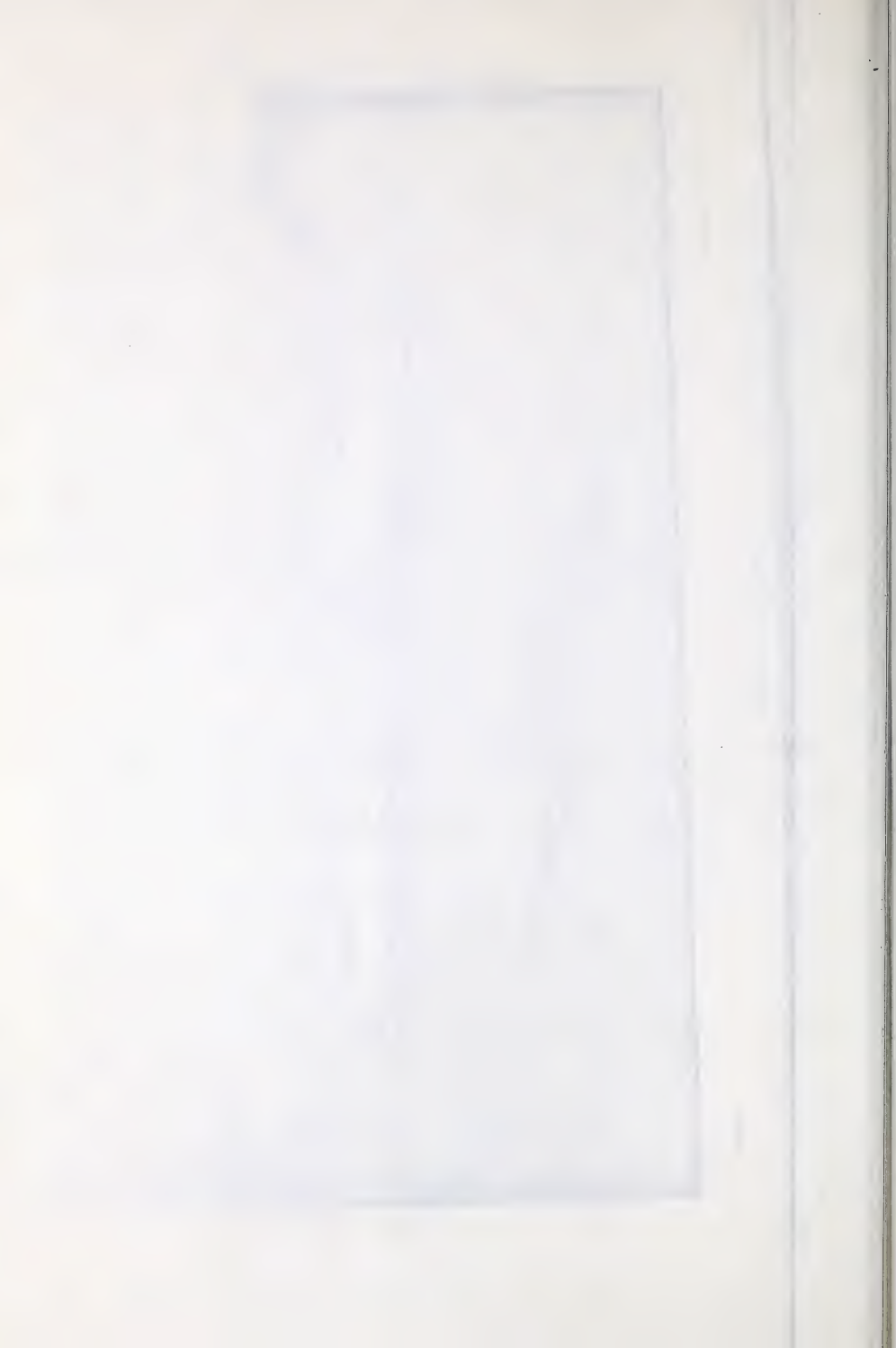
It is said that the ruins of one of the first saw-mills, until recently, might be seen on the chief inlet to Harvey Lake, formerly known as Bunker's Brook, about half-way between where the brook crosses the turnpike, and Wiggins's meadow, then so called. Here a grist-mill was erected, which, in a few years, became useless for want of water. This stream was called Bunker's Brook, because a hunter of that name was killed upon it. The place where he was killed is about half a mile from the turnpike, where it crosses the brook, a few rods north of the residence of the late Rev. Josiah Prentice. The hunter was killed by the

10. *Prunella*

11. *Prunella*

Prunella





accidental discharge of his gun while he lay down to drink from the stream.

SAMUEL G. DRAKE, THE HISTORIAN AND ANTIQUARIAN.

Samuel G. Drake's father removed from Pittsfield into Northwood in 1805, when Samuel was but a child, and settled at the Narrows, where he lived for many years. Samuel here grew up with those of his age, and was taught with them in the common school, where he received his entire school education. Here he early displayed a taste for the study of antiquarian subjects, and obtained much valuable information respecting the Indian tribes that occupied these parts of the country in former years. He took great pleasure in conversing with the aged men in Northwood, especially with the soldiers in the Revolutionary army, such as William Willey, Samuel Johnson, John Bickford, John Harvey, Stephen Hoitt, Simon Batchelder, and others. At the same time, he became personally acquainted with the men that served in the last war against Canada; Thomas Langley, who was killed while lying in his berth in the hospital, by a cannon ball; Theophilus Griffin, who died of sickness during the service; John Willey, son of William of the Revolutionary army; Eleazar Watson; Gideon Moore; John Starboard; and Solomon Langley.

Much under the influence of such men during his early years, it is not strange that he resolved to devote much of his life to antiquarian and historical research. Hence we find him to be the first to establish an antiquarian bookstore in Boston, in 1828. He became one of the founders of the New England and Historical Genealogical Society, of which he became president in 1858. He began the publication of its quarterly register in 1847, and continued it many years, as editor and publisher.

One of his earliest works was entitled, "Sketches of the History of Northwood," published in the New-Hampshire Historical Collections, Volume 3, making some twenty-five

or thirty pages, containing some mistakes, but showing his interest in the town in which so much of his youth was passed. Mr. Drake devoted much time to Indian history, and published the results of his researches. He was the author of the "History and Antiquities of Boston," published when Mr. Drake was fifty-six years old, after "many years of delving into the musty chronicles of the past."

To a letter inviting him to be present at the centennial celebration in Northwood, Mr. Drake replied : —

Boston, September 2, 1873.

REV. E. C. COGSWELL.

Dear Sir, — Your kind letter of August 30 has just come to hand, informing me of the proposed centennial celebration of the incorporation of Northwood, and inviting me to be present on the sixth instant. Having been, from almost my earliest recollections, interested in matters of antiquity, it gave me much pleasure to learn that there were gentlemen residing there who took sufficient interest in historical periods to notice its centennial. I would not wish to be thought invidious, but I was rather surprised that Pittsfield should let its centennial pass unnoticed, thus making the inference to be drawn, that its people are behind its neighbors in intelligence.

I write only to say, that I thank you for your kind invitation, and that it will not be in my power to be present at the celebration, though it would give me much pleasure to do so. I will mention, that, in 1830, I wrote a crude sketch of Northwood, for the New-Hampshire Historical Collections. And, as the real name of the author was withheld, possibly it may be of interest to you to know who was the writer.

Very respectfully and truly yours,

SAMUEL G. DRAKE.

Mr. Drake was born in Pittsfield, October 11, 1798, and died at his residence in Boston, June 14, 1875, of pneumonia, aged nearly seventy-seven years.

BLAKE'S HILL.

This lies between the turnpike and Harvey Lake, and Deerfield, being a beautiful swell of land, from which is gained an extended view of the street on the turnpike, and of the lakes, Harvey and Suncook, that lie sparkling at

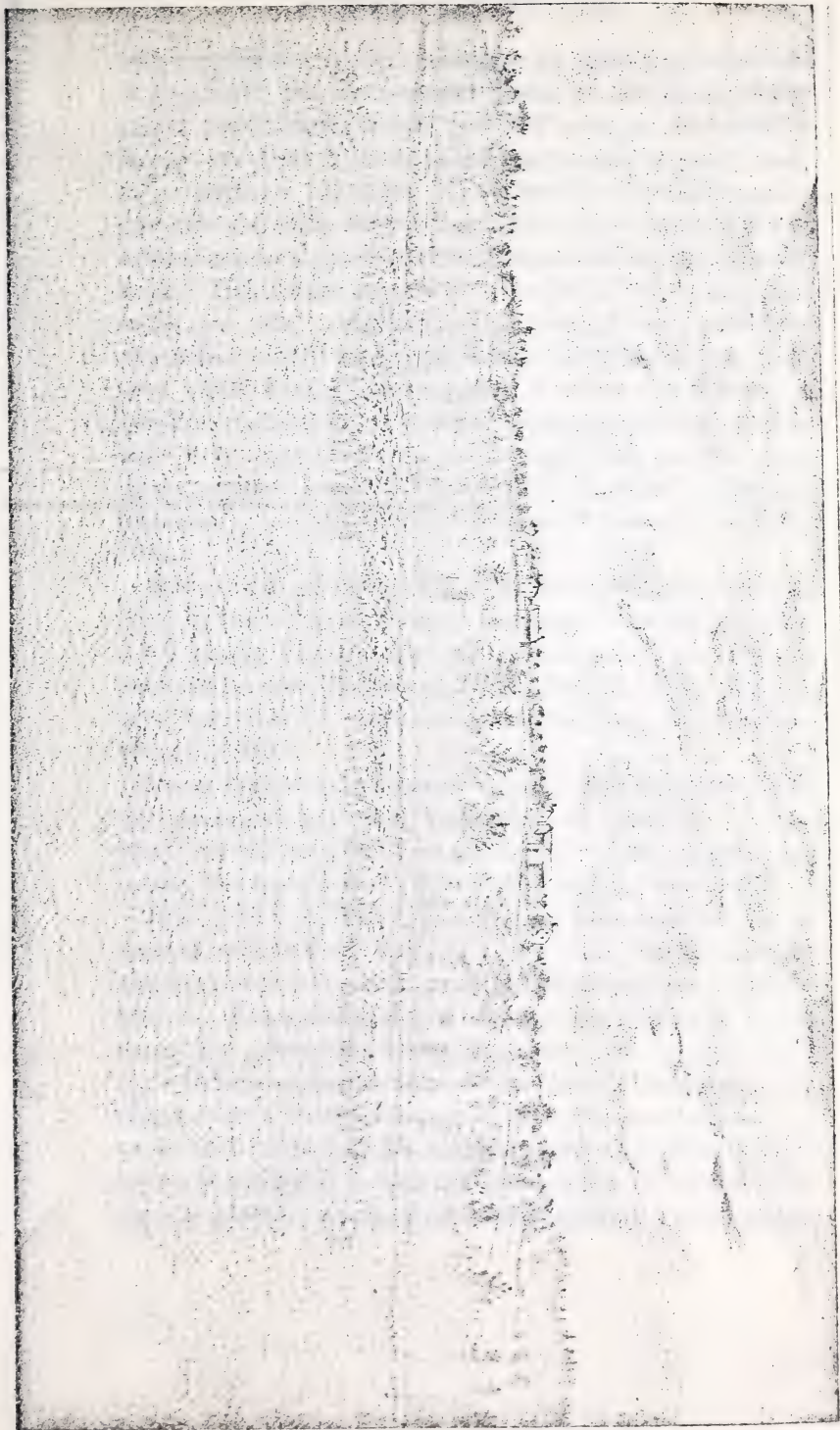
The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and that its history is a history of growth and development. The second is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these immigrants. The third is the fact that the United States is a nation of free men, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these free men.

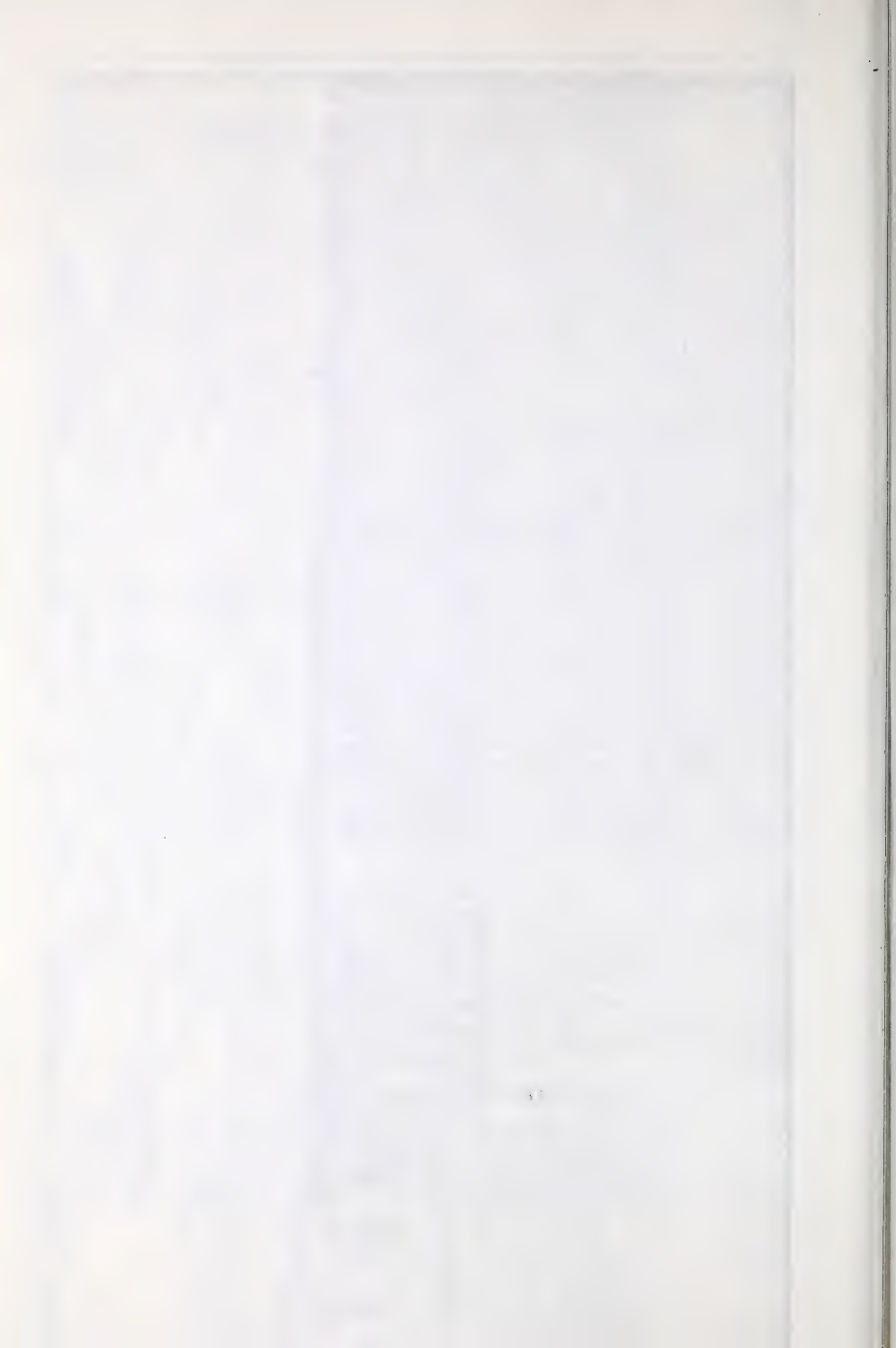
The fourth is the fact that the United States is a nation of law, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these laws. The fifth is the fact that the United States is a nation of progress, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these progress. The sixth is the fact that the United States is a nation of peace, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these peace.

The seventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of justice, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these justice. The eighth is the fact that the United States is a nation of liberty, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these liberty. The ninth is the fact that the United States is a nation of equality, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these equality.

The tenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of unity, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these unity. The eleventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of strength, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these strength. The twelfth is the fact that the United States is a nation of wisdom, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these wisdom.

The thirteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of hope, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these hope. The fourteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of faith, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these faith. The fifteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of love, and that its history is a history of the struggle for the rights of these love.





its base; farther in the west may be seen Kearsarge, and in the north the snow-capped peaks of the White Mountains; Saddleback extends east and west, on the south of it, and the Blue Hills form the background of the picture, in a northerly direction. The road to Deerfield passes over this elevation, descending a steep declivity into a deep ravine, across a small inlet to Suncook Lake and near its head. This ravine, known as "The Gulf," is a wild, picturesque spot, which, together with a tract of land on the corresponding height on the opposite side of the "Gulf," has been called Griffin Town, because here dwelt a number of families of the name of Griffin, whose peculiarities of character were quite marked. This "Gulf" is a favorite resort in the summer season for those fond of grand and romantic scenery, and well repays the lover of nature in her wild freaks.

Blake's Hill is named from families that early settled here, by the name of Blake. Here was born the late Rev. John Lauris Blake, author of several school and literary works, who died in Orange, N. J., July 6, 1857. He was born December 21, 1788, and graduated from Brown's University in 1812.

These Blakes were valuable citizens, and much respected for moral integrity and knowledge of business. It was upon this hill that the Hon. Edson Hill of Manchester, and others who have gained position and wealth, were born.

Here was born Chace C. Hill, or "Master Hill," son of Samuel, and he lived through a long life. In boyhood, he was fond of mathematics, and studied when others slept or played. The pitch-knot was his lamp, for by day he toiled, except for a few short weeks in winter. He borrowed Murray's Grammar, found, somewhere, Morse's Geography, and aimed to be a "school-master." He was soon singled out as the best scholar in his neighborhood, and, when a mere boy, was employed to take charge of a district school. He was, in stature, short, with broad shoulders and strong

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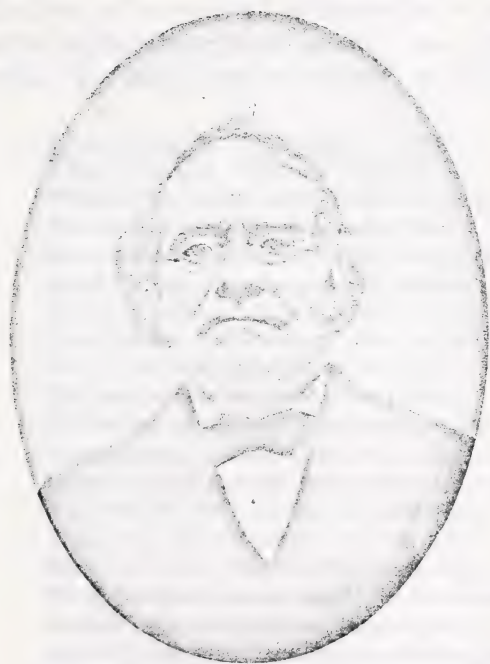
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arms, his cheek-bones somewhat high, his eyes deep-set and half concealed by long, black eye-brows, his step firm and quick; in short, his whole personal appearance seemed to assure his pupils that it was the better part of valor to offer no resistance. Boys could see where strength was concealed and thunder was "bottled." And, when some foolhardy fellow thought experience would be the better teacher, and challenged him to contest, he at once found himself in the condition of Virgil's Dares in the tiger-grasp of Old Entellus. He bowed as beneath a bolt from heaven, or the dust of his jacket blinded his eyes when subjected to the elastic and not very modest rod. If boys played tricks behind his back, the keen eye of the master would detect the culprits, who soon indicated where the smart was by the position and frantic movements of their hands. Young men in those days attended school, strong and robust, yet ignorant and rough in manners, who took great pleasure in putting the master out of the school-house, and several would often combine to accomplish this; but none ever attempted to play the trick a second time on "Master Hill," for, by one contest, "horse and rider" became as powerless as the troops of Pharaoh when they wrestled with the angry sea. Hence the services of Mr. Hill were sought for in "hard" districts, and where others failed he succeeded. Yet Mr. Hill carried, beneath this stern exterior, a heart tender and loving. If his shaggy eye-brows carried terror to the culprit, there was a pledge in his face of kindness in his heart, in which any one could share who had a regard for what was right. After the labors of the day in the school-room, he spent the long hours of the evening in aiding his pupils in solving problems in arithmetic, or in understanding whatever might occupy them in school-hours. The range of his education was circumscribed, yet Mr. Hill was a practical man, of sound judgment, and he trained his pupils to think, and fitted them for the practical duties of life. He was, himself, awkward, yet taught, by



Chas C Hill



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

rules, ease of manners; himself unrefined, he sought to refine his pupils; himself not eloquent in speech, he taught elocution; himself poorly taught in grammar, he succeeded in teaching his pupils to read, spell, and write, with not a little correctness. Thus, during more than fifty years, and in nearly a hundred schools, he made his influence felt, and hundreds remember him with lively interest as a faithful and laborious teacher.

Reader, would you like to see Master Hill? You *can* see him, just as he appeared to the writer in nearly the last school he taught, being about seventy years old. There is the artist's portrait; here is the poet's word-picture:—

“A man severe he was, and stern to view;
I knew him well, and every truant knew;
Well had the boding tremblers learned to trace
The day's disasters in his morning face;
Full well they laughed with counterfeited glee
At all his jokes, for many a joke had he;
Full well the busy whisper, circling round,
Conveyed the dismal tidings when he frowned.
Yet he was kind, or, if severe in aught,
The love he bore to learning was in fault.
The village all declared how much he knew;
'Twas certain he could write, and cipher too,
Lands he could measure, terms and tides presage,
And even the story ran that he could gauge.
In arguing, too, the parson owned his skill,
For even though vanquished, he could argue still;
While words of learned length and thundering sound
Amazed the gazing rustics ranged around;
And still they gazed, and still the wonder grew
That one small head could carry all he knew.”

In politics, Mr. Hill affiliated with the Democratic party until the Republican was formed. To the former party, he was the expounder of law, and his opinion was readily accepted. He was much in office, and served the town faithfully, and transacted the business correctly, for he had

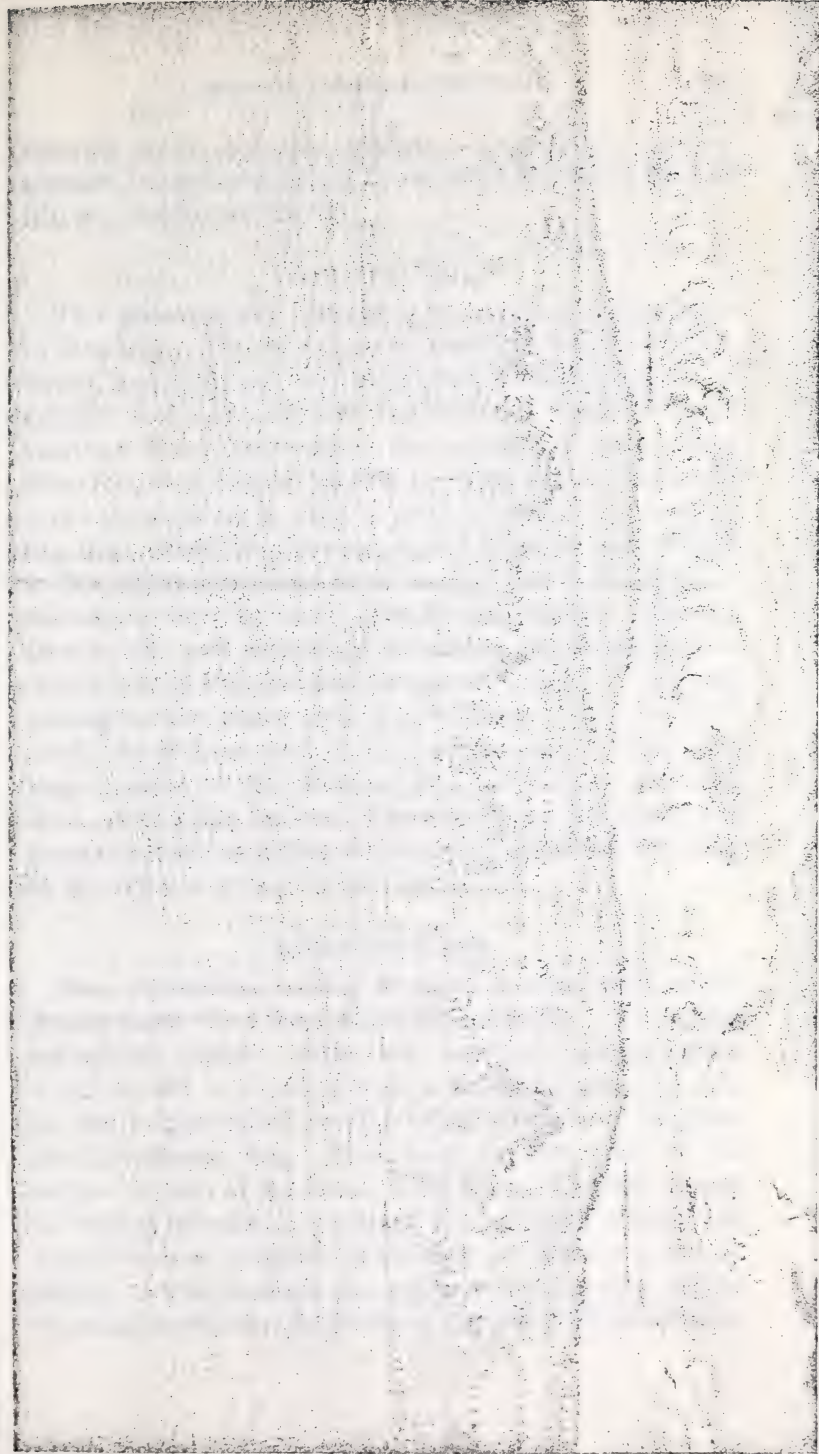
thoroughly studied the statutes of the state, and knew whereof he affirmed.

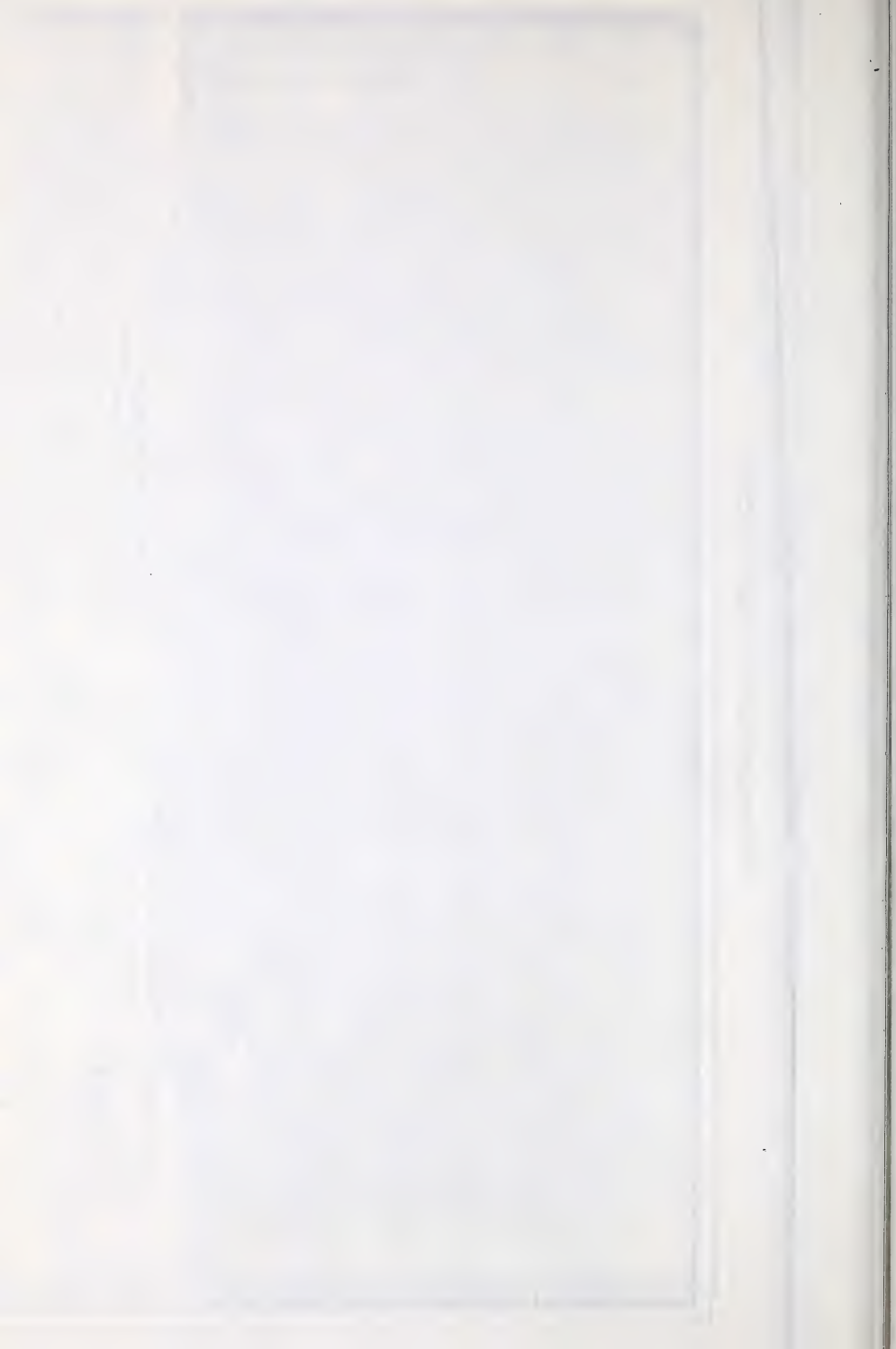
When Mr. Hill transferred his relations to the Republican party, he was in like manner accepted as authority in all doubtful questions. Honest in his convictions, and those convictions being on the side of humanity, Mr. Hill became zealous in the cause of universal freedom and unequivocally opposed to oppression.

THE MOUNTAIN.

We do not mean Saddleback, nor any other literal mountain by this caption, but a high slope of land extending from the southern extremity of Saddleback towards the sun's rising, abounding in rocks and deep soil, rich in fields and pastures, orchards and comfortable dwellings. Over this tract, passes the road leading to Deerfield from Hoitt's Corner, descending near that locality, precipitously, into a deep ravine, much like that of the Gulf, where many a casualty has made many a man feel that there was but a step between him and death. Horse and rider involuntarily shrink from the perilous descent, and look with alarm at the opposite acclivity. Yet, over this, parties of pleasure, men of business, and beasts of burden, have almost daily passed, and braved the danger and toil for a hundred years. Upon this eminence, settlements were early made, and large families have been raised and sent forth, tall, robust men, and vigorous women, able to cope with obstacles anywhere, without fear of taller forms, stronger frames, or more elastic muscles. The range of vision in most directions is extensive, and the air invigorating. Knowlton's Lake sparkles as a gem of beauty in the very bosom of this tract of land, a favorite resort once for the red man, when tall pines and majestic oaks shadowed the land. Here Col. John Morrison lived when he served his country so well in the days of the Revolution; and here his son, the Hon. Robert Morrison, resides, passing his age amid the

SADDLEBACK MOUNTAIN.





pleasant cares and the comforts of rural life; finding pleasure in rock and rill, in flower and tree; never tired of life, nor sighing for its end.

BENNETT'S HILL.

This eminence lies between the turnpike and Bow Lake in Strafford. The view from it in several directions is extended and rich, and full of interest to the stranger. A suitable establishment here for summer residents would receive a liberal patronage. An enterprising man might soon realize a fortune on this, or Blake's Hill, who would invite the dwellers in cities to revel in luxuries of scenery like this. The Hills, Knowleses, and Bennetts early settled in this region and reared large families that have scattered themselves over no small part of the country. The soil here is rich and capable of sustaining a large population. At the foot of this eminence in one direction, on the road leading to the upper part of Bow Lake, is the saw-mill owned by William and G. T. Sherburn, near which is a large quantity of pine, hemlock, and oak timber. Near by, close by the line between Northwood and Strafford, was perpetrated the revolting murder of Georgianna Lovering by Franklin B. Evans, in October, 1872.

RICHARDSON'S HILL.

This picturesque locality is about a mile north of the Narrows, the views from which are delightful. At its base are nestled Jenness, Little Bow, Long, and Durgin Lakes, while the hill is crowned with a delightful grove of oak. In this neighborhood are the valuable cranberry meadows of S. S. James, Esq. Here were located some of the earliest settlers of the town. The lover of nature cannot fail to find here much to attract his attention, whether he lingers long or performs the circuit of Jenness Lake, not failing to ride beneath the overhanging branches of the remarkable elm near the house of the late J. Elliott Brown,

nor declining to climb Fogg's Hill, from which he may obtain a view of eight lakes sparkling in the sunlight, of the Blue Hills in Strafford, and Saddleback, between Deerfield and Northwood, while other attractive points will present themselves.

All these places are easy of access, and will well repay the labor of visiting them. A generation will yet arise that will prize these as the rich inheritance of their attractive location.



CHAPTER IV.

PROFESSIONAL AND MUNICIPAL.

Attorneys. — Physicians. — Town Officers. — Fragmentary Records of Selectmen.

ATTORNEYS.

ABRAMHAM B. STORY graduated at Brown, 1799, began practice in 1803 at Northwood, but soon removed to Washington.

John Kelly, son of Rev. William Kelly, born March 7, 1786, graduated at Dartmouth College in 1804, read law with J. H. Woodman, admitted attorney at Henniker in 1808; removed to Northwood soon after where he practiced until 1831; was clerk of the House of Representatives in 1828; was representative from Northwood, and also from Exeter, and was councilor in 1846. Mr. Kelly was register of probate from 1831 to 1842.

Nathaniel Dearborn (see attorneys of Deerfield) married Abigail, daughter of Capt. Newman. Their daughter became the wife of William T. Willey. Mr. Dearborn died September 12, 1860, aged seventy-nine.

Ira B. Hoitt, native of Northwood, was clerk of the court of common pleas for many years; also of the superior court. He has been practicing several years as attorney. (See Hoitt family.)

The people of Northwood have never been litigious; Mr. Coe at the Narrows, Judge Harvey at the Center, the Clarks on Clark's Hill, and Mr. Virgin and others at East Northwood, always counseled peace, and Mr. Kelly, a man of blessed memory, was a Christian peace-maker.

Woodbury M. Durgin was appointed register of probate in 1877.

Hon. Edson Hill was for some years state treasurer.

PHYSICIANS.

John Starr, a graduate of Harvard, early came to Northwood, and established himself in the east part of the town, extending his practice into Nottingham, Barrington, and Strafford. He died about 1850. He married Sarah Virgin of Concord, sister of Joel Virgin, Esq., merchant in East Northwood. Dr. Starr was elected a fellow of the New-Hampshire Medical Society.

Benjamin Kelly, born in Salem, April 29, 1763, studied with Dr. Haseltine of Haverhill, Mass., and began practice in Northwood in 1785. He married Mary Gile of Nottingham in 1787, removed to Loudon about 1797, and to Gilmanton in 1801, where he died March 23, 1839. His son, Charles G., married Abigail G. Sherburne, daughter of the late Capt. John Sherburne of Northwood.

William Smith of Salem, born September 18, 1769, died August 11, 1833, aged sixty-four. Mr. Smith studied with Dr. B. Kelly of Northwood, and succeeded him in practice. He married, March 10, 1805, Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan Clark. (See Smith family.)

Moses Hill, a native of Warner, succeeded Dr. Smith; he married Eliza Burnham, daughter of David Clark of Northwood, removed to Manchester, 1844, thence to Burlington, Ia., in 1857, where he died, January 27, 1875, leaving two daughters, one of whom, Margaret E., is the wife of Joseph B. Nealley, of Burlington, Ia. (See Hill family, Dr. Moses.)

Claudius Buchanan Webster, son of the late Rev. Mr. Webster of Hampton, succeeded Dr. Hill in 1844. He read with Dr. Chadbourne of Concord, and graduated at the Medical College at Hanover, having graduated at Dartmouth in 1836. He married Mary E. Webster of Pembroke in 1844, and, in 1846, removed to Norwich, Conn., where he and his wife taught a ladies' school until the Rebellion broke out, when he devoted himself to caring for the soldiers, chiefly in Washington, D. C., and President Grant, unsolicited,

sent him consul to Sheffield, Eng., which office he still retains. Dr. Webster is a gentleman of great purity of character and of ripe scholarship.

Thomas Tuttle settled in East Northwood; he was born in Barrington, February 23, 1817, and died May 28, 1873. (See Tuttle family.)

Caleb W. Hanson came to Northwood, April, 1858, and resides on Clark's Hill. Mr. Hanson was born in Barnstead, October 14, 1832, and married Emma A. Knowles, daughter of Morris Knowles, Esq., of Lawrence, Mass., December 21, 1859. (See Knowles family.) He studied medicine at Brunswick, Hanover, and New York City; graduated in 1858.

SELECTMEN.

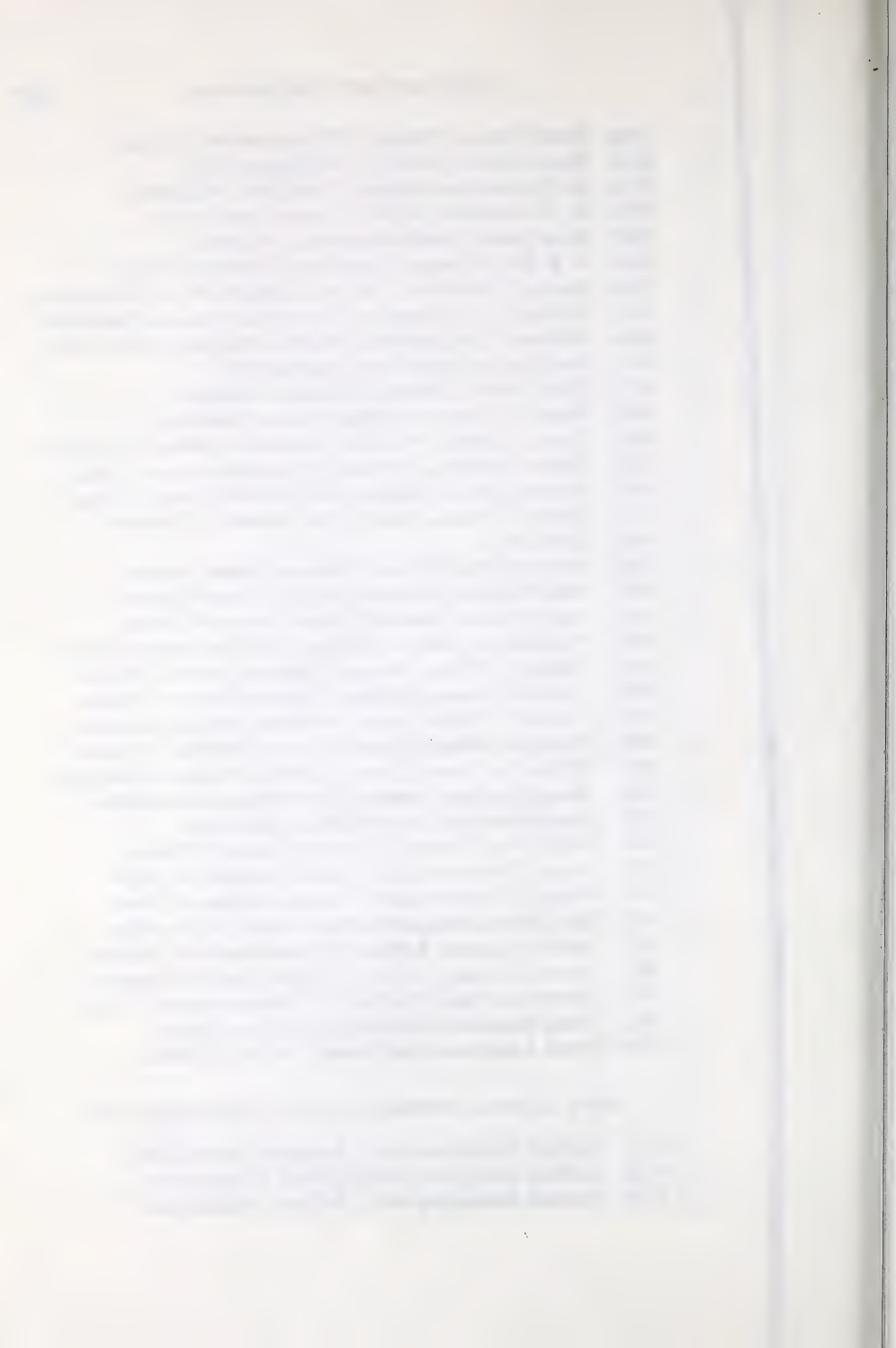
- 1773. Benjamin Hill, Joseph Denerit, Samuel Johnson.
- 1774. Benjamin Hill, John Sherburn, John Batchelder.
- 1775. Samuel Johnson, William Wallace, Sherburn Blake.
- 1776. Benjamin Johnson, Solomon Bickford, William Prescott.
- 1777. Solomon Bickford, Thomas Piper, Daniel Hoitt.
- 1778. Joshua Furber, Robert Hill, Samuel Sherburn.
- 1779. Joshua Furber, Samuel Sherburn, Samuel Johnson.
- 1780. Samuel Johnson, Joshua Furber, Samuel Sherburn.
- 1781. Samuel Johnson, Joshua Furber, Samuel Sherburn.
- 1782. Jonathan Jenness, Samuel Johnson, Henry Batchelder.
- 1783. Henry Batchelder, John Batchelder, Samuel Johnson.
- 1784. John Batchelder, Henry Batchelder, Samuel Johnson.
- 1785. Samuel Johnson, John Batchelder, Henry Batchelder.
- 1786. Henry Batchelder, Samuel Johnson, Sherburn Blake.
- 1787. John Harvey, Samuel Johnson, Jonathan Jenness.
- 1788. Henry Batchelder, Robert Morrison, Henry Batchelder.
- 1789. Sherburn Blake, Robert Morrison, Henry Batchelder.
- 1790. Henry Batchelder, Sherburn Blake, Robert Morrison.
- 1791. Samuel Johnson, Sherburn Blake, Henry Batchelder.
- 1792. Henry Batchelder, Sherburn Blake, Joshua Hoitt.
- 1793. Samuel Johnson, Sherburn Blake, Henry Batchelder.
- 1794. Nathaniel Garland, Levi Mead, Henry Batchelder.
- 1795. Henry Batchelder, Levi Mead, Nathaniel Garland.
- 1796. Henry Batchelder, Levi Mead, Nathaniel Garland.
- 1797. Levi Mead, Henry Batchelder, Nathaniel Garland.
- 1798. Henry Batchelder, Jacob Swain, Levi Mead.

1799. Jacob Swain, Solomon Buzel, Henry Batchelder.
1800. Solomon Buzel, Jacob Swain, Joshua Hoitt.
1801. Joshua Furber, Henry Batchelder, Samuel Johnson.
1802. Joshua Furber, Jonathan Clark, Samuel Johnson.
1803. Henry Batchelder, John Furber, Samuel Johnson.
1804. Henry Batchelder, Samuel Johnson, Solomon Buzel.
1805. Joshua Furber, John Harvey, Henry Batchelder.
1806. Joshua Furber, James Batchelder, John Harvey.
1807. Thomas Demeritt, John Harvey, Henry Batchelder.
1808. Thomas Demeritt, Henry Batchelder, John Harvey.
1809. John Harvey, Thomas Demeritt, Jonathan Piper.
1810. Thomas Demeritt, Jonathan Piper, John Harvey.
1811. John Harvey, Jonathan Piper, jr., Thomas Demeritt.
1812. Thomas Demeritt, John Harvey, Jonathan Piper.
1813. Ebenezer Coe, Jonathan Piper, jr., David Clark.
1814. Ebenezer Coe, Jonathan Piper, jr., David Clark.
1815. Ebenezer Coe, David Clark, James Morrison.
1816. David Clark, James Morrison, Alexander Johnson.
1817. David Clark, Philip Hoitt, John Harvey.
1818. David Clark, Ebenezer Coe, John Harvey.
1819. David Clark, Ebenezer Coe, John Harvey.
1820. John Harvey, David Clark, Thomas Demeritt.
1821. Ebenezer Coe, Thomas Demeritt, David Clark.
1822. Ebenezer Coe, Thomas Demeritt, John Harvey.
1823. Thomas Demeritt, John Harvey, Philip Bartlett.
1824. John Harvey, Ebenezer Coe, Thomas Demeritt.
1825. Thomas Demeritt, Joseph Nealley, John Harvey.
1826. Jonathan Clark, Ebenezer Coe, Nathan Knowlton.
1827. Joel B. Virgin, John Harvey, jr., Philip Bartlett.
1828. Joel B. Virgin, John Harvey, jr., Philip Bartlett.
1829. Joel B. Virgin, John Wiggin, jr., Samuel James.
1830. John Wiggin, jr., Samuel James, John J. Demeritt.
1831. John Harvey, Miles Knowlton, Samuel James.
1832. John Harvey, Miles Knowlton, Jonathan Tasker.
1833. Chase C. Hill, Nathaniel Durgin, Stevens James.
1834. Chase C. Hill, Nathaniel Durgin, Stevens James.
1835. Ebenezer Coe, Chase C. Hill, Richard Hoitt.
1836. Richard Hoitt, Edson Hill, Henry Dow.
1837. Edson Hill, Henry Dow, Enoch Pillsbury.
1838. Enoch H. Pillsbury, Chase C. Hill, Abraham B. Cilley.
1839. Abraham B. Cilley, Jonathan Knowlton, Joel B. Virgin.
1840. Joel B. Virgin, Chase C. Hill, Jonathan Knowlton.
1841. David Furber, William B. Willey, Samuel B. Buzell.

1842. David Furber, William B. Willey, Samuel B. Buzell.
1843. Samuel Buzell, Hollis J. Clark, Joseph Hill.
1844. E. D. Knowlton, Hollis J. Clark, John M. Harvey.
1845. E. D. Knowlton, Caverly Knowles, Ezra Tasker.
1846. Ezra Tasker, Caverly Knowles, J. R. Hoitt.
1847. J. R. Hoitt, George T. Sherburne, Philip E. Bartlett.
1848. George T. Sherburne, Philip E. Bartlett, W. H. H. Knowlton.
1849. William H. H. Knowlton, Joseph Hill, Shadrach Batchelder.
1850. William H. H. Knowlton, Shadrach Batchelder, Ezra Tasker.
1851. Ezra Tasker, Rufus Swain, Charles Hill.
1852. Rufus Swain, Charles Hill, Samuel S. James.
1853. Samuel S. James, S. B. Buzell, Henry Knowlton.
1854. Henry Knowlton, Brackett J. Demeritt, Thomas J. Pinkham.
1855. Richard Hoitt, jr., Nathaniel D. Caswell, Alonzo J. Fogg.
1856. Richard Hoitt, jr., Nathaniel D. Caswell, Alonzo J. Fogg.
1857. Warren P. Swain, Eben C. Dow, Alonzo F. Knowlton.
1858. No record.
1859. John B. Clark, William P. Bennett, James Bickford.
1860. John B. Clark, William P. Bennett, James Bickford.
1861. John B. Clark, Thomas B. Norton, James W. Hoyt.
1862. Woodbury M. Durgin, William T. Willey, James W. Hoyt.
1863. William T. Willey, Francis J. Hanson, Solomon Watson.
1864. Francis J. Hanson, Solomon Watson, Vincent P. Tasker.
1865. Vincent P. Tasker, Samuel S. James, Elbridge G. Boody.
1866. Elbridge G. Boody, Charles Wingate, William A. Caswell.
1867. William A. Caswell, Henry Knowlton, Mayhew P. Knowlton.
1868. Henry Knowlton, Mayhew P. Knowlton, James Griffin.
1869. Henry Knowlton, James Griffin, Philip Hoitt.
1870. Ezra Tasker, George T. Sherburn, Elisha S. Tasker.
1871. George T. Sherburn, Ezra Tasker, Jonathan H. Hoitt.
1872. George T. Sherburn, Ezra Tasker, Jonathan H. Hoitt.
1873. Ezra Tasker, Jonathan H. Hoitt, George W. Knowlton.
1874. Samuel S. James, Nathaniel E. Cate, Daniel S. Edgerley.
1875. Samuel S. James, Nathaniel E. Cate, Daniel S. Edgerley.
1876. Henry Knowlton, Woodbury M. Durgin, James C. Locke.
1877. Henry Knowlton, James C. Locke, Dyer Watson.
1878. Henry Knowlton, Dyer Watson, Samuel N. Towle.

TOWN CLERKS, MODERATORS, AND REPRESENTATIVES.

1773. Increase Batchelder, clerk; Benjamin Johnson, mod.
1774. Increase Batchelder, clerk; Samuel Johnson, mod.
1775. Increase Batchelder, clerk; William Wallace, mod.



1776. Thomas Piper, clerk; John Batchelder, mod.
1777. Thomas Piper, clerk; William Wallace, mod.
1778. Robert Hill, clerk; William Wallace, mod.
1779. Levi Dearborn, clerk; Joshua Furber, mod.
1780. Levi Dearborn, clerk; Nathaniel Chandler, mod.
1781. Levi Dearborn, clerk; Nathaniel Chandler, mod.
1782. Levi Dearborn, clerk; Solomon Bickford, mod.
1783. Levi Dearborn, clerk; William Wallace, mod.
1784. John Harvey, clerk; Joseph Demerit, mod.
1785. John Harvey, clerk; Joseph Demeritt, mod.
1786. John Harvey, clerk; William Wallace, mod.
1787. John Harvey, clerk; Jonathan Clark, mod.
1788. John Harvey, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.
1789. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Joshua Furber, mod.
1790. Jonathan Clark, clerk; William Wallace, mod.
1791. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Samuel Johnson, mod.
1792. Jonathan Clark, clerk; William Wallace, mod.
1793. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Samuel Johnson, mod.
1794. Jonathan Clark, clerk; William Wallace, mod.; Jonathan Clark, rep.
1795. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; Jonathan Clark, rep.
1796. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Samuel Sherburn, mod.; Jonathan Clark, rep.
1797. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Samuel Sherburn, mod.; Jonathan Clark, rep.
1798. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Samuel Sherburn, mod.; Jonathan Clark, rep.
1799. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Henry Batchelder, mod.; Sherburn Blake, rep.
1800. Jonathan Clark, clerk; Samuel Johnson, mod.; Sherburn Blake, rep.
1801. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; Sherburn Blake, rep.
1802. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Jonathan Clark, mod.; Solomon Busel, rep.
1803. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Joshua Furber, mod.; Solomon Busel, rep.
1804. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; John Furber, rep.
1805. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; John Furber, rep.
1806. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; John Harvey, rep.

The following table shows the results of the examination of the specimens of the various types of bacteria which were obtained from the patients who were treated at the hospital during the year 1916. The table is arranged in the order in which the specimens were received, and the results are given in the order in which they were obtained. The table is arranged in the order in which the specimens were received, and the results are given in the order in which they were obtained.

The following table shows the results of the examination of the specimens of the various types of bacteria which were obtained from the patients who were treated at the hospital during the year 1916. The table is arranged in the order in which the specimens were received, and the results are given in the order in which they were obtained.

1807. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Samuel Sherburn, mod.; John Harvey, rep.
1808. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Thomas Demeritt, mod.; John Harvey, rep.
1809. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Samuel Sherburn, mod.; Solomon Buzel, rep.
1810. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Samuel Sherburn, mod.; Solomon Buzel, rep.
1811. Dr. William Smith, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; Solomon Buzel, rep.
1812. Dr. William Smith, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; John Harvey, rep.
1813. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; Levi Mead, rep.
1814. Dr. William Smith, clerk; Sherburn Blake, mod.; Levi Mead, rep.
1815. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; Levi Mead, rep.
1816. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; Ebenezer Coe, rep.
1817. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; David Clark, rep.
1818. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; David Clark, rep.
1819. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; Ebenezer Coe, rep.
1820. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; Ebenezer Coe, rep.
1821. Dr. William Smith, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; Joseph Nealley, rep.
1822. Dr. William Smith, clerk; David Clark, mod.; Joseph Nealley, rep.
1823. Dr. William Smith, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; Joel B. Virgin, rep.
1824. Dr. William Smith, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; Joel B. Virgin, rep.
1825. John Harvey, jr., clerk; Joel B. Virgin, mod.; Joel B. Virgin, rep.
1826. John Harvey, jr., clerk; John Kelley, mod.; John Kelley, rep.
1827. Ira B. Hoitt, clerk; Joel B. Virgin, mod.; John Kelley, Esq., rep.
1828. Ira B. Hoitt, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; Ebenezer Coe, rep.
1829. Ira B. Hoitt, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; James Batchelder, rep.

1830. Ira B. Hoitt, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; James Batchelder, rep.
1831. Edson Hill, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; John Harvey, jr., rep.
1832. Edson Hill, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; John Harvey, jr., rep.
1833. Edson Hill, clerk; John Harvey, mod.; John J. Demerett, rep.
1834. Edson Hill, clerk; Joel B. Virgin, mod.; John J. Demerett, rep.
1835. Edson Hill, clerk; Hon. John Harvey, mod.; Jonathan Hill, rep.
1836. Jonathan Bennett, clerk; Chace C. Hill, mod.; Jonathan Hill, jr., rep.
1837. Samuel Bartlett, 2d, clerk; Edson Hill, mod.; William B. Willey, rep.
1838. Samuel Bartlett, 2d, clerk; Edson Hill, mod.; William B. Willey, rep.
1839. Nathan H. Leavitt, clerk; Chace C. Hill, mod.; Edson Hill, rep.
1840. Nathan H. Leavitt, clerk; Joel B. Virgin, mod.; Edson Hill, rep.
1841. Hollis J. Clark, clerk; Nathaniel Dearborn, mod.; Richard Hoitt, rep.
1842. Hollis J. Clark, clerk; Nathaniel Dearborn, mod.; Richard Hoitt, rep.
1843. Caverly Knowles, clerk; William B. Willey, mod.; David Furber, rep.
1844. Caverly Knowles, clerk; Rufus Swain, mod.; David Furber, rep.
1845. H. J. Clarke, clerk; Rufus Swain, mod.; Gilman Batchelder, rep.
1846. E. Tibbetts, clerk; Rufus Swain, mod.; Gilman Batchelder, rep.
1847. E. Tibbetts, clerk; Ezra Tasker, mod.; Ezra Tasker, rep.
1848. Smith Knowles, clerk; Ezra Tasker, mod.; Ezra Tasker, rep.
1849. Smith Knowles, clerk; Jonathan K. Hoitt, mod.; Warren P. Sherburn, rep.
1850. Smith Knowles, clerk; Jonathan K. Hoitt, mod.; Warren P. Sherburn, rep.
1851. Smith Knowles, clerk; Ezra Tasker, mod.; Benjamin J. Freese, rep.
1852. George T. Sherburne, clerk; Rufus Swain, mod.; Benjamin J. Freese, rep.
1853. George K. Smith, clerk; Rufus Swain, mod.; no representative elected.

THE HISTORY OF THE

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1854. George T. Sherburn, clerk; Henry Knowlton, mod.; Leonard Morrill, rep.
1855. Vincent P. Tasker, clerk; Henry Knowlton, mod.; John A. Ring, rep.
1856. Vincent P. Tasker, clerk; Henry Knowlton, mod.; John A. Ring, rep.
1857. Edward C. Brown, clerk; William S. Ring, mod.; Henry Knowlton, rep.
1858. No record.
1859. William J. Newell, clerk; Woodbury M. Durgin, mod.; Charles O. Brown, rep.
1860. William J. Newell, clerk; Woodbury M. Durgin, mod.; Woodbury M. Durgin, rep.
1861. Elisha S. Tasker, clerk; Elbridge G. Boody, mod.; Richard Hoitt, jr., rep.
1862. Elisha S. Tasker, clerk; Elbridge G. Boody, mod.; William S. Ring, rep.
1863. George W. Furness, clerk; William J. Newell, mod.; Thomas Tuttle, rep.
1864. George W. Furness, clerk; William J. Newell, mod.; William T. Willey, rep.
1865. Varnum E. Caverly, clerk; George W. Cate, mod.; William Wallace, rep.
1866. Samuel S. Moore, clerk; George W. Cate, mod.; John C. Hanson, rep.
1867. Samuel S. Moore, clerk; William S. Ring, mod.; Alonzo F. Knowlton, rep.
1868. Benjamin W. Clark, clerk; Elbridge G. Boody, mod.; Samuel N. Towle, rep.
1869. Benjamin W. Clark, clerk; Woodbury M. Durgin, mod.; Charles Wingate, rep.
1870. Benjamin W. Clark, clerk; William H. Cotton, mod.; William A. Caswell, rep.
1871. Enoch Fogg, clerk; William M. Furber, mod.; William W. Messer, rep.
1872. Enoch Fogg, clerk; William M. Furber, mod.; William W. Messer, rep.
1873. Enoch Fogg, clerk; William M. Furber, mod.; Alpha J. Pillsbury, rep.
1874. Enoch Fogg, clerk; William M. Furber, mod.; Alpha J. Pillsbury, rep.
1875. Albert H. Clark, clerk; William M. Furber, mod.; George T. Sherburn, rep.

[The text in this block is extremely faint and illegible, appearing to be a list or series of entries.]

1876. Frank M. Knowles, clerk; Woodbury M. Durgin, mod.; Charles F. Cate, rep.
1877. Frank M. Knowles, clerk; Elbridge G. Boody, mod.; Charles F. Cate, rep.
1878. Frank M. Knowles, clerk; Elbridge G. Boody, mod.; Benjamin F. Towle, rep.

FRAGMENTARY RECORDS OF THE SELECTMEN.

1778 March 16. Paid Ensign Daniel Hoit for going to exeter after money to hire Solgers 18 shillings.

Again, for going to higher solgers 12 shillings.

Again, for seven days going after solgers 5 Pounds.

Paid to Left. Sherban Blake for going after solgers as a committy-man 4 Pounds, 8 shillings 6 pence.

Paid to Left. Samuel Jonson as a committy man to go after solgers 4 Pounds 19 shillings.

Paid to Samuel tricke as a solger, of the States bounty 20 Pounds.

Paid to Samuel tricke of the Parish money 18 Pounds 18 Shillings.

Paid to Samuel tricke of the Parish mone 15 Pounds.

Paid to Philip fowler as a solger for the Parish of Northwood 81 Pounds.

Samuel tricke agreed with for sixty Pound to go into the continental service.

Philip fowler agreed with for seventy-five pound to go into the continental service—afterwards took 20 dolars more.

Paid by thomas Piper of the money that was taken as fins to Nathaniel Chandler for going to ty" (Ticonderoga?) "24 Pounds."

1778 August 5, paid Nine men ten pound apeece 90 pounds to go to Rhod iland.

1779 Sept. 27. Paid to Phinas Swain to go to Road iland Bounty on travel—42 pounds.

1781 March 17. Paid to Moses Godfree towards a yok of oxen 63 pounds.

1782, March 6. Paid to Richard Garlen to wards a yok of Beef oxen we Had of Him for the year 1780, 70 pounds.

Paid Phineas Blake for Pasturing a yok of Beef Cattle 15 pounds.

Allowed to Let. William Walker out of the oxen we bought of him 29 pounds, 15 Shillings 4 pence.

1780 Nov. 7. Paid to Volentine Kenston for a Yok of Beef oxen 1500 pounds.

December 16. Paid to Isrel Hodgdon For a Yok of oxen 1200 pounds.

The first of these was the discovery of gold in California in 1848. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859 led to a similar influx. The discovery of gold in Colorado in 1858 and in Idaho in 1860 also led to a great influx of people to the West.

The second of these was the discovery of silver in Colorado in 1859. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of silver in Nevada in 1863 led to a similar influx. The discovery of silver in Colorado in 1861 and in Idaho in 1862 also led to a great influx of people to the West.

The third of these was the discovery of copper in Colorado in 1861. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of copper in Nevada in 1865 led to a similar influx. The discovery of copper in Colorado in 1863 and in Idaho in 1864 also led to a great influx of people to the West.

The fourth of these was the discovery of iron in Colorado in 1863. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of iron in Nevada in 1867 led to a similar influx. The discovery of iron in Colorado in 1865 and in Idaho in 1866 also led to a great influx of people to the West.

The fifth of these was the discovery of coal in Colorado in 1865. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of coal in Nevada in 1869 led to a similar influx. The discovery of coal in Colorado in 1867 and in Idaho in 1868 also led to a great influx of people to the West.

The sixth of these was the discovery of oil in Colorado in 1867. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of oil in Nevada in 1871 led to a similar influx. The discovery of oil in Colorado in 1869 and in Idaho in 1870 also led to a great influx of people to the West.

Paid Rechard garlan to Wards a Yok of oxen 540 pounds.

March 10, 1781. Paid to Moses Godfree in Part for a Yok of Beef oxen 1108 pounds 15 shillings.

March 17. Paid Dudle Hill for the Boote Betwixt a yok of oxen for Beef 150 pounds.

March 19. Paid Let Daniel Hoit for Keeping oxen in His Shak 66 pounds.

Paid Moses Moris Bounty and travel 69 pounds.

Paid James glass for Damages Dun By a yok of oxen that got into his Corn Field and Cost of Pounding them 64 Pounds 4 Shillings.

Paid Expenses money Driven a yok of oxen to Exeter for the Parish 10 pounds.

Paid For a Copy of a Asitment and Pertian Concerning Wadgwoods Rat 12 pounds.

Paid Thomas Piper and Hanrey Batchelder as Evedances to Exeter on account of Wadgwood Law Sut Six Pounds Each — 12 pounds.

Paid John Pickren Esq as an atiney 90 Pounds.

Paid for Tavern Expences on the holl Vige Concerning Wedgwoods Lawsut 36 Pounds. Took a yok of oxen out of Pound and Paid the Pound Keeper 12 pounds.

Paid Expence money of tu Beef oxen 13 pounds 10 Shillings.

Paid Expence Money Driven Eight oxen to Exeter two days 45 Pounds.

Paid for a Quyer of Paper 7 Pounds 6 Shillings.

Paid Expence money Driven a yok of oxen to Exeter two days 28 P. 12 Shilling.

March 6, 1782. Paid Rechard garlan to wards a yok of oxen that was turned in towards our Continental Beef for the year 1780 450 Pounds.

Paid to Abraham Batchelder for Pastorn a yok of oxen and by abatement For the Lose of a Ster 37 Pounds 4 Shillings.

Paid to Nathaniel Morrel For Pastoren a yok of Beef Cattel 43 P. 10^s.

Paid to Stephen Rolens by an order from Moses godfree to wards a yok of Beef Cattel that the Parish had of godfree 94 Pounds 10 Shillings.

Paid to Lit William Walles towards a yok of Cattel For beef that we had of him 359 Pounds, 14 Shillings.

Paid to Lit. Daniel Hoit to wards a yok of Beef Cattel we bought of Him which makes up the Hol Sum that he was to Collect for the year 1780, 1,105 Pounds, 15 Shillings 5 Pence.

Cast and Makes up the holl sum that Let. Daniel Hoit ws to Col

lect for the Continental Beef tax for the year 1780 2324 Pounds 8 Shillings 5 Pence.

1781 March 20. Jonathan Clark Constable Deter by Lest and Warrent for the First tax in Lawful Money of the Newunison money 816 pounds 12 Shillings 10 Pence.

Also Deter to a Selver Tax that is in the Same Lest Called the First tax In Lawful money 20 Pounds 9 Shillings 9 4-2 Pence.

February 26 1782. The afore Said Jonathan Clark Constable Is Hired By a vote of the Parish to Collect the Second tax for the year 1781 Which Tax Stand in three Saprte Colomons for Corn Boards and Silver money the Corn Tax in Lawful money at Six Shelinggss Por Bushel amounts to the Sum of 60 Pounds 6 Shelings and 3 Pence.

The Bord tax is to Be Paid at the Rate of one Pound ten Shelings Lawful money Por Thousand Which a mounts to the Sum of 36 Pounds 3 Shelings 9 Pence. The third Colomon is a Silver tax in Lawful Money amounts to the Sum of 53 Pounds 7 Shelings.

Feb. 21, 1783 Payd to John Bickford for Solderin, In Silver, 30 Pounds 12 Shelings.

Payd to Capt. Joseph Demerit for money Being due that the Parish had to hier Solders 3 Pounds 1 Seling 4 Pence.

Payd to Doct. Banfield for Doctorin Samuel hardy 12 Shillings.

Payd to Paul garish for Beef to supply the army In the year 1781 14 Pounds 8 Shelings.

Payd to Left. Daniel Hoit towards his oxen that the Parish Bought of him in the year 1781 1 Pound 4 Shelings.

March 18, 1782. Payd to Richard garland for Beef oxen 2 Pounds 5 Shelings.

Paid to Left. William wallis for Beef Bought for the army 8 Shelings 3 Pence.

Paid to Daniel Sawyer for Rum to supply the army 12 Pounds 17 Shelings.

Feb. 26, 1782. Payd to Daniel Hoit for Pork towards supplying the Solgers 6 Shelings.

Payd to Increase Batchelder for Pork to suply Soldgers 9 Shelings 6 Pence.

Payd for Beef to surply the army to Jacob Swain 13 Shelings.

April the 11 1782 Paid to Jeremiaah Estman, Esq., for Laying out a Road to the grefins and Swearing Town ofercers 9 Shelings.

August 5, 1783. Payd to John Knight for Soldgerin 3 Pounds.

Payd to andrew wille for Soldgerin thirty one Bushels and a half of Corn which amounts to the sum of 9 Pounds 5 Shelings at the Rate of Six Shellings Per Bushel which was the Price of the Corn Rate to which it was to be Received at.

Dec. 24, 1781. Payd towards a Pound Being Beuilt 5 Pounds.

Payd to Davis Batchelder for Driven oxen 1 Pound 4 Shillings.

March 14, 1783. Payd to Mr. Jonathan Clark for geatheren In Silver the Boards and Corn tax 2 Pounds 14 Shillings.

Payd to Mr. Thomas Piper for Beuildin a Barne 15 Pounds 6 Shillings.

Payd to Ens. Nathaniel Chandler for Sistin Solders and servin as Committe Man. 11 Pounds 4 Shillings.

Payd to andrew Wille for Solderin in the 1781 12 Pounds.

Payd to Paul garish Being Due for Beef Cattle for to suply the army in the year 1781 2 Pounds 10 Shillings.

The Remainder of the afore S^d Sum 4 P. 6s. Being in Boords at Rileys Mill So called which was by an Exedent of fire was Burnt Being to the Valle of 1 P. 16 S.

March 11, 1784. Payd to John Bickford for Solderin 4 Pounds 15 Shillings 5 Pence.

Payd to Davis Batchelder for hawling wood to the wider hardey 3 Pounds 9 Shillings.

Payd to John Nealy for hiring Solders 1 P. 10 S.

Paid to Left. Daniel Hoitt for takin in Corne 12 Shillings, and towards Beef oxen 14 Pounds 8 Shillings.

Payd to John Nite for Solderin 1 Pound 10 Shillings.

Payd to Richard Caswell for the Lose of a Cow and Stere 12 Shillings 3 Pence, and to John Durgin for los of a Cow 7 Shillings, also to John griffin for the same 7 Shillings.

Payd to Ens. John Neale for going to Exeter to get John Nite Mustered 12 Sh.

Paid to Left. William Wallis Left Daniel hoit, Mr. John Batchelder, Iner Batchelder for Milk tha Let the wider Harday have 1 P. 14 Sh. 3 Pence.

Payd to John Nite for Solderin 8 Pounds 16 Sh. 8 Pence.

March 13, 1787 Paid to Joseph Hodgden on the account of Benj Sanborn going a Solder for Said Parish 36 Pounds 8 Shillings 10 Pence.

Payd to Capt Blake to by a fife 4 Shillings 6 Pence.

Payd to Elder Pilsbure for keeping Scoole in the year 1785 6 Pounds 15 Shillings 5 Pence.

Paid to Joseph Hodgden towards what was due to Jonathan Sanborn for Solderin 15 Pounds 16 Shillings 10 Pence.

Paid for Drum and fife 1 Pound 10 Shillings.

Paid Benjⁿ. Colcad for Keeping Schoole in Said Town Partte Being Due for the y^r 1795 & aid the Remainder for 1796 \$166.58.

The Seavarel Districts Proportion of Schoole Money for the y^r 1797 :

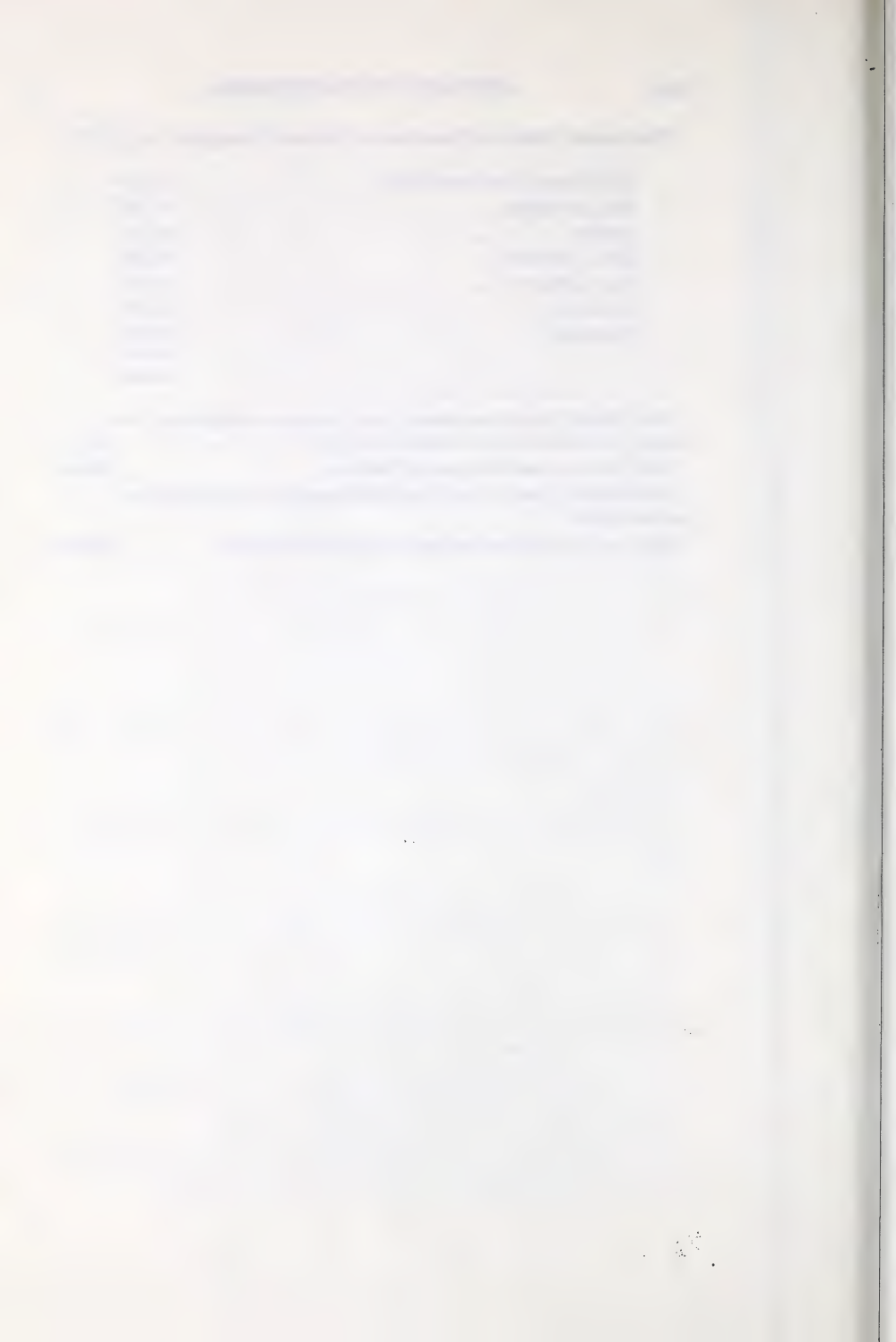
The Lower End Proportion	. . . . .	\$36.90
Esq. Demerits	. . . . .	\$25.97
Centre	. . . . .	\$28.00
Capt. Sherburne	. . . . .	\$16.40
Majr. Blakes	. . . . .	\$16.45
Narrows	. . . . .	\$14.03
Uper End	. . . . .	\$12.40
		<hr/>
		150.15

Paid Elijah Wadle the money Being voted on account of his
serving a Solder for Said Town in the war \$50

Paid Nathan Dow for keeping Schoole \$16.50

Paid Dudley Leavitt for a gallon Rum when the Parade was
Let out \$1,34,

Payd to John Furber for keeping Schoole in 1796 . . \$37.48



CHAPTER V.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Agriculture. — Farmers' Association. — Soil. — Census of Mills of Northwood, Deerfield, and Nottingham. — Farm Census, 1870, for Northwood and Nottingham. — Inventories of Northwood and Nottingham, 1878. — The Poor. — The Beginning of the New Year. — Anecdotes of Wild Animals. — Cemeteries.

A FARMERS' ASSOCIATION was organized in 1872, many topics were discussed and much interest excited, and the results may be seen in the holding of several annual fairs in which there have been fine exhibitions of horses, cattle, swine, poultry, grains, and vegetables; also in efforts to improve stock by the introduction of thoroughbreds, and better feeding; also in making of manures and their application to the soil; in the greater crops of hay and cereals; in the improved appearance of farms; in smoother fields, where the mowing-machine may be plied with safety; in runs and meadows where the best grasses grow instead of wild and worthless productions. Our farmers are learning that a few horse-loads of sawdust are not sufficient to absorb, during six months, all the liquids that would be lost, but are making meadows, ditches, and forests yield what may be made the best plant food; they are learning that it is disreputable to cut only ten or fifteen tons of hay from a farm of seventy-five or a hundred acres, enough only to feed a yoke of oxen, a horse, one cow, one calf, and one sheep; they are learning that it will not do for farmers to buy one pig in the spring and eat him in the winter, but they are multiplying swine as profitable workers on the compost heap, if not needed for consumption.

Poultry is receiving more attention. Greater numbers of fowl and better breeds are kept, so that few farmers are now heard grumbling because they have so few eggs, when they, in fact, have but one, or, at most, two hens

THE HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES

The history of the Republic of the United States is a story of growth and development. It begins with the first settlers who came to the shores of the New World, seeking a better life and a new land. They found a land of vast resources and potential, but also a land of challenges and hardships. The early years were marked by struggle and sacrifice, as the settlers fought to establish a new society in a remote and often hostile environment. Over time, the Republic grew in size and power, as more and more people came to join the new nation. The story of the Republic is a story of the triumph of the human spirit over adversity, and of the power of unity and cooperation. It is a story that has inspired generations and continues to inspire us today.

The Republic of the United States has achieved many great things in its history. It has been a land of freedom and opportunity, where people have been able to live and work as they see fit. It has been a land of innovation and progress, where new ideas and technologies have been born. It has been a land of peace and stability, where people have been able to live in harmony and prosperity. The Republic of the United States is a land of hope and promise, and it is a land that we all have a stake in.

upon the roost. Intelligent boys are beginning to learn that it is wiser to till the soil and have homes without incumbrances, though hands may be hard, and faces brown, than to be slaves in the shops or stores with the prospect of continued penury, with temptations to cheat and defraud their employers. Large oxen, a generous dairy, a full hen-roost, and a sty well filled with Suffolks and Berkshires, are a sure guaranty against defaulting and bankruptcy.

The soil of Northwood is generally good, and farming can be rendered profitable. The high swells of land are productive, and the valleys are rich in deposits. The forests also are rich in pine, spruce, hemlock, and oak, and these have from early times given employment to many; and the small streams issuing from the lakes supply the power to operate many a mill. This branch of business has brought a more speedy income than tilling the soil. Lumber is cash, while farm products are an exchange. That which is converted into cash quickest is preferred. Hence forest productions have been preferred to those of the farm, by which the highest prosperity of the town is secured.

The manufacture of shoes was introduced between 1830 and 1840, so that a few thousand dollars were annually paid to the workmen; the business increased and was introduced into other towns, though Northwood was the leading town in northern Rockingham for several years. Eight years ago a company was organized with a capital of \$50,000, employing one hundred and thirty-five hands, with an annual pay-roll of \$55,000, turning out 152,000 pairs of boots and shoes valued at \$215,000. At the same time, the stock brought from out the state to be bottomed and finished employed one hundred and ninety hands, with an annual payment of \$75,000, the number of pairs of boots and shoes being 400,000, whose value was \$500,000. Nottingham at the same time employed forty hands in this last way, for which she received \$19,000, the boots and

shoes, 96,000, being valued at \$100,000; while Deerfield at the same time had one manufactory with a capital of \$20,000, and paid annually \$7,500 to eleven hands, manufacturing 30,000 pairs of boots and shoes, valued at \$41,000. Outside this manufactory, seventy-five hands were employed, receiving, annually, \$33,000, and finishing 200,000 pairs, valued at \$240,000.

The past few years have wrought a revolution in the manufacture of boots and shoes. Little is done in small shops; more in large establishments, and with machinery.

Great changes have come over the business of lumbering. Most large growth has been removed. Deerfield has retained more than Northwood.

Facts respecting the mills of Northwood, Deerfield, and Nottingham are suggestive, taken from the last census:—

	Northwood.	Deerfield.	Nottingham.
No. mills	5	8	5
Capital	\$6,000	\$20,000	\$26,000
Hands employed	9	26	25
Annual pay-roll	\$1,000	\$8,000	\$6,000
Clapboards	25,000	60,000	80,000
Shingles and laths	420,000	500,000	800,000
Boards and dimension timber . .	400,000	2,770,000	2,300,000
Value	\$7,000	\$37,000	\$41,000

It will be seen by the foregoing that the annual yield of lumber is quite small, while it is true, that it is growing annually less. A result is, the people are forced to give more attention to the cultivation of the soil.

The following is from the census for 1870, for Northwood and Nottingham:—

1870.	Northwood.	Nottingham.
Population	1,430	1,130
Acres of improved land	10,389	11,473
Number of horses	161	156
Number of cattle	866	886
Number of sheep	283	347
Number of swine	103	100
Value of live stock	\$63,743	\$58,086
Bushels of wheat	1,084	635
Bushels of rye	93	30
Bushels of corn	7,087	6,571
Bushels of oats and barley	1,852	1,919
Pounds of wool	646	1,170
Bushels of pease and beans	386	456
Bushels of potatoes	16,015	17,055
Value of orchard products	\$3,705	\$4,201
Pounds of butter	30,358	24,125
Pounds of cheese	5,050	5,038
Tons of hay	2,459	2,669
Value of forest products	\$3,550	\$1,750
Value of animals slaughtered or sold	\$10,475	\$4,700
Estimated value of farm products, including betterments, &c.	\$74,188	\$72,147

The inventories of Northwood and Nottingham for 1878 show the following results:—

	Northwood. 1878.	Nottingham 1878.
Population	1,326	1,130
Polls	389	299
Horses	306	219
Cows, oxen, and other neat stock	789	743
Sheep	225	386
Stock in banks	\$7,375	\$4,910
Stock in trade	\$9,650	\$5,428
Money on hand or at interest	\$36,026	\$6,480
Stock invested in public funds		
Mills of all kinds	\$4,050	\$3,648
Value of taxable property of residents	\$454,214	\$302,744
Value of taxable property of non-residents	\$18,611	\$106,910
Total value of taxable property	\$472,825	\$409,654
State, county, town, and school tax	\$6,853.56	\$5,654.96

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NORTHWOOD.

Names of those whose state, county, town, school, and highway tax exceeds fifty dollars, for the year 1878:—

John Bennett,	\$65.20	Lewis E. Kimball,	\$51.72
Jonathan Cate,	110.12	Josiah P. Lancaster,	83.08
Nathaniel E. Cate,	52.32	Samuel F. Leavitt,	52.32
Joseph P. Cilley,	68.40	James C. Locke,	54.20
E. C. Cogswell,	52.32	John G. Meade,	81.80
Woodbury M. Durgin,	57.65	John Nealley,	80.72
Daniel S. Edgerly,	54.92	Alpha J. Pillsbury,	86.52
Francis J. Hanson,	58.40	William B. Sherburne,	115.24
Ebenezer Hays,	58.64	George T. Sherburne,	105.16
Charles A. Hill,	61.20	Luther Tasker,	126.52
Ivory B. Hill,	51.72	Benjamin F. Towle,	93.31
Charles Hill,	95.00	Joseph S. Trickey,	79.74
Richard Hoitt,	97.80	William T. Willey,	69.72
Samuel S. James,	100.59	Clark S. Willey,	75.80
Samuel Johnson,	94.00	Charles Wingate,	60.92

NOTTINGHAM.

Names of those whose state, county, town, and school tax exceeds fifty dollars, also highway tax, for 1878:—

	State, County, Town, and School Tax.	Highway Tax.
Charles H. Batchelder	\$85.36	\$21.34
David D. Bean	50.44	12.61
Samuel S. Brown	64.56	16.14
James H. Butler	79.68	19.92
Thomas B. Bartlett	65.62	16.38
Joseph Cilley	169.40	42.35
Erastus H. Chase	68.88	17.22
David T. Cilley	59.08	14.77
Mary E. Edgerly	54.00	13.50
Edward F. Gerrish	54.60	13.65
John Hill's heirs	68.00	17.00
John Kelsey	63.68	15.92
Elbridge G. Marston	52.88	13.22
John McCrillis	53.24	13.31
Daniel B. Stevens	104.12	26.03
Rice Watson's heirs	61.60	15.40
Wheeler Bros.	110.36	27.59
Joseph D. Welch	59.72	14.93

NORTHWOOD.

NOTTINGHAM.

THE POOR.

The poor were cared for, first, by relatives, friends, and neighbors; secondly, at the expense of the town, by furnishing houses, or provisions, or small sums of money; and, lastly, by putting up their annual support at a legal meeting to auction, and the man bidding the smallest sum took them to his house, fed and clothed them one year for that sum, exacting from them such service as they might be able to render. It often happened, under this last arrangement,

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that the poor fell into unsuitable hands and suffered from neglect or positive cruelty. We have been told of several instances of kind-hearted men underbidding and making sacrifices for the purpose of keeping them out of the power of those who had a reputation for cruelty.

It also was quite usual to "bind out," for a limited period, the children of parents supported by the town, and thus they were made to support themselves by the service they rendered those to whom bound. The action of the town at different times shows a tender regard for the unfortunate among them.

A few votes of the town will suffice to illustrate their manner of disposing of their poor.

"At a legal meeting held at the house of Jon^a Clark, Esq., on monday the Ninteenth Day of June 1786, voted that the widow hardy Should not Go out of the School House," she having been put there by the selectmen, it serving as a temporary shelter, no school being taught therein. An attempt was at length made to eject her; hence the vote. At the adjourned meeting one week later, it was voted, "Jon^a Calley Shall have a house privilege till the first Day of april Next — that Jon^a Calley and his child Shall be Sot up till the 1st Day of Next april at the Loest bidder. Nicholas Blake being the Loest Bidder, Bid off Said Calley and child at Seventeen Dollars and five Shillings." At a meeting subsequently held, it was voted "that the Destrict that owns the School House where the widow Hardy Lives Shall be allowed Something for the use of Said House with hir Living their till Spring. Voted that the widdow Hardy Shall have four Dollars for her Support till March meeting."

March 25, 1788. Voted that all the Griffens Bartletts and Willeys that Live in Northwood between Suncook pond and pleasant pond shall have one fifth part of their Rates Given in up to 1788.

November 12, 1792. Voted to bind Jonathan Kenestons children in three months from the date. Voted to bind out the Widdow Pipers Children.

The following vote shows that things were not always called by their right names: "January 26, 1792, Voted to buy two Buren clothes," meaning "Burial cloths," to be used at the burial of the dead.

The last half century has witnessed greatly improved modes of caring for the poor by means of town and county farms, where they constitute a family, and are better fed and clothed than formerly. Northwood still generously provides for all needing her assistance. These, however, are few in number, and but for *rum* there would be none.

BEGINNING OF NEW YEAR.

Prior to 1752, the year begun with the 25th of March. In the twenty-fourth year of the reign of George II., Parliament passed "an act regulating the Commencement of the Year, and for the correcting the calendar in use."

PREAMBLE.— *Whereas*, the legal computation of the year of our Lord according to which the year beginneth on the 25th day of March — hath been found by experience to be attended with divers inconveniences, &c.

Enactments.— That throughout his majesty's dominions in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, the said computation, according to which the year of our Lord beginneth on the 25th day of March, shall not be made use of from and after the last day of December 1751, and that the first day of January next following the said day of December shall be reckoned, taken, deemed and accounted to be the first day of our Lord, 1752, and so on from time to time. The first day of January in every year which shall happen in time to come, shall be deemed and reckoned the first day of the year &c.

The calendar was corrected thus:—

And that the natural day next immediately following the 2d day of September shall be called and accounted to be the 14th day of September, omitting for that time only the eleventh intermediate nominal days of the common calendar.

ANECDOTES OF WILD ANIMALS.

The most troublesome and dangerous animals that were encountered in the early days of this town were wolves and

bears. They were met in almost all localities, and made havoc among the sheep and swine, and sometimes disturbed the hen-roost, or purloined the joint reserved by the good-wife for the next day's dinner. There are many incidents of this latter trick handed down by tradition. In one instance, the roast was suspended by a cord before the ample fireplace. For a moment absent from the kitchen, Mrs. Twombly, returning, saw a bear with the roast in his mouth making good his escape from the cottage, obliged to drop his game because it burned his hungry jaws, and then seizing it with fresh zeal. The woman's screams and frantic movements at length induced the bear to abandon his booty, and the husband's hunger was appeased by it instead of the bear's. It is told of a Mr. Small, that he had shot a wild goose, large and fat, and resolved on a good time with his friends, whom he invited to dine with him on the following day. He packed his goose among other things under his bed in the kitchen. When the family were sleeping soundly, Mr. Small was awakened by a disturbance of things under his bed, and, leaping to the floor, he was mortified to see old bruin making off with his goose with commendable speed; so the feast was prevented.

The scene of the story we are about to relate was in the south-east part of the town, near North River Pond. This is a small body of water, quietly nestled amid a growth of sturdy forest trees. It is circular in shape, seldom rippled by winds, and its deep waters abound with fish and were the favorite resort of ducks and wild geese. It was around these waters that a small tribe of Indians lived a hundred years ago. The northern shore of this little lake is in the line between Northwood and Nottingham. At the time to which we refer, there were but few families in the neighborhood, and the paths lay through forests of pine, hemlock, beech, and maple. Daniel Cate lived in that part of Nottingham near North River Pond, on what was then called the Major-Cate farm. This Mr. Cate was the father

of our esteemed citizen, Mr. Jonathan Cate. This Daniel had a brother named Joseph, who resided in Northwood, where John G. Cate now resides. He had spent the evening with his brother and started to return home. The heavens were covered with thin, fleecy clouds through which the moonbeams struggled, giving all things a garish aspect. Mr. Cate was a man of strong frame and steady nerve. He was familiar with the grunt of the bear and the howl of the wolf. But this night the yell of the latter, which he heard soon after leaving his brother's house, was ominous of ill. The cry of one was answered by yells of others from all the surrounding hills and valleys. It was soon evident that the pack were nearing him, and their yells became hideous. Aware of his danger, he procured a large club for self-defense, and none too soon, for they were already snarling at his feet; they crowded around him in numbers, ready to fasten their shining teeth in his warm flesh. Sometimes deterred by the rapid movements of his club, they would withdraw a little, or halt in their advance, and then return with more hungry jaws. At such moments, it seemed to Mr. Cate that nothing but a miracle could save him. In vain he called for help; the forests echoed back his cry, or it was drowned by the discordant yells of the infuriated denizens of the wilderness. Advancing towards his home slowly, cautiously, wearied with incessant brandishing of his club, he at length saw the light from his cabin just as strength was failing and fear was gaining ascendancy. The wolves seemed aware that they must at once secure their prey, or be deprived of feasting, and made a desperate onslaught only to be hurled back with the faithful club whose swingings he now redoubled. At last, with eyes glaring fearfully upon him, they lingered in sight of his dwelling and allowed him to enter unharmed. Mr. Cate, in relating the story of his fight, often said he knew from experience what it was to have "the hair stand on end." His own, that night, "seemed to stand straight."

CEMETERIES.

Care for the dead often indicates the degree of civilization of a people. In early settlements may be found solitary graves in localities quite unsuited to such a purpose. Necessity compelled the bereaved to inter their dead where best they could, beneath some branching oak, or tall pine, or on some rising mound. Amid the clearings of the lands, and changes made, all traces of a grave became obliterated, through failure to execute long-deferred resolutions to remove the dust of the loved and lost to a more suitable locality, or to rear some permanent memorial. There is something sad in the thought of a human being becoming thus wholly lost to the surviving. The first that died in the eastern part of the town is believed to have been a child of Mr. Godfrey, buried in the field on the west side of the turnpike, opposite the dwelling-house of the late Nicholas D. Hill. But the exact locality cannot be identified, and the age and name are forgotten. All that can be ascertained is, that youth and beauty were here interred, and here the tears of stricken parents freely flowed, and to this spot lonely ones were wont, for years, to repair, drawn thither by love's attractions. But gradually the image of the dead faded out from the memory, and the visits hither diminished, until the spot was marred by the ploughshare, the green grass waved over it, and the ox grazed unrestrained.

This careless manner of burying the dead deserves censure, however many palliating circumstances may be suggested. In East Northwood, this unwise mode of interring on every homestead was at length obviated by devoting a small plot of ground near the Baptist meeting-house to burial purposes, though it was far from being a suitable location. October 5, 1865, an organization was here formed by the following-named persons: E. G. Boody, Philip Hoitt, E. H. Pillsbury, Joshua Hoitt, jr., N. D. Hill, John L. Crockett, John C. Hanson, Hiram Cutler, Joseph Holmes,

John J. Cate. For officers : Philip Hoitt, president ; John J. Cate, secretary ; Philip Hoitt, J. J. Cate, and E. G. Boody, executive committee.

Land was purchased and tastefully laid out into lots ; the remains of those buried in the old locality were removed to the new, and suitable monuments now mark their resting-places. Among the bodies thus disinterred was one whose form was perfect, solid, hard,—a complete petrification.

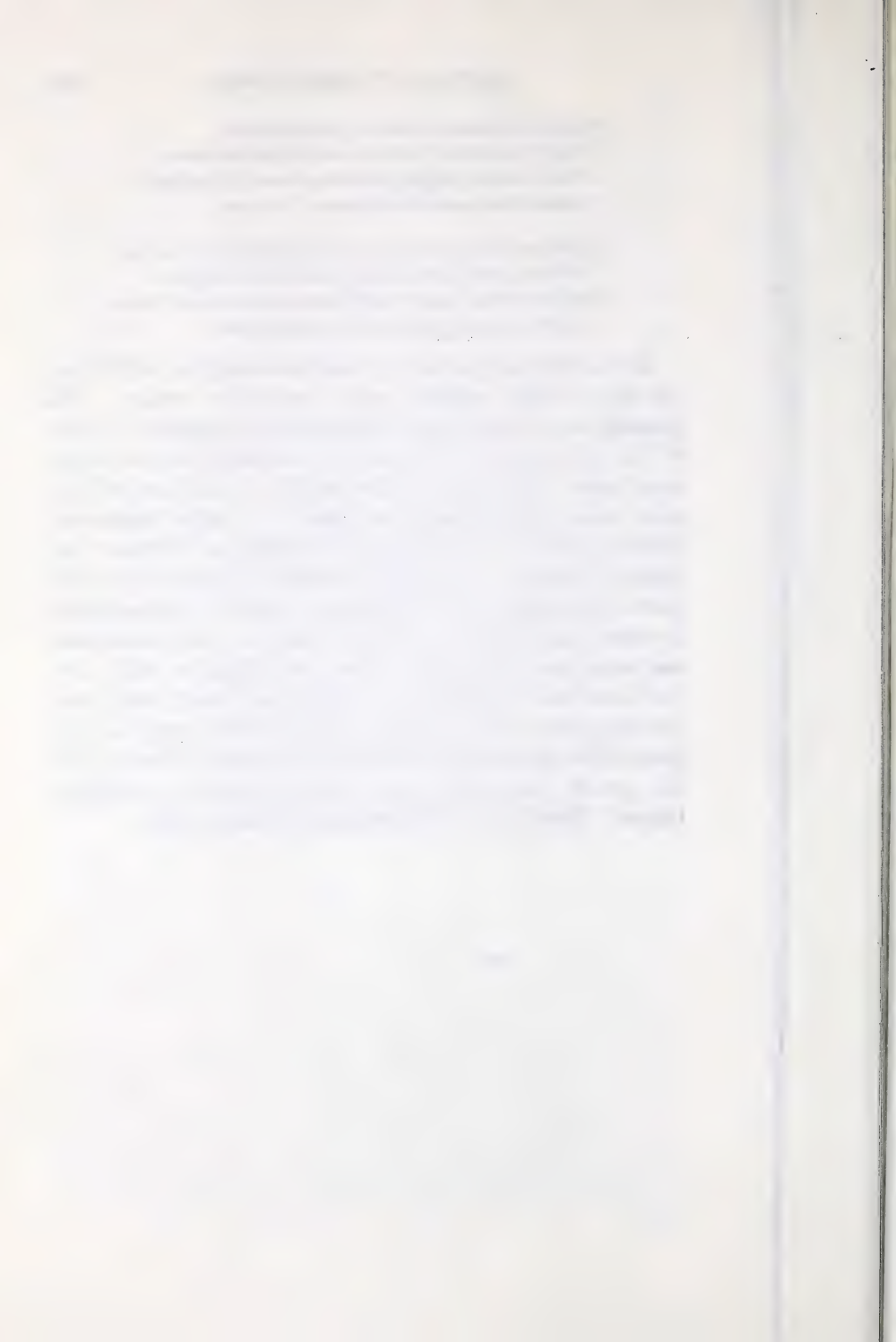
On Clark's Hill, there were family burying-places on Jonathan Clark's farm and that of Levi H. Mead, and perhaps some others on roads leading from the turnpike ; but no public ground was consecrated until 1877, and that is a pleasant location near the Freewill Baptist Church.

At the Center, it was no better until 1843, when an effort was made to awaken an interest in the community in fitting up a public cemetery. But it was found impracticable to impress the people with its importance. When they turned away, saying they could get along with what they had on their private lands, four men, Maj. William B. Willey, Simon Veasey, Capt. Warren P. Sherburn, and E. C. Cogswell, formed an association, purchased a lot of land near the Congregational Church, and, with much labor, fitted it for a quiet resting-place for any dead that might here slumber. The grounds were laid out in squares, with suitable walks and a driveway, and many trees were planted to adorn the locality. These lots were offered for sale at a price not really covering cost,—eight dollars per lot of twenty-four feet square. For some time, none were purchased ; but at length the people became wiser, and chose to bury here, and a large addition was made to the grounds in 1862, and another addition is demanded. This cemetery is pleasantly located, extending from the turnpike to the shore of Harvey Lake, towards which the land gently slopes. It is where the living may well desire to deposit, at death, what of them is mortal, to await the great awakening.

“Here the lamented dead in dust shall lie,
Life's lingering languors o'er, its labors done;
Where waving boughs, between the earth and sky,
Admit the farewell radiance of the sun.

And here the impressive stone, engraved with words
Which grief sententious gives to marble pale,
Shall teach the heart; while waters, leaves, and birds
Make cheerful music in the passing gale.”

At the Narrows, there is a small cemetery, in which people have buried without much regard to order. The grounds have been recently enlarged and improved. Some of the noble pioneers lie near the road-side, in a rude spot near where they slept the first night of their arrival, and near where they passed their lives. A noble monument should mark the resting-place of Solomon Bickford and Samuel Johnson, the noblest heroes of their day in this part of the town, and worthy to be held in remembrance by other generations. We learn that a new burial-place has been procured, not far from the village, in which several have been interred, and which has already been fitted for the purpose with no little taste. Here have been deposited the remains of the late Mr. Charles Emerson, and the greatly lamented young lady and highly appreciated teacher, Miss Cora A. Wallace, and perhaps others.



CHAPTER VI.

MILITARY RECORD FOR NOTTINGHAM, DEERFIELD,
AND NORTHWOOD.

Revolutionary Soldiers. — Surviving Pensioners in 1840. — Soldiers of 1812. —
Soldiers of the Rebellion.

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS.

KNOWING that the Hon. George W. Nesmith of Franklin had given, perhaps, more attention to the men who served in the Revolution than almost any other gentleman in the state, we requested him to furnish us with such names and facts as he might have in his possession, which he has kindly done in the following communication : —

. . . . The fact is, your region was pretty well settled, and you were called upon at all times during the whole war to furnish men ; and the call was responded to promptly. I can give you but the majority of men who served you at this time.

So far as Cilley's regiment is concerned, I think my list is nearly correct. The enlistment for that regiment while Cilley had the command, being the First New-Hampshire Continental Regiment, commenced January 1, 1777, some of the men for three years, and others for a shorter term. Stark had commanded the First New-Hampshire up to January, 1777. He resigned in consequence of Col. Poor's promotion over him. Then Cilley took command as colonel of this regiment. I begin with Nottingham.

Nottingham furnished Col. Joseph Cilley, afterwards Gen. Cilley, whose biography is well known.

Henry Dearborn, who rose to the rank of lieutenant-colonel.

Col. Thomas Bartlett, who commanded a regiment.

Capt. Henry Butler.

In the First New-Hampshire Continental Regiment, when commanded by Col. Cilley, I give you the names of the following Nottingham soldiers : —

James Beverley, enlisted January 4, 1777, discharged December, 1781.

Benjamin Butler, enlisted March 5, 1777, discharged March 20, 1780.

THE JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
Subscription price, \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies, 15 cents.

Entered as Second-Class Matter, May 26, 1917, Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under No. 383,991.
Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 16, 1918.

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Josiah Clarke, enlisted May 9, 1777, died November 20, 1781.
 Thomas George, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged January 25, 1780.
 Thomas Harvey, enlisted January 1, 1779, discharged December, 1781.
 John P. Hilton, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged February 1, 1779.
 Benjamin McAllister, enlisted January 1, 1777, died March 7, 1778.
 Paul McCoy, enlisted April 20, 1779, discharged December, 1781.
 Bradstreet Mason, enlisted January 8, 1779, discharged December, 1781.
 John Pike, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged January, 1779.
 James Randall, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged January, 1779.
 Nathaniel Randall, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged December, 1781.
 William Willey, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged December, 1781.
 Joseph York, enlisted March 1, 1777, discharged December, 1781.

In Col. Reid's or Scammell's regiment were enrolled the following continental soldiers; viz. :—

Thomas Hall.	Moses Davis.	Joseph Nealey.
William Simpson.	John Welch.	John Mills.
Nich. Leathers.	Thomas Welch.	John Clark.
Jonathan Morgan.	Mathew Welch.	Jesse Clarke.
Joseph Avery.	Richard Sanborn.	James Harvey.

North Hampton claimed Jonathan Morgan, James Harvey, and York.

Capt. Butler commanded a company in Col. Thomas Bartlett's regiment.

After the battle of Bunker Hill, in which Capt. Henry Dearborn was engaged, he, in the fall of 1775, again commanded a company in Arnold's regiment, which marched to Quebec by the way of Kennebec River. He was there taken prisoner in the attack upon Quebec, when Gen. Montgomery was slain. The following soldiers were enrolled in his company from Nottingham; viz., James Beverley, John P. Hilton, and Samuel Sias.

In Capt. Henry Dearborn's company, Stark's regiment, at Bunker Hill, we find the following soldiers. We give their names, and allow you to locate them :—

John Bickford.	James Beverley.	Jonah Moody.
Andrew Nealey.	John Harvey.	Clement Moody.
Nath. Batchelder.	Robt. Morrison.	Jona. Dow.
John Nealey.	Josh. Wells.	Joseph Jackson.
Samuel Sias.	Andrew Bickford.	Jacob Morrill.
Nicholas Brown.	Theo. Case.	Peter Severance.
J. Runnells.	James Garland.	William McCrillis,
Benj. Berry.	Mark Whidden.	mortally wounded.
Sherburn Dearborn.	Benj. Johnson.	

Weymouth Wallace was severely wounded in Bunker Hill battle; Neal McGaffey was also slightly wounded. They were of Dearborn's company, but of Epsom, as I suppose; also Andrew McGaffey. David Mudgett also, of Gilmanton or Barnstead, who lost his gun.

DEERFIELD SOLDIERS.

Francis Ames, enlisted March 28, 1778, discharged February 7, 1780.
Jonathan Griffin, enlisted April 5, 1781, died October 1, 1781.
Joseph Grant, enlisted April 13, 1781, discharged December, 1781.
John Hall, enlisted March 12, 1778, discharged December, 1781.
Nathaniel Moulton, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged December, 1781.
John McCoy, enlisted March 12, 1778, discharged March 12, 1781.
Daniel McCoy, enlisted March 17, 1778, discharged December, 1781.
Thomas McLaughlin, enlisted March 12, 1778, discharged March 12, 1781.
Joseph Norris, enlisted March 4, 1778, discharged February 4, 1781.
Jethro Pettengill, enlisted March 6, 1778, discharged December, 1781.
John Riddle, enlisted March 7, 1778, discharged February, 1781.
Peter Stevens, enlisted March 7, 1781, discharged December, 1781.
Bernard Sargent, enlisted March 7, 1781, discharged December, 1781.

Lieut. Joseph Hilton was wounded at Saratoga, and left the service.

In Col. Scammel's regiment I find the name of Abraham Potter, who died at Saratoga, October, 1777, probably from wounds received at the battle October 7. Also the names of Chase Page, James Robinson, John Abbott, Reuben Rand, Ezekiel Thurston, Robert Chase, Benjamin Towle, Nathaniel Batchelder, Josiah Batchelder, Jacob Morse, Daniel Mathes, Thomas Matthews, John Jewell. Most of the last-named men were continental soldiers, enrolled in Scammel's or Reid's regiment.

Capt. Sanborn was wounded at Saratoga. He belonged to Deerfield. He was an officer in Col. Evans's regiment. In his company were enrolled Joseph Hoit, Deerfield; John Chandler, Northwood; Jonathan Hawkins, Nottingham; Joseph Langley, Nottingham; Benjamin Langley, Nottingham; John Robertson. We do not present here a perfect list of this company.

NORTHWOOD SOLDIERS.

William Wallace was first-lieutenant in Capt. John Drew's company, of Barrington, in the regiment commanded by Col. Hale, afterwards by Col. George Reid of Derry, 1777. In July, 1776, he was first-lieutenant in Capt. Joseph Chandler's company, Col. Isaac Wyman's regiment.

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In Col. Joseph Cilley's regiment were enrolled: Benjamin Dowe, enlisted January 1, 1777, discharged December, 1781; Levi Hutchinson, enlisted April 20, 1778, discharged December, 1781.

In other continental regiments were enrolled: Philip Fowler, John Harvey, Benjamin Sanborn, Andrew Willey, John Knight, Samuel Trickey, John Bickford.

In addition to those furnished by the Hon. George W. Nesmith, we find the following names from Deerfield, the most of whom are known to have done service in the Revolution. Joseph H. Seavey and Isaac Moore enlisted as three years' men.

Among those who served three months' and six months' enlistments are the following, while it should be remembered that not a few of them enlisted several times during the conflict: —

Edward Dearborn.	Parker Chase.	True Brown.
Joseph Marston.	Aaron Page.	Robert Lock.
David Moulton.	Jacob Hunt.	Reuben Doe.
Daniel Seavey.	Asa Moulton.	Caleb Philbrick.
Robert Simpson.	Andrew Kenniston.	A son of Josiah Sawyer.
Joseph True.	Samuel Collins.	A son of John Morse.
Nicholas Hoitt.	Capt. Daniel Moore.	A son of Lieut. Chase.
John Kelley.	Robert Smart.	Jonathan York.
James Morse.	Jeremiah Sawyer.	Ezekiel Knowles.
Joseph Chase.	Parker Chase, jr.	

For the above we are indebted to Joseph J. Dearborn, Esq., for whose aid we are under obligation in other matters. Many of the above names we have been able to identify in sketches given us.

In addition to the names given us from Northwood we find the following: Samuel Johnson, William Wallace, Eliphalet Taylor, William Blake, Nathaniel Twombly, Benjamin Johnson, jr., Simon Batchelder, Abraham Batchelder, John Johnson, Benjamin Hill, Nicholas Dudley Hill, John Wiggin, William Willey, Joshua Furber.

In the census for 1840 it was required that the names and ages of all persons receiving pensions for services rendered

in the wars of the Revolution and 1812, should be returned, and the result was as follows : —

NOTTINGHAM.

Betsey Langley,	88	Abner Davis,	86
Sally Witham,	85	Jonathan Davis,	84
Abigail Wescott,	75	Joseph Cilley,	49
Sarah Chapman,	78	John Crawford,	55
Lovey Pickering,	88		

DEERFIELD.

Sally Mathers,	75	Ezekiel Knowles,	85
Moses Chase,	78	Jenette Blue,	75
Francis Rollins,	79	Asa Folsom,	86
Joshua Veasey,	80	Abijah Ring,	65
John Stearns,	80	Joseph Robinson,	84

NORTHWOOD.

Abigail Knight,	86	John Johnson,	83
Lydia Weeks,	68	John Bickford,	80
John Chesley,	89	Betsey Furber,	95
Joseph Shaw,	90	Sarah Fogg,	82
Simon Batchelder,	80	Ebenezer Bennett,	78

CAPT. HENRY DEARBORN'S COMPANY.

FRANKLIN, August 31, 1873.

REV. MR. COGSWELL.

My Dear Sir,—I send to you a correct list of the men that composed Capt. Henry Dearborn's company in the Bunker Hill battle and subsequent campaign. We leave you to fix the residences of most of the men :—

Capt. Henry Dearborn, Nottingham.
 1st Lieut. Amos Morrill, Epsom.
 2d " Michael McClary, Epsom.
 1st Sergt. Jona. Clarke.
 2d " And. McGaffey, Epsom.
 3d " Joseph Jackson, Nottingham.
 1st Corp. Jonah Moody.
 2d " Andrew Field.
 3d " Jona. Gilman.
 4th " Andrew Bickford.

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Simon Dearborn.	Chase Whiteher.
Gideon Glidden.	Marsh Whitten.
James Garland.	Noah Sinclair, drummer.
John Harvey.	James Randell, fifer.
David Mudgett.	Nich. Brown.
Simon Sanborn.	Benj. Berry, Epsom.
Robt. Morrison.	John Casey.
John Runnels.	Jona. Cram.
John Nealey.	Jeremiah Conner.
Joseph Place.	Elisha Hutchinson.
Abram Pettengale.	Dudley Hutchinson.
Andrew Nealey.	Benj. Judkiss.
Peter Severance.	Josh. Wells.
John Wallace.	Jere. Dowe.
Theoph. Cass, Epsom.	Jona. Dowe.
Israel Clifford.	John Dwyer.
Nathaniel Batchelder.	David Page, jr.
Died March 28, 1778.	Beniah Libbey.
Jacob Morrill.	Wm. Rowell.
John Simpson.	Weymouth Wallace.
John Wallace, jr.	Thomas Walsh.
Neal McGaffey.	Wm. McCrillis.
Jonah Libbey.	Saml. Winslow.
Moses Locke.	Enlisted July 10, 1775.
Francis Locke.	Francis Locke, jr.,
Zebulon Marsh.	Enlisted July 8, 1775.
Solomon Moody.	

Weymouth Wallace of Epsom was wounded, and received from government an invalid pension.

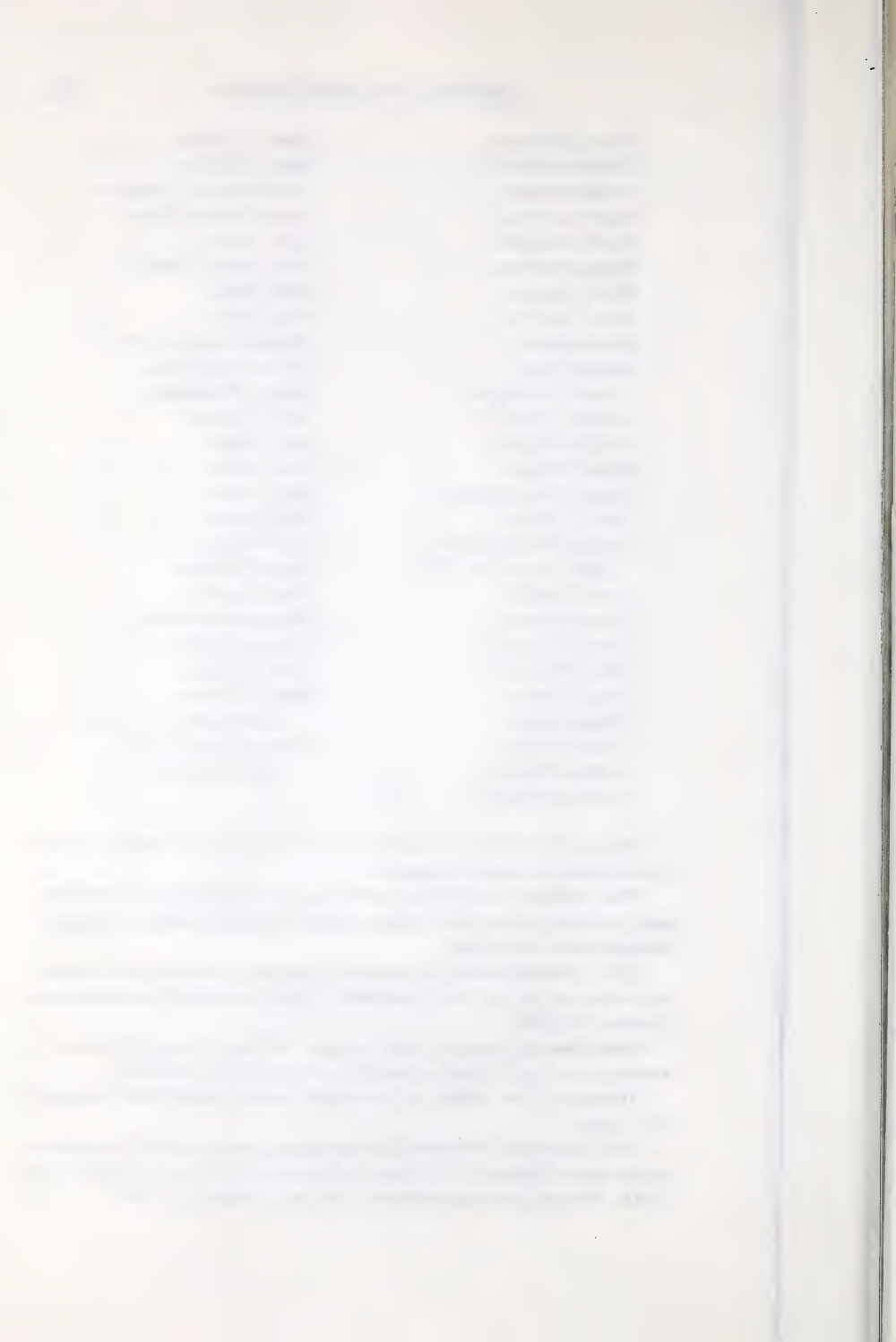
Wm. McCrillis of Epsom also was mortally wounded, and died early in July, 1775. His widow received half-pay under subsequent statute law of this state.

Lieut. Joseph Hilton of Deerfield, who was wounded at Saratoga, recovered so far as to do some duty; finally resigned his commission October 10, 1778.

Lieut. Joseph Thomas, who belonged to Capt. Daniel Livermore's company, and was killed at Saratoga, was paid by Deerfield.

There were two officers of the same name; one of them belonged to Rindge.

John Harvey of Northwood was sergeant, was promoted to ensign's commission March 9, 1779, and to lieutenant's commission May 12, 1781. He was also quartermaster for some months, in 1780.



In writing the biography of Gen. Henry Dearborn, I suppose you will not forget to state the courtesies rendered by Peter Livias, the Tory councilor at Quebec, when Dearborn was made prisoner, and by Livias's influence was paroled and sent home, under the injunction to forward his wife and children to him from Portsmouth to Quebec. All this was done very promptly by Capt. Dearborn in 1776.

Truly yours, &c.,

GEO. W. NESMITH.

SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF 1812 FROM NOTTINGHAM.

Atwood, James, sixty days.	Randall, Hezekiah, sixty days.
Brown, Samuel, sixty days.	Richardson, Reuben, three months.
Chapman, Ebenezer, three months.	Richardson, Edward, sixty days.
Davis, Valentine, three months.	Rollins, John, three months.
Demerit, John, sixty days.	Runnels, John, three months.
Eames, Henry, sixty days.	Seavey, Rufus, sixty days.
Gove, Nathan W., three months.	Sprague, Oliver, sixty days.
Hardy, Asa, sixty days.	Steele, Samuel, three months.
Leathers, Oliver, sixty days.	Tarbox, Henry, sixty days.
Odell, David, three months.	Thurston, Samuel, sixty days.
Putnam, Israel, sixty days.	Weymouth, John, three months.
Rand, Simeon, three months.	Whicher, Josiah.

SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF 1812 FROM DEERFIELD.

Allen, David H.	Currier, True, three months.
Bishop, Joshua.	Cram, Abraham, three months.
Brown, True, three months.	Collins, Christopher, sixty days.
Brown, Bradbury, three months.	Chase, Joseph, sixty days.
Batchelder, Samuel, three months.	Chase, David, sixty days.
Bishop, Serg. Joshua, sixty days.	Cochran, John, sixty days.
Brown, Stephen, sixty days.	Cotton, John, sixty days.
Brown, James, sixty days.	Dearborn, John, three months.
Batchelder, Lowell, sixty days.	Durrer, William, sixty days.
Blaisdell, Levi, sixty days.	Dow, James, sixty days.
Blaisdell, George F., sixty days.	Dalton, James, sixty days.
Bartlett, Stephen, sixty days.	Eastman, Jeremiah, sixty days.
Bladgen, David, jr., sixty days.	Fogg, Ebenezer, sixty days.
Coffin, William, substitute for Samuel Simpson.	Haynes, Daniel, three months.
Coffin, Samuel, substitute for David Chase.	Hilton, John, three months.
Collins, Capt. Samuel, three months.	Huckins, Ebenezer, sixty days.
	Haynes, Capt. David, sixty days.
	Hazletine, Benjamin, sixty days.

THE JOURNAL OF THE
ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE
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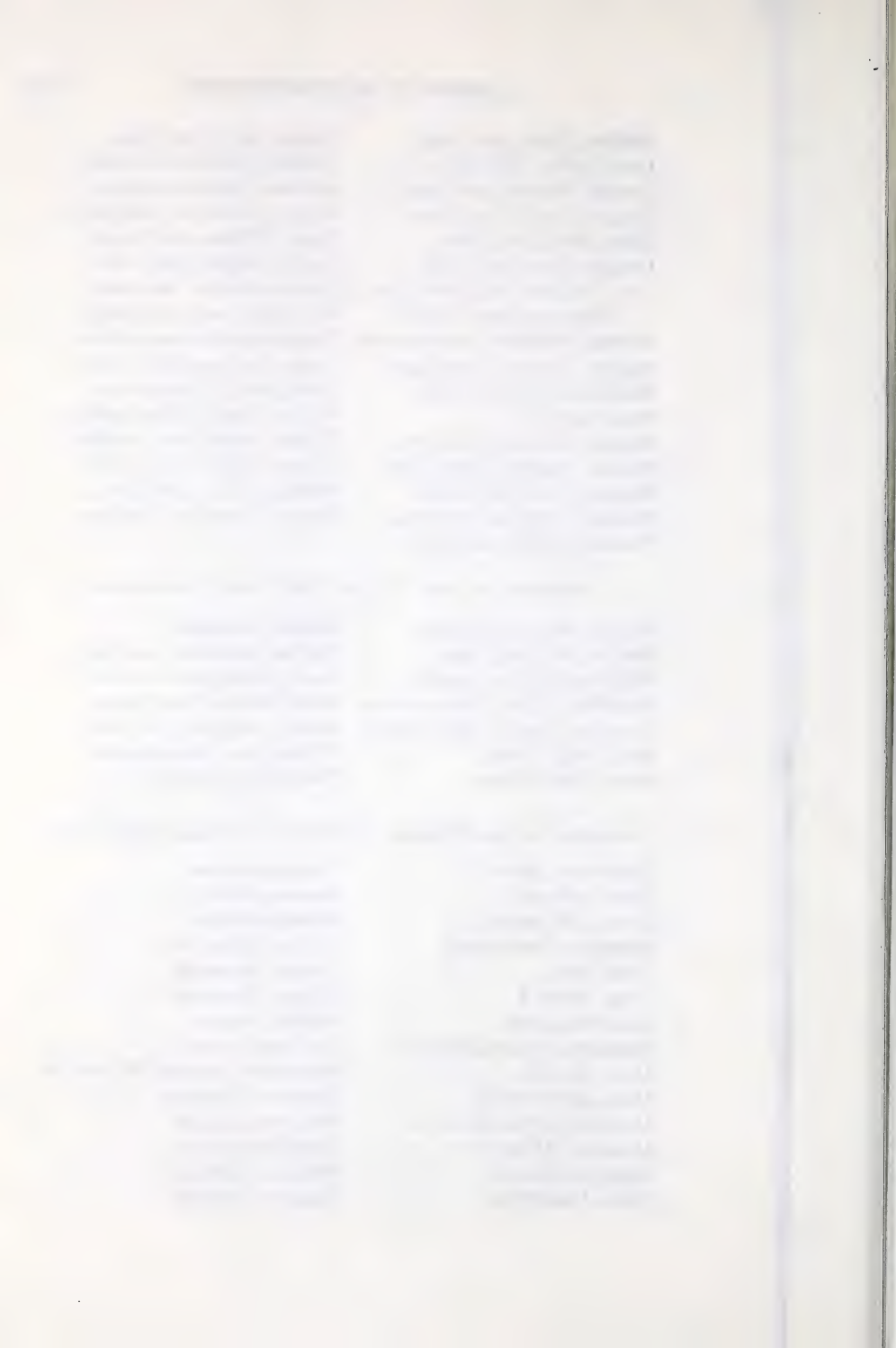
Judkins, Caleb, sixty days.	Palmer, Levi, sixty days.
Lunt, Josiah, sixty days.	Prescott, Reuben, sixty days.
Langlee, Reuben, sixty days.	Rollins, Josiah, sixty days.
Langley, Caleb, sixty days.	Rowell, Abraham, sixty days.
Libby, Jesse, sixty days.	Rand, William, sixty days.
Langley, John, sixty days.	Smith, Stephen, sixty days.
— Mudgett, substitute for E.	Stearns, Samuel, sixty days.
Thurston, three months.	Shephard, Isaac, sixty days.
Marston, Nathaniel, three months.	Tandy, David, three months.
Maloon, Jeremiah, sixty days.	True, Abraham, sixty days.
Merrill, Joseph, sixty days.	Todd, John M., sixty days.
Nute, Jacob.	Wallace, Jacob, three months.
Palmer, John, three months.	White, James, three months.
Pearson, Timothy, sixty days.	Weare, Mesheck, sixty days.
Prescott, True, sixty days.	Wallace, John, sixty days.
Prescott, Stephen, sixty days.	Veasey, Jonathan, sixty days.
Prescott, Joseph, sixty days.	

SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF 1812 FROM NORTHWOOD.

Durgin, Israel, sixty days.	Morrill, Burnham.
Durgin, Job, sixty days.	Rollins, David, jr., sixty days.
Hill, George, three months.	Smith, John, three months.
Knowlton, Oliver, three months.	Small, Samuel, sixty days.
Knowlton, Joseph, three months.	Stokes, Jeremiah, sixty days.
Laws, Serg. Curtis.	Willie, Isaac, three months.
Moore, Serg. Gideon.	York, Levi, sixty days.

SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF THE REBELLION FROM NOTTINGHAM.

Batchelder, Oliver P.	Edgerly, Lynan
Bean, Addison F.	Eastman, Omri H.
Brown, William H.	French, Horace
Burnham, Sherburne K.	Fuller, Gayton W.
Carr, John	Furber, Samuel J.
Copp, Daniel F.	Guyon, Alexander
Demeritt, Jacob	Glover, Samuel
Demeritt, Corporal John H.	Gerrish, Charles F.
Dow, John H.	Gilpatrick, Corporal William H.
Davis, Bradbury C.	Harvey, Charles G.
Daniels, Corporal John D.	Holman, Amos S.
Demeritt, Albert W.	Hill, Bradbury W.
Dinsmore, Charles	Holmes, William F.
Davis, Daniel W.	Holmes, Noah W.



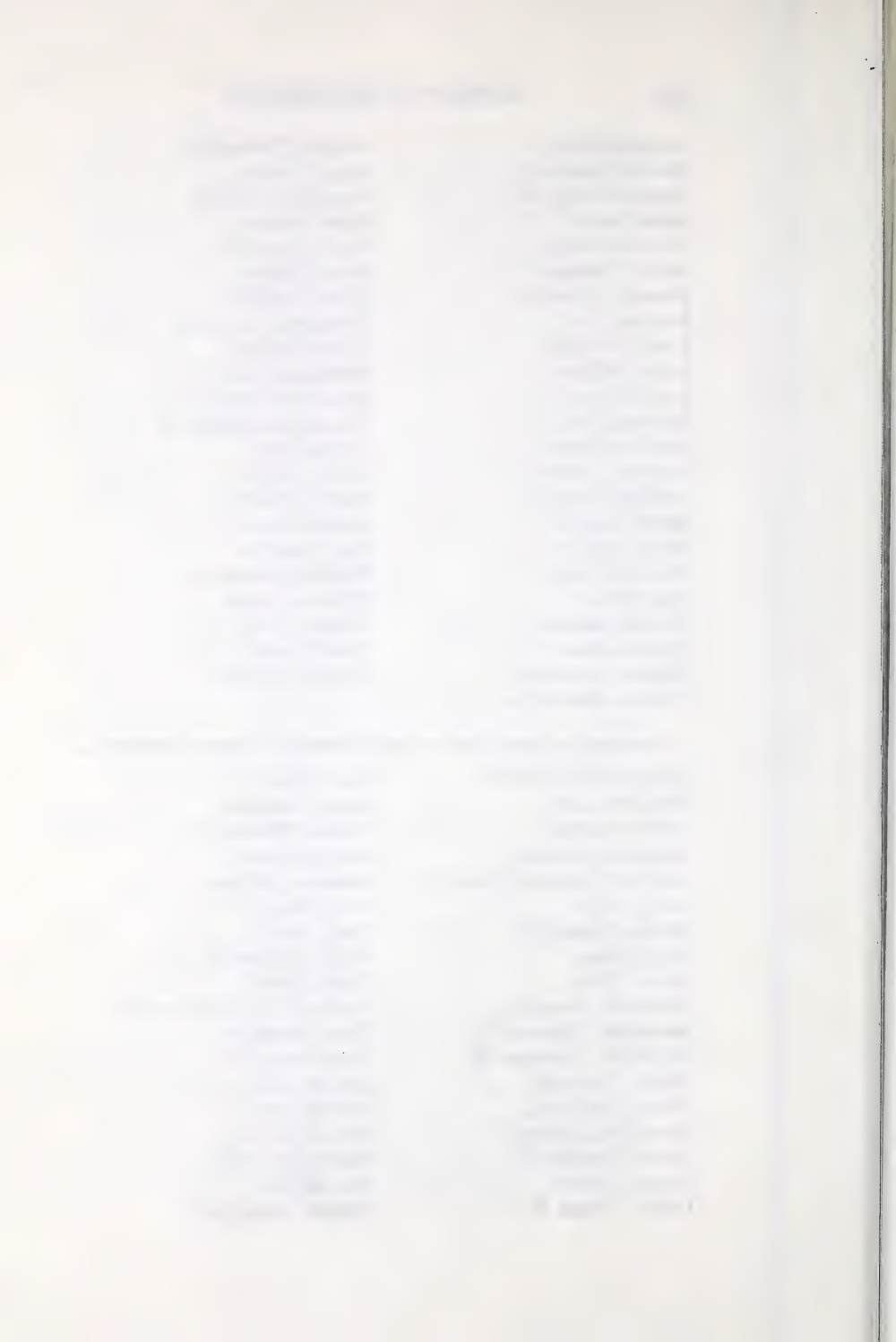
Holmes, John L.
 Harvey, Charles B.
 Jenness, George W.
 Jones, David
 Johnson, George
 Kelley, Thomas J.
 Kennedy, Thomas
 Leathers, Levi
 Leathers, Daniel
 Libby, William
 Lucy, Robert W.
 Lovering, True W.
 Leathers, Charles
 Lovering, Andrew
 Langley, Joseph A.
 Martin, Joseph
 Miller, Isaac E.
 McColley, John
 Nay, Elvin F.
 Nealley, Moses B.
 Newton, John
 Nichols, Alexander
 Prescott, John R. S.

Prescott, Thomas R.
 Ryan, Patrick
 Simpson, Samuel A.
 Sayles, Samuel
 Smith, James W.
 Scales, Horace
 Tilton, Franklin
 Thompson, Joseph H.
 Tuttle, Charles C.
 Thompson, John H. P.
 Thompson, John P. H.
 Thompson, Sylvester E.
 Turpin, John
 Tuttle, Levi C.
 Tuttle, Albert H.
 Tuttle, John M.
 Ure, Daniel A.
 Wallace, Charles B.
 Witham, Joseph
 Wilson, Henry
 Wade, Harry
 Witham, John B.

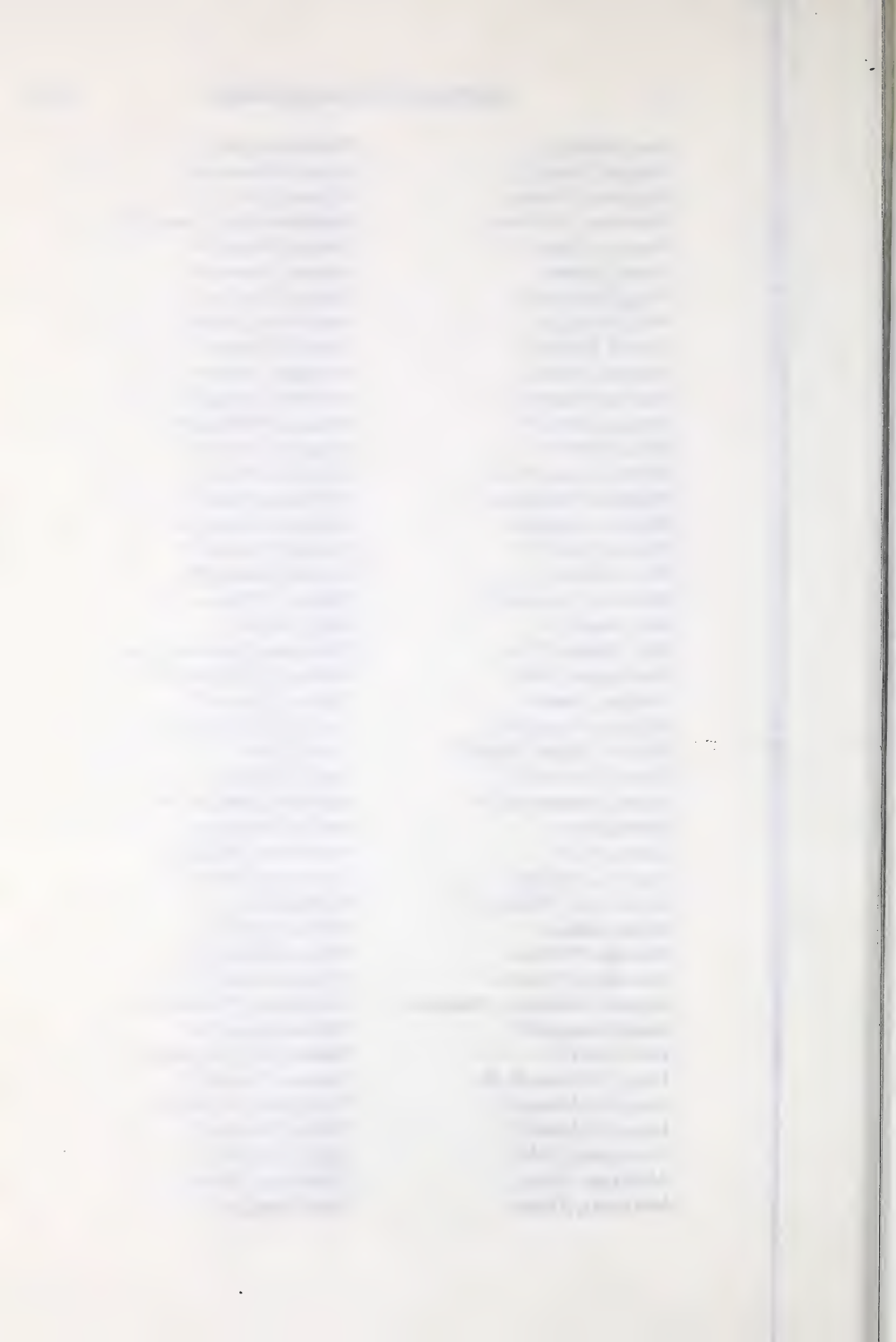
SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF THE REBELLION FROM DEERFIELD.

Ainslee, Alexander W.
 Ayer, Joseph B.
 Abbott, George A.
 Anderson, James R.
 Ambrose, Corporal Alfred E.
 Boody, John
 Benson, George W.
 Boyd, James
 Bryson, John
 Batchelder, Joseph C.
 Batchelder, Edmund R.
 Batchelder, Jonathan H.
 Boody, Charles H.
 Brown, Charles O.
 Batchelder, Edmund
 Butler, Franklin H.
 Barnard, Moses
 Corliss, George W.

Clay, Jesse H.
 Carney, Edward
 Conway, Charles N.
 Casey, Mathew
 Coleman, Michael
 Cook, John W.
 Cook, Abel R.
 Carter, Charles H.
 Chafin, John C.
 Chadwick, Lieut. Jeremiah
 Chase, Joseph W.
 Cram, Joseph H.
 Conklin, Lanty
 Dickey, James
 Doe, Joseph A.
 Dickey, James M.
 Day, George
 Dennet, Benjamin F.



- Doe, Rufus E.
 Durgin, Henry E.
 Donohue, Thomas
 Dunavan, William C.
 Emerson, John A.
 Evans, James
 Fogg, Stephen F.
 Fife, Henry M.
 Fifield, Henry L.
 Gannon, James
 Graver, Charles N.
 George, Rufus P.
 Hill, Jacob W.
 Hoitt, Charles E. P.
 Hazleton, Benjamin J.
 Harvey, Albert M.
 Harvey, Ladd P.
 Hill, William E.
 Hildreth, Sherman F.
 Hill, Isaac L.
 Hill, Martin V. B.
 Henderson, John
 Jenkins, James
 Johnson, George H.
 Johnson, Lieut. Merrill
 Jones, Charles H.
 James, Thomas H. B.
 Jones, John
 Jagers, S. P.
 Jenkins, William
 Kenniston, William H.
 Kelley, James
 Kenney, William
 Kennerley, Thomas
 Lyford, Edward F., Chaplain.
 Ladd, George P.
 Law, John K.
 Lang, William H. H.
 Langley, Almond S.
 Legro, Mitchell P.
 Livingston, John
 McIntyre, James
 Morrissey, James
 McGowan, John
 Marsh, Charles G.
 Menard, Peter
 Morrison, Capt. Isaac H.
 Meloon, Enoch F.
 Meloon, Samuel S.
 Medlar, Marvin L.
 Marrifield, Frank O.
 Morrell, Joseph A.
 Pettigrew, Henry J.
 Prescott, George P.
 Parsons, William H.
 Quimby, David M.
 Randall, John L.
 Robinson, Dana D.
 Ransch, Christopher
 Randall, Samuel J.
 Ritchie, James, jr.
 Ritchie, William
 Ring, Abijah
 Robinson, Stephen B., jr.
 Robinson, Braning W.
 Rollins, Francis F.
 Smith, McNorman C.
 Smith, Peter
 Smith, William
 Sanborn, Thomas W.
 Smith, David, jr.
 Sturtivant, Paschal
 Sylvester, George F.
 Smith, John
 Smith, Charles F.
 Tilton, Charles F.
 Thomas, John O.
 Thompson, William S.
 Tilton, George B.
 Thompson, John L. B.
 Thorne, Francis B.
 Thompson, Charles H.
 Tilton, Charles E.
 Tyler, Charles S.
 Thompson, Henry
 Teel, George



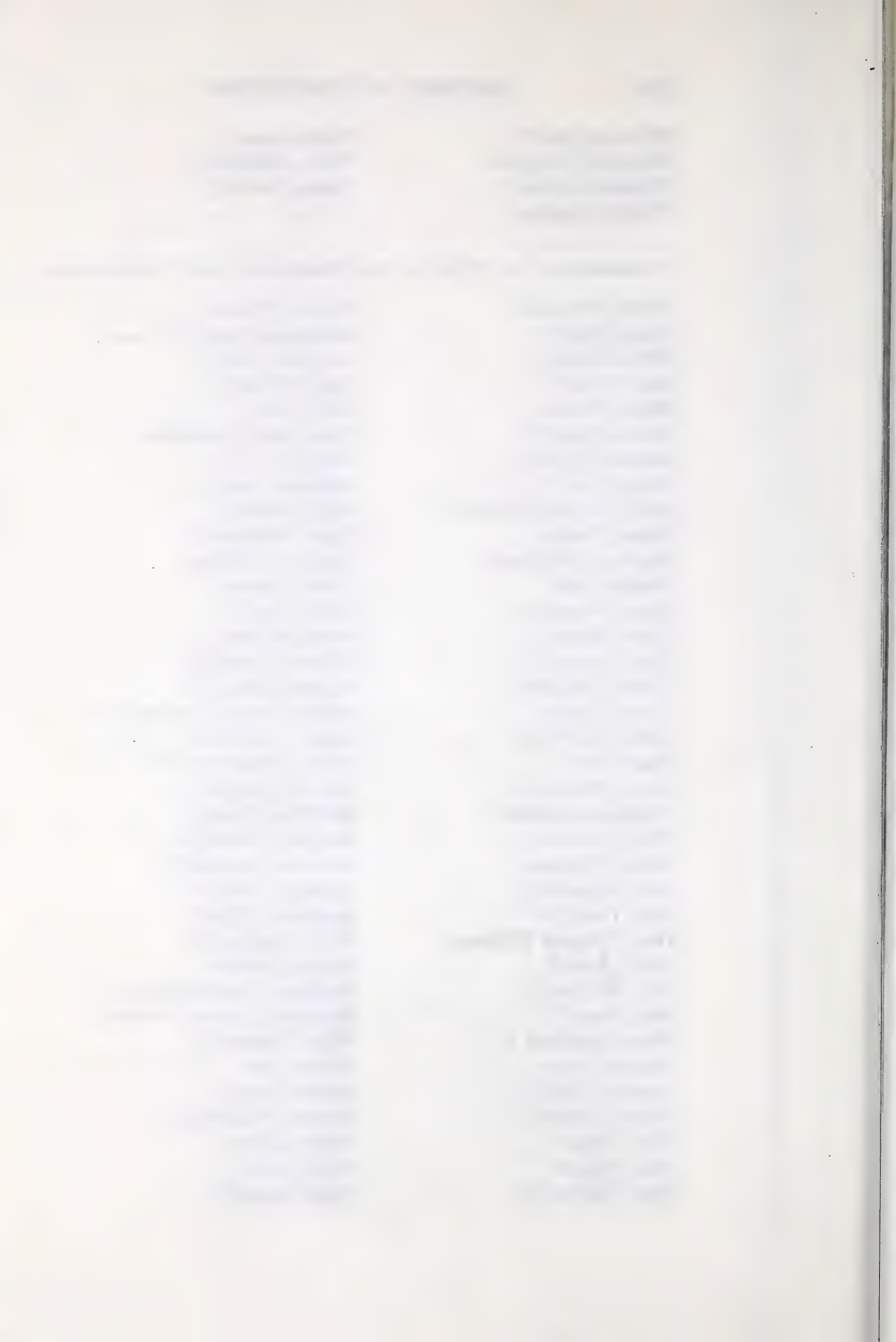
Witherell, Otis C.
Witherell, George S.
Woodman, John L.
Wheeler, Stephen

Ward, James
White, Charles E.
Young, David, jr.

SOLDIERS IN THE WAR OF THE REBELLION FROM NORTHWOOD.

Avery, George H.
Bruce, John H.
Brown, Charles
Baril, Ovide
Butler, Patrick
Brown, Daniel R.
Bennett, Richard
Brown, Paul P.
Bean, Corporal Charles W.
Brown, Charles
Burnham, William D.
Bradley, John
Canny, James M.
Carter, Henry L.
Clay, Francis S.
Chesley, William
Casey, Thomas
Comstock Patrick
Clark, John
Cutler, Eugene L.
Donoughoue, James
Durgin, Charles P.
Downy, Thomas
Dow, Samuel T.
Dow, Pearly B.
Dow, Corporal William A.
Davis, John R.
Day, William H.
Day, Henry T.
Drake, Jonathan C.
English, James
Emerson, John A.
Fisher, Edward
Fife, George
Fife, William
Foss, Charles W.

Furber, William W.
Greenleaf, George W.
Goodwin, John F.
Gray, William S.
Hall, Alben
Hoitt, Capt. Augustus J.
Hoitt, Byron D.
Hanscom, John C.
Hoitt, Joshua J.
Hyes, Chrisam F.
Hartman, William
Harris, James
Hill, Alfred R.
Jones, William T.
Johnson, Samuel S.
Johnson, George F.
Kelley, Corporal Benjamin F.
Knowles, Jesse M.
Kelley, Serg. Charles H.
Knowles, Samuel P.
Knowlton, George
Kempton, James M.
Lawrence, George W.
Lovering, Joseph P.
Lancaster, John L.
Miller, Charles H.
Morton, Andrew
Morrison, Corporal John G.
Morrison, Corporal Andrew J.
Miller, Charles H.
Meserve, Ira
Norton, Henry
Norcross, Charles A.
O'Brien, John
Poole, James
Page, George H.



Randall, Charles H.
Randall, Henry L.
Ross, John H.
Reynolds, Arthur
Richardson, John
Richardson, Eben R.
Roberts, Alvin H.
Reynolds, Alphonze S.
Reynolds, William A.
Reynolds, Mason F.
Roderick, Joseph
Riber, John B.
Seavey, Smith M.
Smith, John
Stockman, Charles

Smith, John A.
Smith, Barnard
Swain, Serg. Jeremiah J.
Small, John W.
Sanborn, James
Trombly, Joseph
Tuttle, William R.
Taylor, Alfred
Wilson, William
Watson, David P.
Williams, Rowell S.
Watson, Lieut. Plummer D.
Waldo, Serg. John
Watson, Reuben B.
Watson, James C.



FAMILY SKETCHES.

BARTLETT FAMILY.

THE history of the Bartlett family, so far as it can be accurately traced, commences with Adam de Barttelot, who came from Normandy and was a distinguished officer under William the Conqueror. He fought in the battle of Hastings, and rendered such important service in that and other battles, that after the conquest he was rewarded for his services with a large landed estate in Stopham, Sussex County, Eng. This estate is situate on the River Aran, and has descended from father to son, with large additions, for over eight hundred years, until it now consists of between seven and eight thousand acres, owned by the present representative of the family, Col. Walter B. Bartlett, who resides thereon, and who is an officer in the English army and member of Parliament. In the stone floor of the old Norman church built by the family early in the thirteenth century, are marble slabs with inlaid tablets of brass, upon which has been inscribed the family record, from John Bartlett, who died in 1428, down to that of the venerable Col. George Bartlett, father of Walter B., above mentioned, who died November 28, 1872, aged eighty-four years, and who was an officer under Wellington through the whole Peninsular war. By such inscriptions, as well as charts of pedigree now in the possession of the family, an accurate record of the *line* has been kept from 1066 down to the present time.

The Bartletts of this country are mostly the descendants of John and Richard Bartlett, brothers, who were of the Stopham family, and emigrated to America in 1634-35 and settled in Newbury, Mass., and of Robert Bartlett, the

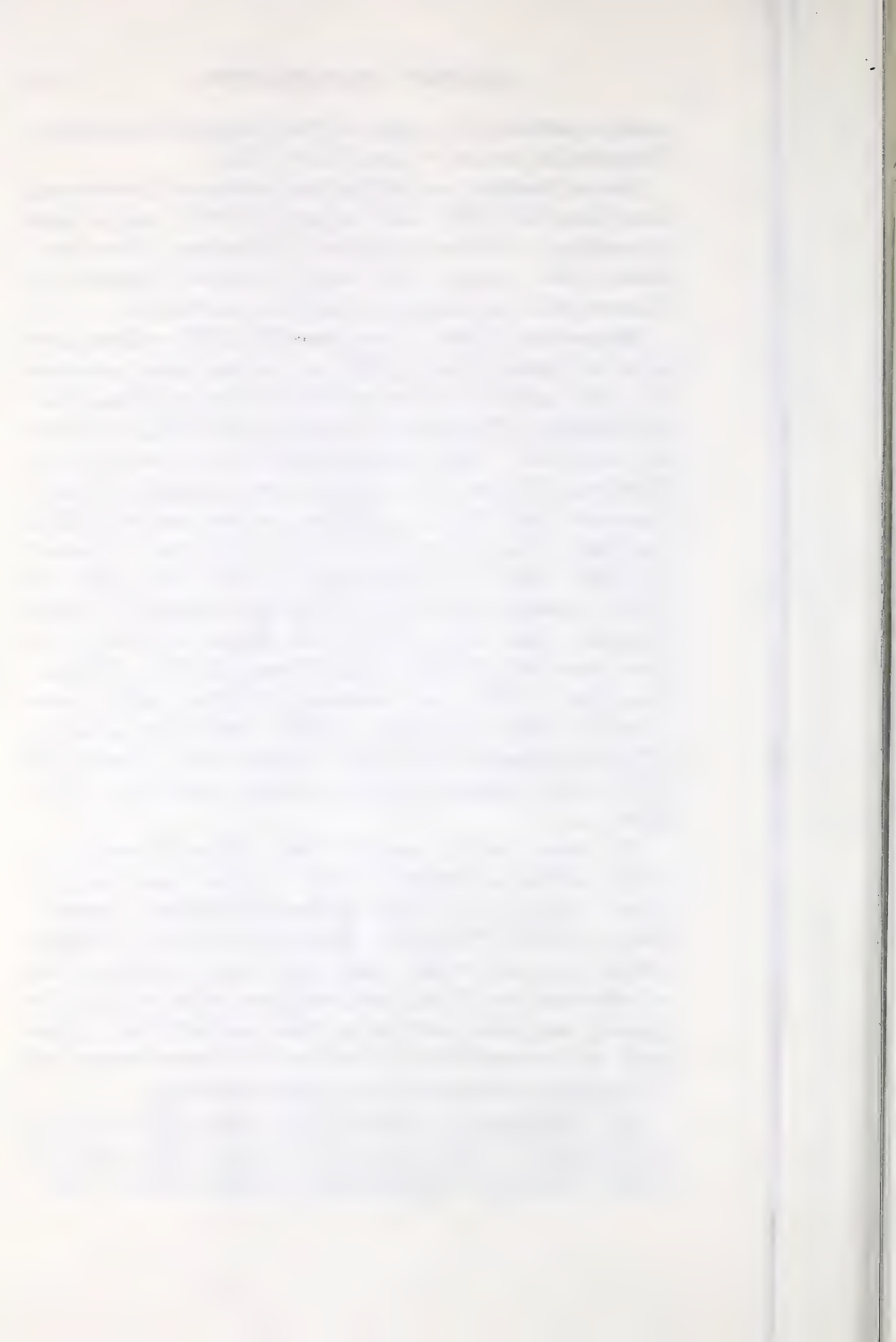
earliest settler of the name in New England, who came to Plymouth in the ship "Ann," July, 1623.

Samuel Bartlett, one of the first settlers of Northwood, born June 13, 1752, died August 23, 1827, was a lineal descendant of Richard Bartlett of Newbury, above mentioned; the pedigree line being: Richard, Richard 2d. Richard 3d, John, John 2d. John 3d, and Samuel.

He married Michal Straw, June 20, 1775, — three days after the battle of Bunker Hill, — who was born November 27, 1755, and died at the residence of her son, Capt. Samuel Bartlett, in Northwood, November 20, 1850, at the age of ninety-five. They settled and lived on the hill near Northwood Narrows, on the place now occupied by Daniel Lancaster, and had ten children, seven sons and three daughters: John, born February 19, 1776, died November 24, 1865; Philip, born December 4, 1777, died July 28, 1864; Samuel, born July 12, 1780, died October 12, 1849; Zipporah, born July 8, 1782, died March 31, 1849; Stephen, born July 12, 1784, died February 9, 1787; William, born May 8, 1786, died November 24, 1864; Judith, born June 27, 1788, died January 9, 1793; David, born June 11, 1790, died January 14, 1797; Richard, born August 22, 1793, died December 22, 1864; Sarah, born May 3, 1797, died —.

(1) John Bartlett married Ruth Elkins, November 7, 1811; settled in Northwood where he died; had four children: Michal, who married Zachariah Leighton, a farmer: they settled in Strafford; afterward removed to Epsom, where they now reside; have had several children, four of whom are now living; two daughters, twins, who died in infancy, and John Bartlett, jr., who married Eliza C. Caswell, and are now living on the homestead farm, the parents of fourteen children, twelve of whom are living.

(2) Philip Bartlett married Lydia James, May 15, 1799, and settled in Northwood near his brother John; they had eleven children: Judith, married Dudley Hill of North-



wood; James, married Sally Bradley of Deerfield, and settled in Roxbury, Mass.; Samuel, married Hannah Dow, and resided in Manchester; Rebecca T., married John C. Hill of Northwood; Edwin and William, who died young; Philip E., married Matilda Davidson, and resides on the homestead; George T., married Jane W. Whittier of Roxbury, where they resided; Lydia Jane, married Josiah P. Lancaster of Northwood, where they now reside; Jeremiah J., married Eliza Parsons of Northwood, now living in Lynn, Mass.; and Trustine, who died young.

(3) Samuel Bartlett married Hannah Pinkham, and settled in Northwood where he resided at the time of his death. Their children were: Hannah; Lavina, who married Horace Abbott of Concord, where he and one daughter, married, still survive her; David T., who had two wives, Susan Emerson of Barnstead, and Lavina Weeks of Laconia; one daughter by last wife, now living; he resided on the old homestead until a few years before his death, when he removed to Concord; and Sally, who married Jedediah Abbott, and now resides in Northfield, having several children.

(4) Zipporah Bartlett married Jeremiah Wedgwood of Northfield, where she resided until his death, when she removed to Northwood. Their children were: Rebecca G. and Michal B., who married brothers, John and Abner Mace, both of whom are still living, with their husbands, in Hampton, and have several children each; Nathaniel G., who emigrated many years ago to Illinois, where he still lives, and married Fatina Tackett, and is the father of several children; Samuel B., who married Hannah H. Sanborn of Barnstead, now deceased, by whom he had four children; he lived for several years with his mother in Northwood; now resides in Marshalltown, Ia.; John, now deceased, who married Caroline Hoyt, by whom he has one child, living; Jeremiah W., who married Susan B. Shaw, with whom he is still living in Worcester, Mass., with children.

(5) Stephen Bartlett, died young.

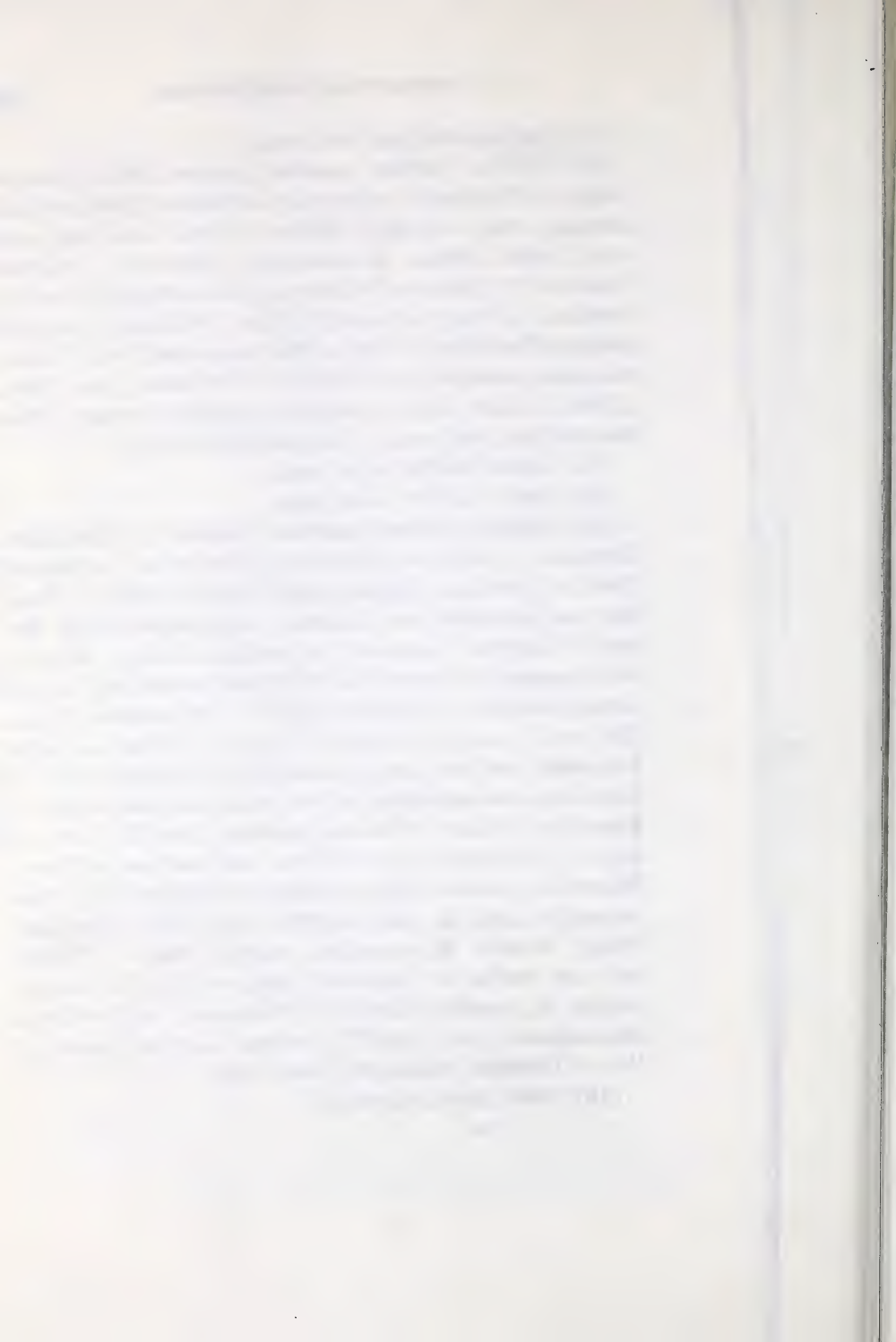
(6) William Bartlett married, August, 1814, Rebecca James of Northwood, where they settled and lived until his decease; they had eight children: Sarah Ann, who married Lendall Brown of Northwood; Rebecca S., married Timothy W. Farnum of Northwood, where they now reside; Stephen A., living in Haverhill, Mass.; William P., married Rebecca Bartlett and lives on the homestead farm; Catharine Jane, married Ezra Tasker of Northwood, died 1848; Alfred Bartlett, died unmarried, aged about twenty; Martha Matilda, died young; Clarinda, died young.

(7) Judith Bartlett, died young.

(8) David Bartlett, died young.

(9) Richard Bartlett married Caroline A. Hannaford, December 1, 1814, and settled in Northwood; afterward lived in Grantham, Epping, and Pittsfield where he died; they had nine children: Lucretia, who married Moses Barton of Croydon, deceased; no children living; Olive A., who became the second wife of Moses Barton, and is still living with him in Croydon, and has four children living; Clarissa E., married James H. Savage of Boston, and after his death she was again married to Nathan Breed of Lynn, who was murdered in his store; she now resides in Lynn; no children; Caroline, married John P. Norris of Lynn, with whom she now lives, and has two children; Richard S., married Mary J. Belden of Chicago, Ill., where he resided until his death in 1854; one child, a daughter, living; Bradley H., physician, married Ruth C. French, and now resides in Amherst; Jane, who died in infancy; Martha M., married Samuel B. Wedgwood, and resides in Marshalltown, Ia.; Asa W., lawyer, married Finette A. Doe of Pittsfield, where they now reside.

(10) Sarah, died in infancy.



BATCHELDER FAMILY.

✓ Rev. Stephen Bachiler arrived at Boston Thursday, the fifth day of June, having spent eighty-eight days in the passage. The ship was "William and Francis," commanded by Capt. Thomas, sailing from London, March 9, 1632. Mr. Bachiler was, at this time, seventy-one years old. He at once repaired to Lynn, where Theodate, his daughter, the wife of Christopher Hussey, was then residing. There accompanied Mr. Bachiler, six members of his church in England, whom he organized into a church, with such others as desired to fraternize with them, June 8, and baptized four children, among whom were Thomas Newhall, said to be the first white child born in Lynn, and Stephen Hussey, his grandchild. Some four months after this, he was ordered by the court in Boston to suspend his ministerial labors, except to the people he brought with him, "for contempt of authority, and till some scandals be removed." This injunction was removed by the court on the fourth of March. But, difficulties again arising, he and the first members of his church were dismissed, and Mr. Bachiler removed to Ipswich, whence, troubles arising, he removed to Yarmouth, and thence to Newbury, where, July 6, 1638, the town made him a grant of land, and, September 6, the General Court granted him permission to settle a town at Hampton, to which he and Christopher Hussey repaired, and where a church was soon gathered, of which Mr. Bachiler became pastor. The town of Hampton granted him three hundred acres of land, and he presented the town with a bell for their meeting-house.

In 1650, Mr. Bachiler married his third wife, himself, at the time, being ninety years old. The same year, the court in Boston ordered that, in consequence of a matrimonial difficulty, "Mr. Bachiler and his wife shall live together as man and wife, as in this Court they have publicly professed to do; and if either desert one another, then hereby the Court doth order that the marshal shall appre-

CHAPTER I

The first part of the history of the world is the history of the creation of the world. It is a story of the beginning of all things, of the origin of life, and of the development of the universe. It is a story of the power of God, of the wisdom of His plan, and of the love of His people. It is a story of the first steps of man, of the first discoveries, and of the first civilizations. It is a story of the first wars, of the first peace, and of the first hopes. It is a story of the first loves, of the first friendships, and of the first sacrifices. It is a story of the first dreams, of the first visions, and of the first prophecies. It is a story of the first faith, of the first hope, and of the first love. It is a story of the first steps of man, of the first discoveries, and of the first civilizations. It is a story of the first wars, of the first peace, and of the first hopes. It is a story of the first loves, of the first friendships, and of the first sacrifices. It is a story of the first dreams, of the first visions, and of the first prophecies. It is a story of the first faith, of the first hope, and of the first love.

hend both the said Mr. Bachiler and Mary, his wife, and bring them forthwith to Boston."

In 1656, his wife petitioned the court for a divorce, saying, that "Mr. Bachiler, upon some pretended ends of his own, hath transported himself to Old England, and betaken himself to another wife." At this time, he was in the ninety-sixth year of his age.

Mr. Bachiler died at Hackney, near London, in 1660. in the one hundredth year of his age.

Mr. Bachiler had four sons and three daughters; one of the latter, Theodate, as has been said, became the wife of Christopher Hussey, and came to this country before her father, and ultimately settled in Hampton. Deborah married John Wing of Lynn, and removed to Sandwich, while the third daughter became the wife of a Mr. Sanborn. Francis and Stephen remained in London. Henry went to Reading, and Nathaniel settled in Hampton, where, in 1656, he married Deborah Smith, by whom he had nine children, and, October 31, 1676, he married Widow Mary Wyman of Woburn, by whom he had eight children. He died January 2, 1710, aged eighty. His son, Samuel, born January 10, 1681, married Elizabeth Davis of Newbury, Mass., in 1706, and they had twelve children, one of whom was Samuel, born August 1, 1713, and died March, 1797. This Samuel, son of Samuel Batchelder and Elizabeth Davis, was the father of the Batchelders who settled early in Northwood. He married, November 23, 1738. Sarah, daughter of Abraham Drake, their children being: (1) Abraham, born August, 1739, died August 18, 1742; (2) John, born September 7, 1741, died June 6, 1812; (3) Increase, born December 28, 1743, died July 7, 1827; (4) Josiah, born February 25, 1746, died April 7, 1803; (5) Sarah, born November 1, 1747; (6) Abraham, born August 13, 1750, died March 10, 1833; (7) Samuel, born May 24, 1753; (8) Nathaniel, born June 30, 1755, died March 12, 1803; (9) Samuel, born August 30, 1757, died March, 1817; (10) Sarah, born January 9, 1760.

John came to Northwood March 25, 1763, with his brother Increase, and settled on land occupied by Gilman Batchelder; Increase, on land belonging to Francis J. Hanson; Abraham, at a later date, settled on land belonging to Daniel S. Edgerly; and Samuel, where Hon. Robert Morrison resides.

The descendants of this somewhat eccentric man are very numerous in New Hampshire and Massachusetts, where they are highly respectable in character, and occupy honorable positions, both in society and the church, though none of them spell their names after the manner of the founder of their race. Among these descendants of Rev. Stephen Bachiler may be found, it is said, the Hon. Daniel Webster, whose grandfather, Ebenezer Webster, was born at Hampton, October 10, 1715, and married, July 20, 1738, Susanna Bachiler, a descendant of the Rev. Stephen Bachiler, through his eldest son, Nathaniel, who lived in Hampton.

Prince, the chronicler of New England, says of Mr. Bachiler: "He was an ancient minister in England, had been a man of fame in his day, brought a number of his people with him, and soon became the first feeder of the flock of Christ in Lynn. By several original letters which I have seen of his own writing, to the Rev. Mr. Cotton of Boston, I find he was a gentleman of learning and ingenuity, and wrote a fine and curious hand."

The Bachelders who first settled in Northwood are believed to have descended from Rev. Stephen Bachiler, through his son Nathaniel, who settled in Hampton, the spelling of the name being gradually changed from Bachiler to Bachelder and Batchelder.

The materials for the following have been gathered by Mr. Hollis Edgerly, a great-grandson of the first Abraham Batchelder who settled in Northwood.

The first four original Batchelder settlers were John, Increase, Abraham, and Samuel.

The first of these was the establishment of the
city of Boston in 1630. The second was the
establishment of the city of New York in 1624.
The third was the establishment of the city of
Philadelphia in 1682. The fourth was the
establishment of the city of London in 1666.
The fifth was the establishment of the city of
Paris in 1660. The sixth was the
establishment of the city of Rome in 1644.
The seventh was the establishment of the city of
Vienna in 1683. The eighth was the
establishment of the city of Constantinople in 1667.
The ninth was the establishment of the city of
Moscow in 1648. The tenth was the
establishment of the city of St. Petersburg in 1703.
The eleventh was the establishment of the city of
Berlin in 1698. The twelfth was the
establishment of the city of Vienna in 1683.
The thirteenth was the establishment of the city of
Paris in 1660. The fourteenth was the
establishment of the city of Rome in 1644.
The fifteenth was the establishment of the city of
Vienna in 1683. The sixteenth was the
establishment of the city of Constantinople in 1667.
The seventeenth was the establishment of the city of
Moscow in 1648. The eighteenth was the
establishment of the city of St. Petersburg in 1703.
The nineteenth was the establishment of the city of
Berlin in 1698. The twentieth was the
establishment of the city of Vienna in 1683.
The twenty-first was the establishment of the city of
Paris in 1660. The twenty-second was the
establishment of the city of Rome in 1644.
The twenty-third was the establishment of the city of
Vienna in 1683. The twenty-fourth was the
establishment of the city of Constantinople in 1667.
The twenty-fifth was the establishment of the city of
Moscow in 1648. The twenty-sixth was the
establishment of the city of St. Petersburg in 1703.
The twenty-seventh was the establishment of the city of
Berlin in 1698. The twenty-eighth was the
establishment of the city of Vienna in 1683.
The twenty-ninth was the establishment of the city of
Paris in 1660. The thirtieth was the
establishment of the city of Rome in 1644.
The thirty-first was the establishment of the city of
Vienna in 1683. The thirty-second was the
establishment of the city of Constantinople in 1667.
The thirty-third was the establishment of the city of
Moscow in 1648. The thirty-fourth was the
establishment of the city of St. Petersburg in 1703.
The thirty-fifth was the establishment of the city of
Berlin in 1698. The thirty-sixth was the
establishment of the city of Vienna in 1683.
The thirty-seventh was the establishment of the city of
Paris in 1660. The thirty-eighth was the
establishment of the city of Rome in 1644.
The thirty-ninth was the establishment of the city of
Vienna in 1683. The fortieth was the
establishment of the city of Constantinople in 1667.
The forty-first was the establishment of the city of
Moscow in 1648. The forty-second was the
establishment of the city of St. Petersburg in 1703.
The forty-third was the establishment of the city of
Berlin in 1698. The forty-fourth was the
establishment of the city of Vienna in 1683.
The forty-fifth was the establishment of the city of
Paris in 1660. The forty-sixth was the
establishment of the city of Rome in 1644.
The forty-seventh was the establishment of the city of
Vienna in 1683. The forty-eighth was the
establishment of the city of Constantinople in 1667.
The forty-ninth was the establishment of the city of
Moscow in 1648. The fiftieth was the
establishment of the city of St. Petersburg in 1703.

(1) John Batchelder settled where Gilman S. Batchelder lives; married Sarah —; she died November 7, 1809, aged sixty; he died June 6, 1812, aged seventy-one; their children were Samuel, William, and others. This Samuel, born May 14, 1775, married, September 15, 1795, Sally Sherburne, born February 22, 1778, and lived where Gilman Batchelder resides; their children were: (1) James, born February 23, 1796, married Matilda Starbard, July 11, 1824; lived in Newmarket; their daughter, Olive, married a Mr. Lang of Lee, who has since died; and their son, Henry, a young man of much promise, died in early manhood; (2) Sally, born December 25, 1800, married, February 6, 1821, Jonathan Hill of Northwood; (3) Lucinda, born October 20, 1802, married, September 8, 1825, Oliver Knowlton, and lived in Sanbornton; some of whose children were George, Jonathan, Charles, Kirk, and one daughter, who married a Sanborn; (4) Shadrach, born November 3, 1804, married Jane M. Sanborn, who lived in Haverhill, Mass., he dying in 1873; their children were: Franklin, a dentist in New York; William S., who lives in Haverhill; and Orin T., who also lives in Haverhill; (5) Gilman S., born April 26, 1807, married Clarissa Batchelder; they live on the homestead; he married, for his second wife, Widow Langley, sister of S. S. James; Gilman Batchelder's children were: Charles, who married a Davis, and lives in Nottingham; George, who married a Davis, and lives in Nottingham; Sarah, who married William Henry Davis; James E., who lives where Bradbury Cilley died; Clara, who married Gilbert Watson; John, who lives in Lynn; Abbie, who married a Mr. Maker of Lynn; Emma, who married a Mr. Fullerton, and they live in Lynn; Samuel, who lives in Northwood; (6) John S., brother of Gilman, born April 4, 1809, married Ann Susan, daughter of the late Col. Samuel Batchelder, who lived where Mr. Gile resides; (7) Elmira, born October 26, 1811, married, October 27, 1833, a Mr. Haines, then Charles P. Crockett, af-

terwards a Mr. Page, and resides in Lawrence, Mass. ; (8) Betsey, born September 11, 1813, married, March 15, 1832, Nathan H. Leavitt, whose son, N. Holt, and other children, reside in Newmarket ; (9) Mary, born July 3, 1815 ; (10) Samuel, born October 15, 1817, lives in Haverhill, Mass. ; (11) Blitha L., born September 16, 1819, lives in Haverhill, Mass. ; (12) Olive, born June 15, 1821, died January 9, 1823.

(2) Increase, the second Batchelder settler, lived where Francis Hanson resides ; was born December 28, 1743, married Anna Taylor of North Hampton, died July 7, 1827, aged eighty-four ; his wife died September 15, 1827, aged eighty-one ; their children were : (1) James, who lived in the house owned by Mrs. Martha Shurburn, daughter of James Batchelder ; (2) John ; (3) Betsey ; (4) Abigail ; (5) Mary ; (6) Fanny ; (7) Jacob.

(3) Abraham Batchelder married, December, 1773, Abigail, daughter of John Buzzell, who lived in Barrington, where Solomon Buzzell now lives ; she died July 11, 1802 ; he married again, Hannah Caldwell of Barrington, January, 1804, who died March 8, 1849 ; his children by his first wife were as follows, having none by his second : Abigail, born January 22, 1774, died June 2, 1866 ; Mary, born July 22, 1775, died June 5, 1866 ; John, born July 27, 1777 ; Betsey, born February 1, 1779, died July 7, 1862 ; Abraham, born March 21, 1780, died January 27, 1871 ; Solomon, born February 7, 1782 ; Samuel, born June 2, 1784, died June 24, 1793 ; Nathaniel, born May 16, 1786 ; Mehitable, born November 19, 1788 ; Sally, born June 16, 1792. Mehitable is the only one of the children now living (August 5, 1878). She lives in Lee.

Abigail married Joseph, son of Increase Batchelder, and settled in Northwood with his father. They had no children. Mary died unmarried.

John married Betsey, daughter of Increase Batchelder, and settled in Meredith. He married, the second time,

Widow Mary Folsom, daughter of Dudley Sanborn of Meredith. His children by his first wife were Increase, Abraham, John, and Alvin.

Betsey married Deacon John Chesley, son of John, and settled on the place now occupied by Widow William P. Bennett. They had eleven children, Samuel, Susanna, Sally, Henry, Abigail, David, Jane, Eliza, Mary, Lucy, and Susan. Mary died when about twelve years of age, and Susan when about one year. The others lived to become of age, five of whom are living; viz., David, Jane, Eliza, Lucy, and Susan.

Abraham, jr., married, June, 1810, Mary, daughter of Increase Batchelder, the first settler, and lived on the homestead. He married, the second time, May 7, 1829, Betsey, widow of Samuel Hoitt of Lee. His children by his first wife were: Hannah C., born February 8, 1811; Joel, born September 1, 1812; Mary A., born February 21, 1815; Susanna, born January 8, 1817, died March 20, 1837; Abigail, born February 14, 1819; Increase H., born August 31, 1821, died July 13, 1834; Clarissa E., born December 28, 1826. This Abraham died January 27, 1871, at the advanced age of ninety years, ten months, and six days. His first wife died April 1, 1827; his second, December 4, 1864.

Solomon married, 1809, Hannah, daughter of William Watson of Pittsfield, and settled in Meredith. He married, the second time, Fannie Stevens of New Durham. His children by his first wife were Eliza, Albert, William, and Maria; by his second, Clarissa and Abigail.

Samuel died when about nine years old.

Nathaniel married Patience Page, and settled in Gilman-ton, now Belmont; afterwards moved to Meredith. He married, the second time, Widow Robinson, daughter of Joseph Neal of Meredith. His children by his first wife were Abigail, Mary, Betsey, and Lyman.

Mehitable married William Snell of Lee, and settled in

Lee. She had five children, Abraham, Susan, William, Alfred, and Abby.

Sally married John Mathes of Durham. She married, the second time, James Smith. By her first husband, she had three children, Hannah, Abigail, and Fanny; by her second, also three, James, Benjamin, and Elisabeth.

Grandchildren and great-grandchildren of Abraham Batchelder, the first settler:—

The children of John and Betsey Batchelder were: Increase, married Susan Hart, and settled in Meredith; afterwards moved to Thornton, where he died in the autumn of 1875; Abraham, never married; John, married Caroline Folsom, and settled in Meredith, where he now lives; Alvin, married Sarah Lawrence, and settled in Meredith; is now living in Hill.

The children of John and Betsey Chesley were: Samuel, born December 29, 1798, married Lydia Yeaton, and settled in Nottingham; childless; Susanna, born March 16, 1800, died April 17, 1801; Sally, born September 21, 1801, married Smith Batchelder; she had three children, Eliza, Mary, and Samuel; Henry, born August 26, 1803, married Hannah Tasker, by whom he had five children; he married, the second time, Sarah Blanchard, by whom he had two children; Abigail, born January 12, 1805, married David McCrillis, and settled in Nottingham; she had three children; David, born October 14, 1806, married Jane Kelsey; they had three children, William, George, and Edith; Jane, born January 8, 1809, married Henry Haley; Eliza, born August 20, 1810, married Rev. George W. Ashby; Mary, born December 25, 1812, died May 22, 1824; Lucy, born March 27, 1816, married Jeremiah Tasker, by whom she had three children, Sarah, W. Orin, and Lucy; Susan, born May 4, 1820, married William P. Bennett, by whom she had seven children, John P., Charles B., Mary, Abbie, Edwin, Bell, and Nellie.

The children of Abraham, 2d, and Mary Batchelder

were : Hannah C., married William Merrill, and settled in Holderness ; afterwards, in Meredith Village, and Laconia where she now lives ; her children were John, Augusta, Susan, Emma, Hollis, and George ; Joel, married Sarah A. Batchelder ; they have one son, Joseph ; Mary A., married Henry L. Carter ; they have one son, Charles Frank ; Abigail B., married Daniel S. Edgerly of Holderness, and they reside in Northwood, having three children, Hollis, Augusta, and John ; Clarissa E., married Timothy P. Faulkner, and settled in Newmarket ; now residing in Cape Elizabeth, Me., near Portland ; their children were Mary, Mary. Abraham, Charles, Annie, Mattie, Fred, and Ella.

The children of Solomon and Hannah Batchelder (first wife) were : Eliza, never married, living on the homestead in Meredith ; Albert, never married ; William, whose first wife was Ann Sanborn ; his second, Deborah Rowe ; and third, Lizzie Perkins ; he had one child by his last wife, that died young ; William lived with his father : Maria, married John Buzzell, and settled in Meredith ; then in Sandwich, where she died.

The children of Solomon and Fannie Batchelder (second wife) were : Clarissa, married Charles Batchelder, and settled in Meredith ; now living in Lake Village ; Abigail, never married.

The children of Nathaniel and Patience Batchelder were : Abigail, married Uriah Lamprey, and settled in Gilman-ton, now Belmont, with his father, Reuben Lamprey, where she now lives ; their children are Lourette, Josephine, Georgianna, Henrietta, and Albion ; Mary, married Albert Taylor, and settled in Meredith Bridge, now Laconia ; afterwards they moved West, where she died, they having one daughter, Nettie ; Betsey, married Simeon Pease, and settled in Meredith with his father, Joseph Pease, where she now lives ; their children are Jennie, Laura, Mary, Abbie, Frank, and Lorin ; Lyman, married Mary A. Moses, and settled in Meredith ; now live in Manchester, having one daughter, Nellie.

Administrative Services

The Administrative Services Department is responsible for providing support to the various departments of the organization. This includes managing the office environment, handling correspondence, and ensuring that all administrative tasks are completed efficiently. The department also oversees the procurement of supplies and services, and is responsible for maintaining accurate records of all administrative activities. The Administrative Services Department is a key component of the organization's infrastructure, and its effective operation is essential for the success of the entire organization.

The Administrative Services Department is also responsible for managing the organization's budget and ensuring that all financial transactions are properly recorded and reported. This includes monitoring the organization's spending, identifying areas for cost savings, and preparing regular financial reports for management. The department also plays a role in the organization's risk management efforts, by identifying potential risks and implementing measures to mitigate them. Overall, the Administrative Services Department is a critical part of the organization's operations, and its staff are dedicated to providing high-quality support to all other departments.

The children of William and Mehitabel Snell were: Abraham, married Olive Gear, and settled in Lee, where he died; they had three sons and two daughters; Susan, married a Mr. Hodgdon, and settled in Lee, having two sons and one daughter: William, married, and settled in Massachusetts; Alfred, married a Miss Page, and settled in Lee, where he died; they had three sons and three daughters; Abby, married Smith Emerson, and settled in Durham; afterwards, in Newmarket, having four children, Mary, Edwin, Martha, and Flora.

The children of John (first husband) and Sally Mathes were: Hannah, married a Leighton, by whom she had three children; Abigail, married Henry L. Carter, and settled in Augusta, Me., where she died, leaving one son, John L.; Fannie, married Volentine Mathes, and settled in Durham, where she died; she had three daughters and two sons.

The children of James (second husband) and Sally Smith were: James, married, and settled in the southern part of New Hampshire; Benjamin, married, and settled in the southern part of New Hampshire; Elisabeth, married Charles Bodwell, and settled in Lawrence, Mass., where she died.

(4) Samuel Batchelder married Nancy Low of Stratham, and settled in Northwood; their children were: (1) David, lived to be of age, and died in Newburyport in 1804; (2) Smith, married a Miss Sanborn of Epping, for his first wife, and settled in Northwood; married, second time, Sally Chesley; and, third time, Miss Foss; he moved from Northwood to Exeter, where he died; (3) Jessie, married, and settled in Walpole; (4) Mark, married Ascenith Merrill, daughter of Rev. Eliphalet Merrill, and settled in Herkimer, N. Y.; (5) Ira, married, and settled in Vermont; (6) Samuel, married, and settled in Chelsea, Mass.; (7) Sally, married David Knowles, and settled in Northwood; (8) Mary, married Joseph Nealley, and settled in Northwood; (9) Lydia, married Capt. William Tasker, and set-

tled in Barrington, now Strafford; (10) Nancy, married Benjamin Morrill, and settled in Northwood. Smith settled upon the home farm, where he lived until he moved to Exeter.

BATCHELDER FAMILY.

Simon Batchelder was the son of Davis Batchelder, who came from North Hampton and settled in what is now called Bow Street; his mother was Mary Taylor of Hampton, whose children were: Henry, born June 5, 1755, Simon, Mary, and one that died in infancy. Mr. Davis Batchelder's second wife was Ruth Palmer of North Hampton, and his third was a Widow Marston of the same town; by these last two wives he had fourteen children: he came to Northwood about 1770, and died October 5, 1816, aged eighty-four.

Simon, his son, was born March 5, 1758, married Rachel, daughter of Benjamin Johnson, April 4, 1778; she was born November 14, 1756, and died January 5, 1830; their children were: Levi, born September 10, 1779, died November 11, 1781; Mary, born April 19, 1782, married Nicholas Durrell of Northwood and removed to Bradford, where he died August, 1845, and where she died in 1873, leaving one daughter, now the wife of Levi O. Colby of Warner, and one son.

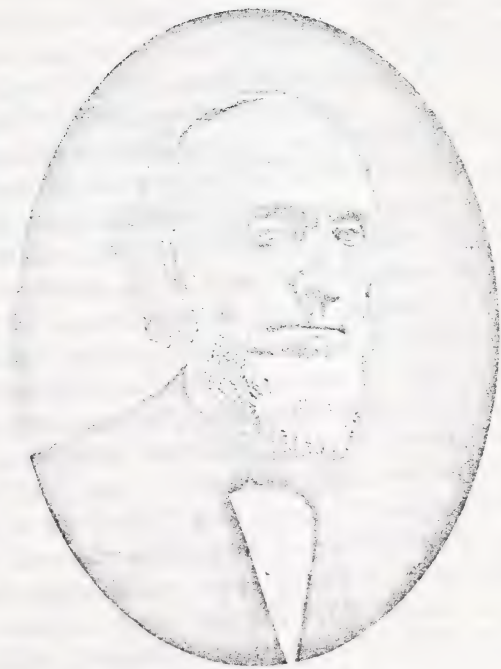
Martha, born March 3, 1784, married Hazen Horn of Gilmanton, where he died July 3, 1843; she died August 31, 1848, leaving five daughters: Ann, married Albert Cressy of Newark, N. Y.; Martha, married John S. Rolins of Fisherville; Alice C., married Charles Wingate of Northwood, and died September 28, 1869; Mary P., resides in Gilmanton; Elizabeth A., became the wife of Theodore Bohnstedt; she, a widow, resides in Boston.

Simon, born February 28, 1786, and died December 14, 1844, aged fifty-eight; he married, for his first wife, Sally, daughter of Henry Batchelder; their children are, one daughter, Matilda B., born June 22, 1811, married Hazen

Hill, February 8, 1832; their children are Lorenzo B., Henry Francis, and Sarah Matilda; Lorenzo enlisted in the First Maine Cavalry in the fall of 1861, and was shot from his horse in the battle of Winchester during Banks's retreat, thus rendered incapable of further active service in the field, but was retained in the provost marshal's office till the close of the war, and is now assistant-post-master at Augusta, Me.; Henry enlisted as first-sergeant, afterwards promoted to office of captain in Company I, Seventh Maine Volunteers, August 21, 1861, and was killed in the battle of Spottsylvania, May 12, 1864; Sarah lives with her parents in Manchester, Me. Simon Batchelder's second wife was Mrs. Elizabeth B. Pease, daughter of Col. Isaac Waldron of Barrington; she was born September 9, 1789, married Mr. Batchelder, June 2, 1816, and died September 19, 1820; their children were: George W., born February 26, 1817, a merchant in Bloomington, Ill., and Elizabeth Ann, born October 18, 1818, died October 18, 1821. Mr. Batchelder's third wife was Miss Hannah B. Waldron, sister to the second wife; she was born April 11, 1794, married; May 29, 1825; their children were: Elizabeth, born March 1, 1826, the wife of William W. Stackpole of Newmarket, having three children; Alfred, born November 12, 1827, and died October 20, 1828; Edwin, born November 26, 1830, was in the army during the Rebellion; is married and resides in Exeter.

Hannah, born April 16, 1788, became the second wife of Joseph Greeley of Gilmanton, and died September 8, 1859.

Levi, born July 31, 1790, married Mary Sherburn, born February 27, 1800, and died in Manchester, September 11, 1861, leaving one daughter, Mary Elizabeth, born May 22, 1823, who became, in June, 1841, the wife of John M. Harvey, grandson of the late Hon. John Harvey of Northwood; they had one child, Arianna Wallace, who died May 15, 1848, aged three years; he died in Manchester, March 19,



GEORGE W. BACHELDER.

1848, and his widow, August 1, 1850, became the wife of Dr. John S. Elliott of Manchester, who died November 29, 1876.

Benjamin, youngest child of Simon Batchelder, the elder, was born August 15, 1796; married, for his first wife, Mary Crocket, sister of the late John L. Crocket, November 27, 1823; she died May 28, 1835, aged thirty-seven, leaving one daughter, Ann Maria, born July 25, 1825, who became the wife of Samuel S. Moore; they reside in Northwood; have one son, Albert B. Mr. Benjamin Batchelder married, for his second wife, Mehitable, widow of the late Samuel Sherburn, and daughter of Col. William Berry of Pittsfield; she died October 27, 1872, aged seventy-six; Mr. Batchelder died April 19, 1864, aged sixty-seven.

Simon Batchelder responded to the first call for soldiers in the first year of the war of the Revolution, and served, in all, under three different enlistments, twenty months. He was at Winter Hill, near Boston, Newport, Rhode Island, and Ticonderoga, N. Y.; he received from his grateful country for many years an annual stipend of \$66.66. Mr. Batchelder was one of the original members of the Congregational Church, and chosen deacon September 22, 1817, which office he discharged until his death, March 10, 1847, aged eighty-nine years and five days; he was "a good man, full of faith and of the Holy Ghost, and devout men carried him to his burial" with sincere "lamentation."

Some of the other children of Davis Batchelder in addition to those named above were: Jonathan, born February 14, 1765; Comfort, born May 23, 1766; Davis, born August 22, 1768; Benjamin, born July 3, 1770; Hannah, born June 1, 1772; and Joseph, born August 6, 1774.

Henry Batchelder, brother of Deacon Simon, was born June 5, 1755, and died about 1812; his wife, Miss Reynolds, born January, 1755, died 1815; he built the house where S. S. Moore now lives, and died there; he was captain of a company, and was leader of the choir in the Congre-

gational Church many years; their children were: Dearborn, born March 30, 1778; Molly, born October 8, 1779; Charlotte, born March 2, 1782, died May 28, 1786; Nancy, born January 1, 1784; Patty, born June 26, 1786; Sally, born May 25, 1788; Charlotte, born April 10, 1791.

Dearborn Batchelder's wife was a Nealley, sister of the late Capt. Joseph Nealley; lived in Meredith, afterwards in Epsom, where he died, leaving a large family of children.

Molly married Charles Danielson and lived and died in Northwood, leaving one son, Charles, and two daughters, Lucinda and Matilda; the son was killed by a railroad car at Great Falls; Lucinda married Ephraim Grant and lived in Maine, leaving children, one of them being the wife of Emery Bartlett; Matilda became the wife of Joseph Hill, and died, leaving children, of whom are Charles H. and George W. of Concord.

Patty Batchelder married John Durgin, and died leaving two children, one of whom is the wife of Hosea Knowlton of Chichester.

Nancy Batchelder married Samuel Durgin, and lived and died in Maine, leaving several children.

Charlotte became the wife of John Wiggin, jr., and died June 22, 1825; she was the mother of Rev. Henry B. Wiggin.

Sally Batchelder, another daughter of Capt. Henry, became the wife of Simon Batchelder, son of Deacon Simon Batchelder, and died, leaving one daughter, who became the wife of Hazen Hill, son of Jonathan, and they live in Maine.

Adaline, daughter of Capt. Henry, became the wife of John Harvey, son of the late Hon. John Harvey (see Harvey sketch).

Harriet, daughter of Capt. Henry, became the wife of a Mr. Thompson; they lived and died in Maine, leaving several children; one of them is Henry B., living in Lawrence; another, Jane, is now wife of Samuel Furber of

Newmarket; and another, Matilda, is the wife of John A. Wilson of Boston; another, Nancy, married a Mr. Hodgdon of New Bedford, Mass.

BENNETT FAMILY.

Caleb Bennett's father came from England, and settled in Newmarket, where he was born. He married Abigail Lovering of North Hampton, in 1746. Their children were: Arthur, born 1747; Nancy, born 1749; Lucy, born 1751; Olive, born 1753; Lydia, born 1755; Mary, born 1757; Dolly, born 1759; Thomas, born January 14, 1761; Deborah, born 1763; Eben, born 1765; Esther, born 1767.

Arthur Bennett married Molly Mason of Newmarket: their children were: Mrs. Piper, Mrs. Norton, and John, who married the daughter of John Hall of Strafford, and settled at Waterville, Me.

Nancy married John Mason of Newmarket.

Lucy became the wife of Thomas Haines; their children were: Phebe, who married Isaac Cate of Barrington; Comfort, who became the wife of John Waldron of Barrington.

Olive became the wife of Joseph Garmon of Gilmanton: their children were Zebulon and Thomas.

Lydia became the wife of John Stockman, and their children were Benjamin and John.

Mary became the wife of Thomas Rollins of Newmarket: their children were: James; Jacob; Lydia, wife of Mace Norton; John; Katie, wife of John Stockman; Abigail, wife of James Knowles; and David.

Dolly became the wife of Eliphalet Durell of Lee, and their children were: Katie, wife of Jonathan Batchelder of Northwood; Joseph, married a daughter of Joseph Garmon of Gilmanton; Nicholas, married Polly Batchelder of Northwood; Sally, married Benjamin Dow of Meredith; Daniel, married and settled in Enfield; Eliphalet, settled in Ohio; John, married and settled in Enfield.

Thomas, born January 14, 1761, married Sarah Davis of

Lee, 1780; their children were: Nancy, born 1781, wife of Zebulon Garmon; Abigail L., born October 22, 1784; John, born July 21, 1786, married, 1810, Mary Eliot of Northwood, born February 25, 1780; she died February 2, 1837; he married, for his second wife, the Widow Adeline Harvey, born 1799, died June 9, 1874; David D., born December 12, 1788, died October 16, 1866, married Sarah Collins; Samuel, born January 1, 1791, died at Shreveport, La., September, 1853; James, born February, 1793, died April 23, 1809; Eben L., born May 6, 1795, married Catherine, widow of Joseph Stephens of Lee; Jeremiah, born May, 1797, married Miss Brown of New York; he died in 1850, in Alabama; Hannah, born March 17, 1799, died September 18, 1823; Jonathan, born March 13, 1801, died at Lee, May 12, 1849, married Nancy Neil of Loudon; William, born May 13, 1803, married Mary Bennett of Northwood; Sally, wife of Timothy Cooley of New York, was born August 13, 1805, died in Alabama; Rebecca, wife of James Cane of Shreveport, born October 23, 1807, died, 1835, at St. Louis.

Deborah, born 1763.

Eben, born 1765, married Sally Priest of Nottingham, 1783; their children were: Betsey, born August, 1784; Nancy, wife of Jerry Durgin, born September 10, 1785; Samuel, born February 13, 1787, married Sally Demeritt of Nottingham; Olive, wife of James Cate of Strafford, born February 12, 1788, died May, 1858; Sally, born August 10, 1790, died September 26, 1826; Susan, wife of Israel Swain of Strafford, born February 24, 17—; Polly, born December 5, 1796, died May 3, 1853; Joseph, born October 1, 1799, married Hannah Hanson of Barnstead; Eben, born 1801, married Hannah Tuttle; died April 1, 1865.

Esther, wife of Benjamin Johnson, born 1767; their children were: Samuel, born 1795; Sally, wife of Lewis Clark of Medway, born 1798; Luthera, wife of Amos Clark, born February 23, 1803.

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The children of John Bennett were : —

Charles Bennett, born December 17, 1813, married Hannah Davis of Effingham ; their children are : Josephine, born 1843, wife of Joseph Parker, a resident of Red Bank, N. J. ; Charles H., born 1845, died at Worcester, Mass., April, 1874.

Samuel, born March 15, 1816, died at Shreveport, La., 1852.

Daniel, born May 25, 1818, died April 27, 1869.

John, born June 27, 1821, married Belinda Wiggin ; she died May 12, 1854 ; their children are : Sarah F., born October 9, 1844, married George H. Scruton of Strafford ; William H., born August 7, 1846, married Emma F. Smith of Deerfield ; Charlotte E., born February, 1848, married J. Frank Goodwin ; Anna M., born May 28, 1850, married James Arrington, of Lynn, Mass. He married, for his second wife, Elizabeth A. York of Lee, in 1858 ; their children are : Inez M., born May 25, 1860 ; Ezra S., born May 30, 1864.

Dolly Bennett, born December 25, 1824, died January 9, 1854 ; married Edward Coburn of Weston, Mass., in 1850.

The children of John Bennett first, by his second wife, were : Mary E., born September 23, 1840 ; married James Morse of Manchester, 1863 ; one child, Annie Bell, born June 9, 1865.

BICKFORD FAMILY.

Solomon Bickford was the son of Benjamin, who lived in Newington, near the Piscataqua bridge. He died about the year 1767. This ancient family viewed the ravages of the Indians at the destruction of Oyster River in 1707.

Solomon settled first in Nottingham, at a place called Pierce's Mills, about two miles to the eastward of the Square. From this place he moved to Durham, that part now Lee, and from that place he came to Northwood, and with Godfrey and the Batchelders began the settlement of the town. The day that his family arrived at their destined

abode was rendered dreary by a snow-storm, and when their journey was finished the shades of night had already begun to make their appearance. This was in the month of December, and two small children soon reminded them that fire was the first requisite ; but by some oversight their works for striking were missing. Now there was no other alternative but to send to the other settlement for this indispensable article. The path lay through a dense wilderness, and, in the way it must at that day be traversed, was not less than seven or eight miles.

There have lived, perhaps, few more estimable citizens than Solomon Bickford. He lived to see what few may expect,—a town planted and well peopled, and at the distance of sixty-seven years from its beginning. He was deacon of the Congregational Church from its gathering, until disabled by age from performing the duties of the office. He died February 3, 1830, aged about ninety-six years.

Mr. Bickford's wife was Susan Fox of Nottingham. They settled where the late Deacon Asa Bickford died. She died October 27, 1817, aged eighty-one years. Their children were: John, born December 29, 1759, who accompanied his parents to Northwood, and was four years old that month on which they arrived ; he was afterwards a soldier in the Revolution during the campaigns of 1779 and 1780 ; the first at Rhode Island, and the last at West Point, where he was an eye-witness of the treacherous proceedings of Arnold. He died November 24, 1842, aged eighty-three, leaving one son, John, whose children were: Hamilton H., who died March 27, 1846, aged thirty-two ; and George W., who lives in Newmarket, having a family.

Deborah, second child of Solomon Bickford, was born July 5, 1762, and died, unmarried, February 16, 1845.

The third was Solomon, the first child born in Northwood, born June 25, 1764, and died August 23, 1826. His wife was Betsey Dearborn of Newmarket, but born in Dover,

November 5, 1768. They were married November 17, 1788. Their children were: Sally, born June 25, 1789; Polly, born November 17, 1790; Jeremiah, born June 5, 1804, married Huldah Lane of Chichester, August 8, 1844, and died February 18, 1875; Eliza, born February 22, 1807; Joseph G., born February 24, 1807, and died July 14, 1820, being one of three children at a birth, one dying at birth.

Mrs. Bickford, wife of Solomon, was daughter of Edward Dearborn, who was slain in the war of the Revolution. She died March 31, 1847, aged seventy-eight years.

Gideon, son of Solomon first, born November 24, 1766, married Sally Gove of Nottingham; their children were Jonathan, Sally, William Smith, and Olive Ann.

Benjamin, son of Solomon first, was born August 24, 1769, married Miriam Dow of Epping. Their children were Dudley, Samuel, James, and George. Dudley died April 7, 1824, aged 24 years; Samuel, born July 14, 1802, married Belinda Towle of Gilmanton; they lived many years at the Narrows, then moved to Belmont; their children are: Martha, who became the wife of Samuel N. Towle of Northwood, and died leaving no children; Dudley D., and Belinda Jane, who married a Mr. Pray, by whom she had children; after his death she married a Mr. Buzell; James, born December 3, 1807, married, June 13, 1832, Lydia Watson of Pittsfield, born December 31, 1804; they live on the homestead, and their children are: (1) George A., born May 12, 1836, married, December 12, 1861, Hannah J. Marston of Deerfield; their children being Ida Jane, Etta, George A., who died young, Charles M., and an infant; (2) Stephen Watson, born February 14, 1838, was three years in the war of the Rebellion; married Julia Ann Sawtell of Lynn, Mass., where they reside, having two children, Mamie and Gracie; (3) David S., son of James, born August 24, 1841, died September 15, 1848; (4) Sarah Frances, born July 18, 1844, married, 1862, John

The first settlement in Boston was made in 1630 by a group of Puritan settlers from England. They came to the city in search of religious freedom and a place to practice their faith. The settlers were led by John Winthrop, who was elected governor of the colony. He gave a famous speech to the settlers, in which he said that they were going to create a "city upon a hill" that would be a model for the rest of the world. The settlers were successful in establishing a colony, and the city of Boston grew rapidly. By 1640, the population of the city was over 1,000. The city was a center of Puritanism, and it was here that many of the important events of the American Revolution took place. The city was also a center of education, and it was here that many of the important figures of the American Revolution were educated. The city of Boston has a rich history, and it is one of the most important cities in the United States.

H. Knowles of Barnstead, died July 8, 1870, leaving two children, Ada and Anna ; Ada died in 1873.

George, son of Benjamin, born December 2, 1809, died August, 1833.

Mrs. Bickford, wife of Benjamin, and the mother of the foregoing Dudley, Samuel, James, and George, died in 1834. Benjamin Bickford, for his second wife, married Frances Blake, widow of Jonathan Blake, July, 1837. She was married to Mr. Blake January 7, 1804, by whom she had six children, Olive Noble, Lucia Weld, Orlander Thatcher, Ivory Hovey, William Plummer, and Frances Noble, who married John Watson of Pittsfield, and had children. Mrs. Bickford was the daughter of the Rev. Oliver Noble of Newbury, Mass., who died when she was twelve years old. He preached twenty years or more at Newbury, afterwards was settled at Newcastle, where he preached thirteen years, and died of paralysis. He was a native of Connecticut. Mrs. Bickford had one brother and six sisters. Her mother died in Newbury, Mass., May, 1781, being the daughter of Rev. Abijah Weld of Attleborough, Mass. Mr. Weld had fifteen children, five sons, four of whom became ministers, and one a physician ; one of the daughters married Rev. Mr. Alden of Yarmouth, Mass. ; another, Rev. Oakes Shaw of Yarmouth ; another, Rev. Mr. Fuller of Hanover, N. H. ; another, Rev. Mr. Philbrick of Maine ; and another married the father of Mrs. Bickford.

Susan, daughter of the first Solomon Bickford, was born July 25, 1771 ; married Jonathan Durgin of Barnstead, and had children.

Jesse, son of the first Solomon, born October 5, 1775, married Mary Gove of Nottingham ; he died March 4, 1852 ; they had one son, Bradbury G., born September 30, 1811, married, December 1, 1837, Abigail French of Barnstead, and they reside in Northwood.

Asa, known for many years as Deacon Asa, was twin

the same manner as the other parts of the world, and the same principles of government and justice are to be applied to all.

The first of these principles is that of justice, which is the foundation of all government. Justice is the principle which requires that every man should be treated as an end in himself, and not merely as a means to the ends of others. It is the principle which requires that every man should be allowed to pursue his own happiness, so long as he does not infringe upon the rights of others. It is the principle which requires that every man should be held accountable for his actions, and that he should be punished for his crimes.

The second of these principles is that of liberty, which is the foundation of all justice. Liberty is the principle which requires that every man should be allowed to do as he pleases, so long as he does not infringe upon the rights of others. It is the principle which requires that every man should be free to choose his own mode of life, and that he should be free to follow his own conscience. It is the principle which requires that every man should be free to express his opinions, and that he should be free to assemble with others for the purpose of discussing the public affairs of the country.

The third of these principles is that of equality, which is the foundation of all liberty. Equality is the principle which requires that every man should be treated as an equal, and that no man should be privileged above the others. It is the principle which requires that every man should have the same rights, and that no man should be subject to any special laws or penalties. It is the principle which requires that every man should be allowed to participate in the government of the country, and that no man should be excluded from the franchise.

brother of Jesse, born October 5, 1775, married Eliza White of Deerfield, lived on the homestead, and their children were: (1) Harriet, who married and lived in Haverhill, Mass., where she died, leaving children; (2) Jesse, who married and lived in Lawrence, where he died, leaving children; (3) Asa, married Miriam F., daughter of Phineas Dow; lived on the homestead, where he died; they having for children: (1) Charles, who married a daughter of Col. John Batchelder, for his first wife; for his second, a Miss Peavey, and they have children; they reside in Lynn; (2) Anna, who married Reuben Beede of Gilmanton; they have children and live at the Narrows; (3) Clara, who married John Farnham. Asa's widow married a Mr. Coffin of Concord, where they reside; (4) Lydia, daughter of Deacon Asa Bickford, died unmarried; (5) Naomi, sister of Lydia, lives, unmarried, in Concord; (6) Henry M., son of Deacon Asa Bickford, married, and lives in Lawrence, Mass.

Deacon Asa Bickford married, for a second wife, a Widow Nutter of Barnstead, a woman of much refinement and energy of character, who survived her husband and died in Pittsfield; one of her daughters became the wife of Deacon J. L. French of Pittsfield, merchant.

Hannah, sister of Deacon Asa Bickford, and daughter of the first Solomon Bickford, born November 2, 1780, married John Pease of Sandwich; lived in Tamworth many years, where they died leaving children.

BLAKE FAMILY.

(1) Jasper Blake died at Hampton, February 11, 1673. His wife was Deborah Dalton, the sister of Philemon and Rev. Timothy Dalton, the latter being the second minister of Hampton; she died December 20, 1678. Their children were Deborah, Timothy, Israel, Jasper, John, Sarah, Joshua, Samuel, Dorothy, and Philemon.

It is supposed that Jasper Blake was one of the early settlers of Hampton, and that he went thither in company

with (or soon after) the Rev. Mr. Dalton, from Dorchester, Mass. It is also supposed that Jasper was one of the family of William Blake, who came to Dorchester in the ship "Mary and John," in 1630, and who was a great-grandson of John Blake of Little Baddow, in Essex County, Eng.

Mr. Dalton came from England in 1637, and remained in or near Dorchester for two years, removing to Hampton in 1639.

(2) Timothy Blake married Naomi Sleeper in 1679, died 1718. His children were Moses, Israel, Aaron, Deborah, Naomi, Ruth, and Samuel.

(3) Israel Blake, settled in Nottingham; married Leah —, died April, 1753. His children were: Deborah, wife of Ebenezer Tucker; Sarah, wife of Ephraim Elkins; Eliza, wife of Obadiah Griffin; Jedediah; Joseph; Israel, and Benjamin.

(4) Joseph Blake, born February 2, 1711, married, settled in Epping, and died about 1763. His children were: Joseph, born October 28, 1740, died March 9, 1810; Theophilus, born March 27, 1742, died October 10, 1822; Mehitable, wife of — Swain, died August 7, 1806; Sherburne, born October 29, 1745, died March 2, 1822; Asahel, died September, 1822; Sarah, wife of John Harvey, died December 5, 1837; Jonathan.

(5) Jonathan Blake, born December 7, 1753 or 1754; settled in Northwood about 1770, in company with his brothers Sherburne and Asahel. Their tract is known as "Blake's Hill." He married Mary Dow, who was born at Epping, December 26, 1758. He died November 4, 1825. Their children were: Jonathan, died January 19, 1825; Marcy Norris; John Lauris; Dudley Dow, born 1792, died March 6, 1862; his first wife, Martha Marston of Deerfield, died September 6, 1848, aged fifty-two; their children are Mary, Martha, and John. Mr. Blake married, for his second wife, Elizabeth Locke (Hayes), widow of the late James C. Locke.

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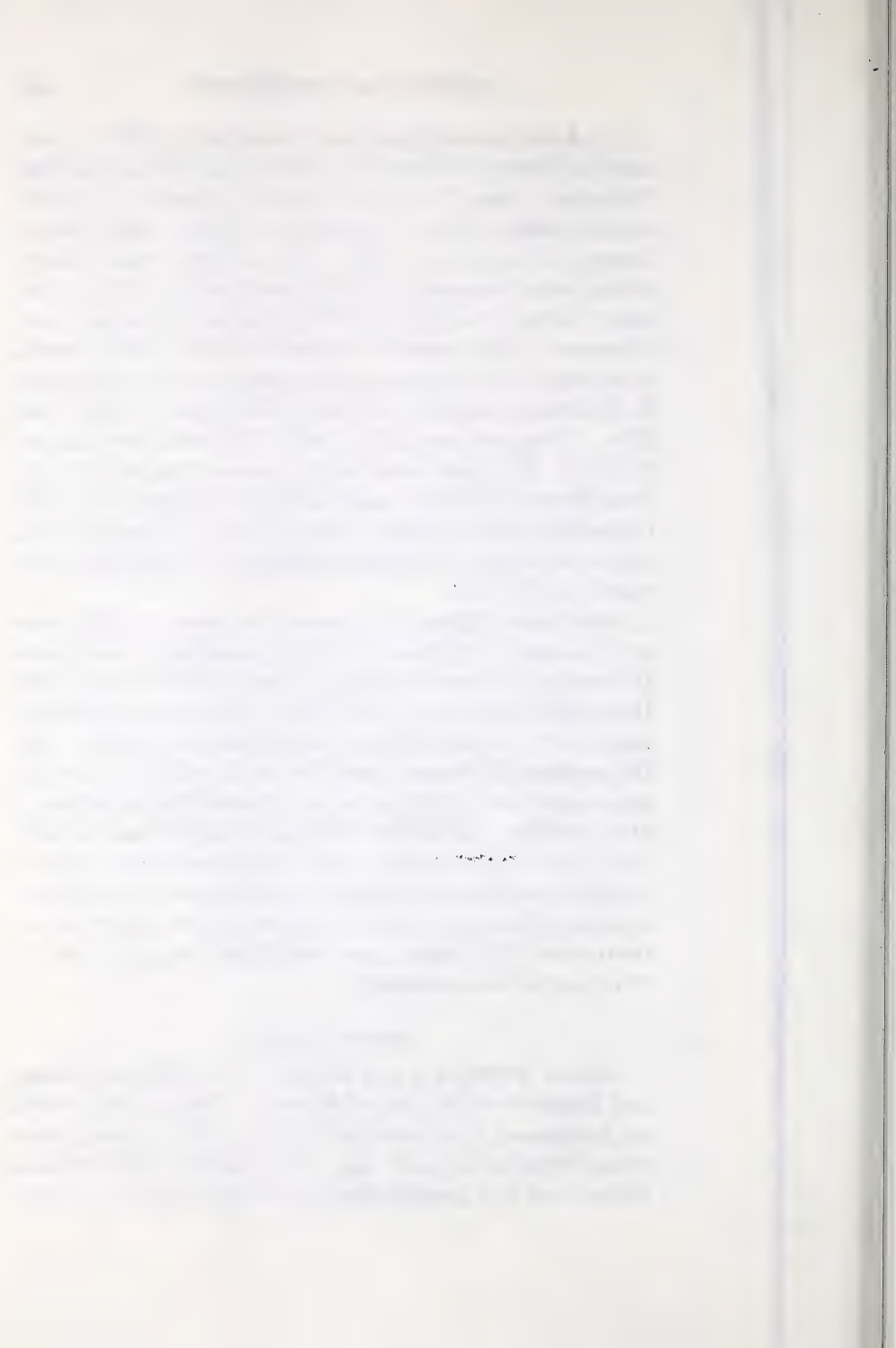
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(6) John Lauris Blake, born December 21, 1788; graduated at Brown University in 1812; married Louisa Gray Richmond, June 25, 1814; she died January 3, 1816; married Mary Howe, December 6, 1816. He died at Orange, N. J., July 6, 1857. His children were: Henry Kirke, born December 26, 1815, died July 4, 1834; Alexander Vietts, born July 26, 1818; Louisa Richmond, born February 6, 1822, married George F. Tyler; John Lauris, born March 25, 1831, married, October 20, 1858, Angeline N. Holbrook, daughter of Lowell Holbrook of New York City. They have one child, Annie Holbrook, born August 22, 1859. Mr. Blake received the honorary degree of A. M. from Brown University and Burlington College, N. J. He commenced the practice of law in 1852, in Orange, N. J., where he resides. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1857-58.

John Lauris Blake, D. D., born December 21, 1788, was an Episcopal clergyman. After graduating from Brown University, he taught for many years in Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Boston, and New York, and wrote or compiled nearly fifty works, chiefly as text-books for schools. His Biographical Dictionary gave him much celebrity, entering into a new field, which has since attracted the attention of many writers. In his last years he lovingly turned towards the place of his nativity, and characteristically made a generous donation of books to the Northwood Young Men's Lyceum, a library association formed at the center of the town about 1843, which has contributed largely to the intelligence of the community.

BROWN FAMILY.

Samuel Brown was son of Reuben of Salisbury, Mass., and Reuben was the son of Samuel. Samuel, who settled in Northwood, was born October 25, 1752, coming here when twenty-one years old. His mother was Deborah Elliott, and his grandmother was Mary Morrill of Ames-



bury. This Samuel Brown married Rhoda Eaton of Seabrook for his first wife, and, for his second, Widow Martha Lawrence of Epping, who died December 24, 1841. He had six children, all dead : Jonathan Elliott, born in 1798, died January 3, 1875, whose children were : Samuel E. ; Martha L., who became, October 14, 1847, the wife of John Cilley, having one son, H. Albert, who married, June 9, 1870, Emma S. Tasker ; and Mary Ann, who married Wells B. Clark, having for children, Nellie M., who married, December 4, 1869, Winfield Scott Knowlton, Abbie A., Annie, and John.

Reuben Brown was son of Reuben and brother of Samuel, born March 11, 1768. He married, November 16, 1789, Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan Elliott of Epping, born February 4, 1766. Their children were : Mary C., born December 1, 1790, who married Samuel B. Waldron of Strafford, afterwards John Wallace of Epsom, and, lastly, became the wife of Reuben Swain of Newmarket, and died September 4, 1872 ; Samuel, born May 10, 1793, and died September 16, 1794 ; Deborah, born August 27, 1795, who married, October 15, 1820, Jonathan Watson, born December 7, 1793, who died October 31, 1856, their children being : (1) Reuben B., born November 24, 1821, married, October 8, 1848, Huldah J. Richards of Hope, Me., whose children are : Edville A., born July 14, 1849 ; John H., born March 8, 1852 ; Walter B., born December 27, 1855, who died April 27, 1872 ; and Lenora J., born June 5, 1858 ; (2) James C., born August 15, 1824, married, September 10, 1850, Widow Abigail J. Sherman, whose children are : Herbert, born January 8, 1859, and Gracie M., born December 31, 1862. Mrs. Watson by her first husband had two sons, Converse M., born June 10, 1847, living in Andover, Mass., and Charles Henry, born August 16, 1848, living in Northwood, having married, July 2, 1872, Alice G. Lancaster ; (3) Hannah B., born January 28, 1828, became, March 8, 1848, the wife of Charles E. Winslow ;

their surviving children being Ida E., George G., Ora E., Frank V., and Fred ; (4) Mary E., born April 9, 1834, became the wife of Charles W. Foss, November 15, 1857 ; their children being Cora A., born July 21, 1859 ; May L., born May 12, 1861 ; and Charles A., born November 15, 1865.

Sarah E., daughter of Reuben Brown, born March 21, 1798, married, November 1, 1826, Captain Ebenezer Griffin of Epsom, who was born April 21, 1803, son of David Griffin, and died May 1, 1855 ; she died March 10, 1863 ; they left one son, James, born September 26, 1834, who married Mary A. Bennett, and now lives in Manchester, having, for children, George A. and Charles.

Betsey D., daughter of Reuben Brown, born August 29, 1800, married John Cilley, son of Aaron, and died, leaving one son, George D., who has since died, and one daughter, now dead.

Hannah E., daughter of Reuben Brown, was born November 5, 1803, and died January 9, 1827.

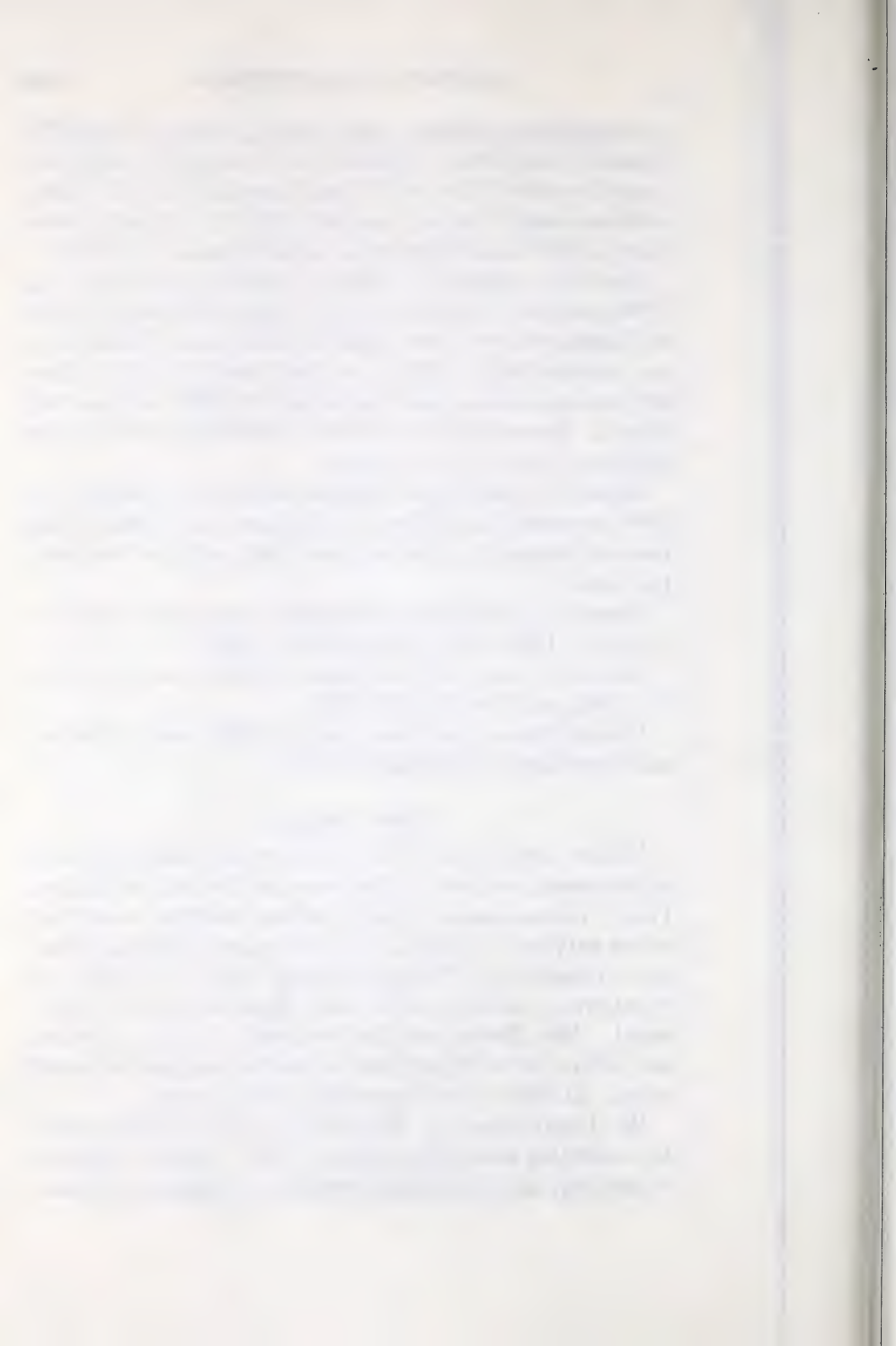
Martha E., last child of Reuben Brown, was born May 17, 1806, and died March 9, 1825.

Reuben Brown died December 21, 1826, aged fifty-nine, and his widow died January 2, 1847.

BROWN FAMILY.

Michael Brown, son of Josiah Brown and Susan Prescott of Raymond, was born in that town on the 26th of October, 1795. He was one of a family of ten children, several of whom survive. In April, 1822, he married Margaret Osgood, daughter of Timothy Osgood, one of a family of twenty-two children, and Jennie Dearborn, both of Raymond. Mrs. Brown was the youngest of eleven brothers and sisters, all of whom lived to middle age, and seven of whom, all sisters, lived more than seventy years.

Mr. Brown came to Northwood in 1822, and resided here until his death, September 3, 1870. He was engaged in farming, and at different periods in coopering and saw-



ing lumber; he also introduced shoemaking, which has since become the most prominent industry in this town. Mrs. Brown still survives, at an advanced age. They had two sons: Charles O., born August 8, 1825, married Sarah E. Langmaid of Chichester, who died May 29, 1858, and by whom he had three children, Albert O., born July 18, 1852, fitted for college at Coe's Academy, and graduated at Dartmouth in 1878, sustaining a high rank of scholarship; Charles E., who died in childhood; and Lizzie J., born April 10, 1857, is a graduate of Coe's Academy, and a highly successful teacher. Mr. Brown was again married to Eliza A. Wiggin of Canterbury, who died August 10, 1860. His third wife was Sarah B. Piper of Exeter, to whom two daughters have been born, Emily B., born October 1, 1863, and Mary F., born June 28, 1871.

Edward C. Brown was born May 14, 1830, and died January 10, 1876. He married Abigail Bickford of Barnstead, and was the father of six children, two of whom survive: Clara B., born October 13, 1855, is a graduate of Coe's Academy, and a teacher in the public schools of Nashua; and Charles E., born April 27, 1859.

BUZELL FAMILY.

Solomon Buzell, generally known as Esq. Buzell, from his being a capable and popular justice of the peace, was son of John Buzell, and Phebe, his wife, of Barrington. He was born January 5, 1761; enlisted in the army of the Revolution September 8, 1777 (being in his seventeenth year), and marched to the State of Rhode Island; honorably discharged, January 7, 1778. He was twice married; first, 1786, to Elizabeth, daughter of Deacon Jeremiah Burnham, and widow of John Burnham of Barrington, she at the time having a daughter, Mary Burnham, who became the wife of David Clark, Esq. His farm and residence were the last in Northwood, in going from Northwood to Barrington, on what has come to be the old road to Dover. It

was purchased in 1785, the year prior to his first marriage. The house thereon was burned, when he built the one now standing.

Little is known, by the descendants of Solomon Buzell, respecting their paternal ancestors anterior to the above-named John of Barrington, who was a farmer, and had quite a family of sons and daughters. His son John (brother of Solomon) inherited the homestead, which is situated on the northerly side of North River Pond. He dying, the farm descended to his two sons, Jeremiah and David. The last named, David, has been proprietor for many years. The old original house was taken down, long time ago, and the one now standing, erected by the two brothers, Jeremiah and David.

The family name in olden time appears to have been more generally, as now, spelt with two z's and two l's. Solomon thought that one of each of those letters could be dispensed with, and wrote his own name accordingly. His youngest son, in after years, saw fit to restore the discarded "l," ending with "double l" as formerly. Like many other surnames, it appears to be spelt and pronounced in a variety of ways.

The children of Solomon Buzell and his wife Elizabeth were:—

(1) Nancy, born January 8, 1787; she married, first, Samuel Shackford, jr., Esq., of Barrington; they had four sons and six daughters. She married, second, John Sherburne of Northwood; no children by last marriage. She died June 10, 1873, being in her eighty-seventh year, at the house of her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Levi G. Hill of Dover, leaving numerous descendants, some of the fourth generation. The discipline of her life's voyage had been so wisely improved, that as the end drew nigh she saw in death no cause for alarm, viewing it rather, as it were, a dense fog, the uplifting of which would reveal a haven of safety and eternal rest. Perfect love and cheerful trust had banished all fear.

(2) John Burnham, born September 7, 1791; married Susan Odiorne of Rochester, where he resided, a merchant. He died January 6, 1824. Their son, and only child, died June 2, 1823, aged fifteen months.

(3) Betsy, born July 20, 1797; married, first, Dr. Jonathan Woodbury of Barrington; married, second, Meshech Drew of Barrington. She resides, a widow, in Newmarket, with her daughter, Mrs. Susan E. W., widow of Z. Dow Creighton, Esq.

Solomon Buzell's wife, Elizabeth, died August 3, 1797. He married, for his second wife, March 23, 1800, Susannah, daughter of Jonathan Clark, Esq., one of the first settlers of Northwood. She was born March 11, 1776. Their children were:—

(1) Samuel B., born July 13, 1801. After graduating at the Phillips Exeter Academy, he was, for several years, engaged in teaching. On the death of his brother George, he took charge of the homestead. He became a prominent member of the Congregational Church and society; was one of the leading men of the town in promoting its welfare; was selectman for several years; served on school committees, and filled acceptably various responsible positions, and by his upright life won the esteem of his fellow-townsmen. Being in Durham on business, his horse took fright, and he was thrown from the wagon, sustaining injuries which resulted in his death, June 18, 1853. He married Matilda, daughter of Rev. Josiah Prentice. They had one son and one daughter: George Brainerd, born August 19, 1833, graduated at Waterville College and Bangor Theological Seminary, and preached at times, but was obliged to relinquish his chosen profession on account of ill health; Susan M., born May 27, 1836, is teacher in one of the public schools in Portland, Me., where the mother, son, and daughter now reside.

(2) George W., born January 12, 1803. The excellent traits which shone out in his character gave promise of a

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life of much usefulness; but his sun went down when it was scarce mid-day. After a protracted illness, he died July 7, 1830. He was unmarried. Among his papers was found a farewell address to his mother, which appears to have been penned several months prior to his death. His filial appreciation of the unremitting kindness of her who had during those years of pain and weakness lovingly anticipated his every want, is shown by the following extract: "I thank you for all the ten thousand acts of kindness I have received at your hands. You have been a kind mother to me indeed. O may Jehovah bless you, my ever dear mother!"

(3) S. Clark, born June 11, 1806, married, June 12, 1842, Margaret Ann, daughter of Hon. John Harvey. They have one son, Albert Clark, born December 11, 1844; fitted for college at the Phillips Exeter Academy; graduated at Harvard University in 1865, and Dane Law School in 1868; is an attorney-at-law, — office in Boston. In 1825, when nineteen years of age, S. Clark Buzell went to Boston, where he was engaged in a mercantile house for about eleven years, when he returned to his native town. In 1852 he removed with his family from Northwood to Exeter, where they still reside. For the last twelve years he has been the treasurer of the Phillips Exeter Academy.

Solomon Buzell, Esq., died September 4, 1813. He was a genial, kind-hearted man, of sound judgment and inflexible integrity, and commanded the esteem and confidence of the community in a large degree. He represented the town in the legislature five years, viz., 1802, 1803, 1809, 1810, and 1811; was selectman in 1799, 1800, and 1804, and filled numerous other positions of trust. He was a believer in the Christian religion, but never made a public profession of that belief. The names of all his children, by both marriages, are on record as members of Christian churches. Like many leading men of his time, he was, to a great extent, self-taught. Schoolhouses were few and far between;

and the instruction given in them was often inferior in kind and limited in duration. He was desirous that his three younger sons should have greater educational advantages than he himself had enjoyed ; and when he perceived that his days on earth were being numbered, and that their welfare must be left in charge of others, he expressed his views and wishes to the mother, who warmly sympathized therewith. Accordingly, a few years after his decease, in 1819, the sons then being from thirteen to seventeen years of age, she decided to move to Exeter, to give them the benefit of an English course at the Phillips Exeter Academy ; a plan wisely conceived and judiciously and successfully carried out, she returning to their home in Northwood in 1822. She was a member of the Congregational Church thirty-five years, having first united, by profession, with the First Congregational Church in Exeter, while residing there. She was a woman of superior mental endowments, of ready wit, and a kind and generous heart. A prominent trait in her character, from youth to old age, was faithfulness in all the duties and relations of life. On the 9th of November, 1857, being in her eighty-second year, her life-work done, and well done, she was called to inherit the promised reward : " Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life."

CLARK FAMILY.

Jonathan Clark's father's name was Joseph, born May 9, 1719, died March 10, 1790. His wife was Deborah Taylor, born October 6, 1718, and died May 1, 1802. They were married in 1744. Their children were Nicholas, Jonathan, John, James, Taylor, Sarah, and David.

Jonathan came from Stratham to Northwood in March, 1773. He was born January 7, 1748, married, February 4, 1773, Susannah, daughter of Samuel Lane of Stratham. She was born July 24, 1750. Her mother's name was Mary James, born March 3, 1722, and died January 30,

1769. The children of this Samuel Lane were: Mary, who married John Crocket; Samuel, who married Hannah Cate; Joshua, who married Hannah Tilton; Susannah, who married Jonathan Clark; Sarah, who married Matthew Thompson; Martha, who married William Boardman; Bathsheba, who married James Clark; and Jabez, who married Eunice Colcord.

The children of Jonathan Clark and Susannah Lane were: Mary, born January 19, 1774, died August 10, 1793; Susannah, born March 11, 1776, became, March 23, 1800, the wife of Solomon Buzell (see sketch of Solomon Buzell); Elizabeth, born July 9, 1779, became the wife of Dr. William Smith (see sketch of Dr. William Smith); David, born May 22, 1782, married, March 9, 1806, Mary Burnham, born July 11, 1781; he died February 19, 1824; she, February 18, 1857; Jonathan, born September 3, 1787, died December 16, 1864, married, May 8, 1815, Charlotte Johnson, born May 30, 1796, died July 23, 1860; Mrs. M. A. S. Hacket, born July, 1814, became, November 27, 1861, his second wife.

Jonathan, the first of the name who came to Northwood, settled on what has ever since been called Clark's Hill, where Charles Wingate now resides. He was a man of good natural abilities, and of considerable education for his times, and soon became a leading spirit in all the interests of the town, honored with every trust in the power of the people to bestow. Few men ever contributed more towards shaping the character of a community than Mr. Clark, or more favorably impressed his own character on that of his cotemporaries. His son David followed his example, and, by his uprightness of character, intelligence, business capacity, and Christian example, was a rich legacy to the town. His children were: Charles J. F., born December 10, 1806, married, November 25, 1841, Rachiel Smith, born December 13, 1823; he died in Illinois, April 9, 1870; Eliza Burnham, born September 3, 1808, became, August

The first part of the history of the world is the history of the human race. It is a history of the progress of the human mind, of the growth of human knowledge, of the development of human civilization. It is a history of the human race, of the human mind, of the human knowledge, of the human civilization.

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13, 1834, the wife of Dr. Moses Hill, a practising physician in Northwood, who subsequently removed to Manchester, and ultimately to Burlington, Ia., and died January 27, 1875, leaving two daughters, Margaret E., wife of Joseph B. Neally, and Mary Frances; Joseph Hollis, born October 11, 1811, married, February 28, 1836, Frances Susan Stevens of Gilmanton, born June 6, 1816, and died January 15, 1875, their children being Arianna H., born September 7, 1837, now the wife of C. A. Hatch, Gilmanton, and Albert H.; John B., born September 20, 1818, married, March 30, 1848, Susan S., daughter of Levi H. Mead, born August 29, 1825, and died July 25, 1874.

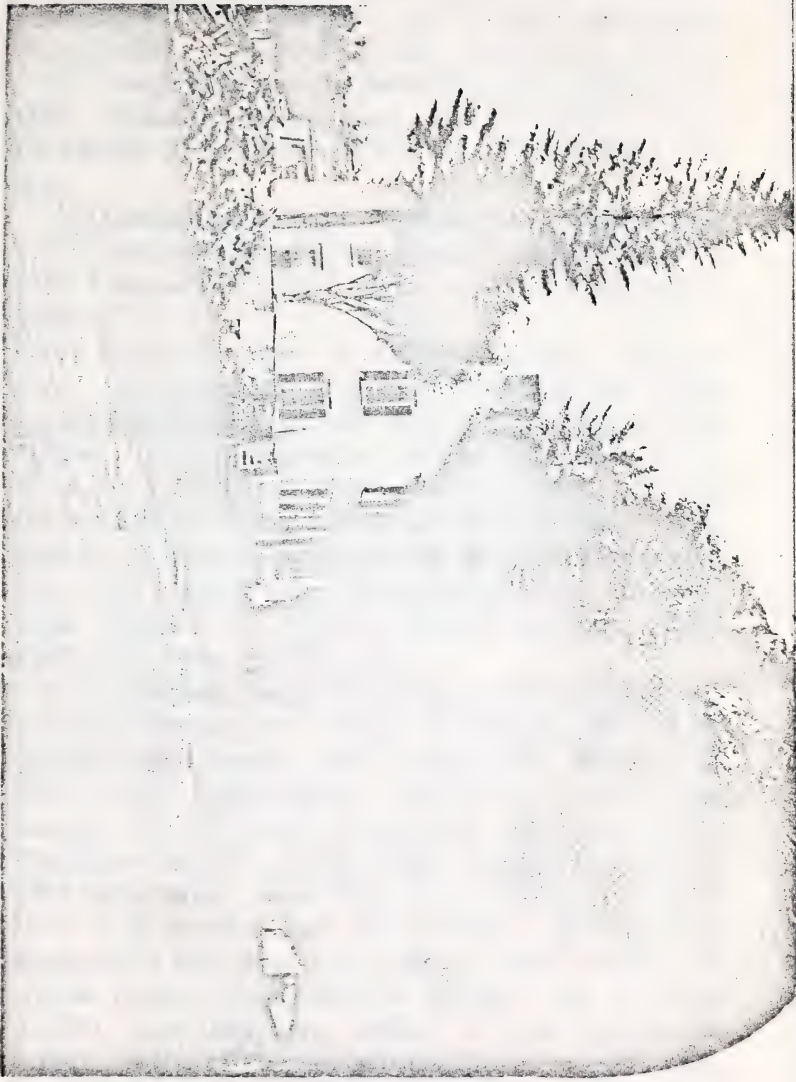
Jonathan Clark, son of the first Jonathan, was for many years a merchant in Northwood, and subsequently removed to Gilmanton, where he died, his children being: Susan C., who became the wife of Capt. Stephen Lemist in 1838, and of Rev. W. Wood, in 1847; they reside in Campello, Mass.; George J., who lives in California; Frederick, who lives in New York; Henry K. W.; Nathaniel J., living in California; and E. Webster, born August 19, 1833.

COE FAMILY.

(1) Robert Coe was born in Suffolkshire, England, A. D. 1596. He sailed from Ipswich in the ship "Francis," in April, 1634; settled in Watertown, Mass., where he remained about two years; removed to Connecticut in 1636, and thence, in 1644, to Long Island, where the remainder of his life was passed. He was active in public affairs, and his name occurs prominently in the early history of Long Island. He died subsequent to 1672, but the date of his death is not known. He married Anna——, who was born in England in 1591. They had three children.

(2) Robert Coe, born in Suffolkshire, Eng., in 1627. He came with his father to Massachusetts; resided in Stratford, Conn., where he died in 1659. He married Hannah——. They had three children.

Phototype Printing Co.



DWELLING HOUSE OF E. COFF, 1850.

Boston.



(3) John Coe, born in Stratford, Conn., May 10, 1658; resided in Stratford, and died April 19, 1741. He married Mary Hawley, September 20, 1682. They had ten children.

(4) Joseph Coe, born in Stratford, Conn., February 2, 1686; resided in Durham, Conn., and died July 15, 1754; He married Abigail Robinson in 1708. They had five children.

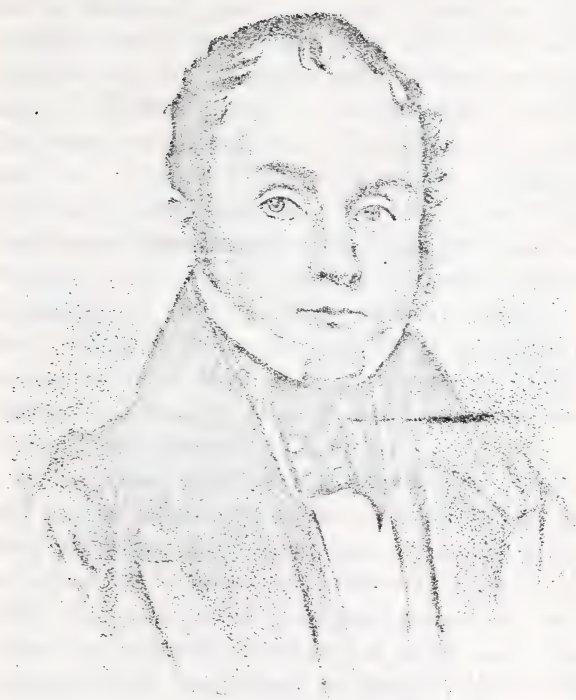
(5) Joseph Coe, born in Durham, Conn., September 5, 1713; resided in Middletown, Conn., and died June 10, 1784. He married Abigail Curtis in 1739. They had ten children.

(6) Curtis Coe, born in Middletown, Conn., July 21, 1750. He graduated at Brown University, and subsequently studied theology with Rev. Mr. Benedict of Middletown. He was ordained as minister at Durham, N. H., November 1, 1780, and dismissed May 1, 1806. He was the last minister settled and supported by the town. From Durham he removed to Newmarket, where he died June 7, 1829. He married Anne Thompson in 1781. They had eight children; viz., Joseph, Abigail, Ebenezer, Curtis, Polly, Ann, John, and Benjamin.

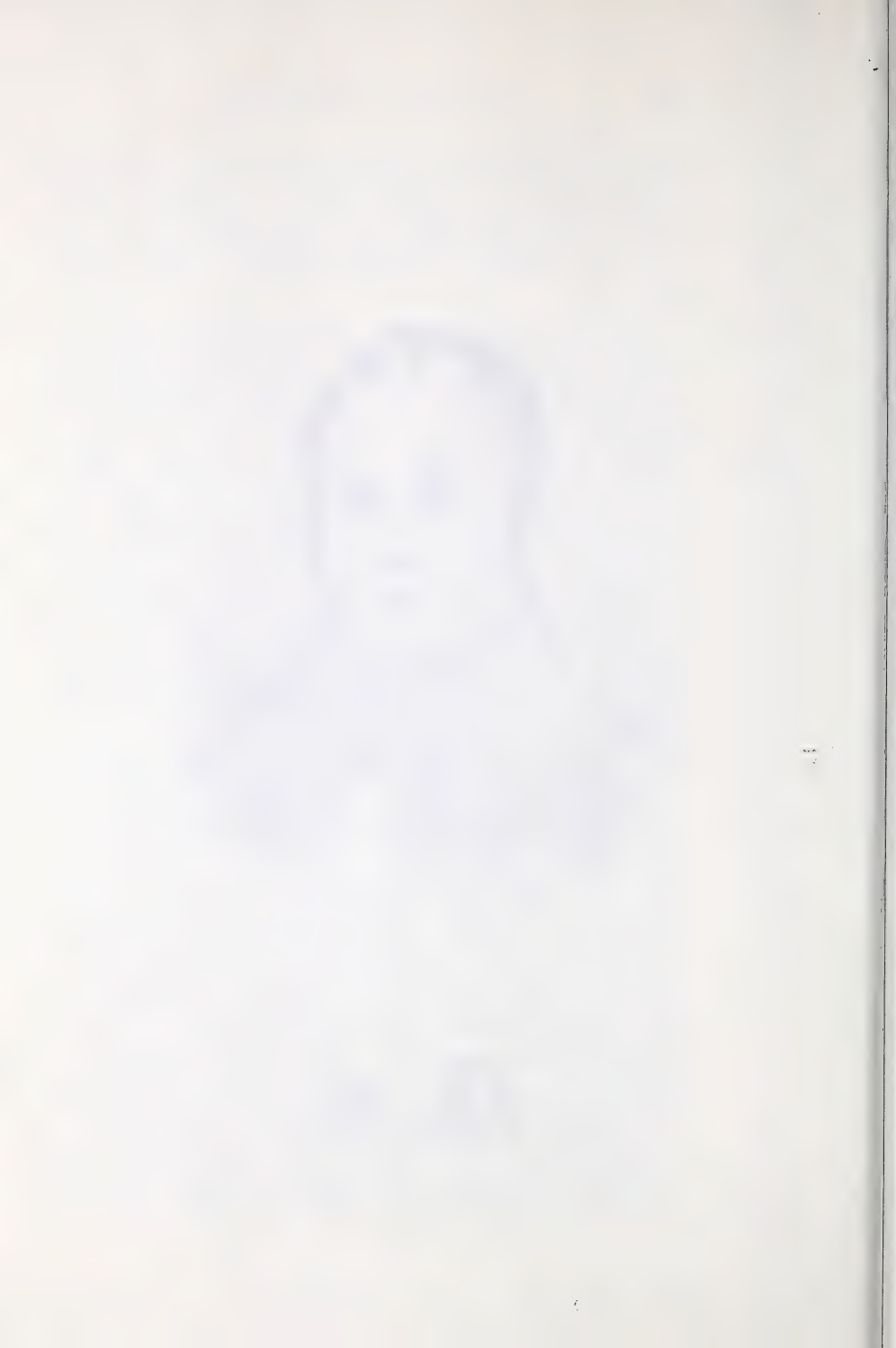
It appears that Joseph, born June 1, 1782, married Temperance Pickering, and resided in Durham, dying April 26, 1852, aged seventy; that Abigail, born February 29, 1784, married Daniel Mathes, and lived in Durham, dying January 11, 1807, aged twenty-three; that Curtis, born September 16, 1787, died in South Carolina, September 3, 1817, aged thirty; that Mary, born November 22, 1789, lived at Newmarket, and died November 23, 1836, aged forty-seven; that Ann, born June 28, 1792, became the wife of Deacon Edward Berry of Pittsfield, and died April 1, 1864; that John, born January 13, 1797, married Lavinia T. Senter of Center Harbor, and died April 2, 1861; that Benjamin, born July 20, 1801, married Louisa F., daughter of Levi Mead, Esq., of Northwood, lived in Newmarket, now South Newmarket, and died April 8, 1873.

leaving one daughter, Anna, who married, May 26, 1871, Henry T. Taplin of South Newmarket; and that Ebenezer, the third child of Rev. Curtis Coe, born December 6, 1785, came to Northwood, March 10, 1802, when about sixteen years old, and became a clerk in the store of Mr. George Frost.

At the Narrows, November, 1804, he entered into business for himself when not quite nineteen. Taking a recommendation from Mr. Frost, he went to Portsmouth and asked for goods on credit to the extent of fifteen hundred dollars, having no money with which to begin business. The Havens said, "Young man, your recommendation from Mr. Frost is very good, but he does not say he will be bound for you in payment." "I did not desire him to be," said young Coe, "I have no security to give but my promise; if that is not sufficient security, then I will clerk it longer." "You may call to-morrow morning, and we will let you know our decision," said the Havens. That night was one of wakefulness and alternate hope and fear to Coe; but when the morning came, joy came with it. The Havens said to him, "We never trusted so young a man as you before, to half this extent, but we have decided to let you have what you have desired." Coe promptly met his engagement, and never afterwards needed a bondsman. Energetic and careful, he soon won for himself a reputation among merchants for shrewdness in business and honesty in dealings, that became exceedingly valuable to him in a long course of trade, and made him to be respected and highly esteemed, even to the end of life. He married, November 13, 1813, Miss Mehitable Smith of Durham, daughter of the late Hon. Ebenezer Smith. They had two children, Eben S. and Henry W.; Eben S. was born November 5, 1814, and married, November 15, 1846, Miss Mary Upham Barker, daughter of the late Hon. David Barker of Rochester; she died March 27, 1849, aged twenty-three, and he now resides in Bangor, Me., exten-



Eben Coe



sively engaged in lumber business. Henry Willard was born February 6, 1820, and married, November 10, 1858, Miss H. Huntington, daughter of Rev. Henry Smith, and lives in California, their children being Henry Willard and Charles Willard.

Mrs. Coe, wife of E. Coe, Esq., died May 18, 1833. She was a woman of great strength of mind and depth of benevolent and pious feelings, and universally beloved. Mr. Coe married, for his second wife, November 30, 1835, Mrs. Mary U. Barker, widow of the late Hon. David Barker of Rochester, and daughter of Hon. Nathaniel Upham. They had two children, Thomas Upham and Mehitable Smith. The latter, born November 27, 1839, died May 13, 1842; the former, born December 8, 1837, graduated at Bowdoin College, in the class of 1857, at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1861, pursued medical studies in Paris for two years, and is in the practice of medicine in Bangor, having married Miss Sada L., daughter of Paul Dudley Harthorn of Bangor, May 23, 1867, and they have one son, Dudley, born December 31, 1873.

E. Coe, Esq., filled various offices with credit to himself and to the advantage of the citizens of the town of his early adoption, and, having been for many years president of a bank at what is now known as Laconia, and having held other positions of trust, and gained an enviable reputation for integrity, kindness of heart, and sincere piety, removed from Northwood to Bangor, Me., in May, 1846, and there died a peaceful and happy death, October 26, 1862.

COGSWELL FAMILY.

John Cogswell, who descended from the ancient family of the Cogswells in a direct line from Lord Humphrey Cogswell of England, to whom, in 1447, was first given the coat of arms which appertains to the name of Cogswell, was the ancestor of most, if not all, of the name in this country. He came from Westbury, Wiltshire, England,

with his family, sailing from Bristol in a vessel called "Angel Gabriel," June 4, 1635. He is understood to have been a cloth manufacturer, and to have embarked considerable wealth, a part of which he lost in a fearful storm at sea, being wrecked at Pemaquid, now Bristol, Me., August 15, 1635. He settled in Chebacco, now Essex, then a part of Ipswich, Mass., where he died November 29, 1669; his wife, Elizabeth, died June 2, 1676.

The children of John Cogswell and of Elizabeth, his wife, were: (1) William, born 1619; (2) John, born 1623, and died 1653; (3) Edward, born 1629, was living in 1676; (4) Mary, born 1619, and married an Armitage of Boston; (5) Hannah, who married Cornelius Waldo of Ipswich, who was the ancestor of the Waldo family in this country; was living at Ipswich as late as 1653, afterwards removing to Chelmsford, Mass., where he became deacon in the church, and died in 1701; (6) Abigail, who married Thomas Clark of Ipswich; (7) Sarah, who married Simon Tuthill, now Tuttle, of Ipswich, and died 1692.

The children of William Cogswell, son of John, who was born 1619, and died about 1700, as shown by his will, which was proved March 21, 1701, were: (1) William; (2) Jonathan, who was a captain; (3) John, who was a lieutenant; (4) Adam; (5) Elizabeth, who married Thomas Wade, February 22, 1670; (6) Hester, who married a Burnham; (7) Susannah, who married a White; (8) Sarah, who married William Noyes, November 6, 1686.

John Cogswell, brother of William, and son of John, died 1653, having three children: (1) Elizabeth, born 1648, who married a Wellman; (2) John, born 1650; (3) Samuel, born 1651.

William Cogswell, son of William, married Martha, daughter of Rev. John Emerson of Gloucester, October 9, 1685, who married, for his first wife, Dorothy Cogswell; this William died April 14, 1708. The children of this William and Martha were: (1) Edward; (2) William;

the year 1712, when the Duke of Marlborough was
in the possession of the army, and the Duke of
Ormonde was in the possession of the navy. The Duke
of Marlborough was a great general, and the Duke
of Ormonde was a great admiral. They were both
great men, and they were both great friends of the
country.

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(3) Emerson ; (4) Martha, who married Mathew Whipple ; (5) Dorothy, who married a Moulton ; (6) Lucy, who married a Moulton ; (7) Eunice.

This Edward married Hannah Brown, 1708, and was living in 1709 ; his brother William lived in Gloucester, and was killed by the Indians about 1710.

Jonathan Cogswell, in third generation, second son of William, son of John, died 1717, leaving Elizabeth, his widow ; their children were : (1) Francis ; (2) Susannah, who married a Butler ; (3) Elizabeth, who married an Evelith ; (4) Anna, who married a Goodhue in 1712 ; (5) Sarah ; (6) Mary, who married, in 1719, William Cogswell, the father of Deacon Jonathan Cogswell, of Essex ; (7) Lucy ; (8) Jonathan.

The above-named Jonathan Cogswell was a captain, and grandfather of Col. Jonathan Cogswell of Essex, who died 1819, and also of Dr. Nathaniel Cogswell of Rowley.

John, son of William, sen., born 1650, died 1710, being sixty years old, leaving an estate appraised at £889, 2s. He was a lieutenant ; married Hannah, who married, for her second husband, Lieut. Thomas Perley of Boxwood, in 1713. Their children were : (1) William, who was the father of Deacon Cogswell, and who married Mary Cogswell, his cousin, in 1719 ; (2) John, who lived in Haverhill, Mass. ; (3) Francis, who lived in Ipswich, and was a captain ; (4) Nathaniel ; (5) Hannah, who married Thomas Choate ; (6) Susannah, who married Samuel Low in 1718 ; (7) Elizabeth, who married Col. Joseph Blaney of Marblehead ; (8) Margery, who married Amos Perley ; (9) Bethiah, who married Jedediah Blaney of Marblehead, January 15, 1729 ; (10) Joseph, who died in 1728.

This Nathaniel, son of John, son of William, sen., son of John, sen., was born January 19, 1707. He lived in Haverhill, Mass., and was a merchant in that place for many years, but spent the last years of his life in Atkinson, N. H., removing thither in 1766, where he died, March 23,

The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and its history is therefore a history of growth and development.

The second is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a new identity.

The third is the fact that the United States is a nation of diverse peoples, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for unity.

The fourth is the fact that the United States is a nation of free men, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for liberty.

The fifth is the fact that the United States is a nation of progress, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for improvement.

The sixth is the fact that the United States is a nation of peace, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for harmony.

The seventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of justice, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for equality.

The eighth is the fact that the United States is a nation of hope, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a better future.

The ninth is the fact that the United States is a nation of faith, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a higher purpose.

The tenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of love, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a more perfect union.

The eleventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of courage, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a more just society.

The twelfth is the fact that the United States is a nation of wisdom, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a more enlightened people.

The thirteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of strength, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a more powerful nation.

The fourteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of honor, and its history is therefore a history of the struggle for a more respected people.

1783, aged seventy-six. He married Judith, January 31, 1739, daughter of Joseph and Hannah Badger of Haverhill, Mass., who was born February 3, 1724, and died May 17, 1810, aged eighty-six.

The children of Nathaniel Cogswell and Judith Badger were: (1) Nathaniel, born May 14, 1741, and died November 9, 1754; (2) Jeremiah, born July 12, 1743, who was a lieutenant, and married Mehitable Clement, June 12, 1766, who was born September 8, 1746; lived in Gilmanton; their children living to maturity were Mehitable, Judith, Sarah, Jeremiah, Nathaniel, Mary, and Rebecca. Mary married Micajah Osborn; they had eleven children, one of whom married a daughter of Eliphalet Gilman and resides in Gilmanton. Jeremiah Cogswell served in the war of the Revolution. He brought home with him from the war a slave, who, as long as he lived, was kindly treated, becoming a Baptist preacher, whom the writer well remembers to have heard, when a boy, when on his preaching tours through the eastern towns he visited the brother of his early master. Mr. Cogswell died April 20, 1802, aged fifty-nine; his wife died June 8, 1829, aged eighty-two.

(3) Joseph, born November 23, 1744, died December 1, 1746.

(4) Thomas, born August 4, 1746, married, February, 1769, Ruth Badger, who was born September 14, 1751, a daughter of Hon. Joseph Badger, sen., of Gilmanton, who, six years prior, had removed from Haverhill, Mass., to Gilmanton. Thomas Cogswell, for several years after his marriage, was in business in Haverhill, and subsequently settled in Gilmanton; he served in the war of the Revolution from April 19, 1775, to January 15, 1784, first as captain of one hundred Massachusetts men, then as major, from January 1, 1777, in the First Massachusetts Regiment, until November 26, 1779, when he was appointed lieutenant-colonel. He was for many years judge of the court of common pleas, and died September 3, 1810; their children were: (1)

Nathaniel, graduated, 1794, from Dartmouth College; (2) Judith, who married Hon. Nathaniel Upham of Rochester, who was the father of the late Thomas C. Upham of Bowdoin College, and of the late Hon. Nathaniel G. Upham of Concord, and of Mrs. Mary U. Coe residing in Bangor, Me.; (3) Thomas, who was lieutenant in the war of 1812, and killed in a skirmish at Chateaugay, near the river St. Lawrence, in 1813; (4) William, who married Mary Dudley, and settled in the western part of New York, and they had five children, two now living, a daughter, now Mrs. Wright, residing in Rochester, and William Francis, a lawyer of eminence in Rochester, N. Y. he married Martha Breck of Rochester, whose father removed from Newport, N. H., to Rochester about 1840. They have five children, four daughters and one son; the eldest daughter is the wife of a lawyer in Rochester, and the son, aged twenty, who graduated from Rochester University in 1878, is in Europe for study and travel, while his father and two sisters are also spending the season from the first of May to the middle of September, 1878, in Europe; (5) Francis, son of Judge Thomas Cogswell, graduated from Dartmouth College, 1826; (6) Pearson; (7) Frederick; (8) Alfred.

This Pearson Cogswell was colonel, justice of the peace, and held many offices in Gilmanton, where he resided on the homestead; was marshal for New Hampshire; married Mary, daughter of Peaslee Badger, both of whom with all their children have died; of these children, Hannah married a Lemaire of Boston; another, Sophia, became the wife of Ephraim Tibbitts; and a third, Judith, married, April 28, 1846, George W. McConnell.

Frederick, seventh child of Judge Thomas Cogswell, became a Freewill Baptist clergyman, lived in several towns as duty seemed to call, spent some of his later years in Tamworth, and still later removed to Memphis, Tenn., where some of his children had settled, and where he died.

(5) Joseph, 2d, born December 31, 1747, died July 22, 1752.

The first settlement in the city of Boston was made in 1630 by a group of Puritan settlers from England. They came to the city in search of religious freedom and a place to practice their faith. The settlers were led by John Winthrop, who was a prominent figure in the early history of the city. He was a Puritan minister and a leader of the Massachusetts Bay Company. The settlers established a colony in Boston, and they grew in number over the years. The city became a center of Puritanism and a place of religious freedom. The settlers were known for their hard work and their devotion to their faith. They built a city that was a model of Puritanism and a place of religious freedom. The city of Boston was founded on the principles of religious freedom and hard work. The settlers were known for their hard work and their devotion to their faith. They built a city that was a model of Puritanism and a place of religious freedom. The city of Boston was founded on the principles of religious freedom and hard work.

(6) Hannah, born July 13, 1749, married Rev. Jonathan Searle, January 2, 1772, who was a Congregational minister in Mason, N. H.; she died December, 1829.

(7) Judith, born March 23, 1751, died August 21, 1753.

(8) Amos, born October 2, 1752, who was a captain in the Revolutionary war, for many years a merchant and taverner in Dover, a member of the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court, and died February, 1826. One of his daughters became the wife of a Mr. Currier, whose daughter married Hon. Joseph Upham of Portsmouth; a second married Col. Paul Wentworth, and they settled in Sandwich, where they reared a large family of children, among whom is the well-known Hon. John Wentworth of Chicago; also Col. Joseph Wentworth of Concord.

(9) Judith, 2d, born March 24, 1754, died September 29, 1754.

(10) Nathaniel Peaslee, born July 10, 1755, who was a sea-captain, and lived in various places in New Hampshire.

(11) Joseph, 3d, born August 1, 1756, died August 27, 1757.

(12) Moses, born September 22, 1757, who lived in Canterbury, was a lieutenant and a justice of the peace; he married, June 13, 1781, Hannah, daughter of the Hon. Abiel Foster of Canterbury. Their son, the late Hon. Amos Cogswell, lived and died on the homestead, leaving children; another, Abiel, married and lived near his brother Amos in Canterbury, while Joseph moved into western New York, and a daughter married a Lyford of Canterbury, and had a large family of children.

(13) A daughter, who died in infancy.

(14) William, who was born July 11, 1760, died January 1, 1831.

(15) John, who was born December 4, 1761, was married to Abiah Moody, lived in Landaff, was a justice of the peace, and for a number of years was a member of the legislature of the state, and died in 1826.

(16) Ebenezer, who was born February 14, 1763, married, December 9, 1783, Mary, daughter of Col. Stone of Atkinson, and settled in Wiscasset, Me.

(17) Joseph, 4th, was born April 16, 1764, died March 17, 1851.

(18) Francis was born September 27, 1765, died April 28, 1773.

(19) A daughter was born October 18, 1767, and soon died.

William, the fourteenth child of Nathaniel of Atkinson, formerly merchant in Haverhill, was born July 11, 1760. He spent three and a half years with his brother-in-law, the Rev. Jonathan Searle of Mason, N. H., with whom he studied Latin, Greek, and other branches of education, preparatory to the study of medicine. At this juncture the Revolution began, and when fifteen and a half years old he enlisted in a company commanded by his brother, Capt. Thomas Cogswell, and continued one year. He then entered upon the study of medicine and surgery under Dr. Nathaniel Peabody of Atkinson, a distinguished physician and surgeon of those times, and who generally had young men under his instruction. Having completed his course of study, he was appointed, July 19, 1781, surgeon's mate to Dr. William Eustis, — afterwards governor of Massachusetts, — in the General Military Hospital of the United States, established at West Point, and continued in service until 1783, and, January 5, 1784, he was promoted to the chief charge of that hospital, and remained in office till September 1, 1785, having been in the service of his country more than five years. He established himself in the practice of medicine in Atkinson, where, after a highly successful life, he died January 1, 1831, aged seventy. He married, July 22, 1786, Judith, daughter of the Hon. Joseph Badger of Gilmanton, born May 15, 1766, and died September 3, 1859, in the ninety-fourth year of her age, having fifty grandchildren, forty-two great-grandchildren, and one



of the fifth generation. She was a woman of rare excellences, and will long be remembered with affection.

The children of Dr. William Cogswell and Judith Badger were: —

(1) William, born June 5, 1787, graduated at Dartmouth College, in 1811; completing his theological course of study, he was ordained, April 20, 1815, pastor of the South Church in Dedham; was appointed, June 27, 1829, general agent and secretary of the American Educational Society; April, 1841, he was appointed Professor of History and National Education in Dartmouth College, and in 1844 he was invited to take charge of the theological seminary at Gilmanton, where he died April 18, 1850, having nobly sustained himself in all these responsible positions. He married, November 11, 1818, Joanna Strong, who survived her husband a short time. Their children were: William Strong, born April 11, 1828, who, a member of Dartmouth College of the class of 1848, died April 6, 1848; Mary Joanna, born June 6, 1832, who married, September 20, 1858, Rev. Ephraim O. Jameson, a graduate of Dartmouth College, 1855, now settled in East Medway, Mass.; and Caroline, who resides with her sister.

(2) Julia, born February 20, 1789, married, March 1, 1810, Greenleaf Clarke, Esq., of Atkinson, and died January 9, 1860; he died January 12, 1821. Their children were: (1) William Cogswell, born December 10, 1810; graduated from Dartmouth College in 1832, was preceptor of Gilmanton Academy one year, read law at Cambridge Law School, practiced some years in Laconia; removed to Manchester, held various offices, and died while attorney-general of New Hampshire; (2) Sarah, born May 4, 1812, married Samuel Carleton of Haverhill; (3) Francis, born March 28, 1814, was a physician, and is dead; (4) Greenleaf, born May 7, 1816, married, lives on the homestead, and has children; has been repeatedly elected to the state legislature, was member of both constitutional conventions, and of the

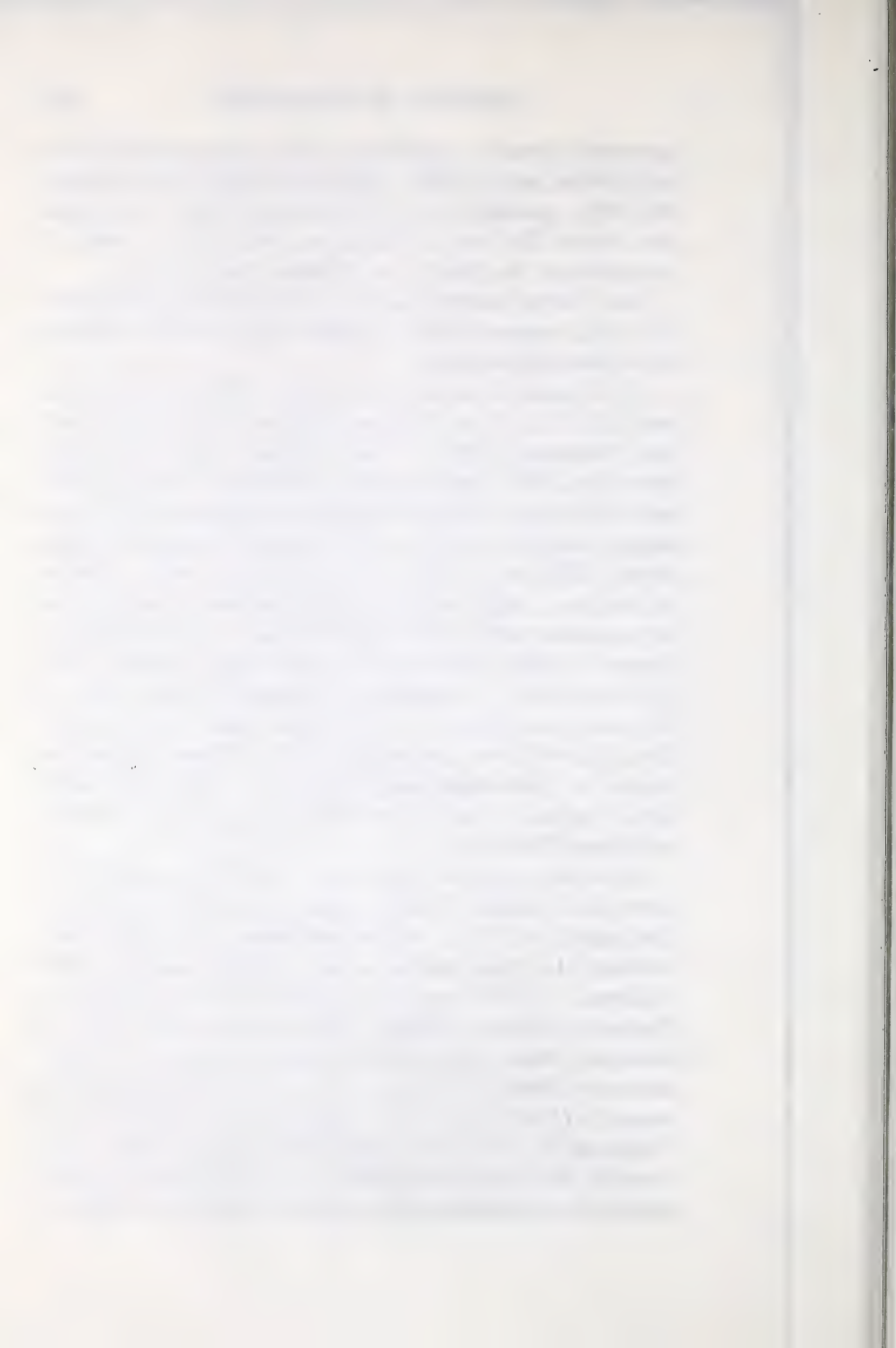
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governor's council ; (5) Moses, born January 18, 1818, was a physician, and is dead ; (6) John Badger, born January 30, 1820 ; graduated from Dartmouth College, 1843 ; married Susan Moulton of Gilmanton, and has two sons ; is proprietor of the Manchester "Mirror and Farmer."

Mrs. Clarke married, for her second husband, December 12, 1822, Amasa Coburn, by whom she had four children, all of whom died young.

(3) Hannah Pearson, born July 6, 1791, married, January 12, 1814, Hon. William Badger of Gilmanton, and died February 22, 1869. Their children were: (1) Joseph, born June, 1817, graduated from Dartmouth College 1839, married Hannah Ayers of Gilmanton, daughter of Francis Ayers, and they live on the Badger homestead, having several children ; he was on the governor's staff, is justice of the peace, and a trustee of the Gilmanton Academy ; has been representative to the General Court ; (2) William, born August 1, 1826, graduated from Dartmouth College 1848, married Hattie A., daughter of James C. Cilley, Esq., of Belmont, born October 14, 1835 ; they have one son, William Cogswell, born August 10, 1857 ; William Badger was colonel of New-Hampshire Volunteers during the Rebellion, is captain in the United-States army, and is stationed in Dakota Territory.

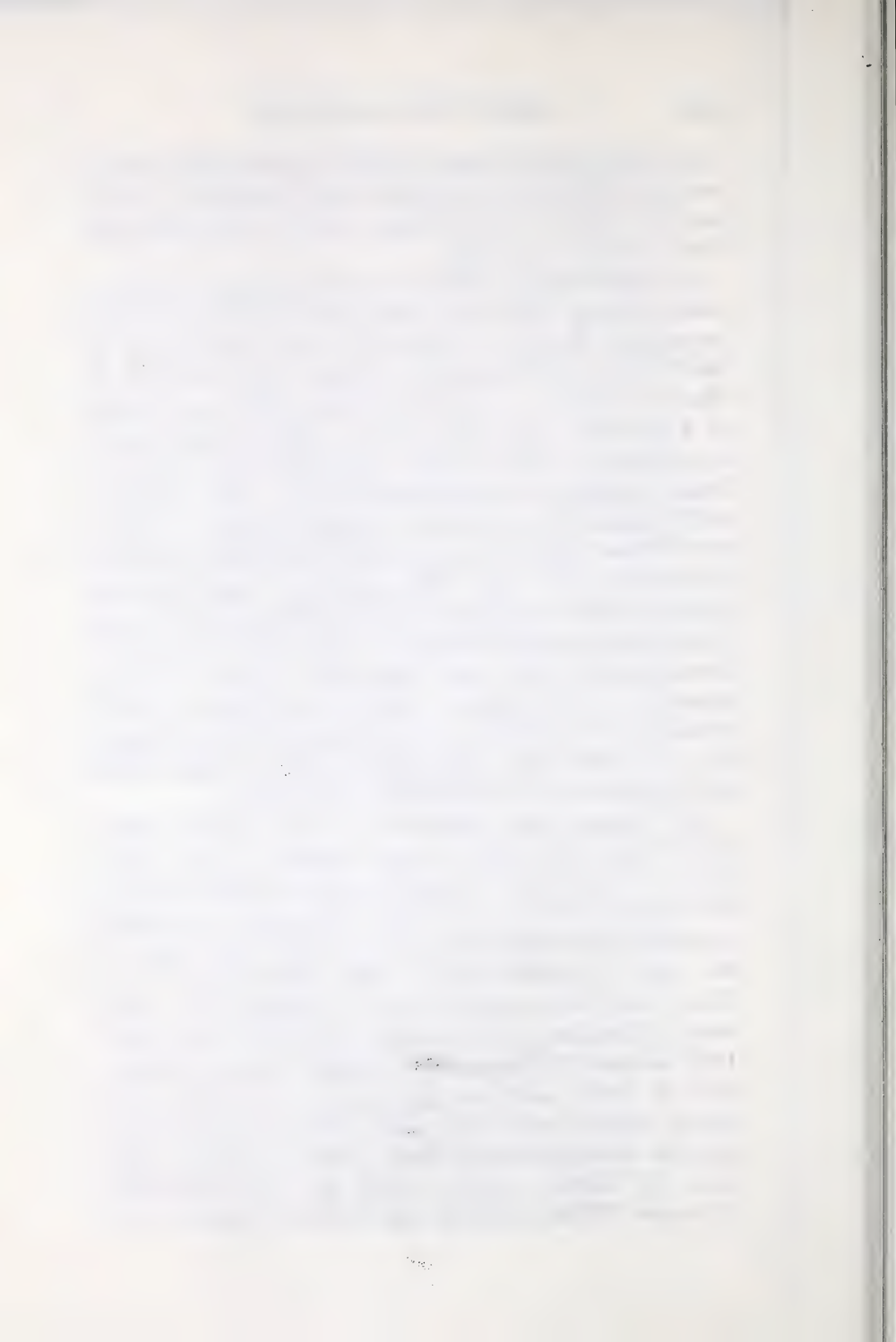
(4) Joseph Badger, born August 30, 1793, married, October, 1817, Judith Peaslee, lived on the homestead, and died April 10, 1875 ; they had children : (1) Judith, born October 31, 1818, married a Mr. Merrill, and they have children ; (2) William, born April 1, 1821, graduated at Dartmouth Medical College, 1841, married, and resides in Bradford, Mass., having no children ; is president of Massachusetts Medical Society, and member of the executive council ; (3) Elizabeth, born September 25, 1824, married Nathaniel H. Clarke, and has children ; (4) Francis, born June 24, 1827 ; has been teacher, is superintendent of public schools in Cambridge, Mass., married, and has children ;



(5) Sarah Jane, born July 13, 1829, married a Mr. Chase, removed to California, where she died, leaving one daughter, Mary Marland; (6) Thomas, who is a successful dentist in Boston, is married.

(5) Nathaniel, born March 5, 1796, graduated from Dartmouth College, 1819, was many years pastor of the Congregational Church in Yarmouth, Mass., was member of the Constitutional Convention of 1853, and an overseer of Harvard College; he married, October, 1825, Susan Doane of Yarmouth; their children were: (1) Elizabeth Doane, born January, 1827, married, November, 1853, Simeon N. Small, graduated from Dartmouth College 1845; removed to Milwaukee, Wis., and both are dead, leaving two sons; (2) William Henry, born April, 1828, died 1830; (3) John Bear Doane, born June, 1829, graduated from Dartmouth College in 1850; is a lawyer; lived in Milwaukee, Wis., was United-States district-attorney of Wisconsin; returned to Massachusetts; has been repeatedly member of both branches of the legislature, and has been twice elected president of the Senate; his wife died, leaving one daughter; (4) Elisha Doane, has been a banker, is now a clerk in a department in the state-house; unmarried.

(6) Thomas, born December 7, 1798, married, 1820, Mary Noyes, and settled on the homestead of his grandfather, the late Hon. Thomas Cogswell, in Gilmanton, and died August 8, 1868; was justice of the peace, repeatedly a member of the legislature, and for many years judge of the court of common pleas. Their children were: (1) Julia, born 1823, married O. A. J. Vaughan, and died, leaving a daughter, since deceased; (2) Mary Noyes, born 1827, married Dr. Benjamin F. Burgess, who died; she resides in Boston with her two sons and a daughter; (3) Martha Badger, born 1830, married Dr. S. F. Batchelder; after his death removed to South Boston; has three children; (4) Harriet, born in 1832, and died unmarried; (5) James William, married, and lives in Gilmanton on a



part of the homestead ; (6) Thomas, born February 8, 1841, graduated from Dartmouth College 1863 ; was an officer in the war of the Rebellion ; is a lawyer, has been a member of the House and is now in the Senate, 1878 ; is married, and has three children.

(7) Francis, born December 21, 1800, graduated from Dartmouth College in 1822, educated a lawyer ; was appointed clerk of court in Strafford County in 1842 ; removed to Andover, Mass., to take charge of the Ballard Vale Factory, became cashier of the Andover Bank, was elected president of the Boston and Maine Railroad in September, 1856 ; after six years he resigned that position, and after three years was again elected president of the same road, and at the close of six years again resigned, having held the office of president twelve years and two months ; he has been treasurer of the Marland Manufacturing Company many years, has been a trustee of Gilmanton Academy, Atkinson Academy, and the Punchard Free School in Andover ; was an overseer of Harvard College for six years ; he married, June 8, 1829, Mary S. Marland of Andover, Mass., who was born August 9, 1806, and died December 28, 1877, and they had eight children, three dying in infancy ; the living are : (1) William Abraham, born May 5, 1830, married, October 27, 1868, Susan Louisa Hart ; they have one daughter, Mary Louisa, born August 10, 1871, and live in North Andover ; (2) John Francis, born March 25, 1835, married, March 29, 1860, Esther M. Merrill ; they have two sons, and reside in Lawrence ; (3) Joseph Badger, born June 15, 1837, lives in Andover, unmarried ; (4) Mary Marland, born April 8, 1839, married, January 17, 1861, William Hobbs, now of Brookline, Mass., having two sons ; (5) Thomas Marland, born July 17, 1844, married, June 27, 1872, Georgianna J. McCoy ; lives in Lawrence.

(8) George, born February 5, 1808, graduated at Dartmouth Medical College 1830, married, August 4, 1831, Abigail Parker of Bradford, Mass. ; settled in Bradford ; has



been a member of the executive council, and United-States collector of internal revenue under Lincoln, Johnson, and Grant; their children are: (1) Abbie Parker, who married a Mr. Choate, judge of probate of Essex County; (2) Sarah; (3) George Badger, graduated at Dartmouth Medical College, 1857; (4) William, a lawyer in Salem, Mass., a captain, colonel, and general in the war of the Rebellion; is now inspector-general of fish. Dr. George Cogswell's second wife was Elizabeth Doane of Yarmouth, Mass., and they have two children: Doane, who graduated from Dartmouth College in 1877, and Carrie.

(9) John, born June 14, 1810, and died August 6, 1811.

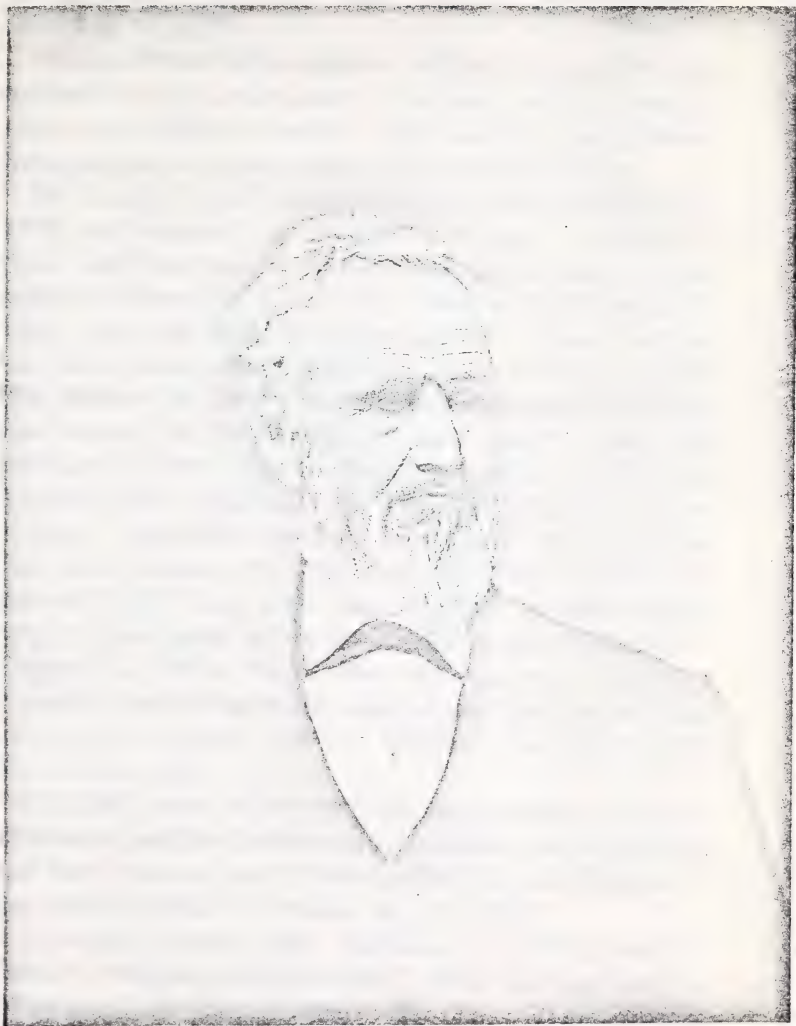
Joseph Cogswell, who was born in Haverhill, Mass., April 16, 1764, being the seventeenth child of Nathaniel Cogswell and Judith Badger, longed to be with his brothers in the service of his country, but was withheld until Dr. William Cogswell, his older brother, was promoted to the chief charge of the military hospital at West Point, to whom he immediately repaired, and whom he served in the place of an assistant-surgeon. He had already studied medicine somewhat, receiving aid of Dr. Nathaniel Peabody of Atkinson. He remained at West Point until September 1, 1785, when he returned with his brother to Atkinson and completed his course of study, and then established himself in practice in Warner, being for some time in the family of Rev. John Kelley, then pastor of the Congregational Church. He married Judith, daughter of Thomas Elliot Colby of Warner. She was born September 25, 1771, in Amesbury, Mass. Jacob Colby of Amesbury, Mass., married Elizabeth Elliot, and they had three children: Edmund, born December 8, 1725, Valentine, born May 29, 1728, and Thomas Elliot, born January 31, 1734. This Thomas Elliot Colby married Judith Sargent, and the following children were born to them in Amesbury: (1) Ezekiel, born July 19, 1763; (2) Stephen, born June 18, 1765; (3) John, born June 21, 1767; (4) Elliot, born September 9, 1769; (5)

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John N. Furber



Judith, born September 25, 1771 ; (6) Naomi, born December 18, 1773 ; (7) Anna, born May 9, 1776 ; (8) Molly, born July 14, 1778.

Thomas Elliot Colby removed to Warner about 1778, and carried with him some wealth. He was a man of great integrity, and highly esteemed, and reared a family whose influence has ever been good in the town of Warner.

Dr. Joseph Cogswell married Judith Colby December 27, 1788, and remained in practice in Warner a number of years, and then removed to New Durham, whence he subsequently removed to Tamworth, where he died March 17, 1851. His wife died November 5, 1857. Their children who died young were: Joseph B., born January 2, 1792, died January 20, 1793 ; Hannah, born September 29, 1793, died January 28, 1801 ; Ruth B., born June 15, 1797, died February 6, 1801 ; Thomas, born November 2, 1799, died August 6, 1803 ; Hannah, born August 6, 1804, died August 7, 1804. Those who grew up to maturity were: (1) Judith, born October 12, 1789, died September 9, 1836, unmarried ; (2) Eben, born May 22, 1795, married Betsey Wiggin, lived most of his life in Tamworth, but died in Jackson in 1866 or 1867 ; their children were: Pearson ; Hannah, who married Silas Meserve, and they live in Jackson, having two sons and one daughter ; and Emily, who married and died.

(3) Ruth, born August 22, 1802, married Eben Allen of Tamworth, and they subsequently removed into Maine and had four children, two of whom, Elliot C. and Reuben T., are living in Maine. She died May 24, 1846.

(4) Mary Sargent, born September 20, 1805, married Jacob C. Wiggin, born February 7, 1803, and they lived in Tamworth ; she died February 12, 1877. Their children who lived to maturity were: (1) Joseph Cogswell, born October 24, 1826, married, for his second wife, Miss Leavitt of Laconia ; was a merchant in Sandwich ; was captain of a company of volunteers in the Rebellion, and died of

wounds received in an encounter at Port Royal, S. C., August 26, 1863; his wife died 1873; they left two sons, Fred E., residing in Laconia, and Charles Parker, now a member of Coe's Academy; Capt. Wiggin's first wife died, leaving one daughter; (2) Colby S., born September 11, 1827; (3) Emily C., born March 13, 1829, married Alvin W. Stevens; (4) Almira J., born March 3, 1831; (5) Mary J., born August 12, 1834, died February 25, 1856; (6) Cordelia A., born February 5, 1837; (7) Mayhew C., born September 8, 1839, died in Libby prison, November 8, 1864; (8) Arthur E., born March 24, 1842; (9) Hannah S., born September 8, 1844, died July 13, 1864; (10) Amanda F., born August 26, 1846, died February 12, 1866.

(5) Joseph, born April 2, 1808, married, October 24, 1835, Amanda F. Page of Gilmanton; they reside on the homestead in Tamworth. Their children were: (1) Susan, born September 26, 1837; (2) Nathaniel Winslow, born June 4, 1844; was teacher of book-keeping in Coe's Academy for some time, and died in Tamworth, February 6, 1872; a young man of much promise; (3) Emma J., born June 15, 1848, married, August 14, 1871, Charles Robertson of Eaton, where they reside.

(6) Elliott Colby, born June 11, 1814, studied at Gilmanton Academy under the late Hon. William Cogswell Clarke and Edwin D. Sanborn, who has been for many years a popular professor in Dartmouth College; graduated from Dartmouth College in the class of 1838; was principal of Gilmanton Academy two years; studied theology in Gilmanton Theological Seminary under Professors Warner, Rood, and Bird; began to supply the Congregational Church in Northwood the first sabbath in July, 1842; was ordained pastor of the church November 3, 1842; was dismissed July 18, 1848; began, the following sabbath, a ministry with the Congregational Church in Newmarket, which continued until June, 1855; immediately removed to New Boston, and was installed, October 31, pastor of the



Sophia A Cogswell



First Presbyterian Church in New Boston, where he remained until October 31, 1865; came immediately to Northwood, serving the Congregational Church as pastor until June, 1876; during the last ten years of that period he has been principal of Coe's Northwood Academy, through whose influence, chiefly, it was inaugurated in 1866; and, during the last five years of the same period, the materials for this book have been collected and arranged for the press, through which it is now passing, August, 1878. Mr. Cogswell's publications have been a Memoir of Rev. Samuel Hidden, published in 1842, a few miscellaneous sermons and addresses, and a History of New Boston, published in 1864.

Mr. Cogswell married, August 12, 1842, Sophia Ann, daughter of Deacon Thomas Adams of Gilmanton, born January 24, 1819. Their children are: (1) Edward Elliott, born October 8, 1843, died August 25, 1846; (2) Mary Upham, born September 6, 1845, graduated from Gilmanton Academy, 1865, married, November 19, 1865, George W. Bingham, graduate of Dartmouth College in 1863, and they live in Burlington, Ia.; (3) Ellen Sophia, born July 14, 1847, died August 13, 1849; (4) Martha Ellen, born December 28, 1849, graduated from Coe's Academy, 1869, married, December 3, 1874, John G. Mead, jr., of New York City, where they reside; (5) Elizabeth Greenleaf, born March 5, 1852, graduated from Coe's Academy, 1871, married, February 28, 1877, Charles H. Prescott of Walpole, Mass.; (6) William Badger, born August 5, 1854, now a member of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City; (7) Thomas Herbert, born August 5, 1856, died September 17, 1860; (8) Ephraim Bradford, born May 11, 1859, died July 25, 1860; (9) Henry Burr, born April 5, 1861, member of Coe's Academy.

It is worthy of statement that eight brothers, the sons of Nathaniel Cogswell and Judith Badger of Atkinson, served in the war of the Revolution; that six of these sons

were in the service at the same time ; that all lived to see General Washington President of the United States ; and that no one of the nineteen children of these Christian parents dishonored their parentage.

Thomas Adams, father of the wife of Rev. E. C. Cogswell, descended from Henry Adams, who came from Devonshire, England, in 1630, and settled in Braintree, Mass., where he died October 8, 1646. His children were Henry, Samuel, Thomas, Peter, Joseph, William, and Edward. His son Joseph, born in England, 1626, married, November 26, 1650, Abigail Baxter. Their children were Henry, Joseph, John, Bethia, Samuel, Peter, Jonathan, Deliverance, and Mary. Their son Joseph married Hannah Bass, one of whose children was John, from whom President J. Q. Adams descended, also Rev. Joseph Adams of Newington, N. H., who was born January 1, 1689, graduated from Harvard College 1710, ordained November 16, 1715, and died May 26, 1783. Mary, granddaughter of Rev. Joseph Adams of Newington, married Jonathan Ross, jr., of Gilmanton.

William, son of Henry Adams, the progenitor, removed to Ipswich, Mass., and died there, 1661. He had three sons, William, Nathaniel, and Samuel. This William, jr., had a son, Thomas, born 1696, died 1762. He had Thomas, Ezekiel, Ephraim, and Benjamin ; the last two settled in New Ipswich, and from one of these, Ephraim, descended the late Prof. Adams of Dartmouth College.

Thomas, brother of Ephraim and Benjamin, born 1730, died 1797, lived in Ipswich, and married Elizabeth Brown, by whom he had Deborah, Elizabeth, who married Daniel Appleton of Buxton, Me., Hannah, Bethia, Lucy, Abigail, who married Thomas Ross of Gilmanton, Sarah, Thomas, Moses, Mary, who married Ephraim Smith, and afterwards William Price of Gilmanton, and Lydia. This Thomas, son of Thomas Adams and Elizabeth Brown, was born September, 1757, died May 6, 1844, married Anna Porter, by

whom he had: John; David; Nancy; William, who settled in Boston, was deacon of Salem-street Congregational Church for many years, and whose daughter, Sarah E., is the wife of Hon. J. S. Potter, United-States Consul at Stuttgart, Germany; Thomas; George; Allen; Moses; Deborah; Smith; and Samuel. This Thomas, son of Thomas Adams and Anna Porter, was born March 17, 1792, married, March 27, 1817, Sophia Kimball, born January 28, 1798, daughter of David Kimball of Gilmanton; he was deacon of the Congregational Church at Gilmanton for many years. Their children were: (1) Sophia A., born January 24, 1819, married, August 12, 1842, Rev. E. C. Cogswell; (2) Hazen Worcester, born July 25, 1823, graduated from Dartmouth College 1847, married Jane C. Amos (Campbell) of Hackensack, N. J., August 27, 1861; their children are: Hattie C., born March 23, 1862; Martha N., born April 6, 1864; Ellen S., born April 16, 1866; Charles F., born October 18, 1869; (3) Martha H., born August 19, 1825, married, October 16, 1849, G. C. Nealley of Burlington, Ia. (see sketch of Nealley family, Nottingham); (4) Mary Frances, born July 24, 1827, married, October 19, 1853, Dr. Gilliam C. Terhune of Hackensack, N. J., graduate of New York Medical College; (5) William Clarke, born August 19, 1833, died September 30, 1834; (6) Ellen Elizabeth, born September 1, 1835, died July 29, 1838; (7) Edward Elliott, born August 22, 1839, died August 6, 1841. Deacon Adams died May 21, 1873, aged eighty-one; his wife died July 6, 1874, aged seventy-six.

CROCKETT FAMILY.

John Crockett, son of Ephraim of Stratham, was born June 28, 1739, died March 15, 1817. He married Mary, daughter of Deacon Lane of Stratham, who was born July 14, 1744, and died March 15, 1806. Their children were:

(1) Mary, born July 15, 1764, married Nicholas Dudley Hill, settled in Northwood, and had children, among whom were Walter, Dudley, Mark, James, and Benjamin.

(2) John, born July 20, 1766, was licensed to preach by the Baptist (Calvin) Church in Northwood in his twenty-sixth year. He was ordained over the First Baptist Church in Sanbornton September 3, 1794, which relation was continued till his death, February 7, 1833. He married, in 1788, Betsey Jenness. Their children were: (1) George W., born October 4, 1789, died August 14, 1859, married and had children; he was a merchant in Boston till 1851, when he became president of the Bank of North America, holding the office till his death; he represented the state two years in the House and two in the Senate; (2) John, settled in Sanbornton; (3) Hezekiah was a physician, and settled in Alton; married and had two children, a son and a daughter; (4) Joseph, settled in Sanbornton; married, and had several children; one of them, George W., married a daughter of Deacon J. S. Norris of Concord, where they reside; is of the firm of Norris and Crockett; (5) Beniah lived in Sanbornton, married, and had children, one of whom was William, who settled in Lawrence; (6) Betsey; (7) Mary.

(3) George, son of John and Mary Crockett, born July 20, 1768, died October 11, 1768.

(4) Samuel, born February 10, 1770, died November 7, 1846, was the first of the name who came to Northwood. He settled near where Philip Hoitt now resides. He married Deborah Doe, born May 28, 1770, died July 21, 1848. Their children were: (1) William, born December 21, 1792, died July 13, 1865, married Frances, daughter of Col. Samuel Sherburn; their children were: Laura S., born September 18, 1818, married, May 1, 1859, Caleb S. Rogers; George E., born in 1822, died in 1825; Fannie, born June 5, 1830, married, in 1850, C. H. V. Cavis, having children, Charles and Fannie May. Mr. Crockett married, for his second wife, Hannah, daughter of Nathaniel Dearborn of Deerfield, by whom he had one son, Hollis Waldo, born November 5, 1846, married Iona Sawyer, July 30, 1872, and has one son, Micah D., born October 1, 1875. (2) Samuel,

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jr., born November 14, 1795, died November 10, 1836; married Betsey D., daughter of Trueworthy Hill; she died June 13, 1840; their children were: (1) George W., born November 22, 1819, married, October 6, 1852, Frances E. Mansir, who died November 30, 1859; he resides in Boston; (2) James S., born January 11, 1821, settled in Concord; married, October 27, 1846, Caroline E., daughter of Rev. Henry Veasey of Bow, who died July 28, 1854, having had one son, William H., born September 20, 1849, died January 16, 1850; Mr. Crockett's second wife was Mary B. Veasey, sister of the first wife, married April 30, 1857; (3) William, born April 22, 1822, died February 5, 1842; (4) Mary Lane, born May 19, 1824, died October 9, 1839; (5) Charles Henry, born May 3, 1826, died April 7, 1850; (6) Benjamin T., born February 11, 1828, married Annie E. Chandler of Dover, having one son, Arthur; resides in Boston; (7) John Kelley, born June 25, 1830, married, September 10, 1851, Sally R. Randall of Deerfield; lived in Concord; died November 2, 1854; they had one daughter, Annie R., born March 30, 1853, married James Yeaton, and has two children, John K., born in 1875, and a daughter, born July 22, 1878; Mr. Crockett's widow married William Goss of Epsom; (8) Samuel J., born June 25, 1832, of the firm of Ford and Crockett, Boston, Mass., married, June 30, 1853, Mary J. Vinto of Boston; their children are Ella G., born October 6, 1854, died December 12, 1855, and Charles H., born September 26, 1857; (9) Eliza H., born September 20, 1836, died June 3, 1858. (3) Polly, daughter of Samuel and Deborah, married Benjamin Batchelder, and had one daughter, Ann Maria, who married S. S. Moore. (4) Eliza, daughter of Samuel and Deborah Crockett, born May 2, 1800, died July 15, 1835. (5) Capt. John L., born July 10, 1802, married Nancy Furber of Pittsfield; lived in Northwood on the homestead, was deacon in Calvin Baptist Church. (6) Dudley, born June 9, 1804, died July 1, 1837, married Mahala Caswell, who died

November 7, 1837, and had two children, Elizabeth, and Hollis, who died August 13, 1845. (7) Charles P., born January 9, 1808; lived in Concord, afterwards in Manchester; returned to Concord, where he died, November 24, 1847; married, and had one daughter, Josephine, born in 1847, married a Mr. Wyman of Manchester; his widow married a Mr. Plummer of Goffstown. (8) Susan B., born July 11, 1812, died October 6, 1837. (9) Hollis B., born June 21, 1815, was of the firm Gale and Crockett, Concord; died November 16, 1846.

(5) Elizabeth, daughter of John and Mary Crockett, born May 14, 1772, died June 27, 1775.

(6) Ephraim, born May 16, 1774, died January 11, 1842; was a physician; lived in Danbury, N. H.; married, and had children, among whom were Andrew, who settled in Bristol; Dexter, who settled in Danbury, and Charles, who settled in New London.

(7) James, youngest son of John and Mary Crockett, born April 14, 1777, settled in Meredith; married, and had four children: Mary, who married a Mr. Blaisdell, and lived in Gilford; Matilda, who married a Mr. Robinson, and lived in Meredith; Clarissa, who married a Mr. Smith, and lived in Laconia; and James.

Many of the prominent members of the Crockett family have been engaged in the manufacture of musical instruments.

DEMERITT FAMILY.

Joseph Demeritt came from Madbury, and settled near where Plummer Bennett resides. His children were Moses, Paul, Joseph, John, Betsy, Louisa, Hannah, and Lydia. Moses married a Miss Odell of Durham; Gordon, now residing in Nottingham, is their son. Paul married Martha Woodman of Deerfield, one of whose daughters became the wife of Gen. Alfred Hoitt of Durham, while another married a Mr. Seward, and a third married John Woodman of Newton. Joseph died in the war of 1812. John was born



January 30, 1777, lived in Nottingham, married Abigail, daughter of Robert Hill of Nottingham, who was born May 13, 1781; they died within eleven days of each other, he being aged about eighty-seven years. Their children were: Jacob, born July 8, 1800; Joseph, born November 11, 1801; *Sophia*, born January 8, 1803; John, jr., born April 20, 1806; Timothy, born March 23, 1808; Mehitable F., born March 18, 1810; Daniel, born July 12, 1812; Samuel D., born May 29, 1814; Andrew J.; Sally; Mary Ann; and Abigail.

Joseph Demeritt, Esq., residing in Nottingham, is the son of John, who was the son of Joseph, and married Sally, daughter of Benjamin Colecord of Nottingham; she was born March 10, 1797, and died September 27, 1867. Their children are: Benjamin Willard, born April 5, 1827; Eleanor, married a Mr. Mills of Nova Scotia, having a daughter, Hannah Maria; Eliza A., born August 16, 1832, married Byron D. Hoitt, and died April 1, 1861; Joseph Edward, born May 9, 1836, married Nancy B., daughter of Ebenezer S. Tuttle of Nottingham, and had three children, Eliza Ann, Sally A., and John L.; Jane, born April 11, 1838, died May 28, 1865; John Leonard, born October 10, 1840, died January 14, 1873. Joseph Demeritt, Esq., has represented his town in the legislature three years, has served as selectman and assistant-postmaster several years, and been engaged in mercantile business since 1825.

DOW FAMILY.

Samuel Dow was born in Epping, 1765, married, in 1791, Dolly Sanborn, born in 1771. They lived in Epping a few years after their marriage, and there their son Henry was born, in 1792. The following year they moved to Northwood, and he aided in cutting the first wheel-road through the Narrows. He was a man of much physical strength, and not easily discouraged by obstacles. He was an excellent pioneer settler and a worthy citizen. He died May 5, 1840.

His wife died January 4, 1841. Their children were : (1) Henry, born April 3, 1792, married, December 29, 1813, Betsey Watson, daughter of William Watson of Nottingham ; settled near the Narrows ; he was a cooper by trade, and a natural mechanic, and was useful as a house-joiner ; he served his town as selectman ; was for many years justice of the peace ; died July 25, 1873 ; their children were : (1) Sewell W., born July 14, 1814, married Nancy L. Towle of Hampton, April 12, 1836, where they reside, their children being Philena, born September 9, 1839, died June 15, 1862, and Albon A., born October 22, 1842, died February 24, 1865 ; (2) Joseph T., born January 6, 1816, married Wealthy Ann Higgins of South Hadley, Mass., July 3, 1839, who died September 26, 1871 ; he resides in Boston, his children being : Helen Maria, born October 30, 1840, died April 20, 1858 ; Francis E., born September 5, 1842 ; Adelaid L., born June 18, 1844 ; Ella F., born March 12, 1846 ; Henry S., born June 16, 1855 ; Shelton E., born October 27, 1857 ; Mr. Dow married, for his second wife, Mary Van Name of Newark, N. J. ; (3) George E., born January 22, 1819, married Julia E. Sackett, February 1, 1841, and settled in Westfield, Mass. ; their children are : Maria, born September 18, 1842, married, May 26, 1869, A. G. Taylor of Springfield, Mass. ; Henry B., born April 16, 1846, died January 8, 1847 ; Charles E., born November 24, 1847, married Mary M. DeWitt of Springfield, Mass., September 20, 1871 ; (4) Sarah E., youngest child of Henry Dow, was born March 27, 1824, married, March 1, 1854, Israel Buzzell of Barrington, and lives in Northwood ; he died November 9, 1870, aged forty-one, leaving one son, Henry D., born March 18, 1858.

(2) Sally, daughter of the first settler, was born June 21, 1794, married Joseph H. Trickey, and had five children : (1) Henry D., born June 5, 1816, lived in Newmarket, died August 31, 1865 ; (2) Charles T., born December 28, 1818, died December 18, 1829 ; (3) Dorothy A., born

November 21, 1822, married H. A. Jackson, settled in Chicago, Ill.; (4) Joseph S., born December 12, 1827, resides in Northwood, and is a merchant at the Narrows; he married Mary J. Russell; their children are Frank E. (dead), Fred, Abigail, Nellie A., and Mary Ann; (5) George B., born March 25, 1834, married, has two children, and lives in Lawrence, Mass.

(3) Nancy S., daughter of Samuel Dow, was born in 1800, married George James in 1817, having for children: Winthrop D., born May 16, 1819, died July 14, 1847; Beniah M., born December 2, 1824, married Mary D. Haynes; Frances A., born November 8, 1840, married Henry A. Willard of Westminster, Vt.

(4) Beniah, born 1803, married Eliza Dow, and died March 11, 1830.

(5) Samuel, born November 10, 1809, settled in Westfield, Mass., in 1833, as a whip-manufacturer; married Belinda R. Robinson of Concord, June 1, 1835, who died October 22, 1869; Mr. Dow married, for his second wife, E. Maria Herrick, August 31, 1870. His children by his first wife were: Ellen, born April 8, 1840; Agnes, born February 6, 1842, died February 17, 1845; Edwin, born September 7, 1847, died May 31, 1854. Ellen, the first daughter of Mr. Dow, married, July, 1867, Rev. Thomas B. Wood, and they reside in Rosario, South America, as missionaries.

(6) John R., born November 6, 1813, married Rhoda Swain, November 17, 1836; their children are: Charles E., born January 7, 1838; Samuel T., born April 26, 1840; William A., born September 2, 1843; Nancy S., born January 12, 1845; John P., born July 20, 1847; Frank B., born February 17, 1851; George H., born May 26, 1858.

DURGIN FAMILY.

John Durgin came from Durham, where he was born in April, 1729 (Old Style). Susanna Pitman, his wife, was born in Durham, May 7, 1734.

John Durgin, jr., was born in Durham; had eight children: Joseph, Lydia, Deborah, Ebenezer, Samuel, John, Drusilla, and Keziah.

Joseph was born in Durham, married Sally Huckins of Lee, and settled in Effingham; had eight children: Sally, Lydia, Noah, Polly, Thomas, Lovy, Eunice, and Dudley L.

Lydia was born in Durham, 1755, married Samuel Woodman and settled in Deerfield, then Nottingham; had ten children: Martha, Susan, Samuel, Edward, Susan, Lydia, Mehitable, Sarah, Lewis, and Lewis; she died November, 1836; Samuel Woodman, her husband, was born September 19, 1749, and died August 13, 1819.

Deborah was born in Durham, married Joseph Shaw, and settled in Northwood; had four children: Mary, Noah, John, and Ephra; she died in Northwood.

Ebenezer was born in Durham, July 3, 1761, married Sarah Knowlton; settled in Northwood; had four children, all now living: Nancy, Betsey, Daniel, and Israel; he died February 21, 1840; Sarah, his wife, died March 14, 1850.

Samuel was born in Durham, married a Miss Brown, and settled in Vermont.

John Durgin, 3d, born August 16, 1771, married Sally Taylor, February 15, 1795; settled in Northwood; had five children: Lois, Job R., Miles, Susan P., and Eliphalet; he was killed by the falling of a tree, December 7, 1816; Sally, his widow, afterward married Ebenezer Knowlton and died February 13, 1862.

Drusilla, born March 17, 1774, married David Knowlton in 1791; settled in Northwood; died January 28, 1862.

Keziah married Levi Knowles, and settled in Candia.

The children of Ebenezer Durgin were:—

Nancy, born August 19, 1784, married Noah Davis of Nottingham; settled in Northwood on the Mountain; is now living in Deerfield.

Betsey, born in Northwood, March 2, 1790, married William Swain in 1807; settled in Northwood; had four chil-

dren: Nancy, Warren P., Samuel, and Rhoda; she is still living in Northwood.

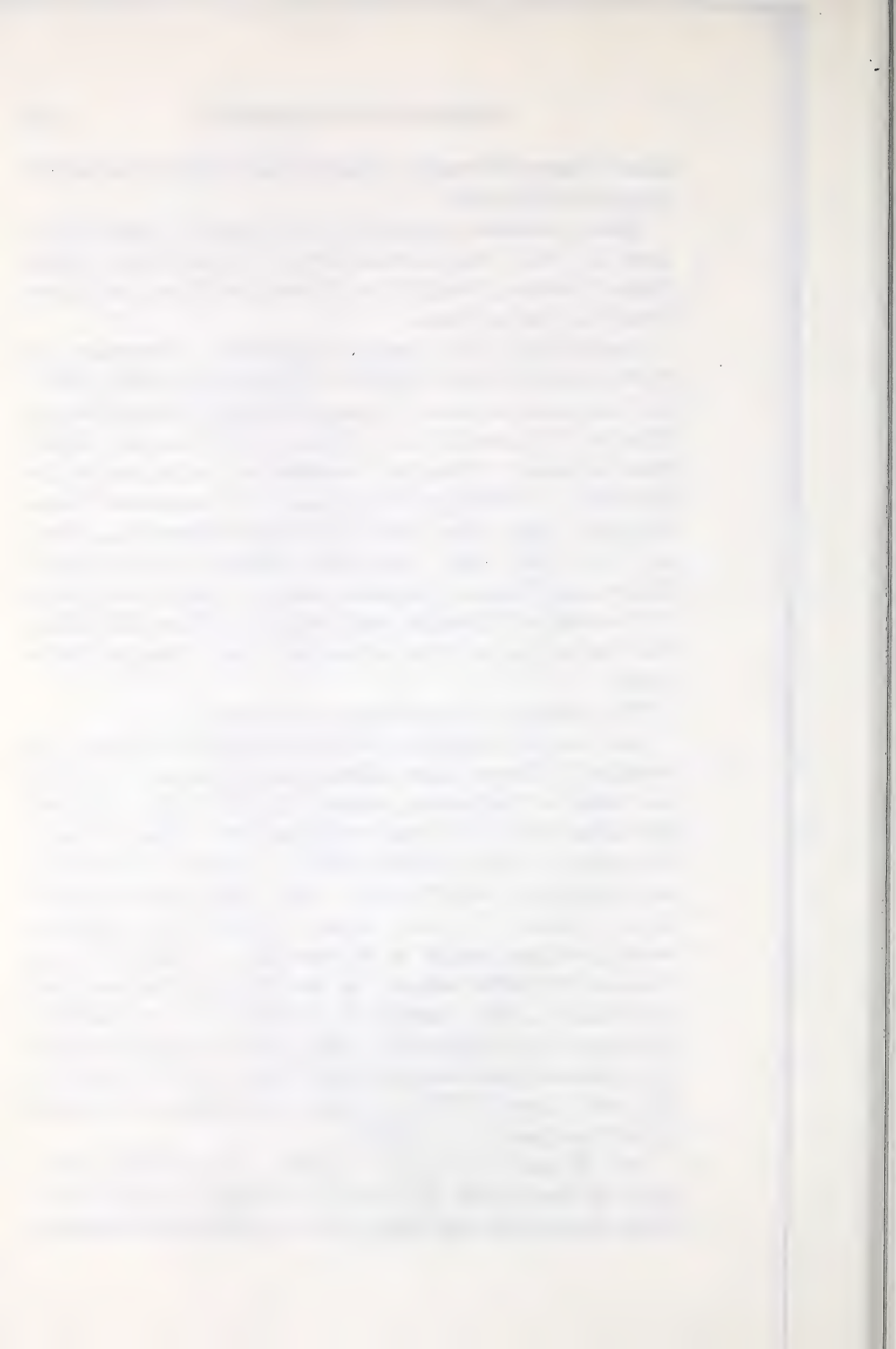
Daniel was born February 5, 1795, married Abigail Keniston in 1814; had nine children: Joseph, Mary, Sarah, Daniel, Harriet, David, Olive, Louisa, and John; he is now living in Newton, Mass.

Israel Durgin was born in Northwood, November 18, 1796, married Rhoda Fernald of Northwood, March, 1821, and had nine children: Ebenezer, Charles, Betsey, Betsey, Charles P., Hannah, Nancy, Samuel, and Clara A. Three died in infancy. Charles P. enlisted in the late war of the Rebellion, in the Eighth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers, for three years, and died at New Orleans, La., January 11, 1863; there are three children living, Betsey, Nancy, and Clara A.; the latter married, May 24, 1869, John L. Parshley of Pittsfield, and they live in Haverhill, Mass. Mr. Durgin has had three wives, and is still living in Northwood.

The children of John Durgin, 3d, were:—

Lois was born March 3, 1796, married John Carswell of Strafford. He was born in Barrington, September 15, 1790, and died in Northwood, January 25, 1873; his wife died September 20, 1873; their children were: John D., born November 5, 1821, married Mary A. Stewart of Concord, and resides in San Francisco, Cal.; they have two children: Charles W., born August 28, 1823, has had two wives, and now resides in Woburn, Mass.; Henry F., born January 12, 1826, enlisted in the Mexican war, and died September 1, 1847, leaving the record of a brave soldier; George W., born March 30, 1828, resides in San Francisco, Cal., married, and has one child; Elizabeth W., born July 11, 1834, married William Lahea, and resides in Philadelphia; they have three children.

Job R. was born August 1, 1798, married Betsey Wiggins of Northwood, November 13, 1816; had three children. Jane, John, and Thomas S.; his wife died September



23, 1859, and he married, for a second wife, Widow Marsh, September 23, 1862, and died July 25, 1866.

Miles Durgin was born September 20, 1801, married Jane, daughter of William Knowlton of Northwood, April 28, 1824; had five children: Woodbury M., Mary J., William F., Amos S., and John A. He moved to Newmarket in 1826, where he engaged in business; was selectman, and held the office of deputy-sheriff more than twenty years; returned to Northwood June 9, 1838. July 21, 1844, his wife died. December 1, 1844, he married Sarah Moore. In 1846, he purchased the estate of Eben Coe, Esq., at the Narrows, and went into trade. By the last marriage there were four children. He died January 3, 1869, a man of pleasant disposition, who delighted in making those happy around him.

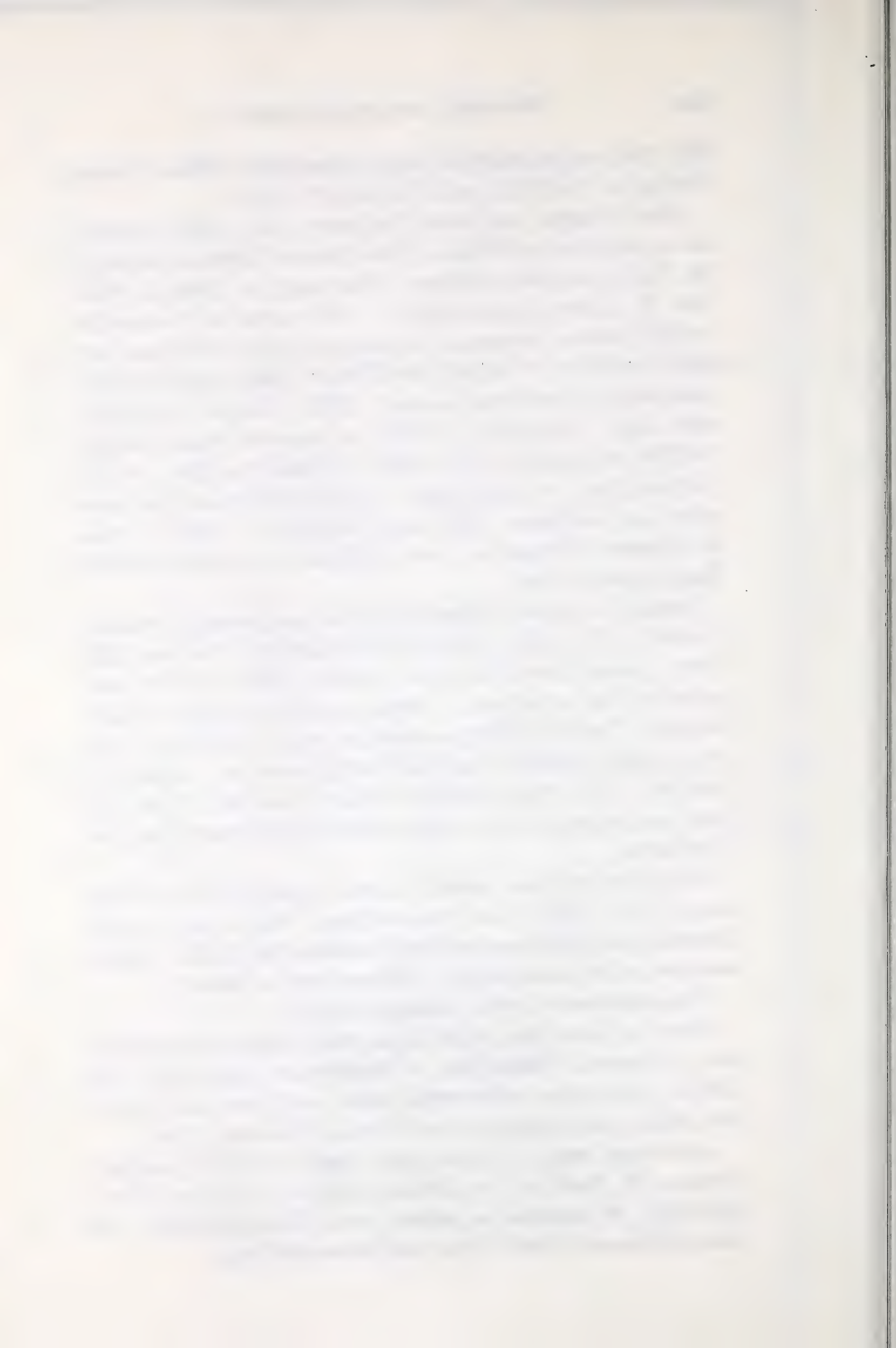
Susan P. was born March 22, 1805, and married Samuel Twombly May, 1827; lived in Newmarket; had ten children: Sarah, Mary, Martha S., Emma, Helen, and five others who died in infancy. Sarah married a Bryant. Mary married Charles Willey,—both of whom enlisted in the war of the Rebellion and died in the service. Martha S. married a Mr. Prey, who also enlisted and died from disease contracted while in the service; she is now living in Rochester.

Eliphalet was born June 23, 1809, married Matilda Watson, April 2, 1838; had two children, Hazen and Susan; his wife died 1858, and he died December 15, 1863. Susan married a Mr. Lane of Lee. Hazen lives in Dover.

The children of Job R. Durgin were:—

Jane was born May 10, 1817, married Samuel Batchelder, son of Samuel Batchelder of Northwood, September 20, 1837; they reside in Haverhill, Mass., and have one daughter, Sarah, who is married and lives in Methuen, Mass.

John was born in Portsmouth, April 15, 1821, married Roxana B. York of Lee, March 6, 1845; they had three children: he married a second wife, Clarinda Quince of Lee, February 8, 1860; they had three children.





Woodbury M. Durgin



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Thomas S. was born in Portsmouth, January 14, 1824, married Mary A. Chapman, November 27, 1852; they have six children; reside in Worcester, Mass.

The children of Miles Durgin and Jane Knowlton were:—

Woodbury M., born in Northwood, June 8, 1825, married Abbie G., daughter of Samuel James of Northwood, December 16, 1847; had one child, Moses W., born April 16, 1849, and died January 17, 1858. Woodbury M. resided in Northwood; has served the town as selectman, representative, and held other offices. In the late war of the Rebellion he enlisted in the Fifteenth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers for nine months; was commissioned lieutenant in Company D, afterward was detailed as acting commissary of subsistence; was honorably discharged August 13, 1863. March, 1873, was elected county commissioner for three years. He removed to Exeter in 1876, being appointed register of probate for Rockingham County.

Mary J. was born in Newmarket, May 13, 1827, married William H. Simmons of Lowell, Mass., June 21, 1848, and died in Lowell, November 9, 1863, leaving no children.

William F. was born in Newmarket, February 13, 1833, married Hattie Smart of Tilton, February 8, 1863; enlisted in Company G, Third Regiment Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, September 14, 1864, was honorably discharged June 14, 1865, and now resides in Lawrence, Mass.

Amos S. was born in Newmarket, February 2, 1837, married Aura L., daughter of John S. Batchelder, November 24, 1859; has two children, Walter and Minnie B., and resides in Lynn, Mass.

John A. was born in Newmarket, May 15, 1838, married Mary E. Webber, daughter of Rev. H. Webber, in 1857; she at her death left one child, Mary J., who was born May 15, 1859, and now resides in Lynn, Mass. He enlisted, April 19, 1861, in Company I, Eighth Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers; was afterward transferred to the Twenty ninth Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, and mustered out

of service April 15, 1865; married Addie M. Haines of Dexter, Me., in 1866; had four children by this marriage: Albert E., Winfield E., Bell P., and Charles H.; resides in Portsmouth.

The children of Miles Durgin by his second marriage were:—

Sarah J. was born in Northwood, July 15, 1845, married Henry H. Emerson of Alton, July 5, 1866; have one child, Willis; reside in Lynn, Mass.

Roswell H. was born in Northwood, March 27, 1847; was drowned at Newmarket, July 9, 1859.

Martin H. died in infancy.

Martin H. was born in Northwood, June 12, 1850; died in Northwood, May 27, 1870.

The widow of Miles Durgin still lives in Northwood.

Nathaniel Durgin was son of Samuel, and was born June 16, 1782; married Polly, daughter of Winthrop Dow (born in Epping, November 22, 1780), March 14, 1805. Their children were: Sarah, born October 19, 1807, married Daniel A. Bean, October, 1829. They reside in Northwood, and have one son, Walter Henry, living in Lynn, whose wife was a Miss Alden. Mr. Bean and wife have buried nine children. Mrs. Bean died February 8, 1878, aged seventy years.

Gardner D. was born July, 1810, married Lucinda Folsom of Epping, where he has resided, having one daughter, now the wife of a Mr. Holt of Epping. Mr. Durgin died October 8, 1877.

Olive J. was born June, 1812, and became the wife of Hon. Edson Hill. (See sketch of Hill family.)

Mary A. was born June, 1814, married John Nealley, son of Joseph Nealley, and lived on the Nealley homestead in Northwood. Mrs. Nealley died April 27, 1875, leaving two daughters, Loanna, who became the wife of James C. Locke, having one son, Walter; and Rouetta, now the wife of Frank Furber.

Samuel T. was born September 30, 1816, and died 1837.

Harriet T. was born July, 1817, married Smith Knowles, and they reside in Northwood, having one son, Henry S., who married Nella, daughter of Jonathan D. Cate of Deerfield, having one son, William Henry, born June 24, 1875.

FURBER FAMILY.

Records of the old family of the Furbers are not at hand. Traditions in the family point back to their early settlement on the Piscataqua. All bearing the name look back to the same old family. In 1683, the citizens of Dover, Portsmouth, Exeter, and Hampton, about two hundred and fifty in number, sent to the king, Charles II., a remonstrance against the oppressive administration of Gov. Cranfield. Amongst those of Portsmouth is the name of Jethro Furber, and of those who signed it from Dover are William Furber, sen., and William Furber, jr. It is believed that the place first settled in Dover was the high land nearly opposite to what was then called "Bloody Point," now Newington. These families were in close proximity with each other, only separated by the deep river, if separated at all. Newington was erected into a parish in 1813, and its connection with Portsmouth and Dover dissolved. Whether they were original immigrants to this country, or whether the father of the older William and Jethro preceded them, is not certainly known.

Two or more generations must have passed away before Capt. Joshua Furber settled and built the old mills at Northwood.

Capt. Joshua Furber was born May 24, 1744, married Betsey Page; came from Newington to Northwood in 1767; died April 27, 1827; was known as "Captain of the Parish;" was in the Revolutionary war, a brave and valiant officer, filling important positions during that struggle.

The following is his family, in the order of the dates of births: —

The first part of the history of the
the world, from the beginning of
the world to the present time, is
divided into three parts, the first
of which is the history of the
world from the beginning of the
world to the present time.

The second part of the history of the
the world, from the beginning of
the world to the present time, is
divided into three parts, the first
of which is the history of the
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world to the present time.

The third part of the history of the
the world, from the beginning of
the world to the present time, is
divided into three parts, the first
of which is the history of the
world from the beginning of the
world to the present time.

Moses, born January 6, 1768, married Dolly Rollins, died August 7, 1826; had two sons, viz., Moses, who is now dead, and Benjamin, who now lives in Vermont.

Catherine, born December 22, 1769, married Samuel Marsh, died August 13, 1847. Children: James, David, Samuel, and Nancy.

John, born May 8, 1772, married Olive Batchelder, died February 17, 1824. Children: Betsey, who married John A. Ring; Nancy, married Hazen Kimball; Mary Ann; McLaurin, now dead; Langdon, dead; Theodore, dead; Sally, married Oliver Cotton; Olive, married Lewis Bradford; and Hazen.

Nancy, born August 31, 1774, married Noah Hill, died about 1842. Children: Betsey; Joshua, dead; Bradbury, now in Woonsocket, R. I.; Jonathan, dead; Pearl, now in Springfield, Mass.

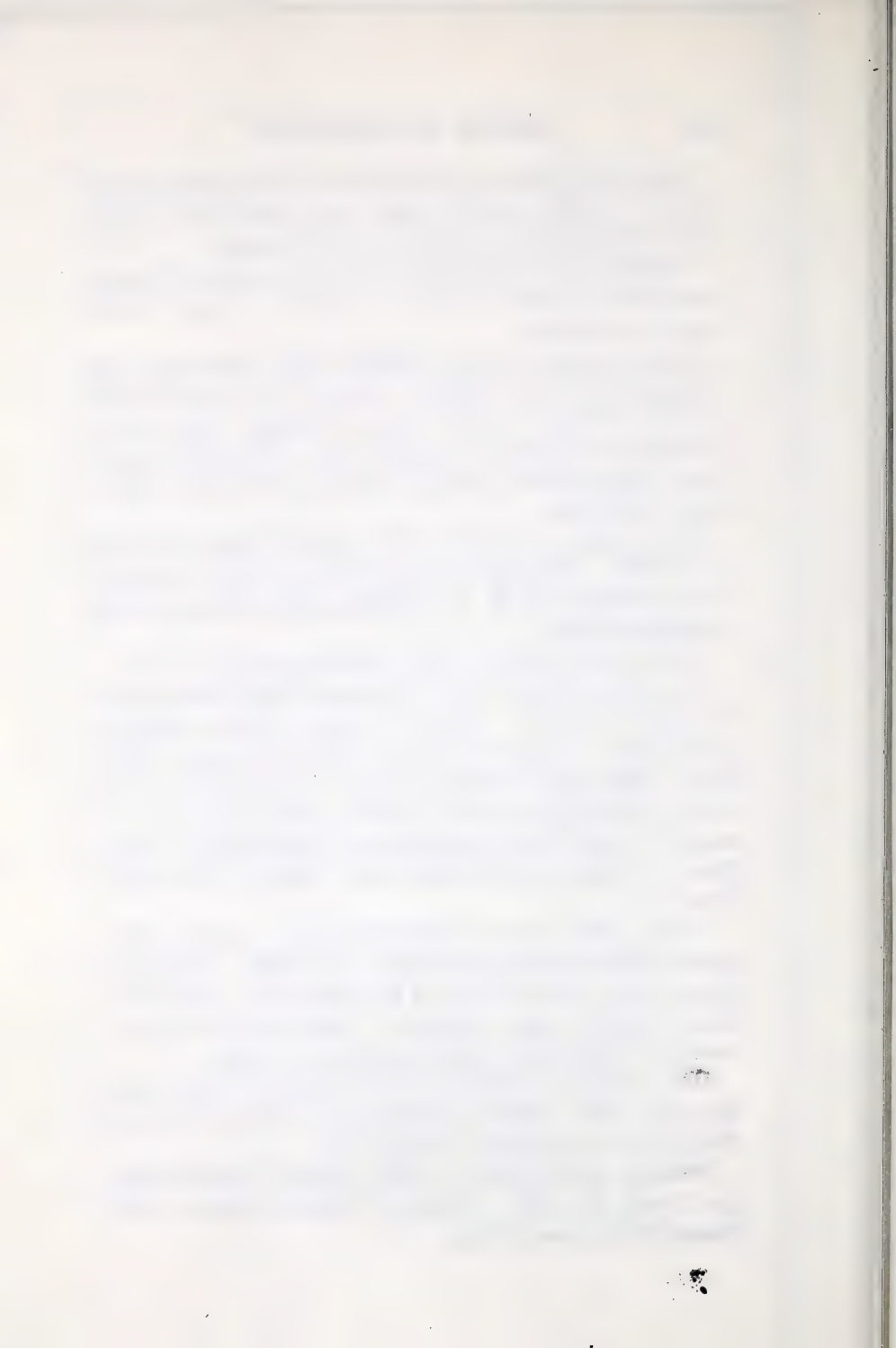
Betsey, born March 8, 1777, died September 20, 1795.

Thomas, born April 10, 1779, married Sally Nealley, died December 31, 1831. Children: Joseph, Lavinia, and Dolly by first wife. Married, second wife, Betsey Demeritt. Children: Sally, dead; William H. H., of firm Sands, Furber, & Co., Faneuil-hall market, Boston; Page, now dead, formerly of firm Furber, Conant, & Co., Faneuil-hall market, Boston; Lydia, married James Bean, Deerfield; Eliza, and Thomas J.

Joshua, twin brother of Thomas, born April 10, 1779, married Elsie Nealley, died February 6, 1828. Children: Lyman, dead; John N., now at Covington, Ky.; Mary Jane, dead; Charles, dead, formerly of firm Davis and Furber, machine works, North Andover, Mass.; and Elsie.

Mary, born June 26, 1781, married John Crawford, died May 26, 1857. Children: Benjamin, William, dead, and Mary, dead, who married Joseph Dunn.

William, born February 9, 1783, married Dorcas Butler, died March 18, 1853. Children: Elizabeth, Isabel, Sally, Henry, Abigail, and Ward.



David, born September 12, 1787, married Sally Haley of Epping, died December 31, 1858. Children: Samuel H., who married Mary F. Leavitt; now living in Northwood; William H., twin brother of Samuel H., dead; Franklin, clergyman in the Methodist denomination, now at Holliston, Mass.; and Martha, who married Samuel F. Leavitt of Northwood.

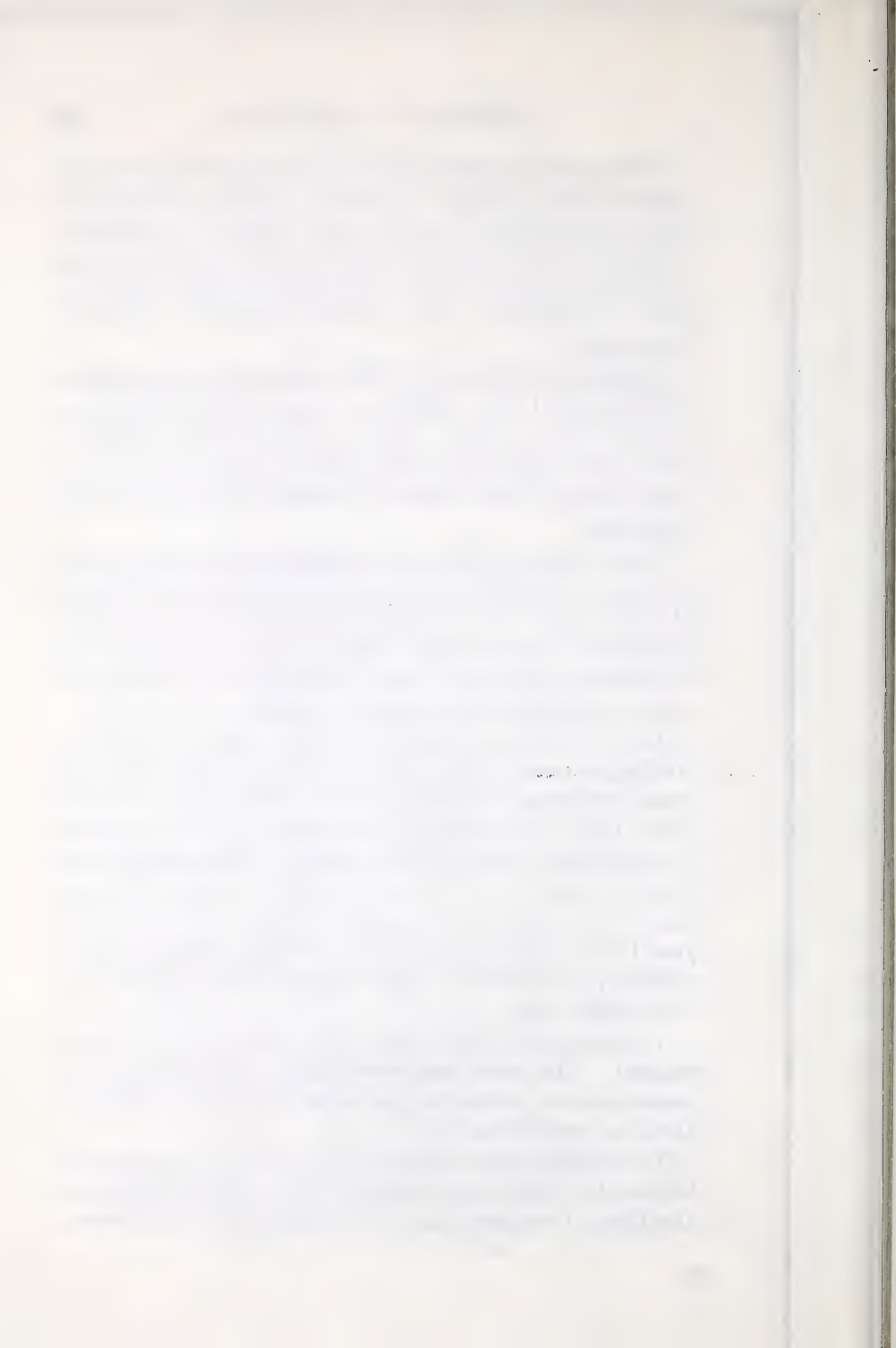
Samuel, born January 4, 1791, married Lucy Batchelder, died May 27, 1829. Children: John, dead; George, now in New Bedford, Mass.; Maria, married Thomas Garland, Newmarket; Caroline; Sarah, dead; Susan, dead; Olive, dead, married Hon. William B. Small of Newmarket; and Greenleaf.

Capt. Joshua Furber used to manufacture potash on quite a large scale, by filtering and evaporating the lye of ashes. He also made what is commercially known as pearlash from the potash, by calcination. His principal market for it was in Newburyport, Mass., where it was used in the manufacture of carbonate and sulphate of potash.

John N. Furber, grandson of Capt. Joshua, was born in Nottingham on the 28th day of February, 1813, at the parental residence, situated near the east margin of North River Pond. His father, Joshua Furber, jr., was a farmer, and officiated as deputy for the sheriffs of Rockingham and Strafford counties. He was of a delicate constitution, and early fell a victim to a rigorous climate. He died in the year 1828, leaving a widow, Alcey Nealley Furber, and five children, the oldest of whom, Lyman Furber, was in his seventeenth year.

The proceeds of their little farm afforded them a poor support. The scanty opportunity then existing for even a common-school education precluded the hope of preparing them for professional life.

The oldest brother learned the business of carpenter and builder, but finally took charge of the wood department of the Essex Company's machine manufactory in Lawrence,



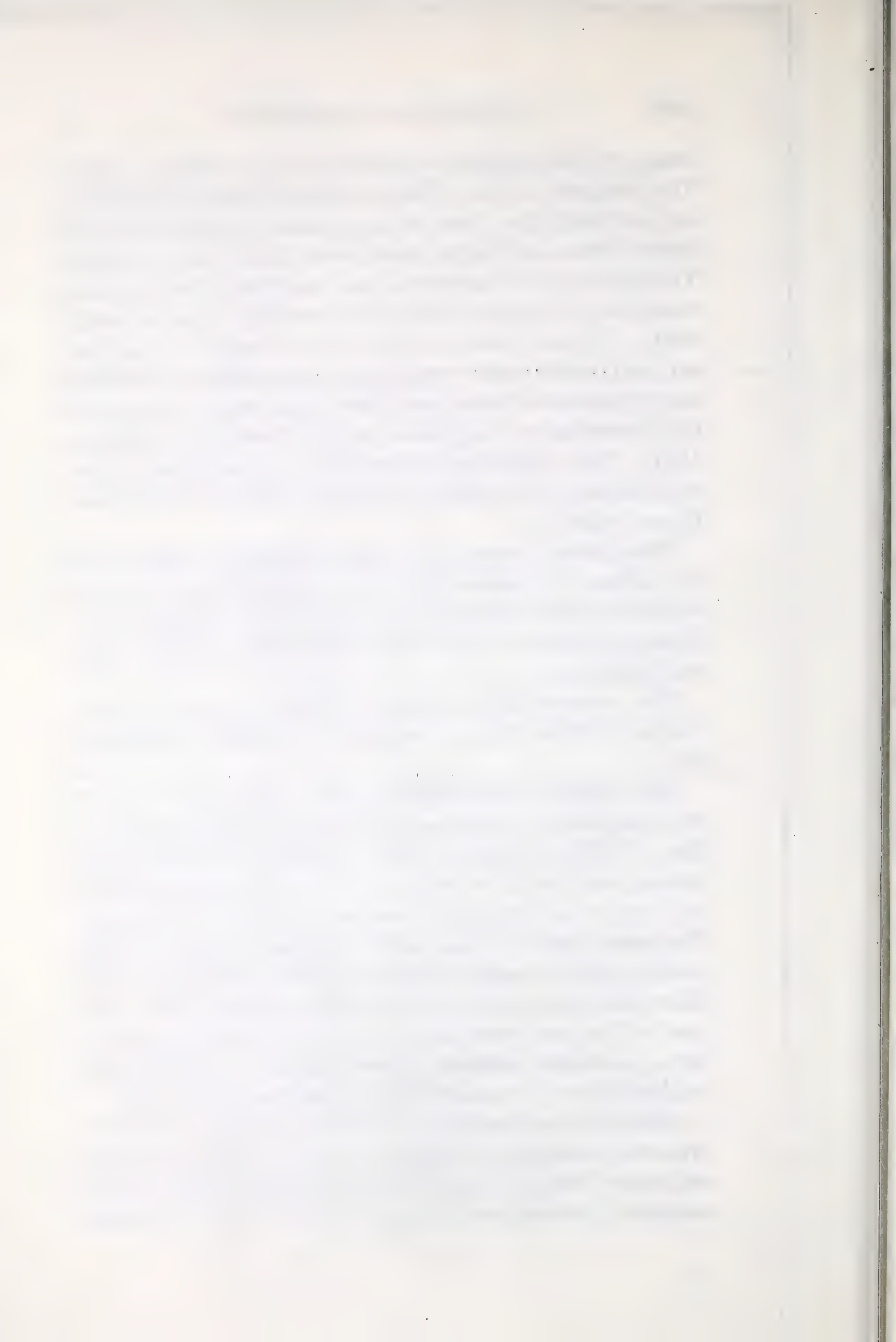
Mass., which position he held up to his death, in 1855. The youngest brother, Charles, learned the same business, and, at twenty-two years of age, joined in establishing the firm of Davis and Furber, machinists, North Andover, Mass. The business was successful, and machinery bearing their name may be found in every state on the American continent. He made many valuable improvements in machinery, and left a high reputation as an artisan. He held many positions of trust and honor, and was a member of the Massachusetts Legislature at the time of his death, in 1857. The legislature honored him by resolutions of remembrance, and extended words of condolence to his family and relatives.

Their oldest sister, Mary Jane, became the wife of the Rev. James T. Adams of Dover, favorably known in the southern part of the state, and in Middlesex County, Mass. Upon his death, she removed to Kentucky, married again, and died there.

The youngest sister, Alcey N. Furber, is now the wife of Vachel Weldon, Esq., a successful merchant of Augusta, Ky.

The subject of this sketch, at the early age of twelve years, left home, and remained two years in the families of Rev. Mr. Blydenburg and Rev. Mr. Burt, at Durham, performing such services as he could as compensation for the privilege of attending the common schools at that place. The feeble health of his father brought him back into the family circle, to assist in cultivating their little farm. His father died soon after, and his mother, looking only to the good of her son, sent him to a relative in Strafford, to learn the cabinet business, remembering to stipulate, that he should have *two months'* school privilege each year.

After this, he went wherever the opportunities for labor presented themselves, laying by something from his wages, and never losing his desire for knowledge, which he in a measure gratified under the instruction of Dr. Timothy



Hilliard, a well-known teacher, in those days, at Durham, Lee, and Newmarket.

In May, 1837, when twenty-four years old, young Furber, with a favorite school-mate, Shepard F. Norris of Epping, left New Hampshire for the great West, passing through Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, crossed the mountains into the Ohio valley, and down the river to Maysville, Ky., stopping and inquiring for business at all points, arriving at Maysville about the first of June, 1838. Here a good field was open to them. Mr. Furber soon obtained the position of teacher at Minerva, twelve miles west of Maysville, in a private school, at good wages. He was kindly received, and made many warm friends. He continued to teach during most of the succeeding three years, devoting Saturdays, holidays, and the night hours to the study of law. In the spring of 1840, he went to Brookville, the county seat of an adjoining county, and entered the office of the clerk of the courts of that county, continuing his studies there.

In September, he was admitted to the bar as counsellor and attorney-at-law. He had taken active part in debating schools and neighborhood lyceums, discussing literary, scientific, political, and other questions, which so accustomed him to public debate that the commencement of law practice was rendered comparatively easy, and he soon found himself enjoying a lucrative business.

In 1845, he married Margaret A. L., daughter of Andrew Linn of Ohio. She died in 1849, leaving him a son, Nealie Linn. In 1857, he married Martha M., daughter of John Smith of Salem, N. H. They have three children: Charles S., Anna M. L., and Martha L., the oldest of whom has just past his eighteenth year.

He removed to Covington, Ky., his present place of residence, in 1865.

He has never sought political prominence, though he was appointed a delegate to the Democratic National Conven-



tion held in Baltimore in 1844, and was a member of the convention that nominated Hon. Horatio Seymour, in New York, in 1868.

In 1869, the question of granting the right of way to the Corporation of Cincinnati, O., for the "Cincinnati Southern Railway," through Kentucky to Chattanooga, Tenn., created much excitement in the state, and he was, without opposition, elected a member of the legislature for the eastern district of Covington, for two years, and labored to obtain the legislation required.

While in the legislature, he was one of the sub-joint committee from the House that prepared the present general insurance law, and the law establishing the Insurance Bureau of Kentucky. Both were passed unanimously, and will probably remain on the statute-books for many generations to come. He has been connected with many industrial, educational, and charitable institutions, and is now spending much time as a member of the board of education of his adopted city.

The early friend and companion of Mr. Furber, Shepard F. Norris, died about 1860, while holding the office of judge of the court of common pleas of the Clearmont District, Ohio, which office he had held many years.

It is painful here to record the sudden death, from apoplexy, of the Hon. John N. Furber, July 21, 1878. Upon the knowledge of his death, the members of the Covington bar assembled, and unanimously recorded their sorrow for his removal by death, and their appreciation of the character of the deceased, as follows:—

The members of the Covington bar have heard with profound regret of the sudden death of John N. Furber, at his residence in the city, on the 21st, and assemble to give expression to the deep loss sustained by themselves and the profession at large, throughout the commonwealth, at his sudden and untimely death.

The late John N. Furber was born in the State of New Hampshire, on the 28th day of February, 1813. He was for many years a citizen of the county of Bracken, in this state, whence he removed in 1863,

THE JOURNAL OF THE
ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE
VOLUME 31
PART 1
1901
PUBLISHED BY THE
EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY
LONDON
PRINTED BY
HARRISON AND SONS
ST. MARTIN'S LANE
LONDON
W.C.

and soon after settled in this city. For forty years he has been honorably identified with the bar of this district and circuit. Though positive in his nature and disposition, he was uniformly amiable and unobtrusive. He was companionable and genial, and both here and in Bracken his home was the seat of a cordial hospitality. His intellect was acute and speculative, his convictions strong, his judgment good, and his will firm. His reading had been various and correct, and his conversation bore evidence of the fidelity of his memory. He was thoughtful and exact in his mental habits, and tenacious in maintaining his opinions. His standard of personal and professional morality was high, and he lived up to all its requirements. He was a good lawyer and a zealous advocate. His preparation in the practice of his profession was patient, precise, and thorough, and his fidelity to his client perfect. He has always possessed the confidence and esteem of the bench and bar with which he has been professionally connected. He has for many years been an ardent friend of popular education, and efficiently labored to apply and improve the common-school system of his adopted state. As the head of an interesting family, the purity and beneficence of his character was constantly displayed. He was patriotic and public-spirited, and held to his views of civil and political liberty and constitutional government with the fearless devotion of a martyr. He was honest, capable, and faithful in all his relations to public and private life. He was an honor to the profession and practice of law. His death on the 21st instant, without serious previous illness, was unexpected and appalling. It has surprised and pained us.

HANSON FAMILY.

Ebenezer Hanson was born April 12, 1759, and died May 26, 1826. September 6, 1789, he married Miss Abigail Caverno, born May 10, 1770, died April 14, 1854. Mrs. Hanson was the daughter of John Caverno of Barrington, who was the son of Arthur Caverno, who came to this country about 1735, from the north of Ireland, of Scotch-Irish descent, born about 1718; he married Fanny Potts, born in Ireland about 1720.

Ebenezer Hanson had thirteen children: Caverno, Paul, John, Sally, Polly, Ebenezer, Hannah, Judith, Nathaniel, Caleb, Abigail, Sarah A., and Jeremiah.

Caverno, born April 18, 1790, died May 13, 1846. married Susan Perkins, having two children, Eliza and



Mary; the first became the wife of Paul J. Canney, whose son, Hanson C., married Nellie M. Nutter of Barnstead; the latter became the wife of Ebenezer Hayes of Alton, having two children, Mary and Ellen, the former being the wife of a Mr. Evans, and living in Chicago; the latter being the wife of Jonathan J. Hill of Northwood.

Paul, born December 12, 1791, married, February 22, 1824, Betsey Jenness of Northwood, born May 6, 1791. He died March 12, 1872; she died January 10, 1877. Their children are: Francis J., born November 9, 1825, and John C., born March 21, 1831; the former married, December 3, 1846, Sarah D., born June 5, 1824, daughter of Jonathan Hoitt of Northwood, having one son, George E., born July 23, 1850, married, November 14, 1872, Eliza B., daughter of Nicholas D. Hill; resides in Portsmouth; the latter married, June 3, 1852, Martha J., born November 18, 1830, daughter of Jonathan Hoitt, dying March 2, 1866, leaving one daughter, Emma B., born September 26, 1854; he married, November 30, 1867, for his second wife, Anna L. Lane of South Newmarket, born September 1, 1834. They have one son, Charles L., born May 22, 1870, and reside in South Newmarket.

John, son of Ebenezer, born November 21, 1793, married Abigail Hall, and died January 27, 1859. Their children were Mary, Betsey Y., Maria A., and Ebenezer.

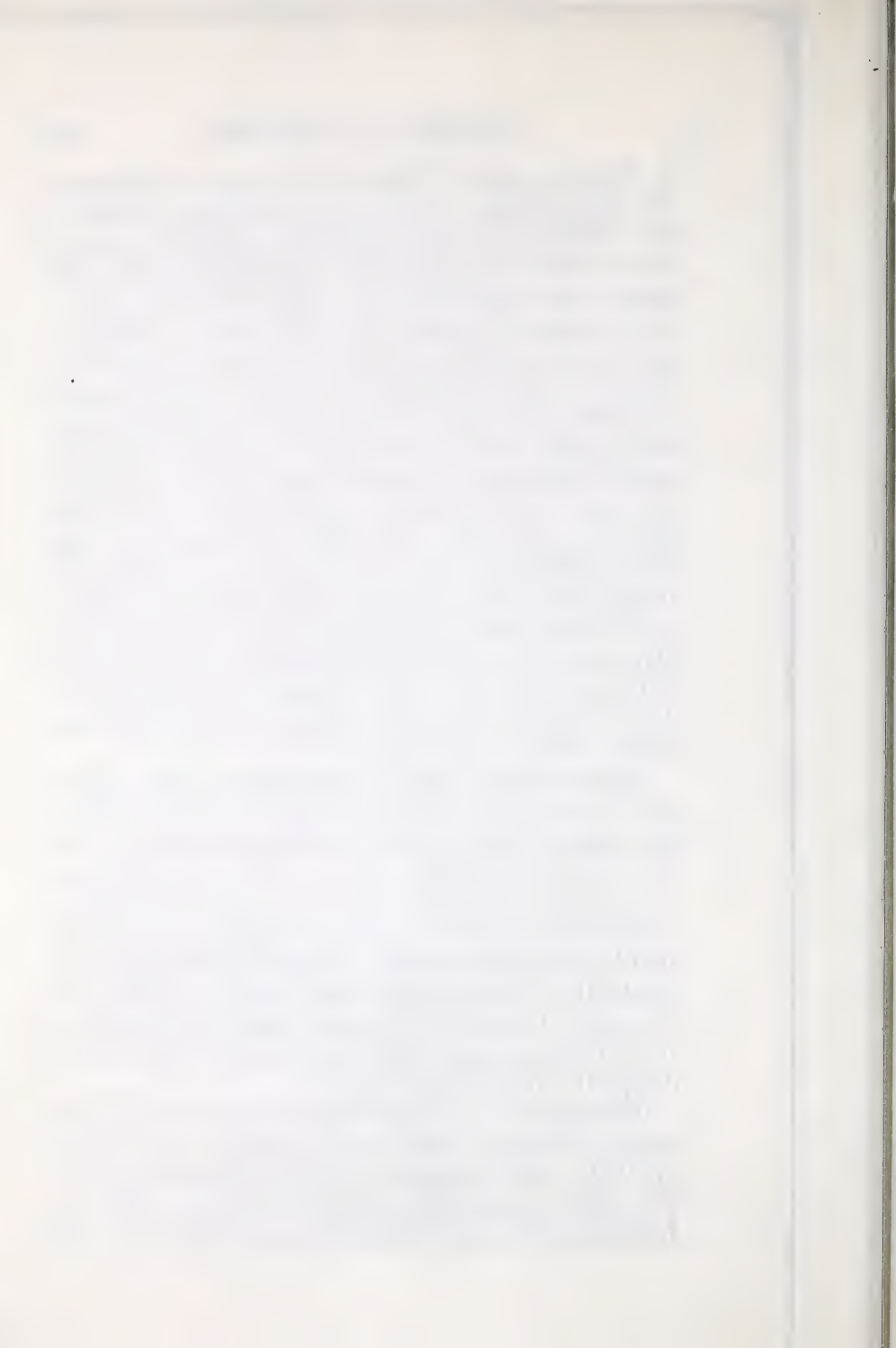
Ebenezer, fourth son of Ebenezer, born August 17, 1799, married, February 15, 1825, Sarah Clarke, born March 15, 1799. Their children were Abbie E. and Charles C.; the former married John Huzzy of Rochester; the latter married Mary E. Sanders of Farmington. This Ebenezer Hanson died in 1871.

Hannah, daughter of Ebenezer, born February 26, 1802, became, January 13, 1824, the wife of Joseph Bennett of Northwood, born October 7, 1799. Their children are: Mary Jane, born April 30, 1825, who became, October

8, 1844, the wife of Thomas B. Norton of Northwood; they have had three children; two died young; Sarah C., born February 1, 1853, became, May 13, 1871, the wife of John H. Fellows of Brentwood, and died February 25, 1877, leaving one child, Narcissa G.; Alden H., born June 10, 1827, married, December 21, 1853, Susan E. Thompson, and resides in Northwood, whose children are Preston H., Irving M., and Emma Grace; Sarah A., born December 15, 1830, died August 26, 1844; Judith Ann, born September 15, 1833, became, October 12, 1852, the wife of Ebenezer K. Stockman of Pittsfield, whose children are Hannah J., Grant, and Edward E.; Charles, born July 15, 1836, married, August 22, 1861, Martha Rodman of Maine, whose children are Annie, Ella S., Mary C., and Sarah D.; George H., born January 11, 1839, married, December 5, 1872, Sarah Gates of Lynn; they have one child, Lizzie Hannah, born June 27, 1876; Frank H., born April 19, 1842, married, May 1, 1866, Emily A., daughter of Mr. John C. Hill of Northwood, whose surviving children are Fred L., Walter F., and Rose H.

Nathaniel Hanson, fifth son of Ebenezer, born May 11, 1807, married Margery Evans, April 16, 1829; she was born June 20, 1809, and their children are John, who married, February 21, 1867, Sarah A. H. Hover of Ellsworth, O., born August 22, 1840; Caleb W., who married Emma A. Knowles of Lawrence, Mass. (see sketch of physicians); Levi H., who married Abbie F. Clarke of Barnstead; Nathaniel L., who married Lydia M. C. Murray of Sidney, O.; Ebenezer, who married Jennie M. Hodgdon of Barnstead; Lewis F., who married Sarah A. Knowles of Northwood; Joseph B.; George; and Jennie B.

Caleb, sixth son of Ebenezer, born September 21, 1809, married, January 15, 1833, Lavina Bennett, who died March 17, 1841. Their children were Edwin G. and Charles C. This Caleb married, March 28, 1842, for his second wife, Louisa H. Evans, and their children are: Alvin, who died



in 1864; Ellen A., who became the wife of Dr. Daniel Edgerly of Farmington; Orin B., who graduated at New Hampton; and Ella L., who graduated at Farmington High School, 1872.

Abigail, daughter of Ebenezer, became, June 18, 1835, the wife of Stephen Scruton. She was born May 26, 1811. Their children were: Frances S., who died, 1867; Annie G., who died in 1860, became the wife of Charles T. P. Kimball of Augusta, Me., June 10, 1857; and George, who married Anna McLean, July 3, 1866.

Sarah A., daughter of Ebenezer, born October 12, 1814, became the wife of Jonathan C. Clough, November 16, 1837. Mr. Clough died November 8, 1856, leaving one daughter, Marilla M., who became the wife of William A. Kimball, January 1, 1866. Mrs. Clough married, for her second husband, David Clarke of Atkinson, April 18, 1861.

Jeremiah, seventh son of Ebenezer, born February 26, 1817, married Sarah Pike of Milton, and died August 29, 1850.

HARVEY FAMILY.

Col. John Harvey was born at Amesbury, Mass.; he married, 1771, Sarah Blake of Epping; she was born 1748, died November 13, 1827. Having served his country several years in the war of the Revolution, with valor and honor, he retired, in 1781, and built the house which was for many years the residence of his son, Judge John Harvey. It is very pleasantly situated on the northerly side and commands a fine view of Harvey Lake, so called; and is now kept as a hotel, known as the Harvey House. At the time of its erection, it was so much superior to most dwellings then built thereabouts, that some of the colonel's townsmen were inclined to hint at his extravagance, as they regarded it. It is said he was a man who believed in good cheer; and that war-worn veterans, his former companions in arms, were often welcomed to the generous hospitalities of his new mansion. The children of Col. John Harvey

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It was founded in 1847 and has since that time been the leading organization of the medical profession in the United States. The Association is composed of more than 50,000 members, who are physicians, surgeons, dentists, and other medical practitioners. The Association's principal activities are the publication of the Journal of the American Medical Association, the holding of annual meetings, and the advocacy of the interests of the medical profession and the public. The Association is also engaged in a wide variety of other activities, including the promotion of medical research, the improvement of medical education, and the advancement of the public health.

The Journal of the American Medical Association is a weekly publication that contains a wide variety of articles on medical topics. The articles are written by leading medical authorities and are of high scientific and clinical value. The Journal is also a forum for the expression of views on medical and public health issues. The Association's annual meetings are held in a different city each year and are attended by thousands of medical practitioners. The meetings provide an opportunity for medical practitioners to meet and exchange views with their colleagues and to hear lectures and presentations on the latest developments in medicine. The Association's advocacy activities are aimed at the improvement of the medical profession and the public health. The Association has been successful in many of its efforts, including the establishment of the Federal Food and Drug Administration and the passage of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

and his wife Sarah were: (1) Joseph, born 1772, died 1782; (2) John, born April 16, 1774; (3) Sarah, born 1785; (4) Joseph, named for his deceased brother, born 1787, died 1826, in Boston, unmarried.

Hon. John Harvey (judge), son of Col. John, was twice married; first, to Betsey Mead of Newmarket, March 1, 1797; their children were: (1) John, jr., born June 16, 1799; (2) Charles, born December 21, 1802, died May 17, 1823; he was a young man of much promise, and it was supposed he contemplated qualifying himself for the sacred desk. Betsey, wife of Hon. John, died March 9, 1814. He married, for his second wife, January 10, 1815, Dolly Frost Wentworth, daughter of the Hon. John Wentworth of Dover; their children were: (1) Margaret Ann, born November 15, 1815, married S. Clarke Buzell (see Buzell family); (2) Dolly Wentworth, born May 7, 1817, married James A. Treat of Pittsfield; they now reside in Lawrence, Mass., where Mr. Treat and his son John Harvey, as partners, are engaged in mercantile business; (3) George, died in infancy, February 9, 1823.

Judge Harvey resided in his native town during his entire life. He was a man of executive ability, and while in the vigor of life conducted, successfully, a large and varied business, as merchant, farmer, hotel-keeper, etc. He was selectman twenty-one years; representative in the legislature four years; member of the state Senate, 1817 and 1818; judge of court of common pleas, 1818 to 1820; and judge of probate of Rockingham County from 1826 to 1838, when he resigned on account of failing health. He was likewise first president of the Exeter Manufacturing Company; and for many years president of the Granite State Bank, Exeter. He died May 2, 1849, and his widow died 28th of December following.

Sarah, daughter of Col. John Harvey, married, April 27, 1806, Jonathan Piper of Stratham. He became a resident of Northwood, and was chosen to the office of deacon in the

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that this is essential for ensuring transparency and accountability in the organization's operations.

2. The second part outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It mentions the use of surveys, interviews, and focus groups to gather information from stakeholders. Additionally, it discusses the application of statistical software to process and interpret the collected data.

3. The third part describes the results of the research and the conclusions drawn from the analysis. It highlights the key findings and their implications for the organization's strategy and decision-making processes.

4. The final part of the document provides recommendations for future research and implementation. It suggests areas where further investigation is needed and offers practical advice on how to apply the research findings to improve organizational performance.

Congregational Church; their children were: (1) Sherburne Blake, born May 30, 1807, married Ann Eliza Goodwin of Lewiston, N. Y., where he resides, — a lawyer; (2) Dolly H. B., born June 17, 1809, died at South Newmarket; (3) John L., born July 28, 1814, married Ann Eliza Gaylor, New York City, died December 27, 1853; (4) Sarah A. O., born December 26, 1821, married, January 17, 1842, Rev. Winthrop Fifield, resides at East Concord, — a widow; he died May 9, 1862; (5) Charles H., born April 3, 1824, married Charlotte Heath of Niagara Falls, where he resides, — a lawyer.

Deacon Jonathan Piper, besides managing his farm with ability, kept a store, and a popular public house, long and favorably known as the Piper Tavern; its popularity resulting from the combined efforts of himself and wife. He was a worthy and much esteemed citizen, and an exemplary Christian. He died August 3, 1829, aged forty-eight years; and his widow died June, 1874, in East Concord, at the house of her daughter, Mrs. Fifield, at the age of eighty-nine years.

John Harvey, jr., son of Hon. John (and grandson of Col. John), married Adaline Batchelder; they had children: (1) Sarah Elizabeth, born February 8, 1819, married Andrew Simpson of Nottingham, died at Exeter, April 16, 1853; (2) John M., born March 6, 1821, married Mary Elizabeth Batchelder, died in Manchester; (3) Charles W., born May 6, 1825, married Mary Elizabeth Williams of Concord, where they reside; (4) Henry S., born August 26, 1828, married Ellen J. Smith of Vermont, died at Pittsfield, March 25, 1873; (5) George M., born June 10, 1830, died in California, 1856, unmarried; (6) Edward Ewing, born July 20, 1832, married Georgianna Estabrook of Concord; resides in San Francisco, Cal.; (7) Dolly Maria, born September 20, 1834, married Edward H. Berry of Pittsfield; resides at Milwaukee, Wis. John Harvey, jr., represented the town in the legislature in 1831 and



1832. He died October 10, 1834. His widow married John Bennett; she died at Manchester, June 9, 1874.

None of the descendants of Col. John Harvey now reside in Northwood.

HILL FAMILY.

Benjamin Hill was the first of the name that came to Northwood. He came from Epping about the year 1772. His father's name was Samuel and he lived in Durham. Benjamin Hill's wife was Elizabeth, daughter of Nicholas Dudley of Brentwood; she died in 1810 or 1811. They had ten children:—

(1) Sarah, became the wife of Col. Samuel Sherborn, and died in 1785.

(2) Nicholas Dudley, his first son, served in the Revolutionary war, and was with his father when he died of fever and ague at Ticonderoga, September 17, 1776. He was born March 1, 1759, and died December 15, 1838, aged seventy-eight years. He married Mary Crocket, daughter of John Crocket, born May 16, 1764, and died March 17, 1806, whose mother was Mary Lane of Stratham. Their children were nine in number: (1) Benjamin, born April 16, 1783, who married Mary, daughter of Davis Batchelder, and again, Deborah Whitehouse of Middleton; he had nine children by his first wife and one by his second: Mary, Irena, Oliver, Leonard, Timothy, Eliza J., Benjamin, Daniel, and one who died young; (2) John, born March 21, 1785, died March 29, 1832, marrying Susan Pearl of Farmington; their children being Mary, John, Caroline, Lucretia, Sophronia, Charles, and George; (3) Betsey, born May 12, 1787, who married Benjamin Morrill of Loudon, and died December 22, 1829, their children being Charles, Mary, Benjamin, Elizabeth, David, Sarah, and Harper; (4) Dudley, born April 16, 1790, and died in Canterbury, May 30, 1871, marrying Sarah Lawrence of Epping, and leaving one daughter, Arianna Smith, who died June, 1867; (5) Mark, born April 29, 1792, mar-



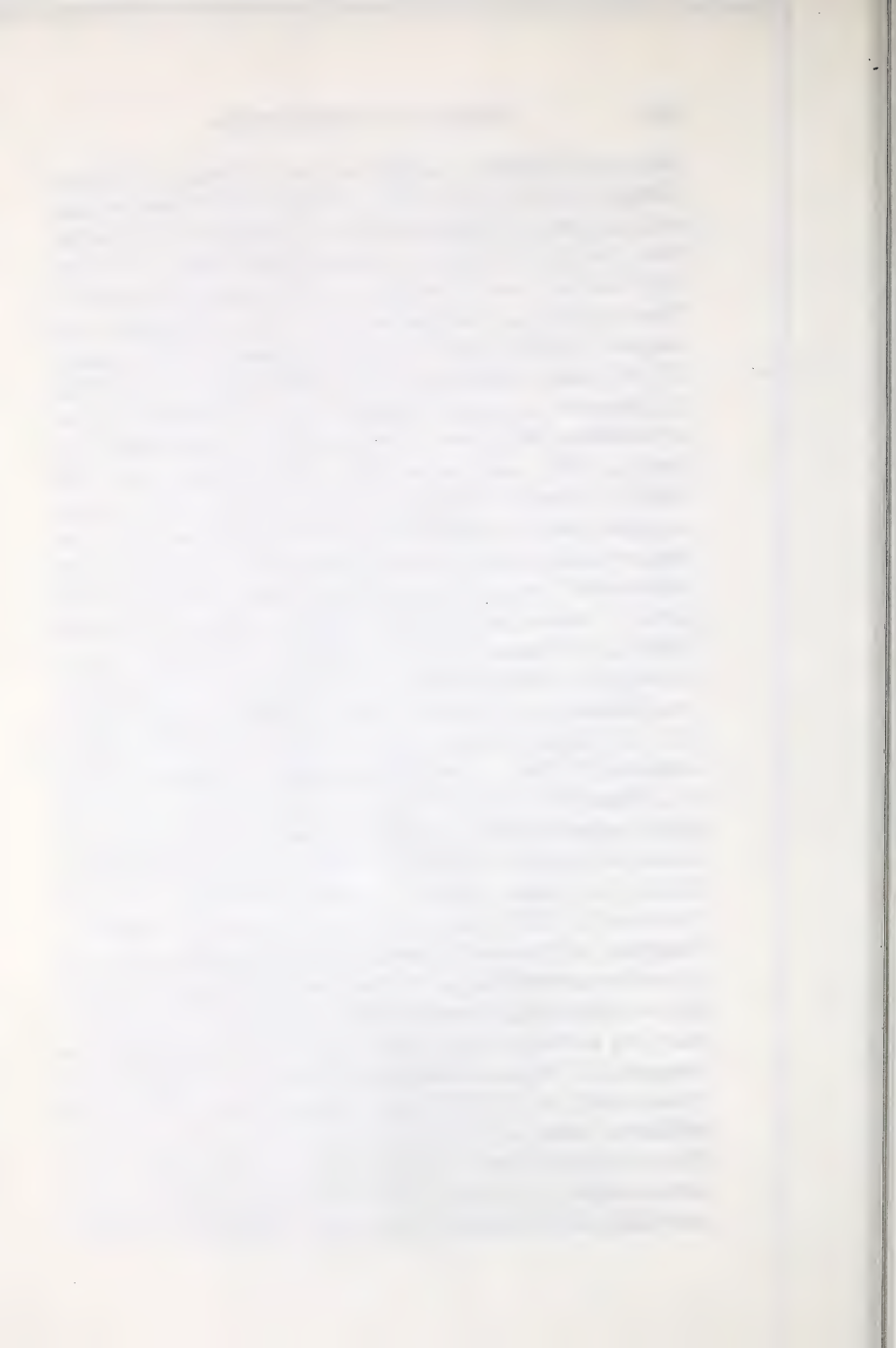
ried, 1818, Lucretia, daughter of Samuel Haven, then of Northwood, subsequently of Portsmouth, their children being John Haven, who married, September, 1847, Sarah J. Nealley of South Berwick, Me., and resides in Concord, having two daughters, Emma S., born September 26, 1848, and Adelaide S., born March 31, 1850; Joseph H., who married, in 1853, Mary Williams; they have two children, Minnie F., born 1854, and Abbie L., born 1861; Emily A., who became, May, 1852, the wife of William Knowles of Beloit, Wis.; their children are: Fannie G., born February 20, 1857; Fred W., born September 30, 1861; and Louis, born July 12, 1872; Charles A., who married Mary Emma, daughter of Isaiah Berry, Esq., of Pittsfield, having two daughters, Annie B., born August 11, 1866, and Emma Augusta, born February 21, 1874, and resides in Northwood; Abby L., who became, January 10, 1860, the wife of Benjamin F. Haley of Newmarket, where they reside, having two sons, Charles H., born August 9, 1862, and Herbert E., born November 6, 1869; M. Henry, who died September 5, 1862; (6) Walter Bryant, born June 29, 1795, married Lydia P. Carter of Portsmouth where they reside, having for children, Harriet, Granville, Clara, Walter, Maffit, Wesley, and Annie; (7) Polly C., born February 5, 1798, married Randell M. Moore of Canterbury, having for children, Walter, Marden, J. Dudley, Albert, Mary E., Jane, Samuel, and one who died young; (8) James C., born July 30, 1800, married Nancy York of Middleton, born March 13, 1799, daughter of Josiah York, their children being Lydia A., born December 3, 1824, who became the wife of Charles C. Hill, and they reside in Northwood, having two children, Frank and Hattie; Mary Lane, born January 16, 1826, who became the wife of Eben French of Manchester, having one child, Emma. Mr. Hill was for many years a deacon in the Congregational Church in his native town, and esteemed as a conscientious, Christian man; he died January 2, 1866.



(3) Jonathan, born in Epping, May 27, 1763, second son of Benjamin, married Abigail Tilton of Stratham, settled near Strafford line, and died May 8, 1854, and his wife died December 8, 1857; their children were: (1) Sarah, born November 2, 1785, married Ezekiel Dow of Meredith; she is now living, aged ninety; has two sons: Lorenzo W., who lives in West Somerville, Mass.; he married Susan E. Morrison; his children are Sarah F., Henry W., Susan E., Walter A.; and Jonathan G., who lives in Meredith, married Mary M. Tilton of Deerfield, having one daughter, Mira E.; (2) Abraham, who was born March 29, 1789, and died November 2, 1863, married Drusilla Edgerly, who was born November 5, 1789, died October 3, 1869; they lived in Northwood; their children are: Edwin Augustine, living in Reading, Mass.; Lydia Ann, married a Mr. Daggett of Charlestown, Mass.; Hollis N., married Caroline Canfield of Canada, and died 1865; Worcester, married a Miss Delano of East Boston, and died in Cuba of yellow fever; Abraham, married Caroline Holmes, daughter of Rev. Otis Holmes, and lives in Brooklyn, N. Y.; (3) John, born July 6, 1790, married Fanny Hall of Strafford, died September 27, 1865, aged seventy-five years; his children are: David, born September 15, 1828, living in Pittsfield; Smith H., born June 10, 1830, living in Dover; Catherine, born May 2, 1832, married David H. Evans of Strafford, who died August 24, 1875; Abbie T., born November 27, 1834; Jonathan J., born March 10, 1837, lives on the homestead, marrying Ellen B. Hayes; John T., born August 7, 1839, lives in Pittsfield; Freeman F., born February 18, 1842; Ira B., born March 10, 1845, married Miss Randall and lives in Lee; Lewis S., born August 27, 1847; (4) Jonathan, born September 17, 1792, married Sally Batchelder; their children are: Charles C., residing in Northwood, marrying Lydia Ann Hill; George R., who lives in New York City; and Mary Elizabeth married, for her first husband, Martin V. Caverly of Strafford; now the



wife of C. Wingate, having one son, Martin; (5) Daniel Tilton, born April 21, 1795, married Polly Wood of Loudon, daughter of Eliphalet Wood of Loudon, live in Levant, Me.; having for children, Abigail, Lizzie, John, and Julia; (6) Comfort, born September 21, 1797, became the wife of Thomas Jefferson Batchelder, and lived in Deerfield; died August 11, 1873, aged seventy-five years, eleven months; (7) Nicholas Dudley, born June 12, 1800, married Eliza B., daughter of Joseph Johnson, Esq., of Northwood, lived in Strafford thirty-five years, and died in Northwood August 2, 1875, aged seventy-five; their children are: (1) Orin T., living in Northwood, born April 22, 1825, marrying, first, Mary E. Fletcher of Glover, Vt., who died leaving one child, Eliza J., and he married, second, Hannah H. Mathews of Sumner, Me., and third, Mary E. Foss of Strafford, by whom he had three children, Mary E., William Dudley, and Emma H., who died young; (2) Abbie S., born February 16, 1829, daughter of Nicholas D., married Addison McKenzie of Topsfield, Mass., and has one son, Walter F.; (3) Charles Alonzo, born January 16, 1832, married Adaline W. Foss of Strafford, and has for children, Sarah A., Hannah M., Charles H., Aura M., Irvin A.; Mrs. Hill died August 5, 1878; (4) Mira J., daughter of Nicholas D., married James O. Rennalds of Milton, having for children, Idella M., Emma, Arthur, Freddie J., Bertha, Lena B. Nicholas D. Hill married, for his second wife, Mary F., daughter of Deacon Richard Hoitt, by whom he had Aura A., who married George W. Furnace of Boston, and Eliza B., who married, November 14, 1872, George E. Hanson; they live in Portsmouth, having one child; (8) David, born August 11, 1802, married Eliza Sanders of Charlestown, Mass., died July 22, 1875, aged seventy-three; having for children, Isaac, who died from starvation in Libby prison; Eliza J., dead; Martha, living in East Boston with her widowed mother; (9) Hezekiah, born August 10, 1805, married Emily Hill, daughter of Benjamin Hill of Lee; lives in

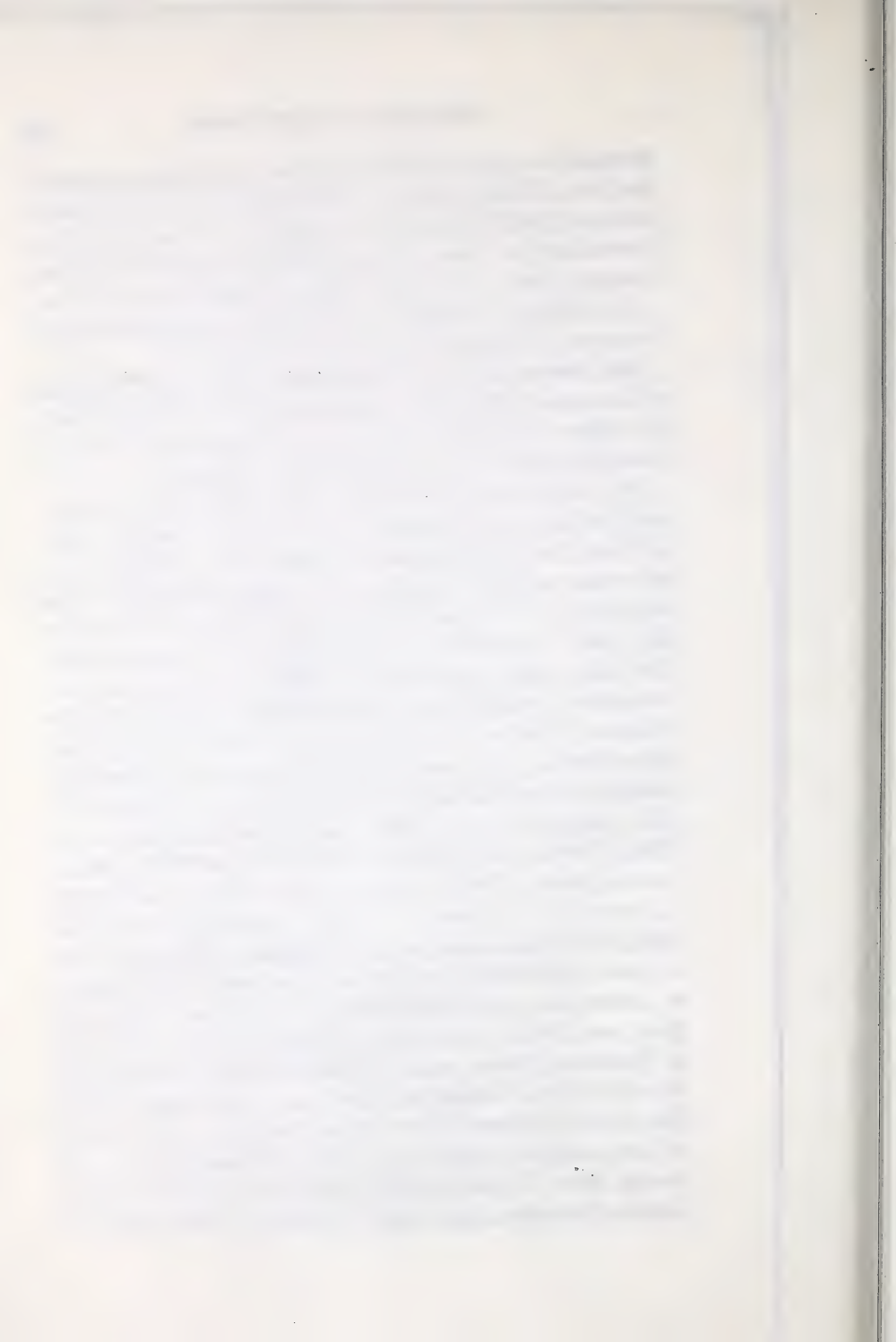


Stetson, Me. ; has for children, Jonathan, Charles, Abigail, Benjamin, Hollis, Emma ; (10) Hazen, born April 1, 1808, married Matilda Batchelder, daughter of the late Simon Batchelder, jr. ; lives in Manchester, Me. ; has for children, Lorenzo, Sarah, and Henry, killed in battle in the late war.

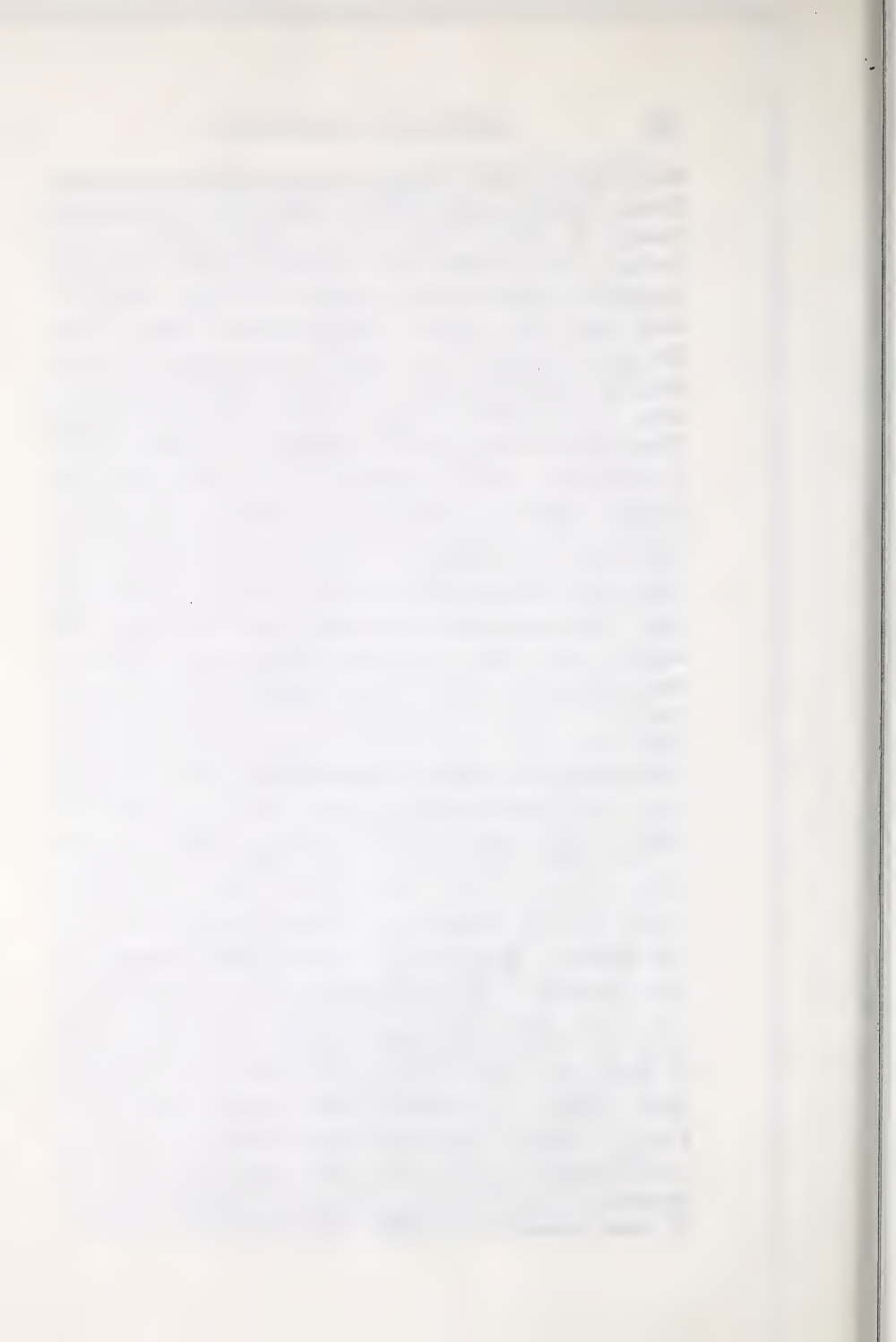
(4) Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin, married Nathaniel Dearborn of Epping, and died in Vershire, Vt.

(5) Benjamin, son of Benjamin, married Lydia Bunker of Barnstead, died where the late Rev. Mr. Prentice lived ; his widow died in Barnstead ; they had three sons, George, Benjamin and James, who removed to Georgia.

(6) Samuel, son of Benjamin, born February, 1768, married Judith Carr of Epping, born 1771, and died November 4, 1864 ; he died December 22, 1854 ; their children were nine sons and three daughters, the youngest daughter dying in infancy : (1) Chase C., born in 1792, died November 28, 1868 ; he married Comfort Palmer of Deerfield, who died before him ; they had four children, two sons and two daughters ; Joseph H., who married Lucy Small, and had five children : Clinton F. and Leroy ; the others having died ; Chase Frank, who married Miss Thompson of Deerfield, resides in Lynn, having two sons, Oscar M. and Morris F. ; (2) Dudley C., born 1795, married Judith, daughter of Philip Bartlett of Northwood ; she died in 1870, leaving two daughters : Dolly S., married Moses James, and Martha G., married S. S. James. Mr. Hill married, for his second wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Blake ; (3) Samuel, third son of Samuel and Judith Hill, born in 1797, married Sally Edgerly of Acton, Me. ; he died 1875 ; two children, Abbie and Mary, are living, married ; (4) Mary, born in 1799, died in Worcester, Mass. ; married Daniel Hoitt of Northwood, who died about 1822 ; they had one son, Samuel, dead. Her second husband, John Oakes, died ; they had several children, most of whom are living in Massachusetts ; (5) Joseph, born March 11, 1801, married, March 21, 1821, Matilda Danielson, born April 1, 1805, of Northwood ; she



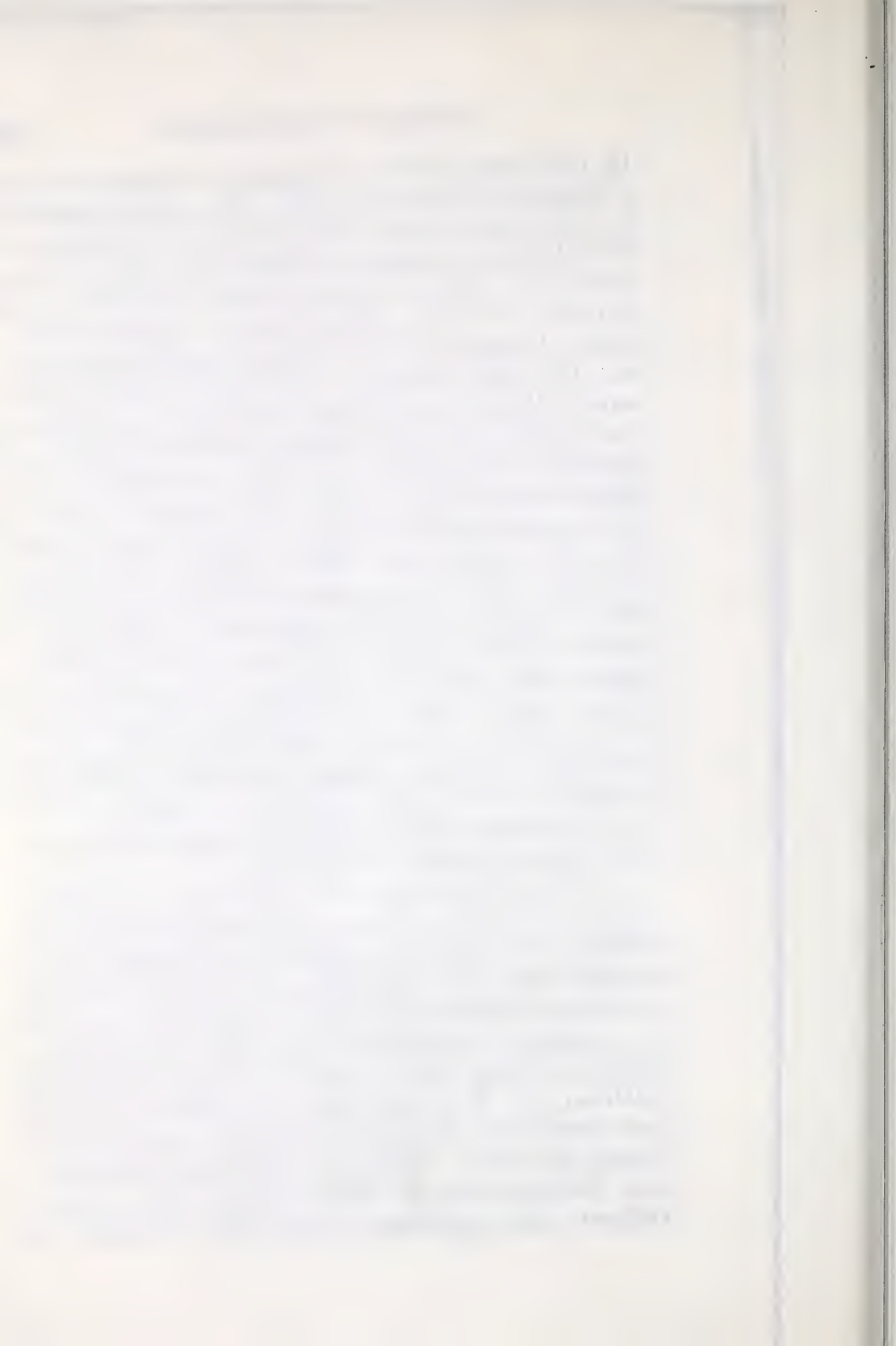
died March 6, 1868; they had several children, three are living: Charles, married Martha Cilley, have six children; George W., married Sarah Furber, daughter of S. Haley Furber; Anna, married David Towle, has three children; Joseph G. married Eliza, daughter of Charles Emerson; both dead; they had five children; three survive them, Henry O., Charles E. and Ella F.; John married Emily, daughter of Phinehas Dow; both dead; they left four children, Laura, Frank, Jenny, and Fred; Matilda married Charles Osgood, they have five children; Caroline married Mr. Spofford. Mr. Hill married, for his second wife, Mrs. Mahala Elkins of Pittsfield; (6) Charlotte, born in 1803, married Aaron Boody of Barrington; resides in Northwood; they had children, of whom Samuel, Charles, and John gave their lives freely to their country during the late war. The widows of Charles and Samuel are living; Elbridge G., the eldest son, married Mary Ann, daughter of Samuel Johnson; they have one daughter, Judith, married Dudley P. Ladd of Manchester; they reside in Bedford, Mass.; have one son; Edson H. married Miss Savage of Newmarket, and resides in South Berwick, Me.; Augusta, Mary, and Martha reside at home; are unmarried; (7) John C., born March 26, 1805, married Rebecca J., born June 30, 1807, daughter of Philip Bartlett; he has three children: Ivory B., born November 17, 1833, married, December 31, 1854, Eliza Fogg, born October 22, 1835; have four children: Roscoe, born October 9, 1856; Eugene P., born December 3, 1858; Clarence L., born July 22, 1860, and Alice, born December 26, 1861; Lauretta C., born April 24, 1838, married, May 20, 1868, Charles M. Perry of Barrington, born November 28, 1835; live in Northwood; Emily A., born May 4, 1845, married, May 1, 1865, Frank H. Bennett; they have had four children: Fred L., born December 6, 1868, Alice, born August 15, 1871, died August 6, 1872, Walter F., born June 18, 1874, and Rose H., born November 20, 1876; (8) Edson, born September



13, 1807, married Olive J., daughter of Nathaniel Durgin of Northwood; left town in 1841; they reside in Manchester; have three children: Charles H., married, January 1, 1867, Antoinette, daughter of Bradbury C. Hill of Woonsocket, R. I.; they reside in Manchester; Samuel D., died in infancy; Flora L., married Warner J. Barton of Manchester, January 4, 1872; he died in July, 1873; (9) Eliza, born 1809, died in infancy; (10) Mark P., born in 1812, married Mary Davis of Boston; they had three children, one of whom died young: Mary A., married Edward Hazen Kimball of Northwood; they have two children; Orrin Edwin resides in Lynn, Mass.; (11) Charles C., born in 1814, married Elizabeth Smith of Boston, where he died about 1847, leaving two children, Charles and Caroline, now dead; (12) Oliver N., born in 1816, married Elizabeth Bent of Boston; he died in Northwood in 1855; she, in Salem, in 1872; they had six children; Oliver A., married, has one child, resides in Lynn, Mass.; Georgie E., born in Boston, June 13, 1845, died in Manchester, March 4, 1873, at the residence of her uncle, Edson Hill, her home since the death of her father; Celia, born in Boston, 1848, died in Salem in 1873; married, and left two children.

(7) Deborah, daughter of Benjamin, married John Prescott of Epsom, and had a large family.

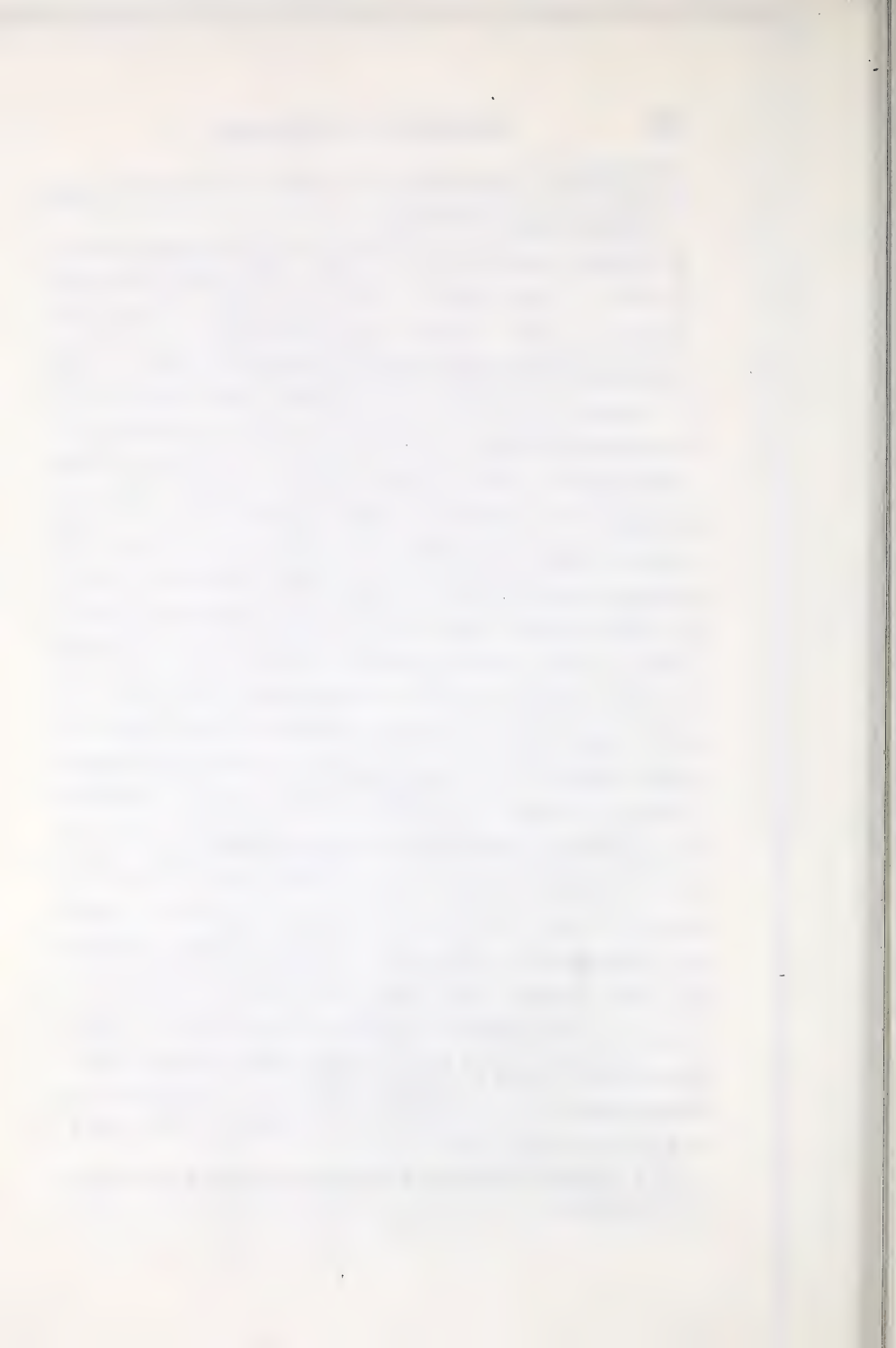
(8) Trueworthy, married, first, Miss Drew; second, Mrs. Chapman; third, Miss Mathes. By his first wife he had four children: (1) Sally, who married a Mr. Jones Middleton, and died young, leaving children; (2) Betsey, who married Samuel Crocket of Northwood; they had six sons and two daughters; she died, aged about fifty; (3) Benjamin, settled in Boston, where he died in middle life, leaving children; (4) Trueworthy, died in Epping, unmarried, aged about sixty. The children by the third marriage were Hannah and Ruth. Hannah married, and settled in Boston. Ruth married a Mr. Davis of Lee, by whom she had children; her second husband was a Mr. Batchelder of

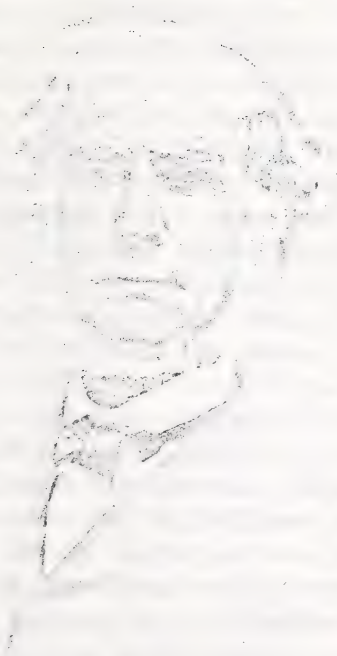


Nottingham. Trueworthy, the father of the above, died in Epping, aged about eighty.

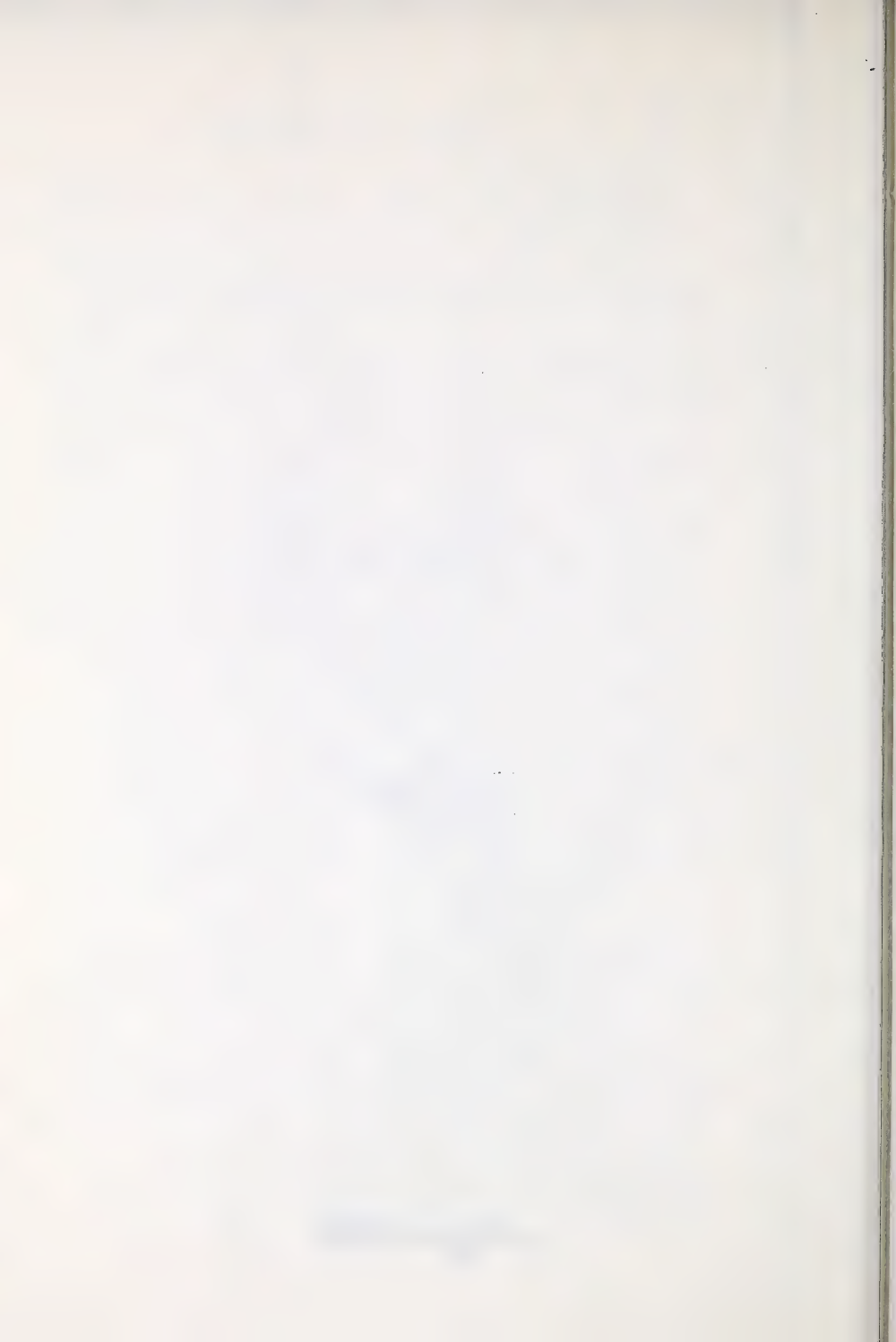
(9) Noah Hill, born February 9, 1775, married Nancy W. Furber, and died June 19, 1821. Mrs. Hill died June 15, 1842. Nine children were born to them: Betsy, born August 5, 1797; infant boy, died October 28, 1799; Joshua, born September 28, 1801, died about October, 1870, married Betsy Garland of Nottingham; had a large family of children, most of whom survive him; Bradbury C., born April 22, 1805, married Elizabeth Sherburne of Massachusetts, in 1834; she died August 14, 1864; they had two children: Edward W., born April 8, 1839, married Olive Place of Woonsocket, R. I., February 16, 1862, died April 16, 1862; Antoinette L., born November 6, 1842, married Charles H. Hill of Manchester, January 1, 1867; Mr. Hill left his native town in 1824, settled in Rhode Island in 1826, and now resides in Woonsocket, R. I.; he has been very successful in business, and represented his many friends in the House and Senate of Rhode Island for many years, and held other offices of trust and responsibility: Sarah P., born August 18, 1807, married Ebenezer Varney of South Berwick, Me., died in Bangor, leaving five children, four still living; Jonathan Cilley, born March 8, 1809, died October 16, 1836; Perley, born December 2, 1811, married P. Parker of Farmington; they have three children, Charles P., Nancy, married Dr. Rice of Springfield, and Mary F., all residing in Springfield, Mass.; Mr. Hill died August, 1875; Nancy W., born November 8, 1814, married Jonathan Cushing of Bangor, Me., resides in Washington, D. C.; he died about 1872; one of their three children died in infancy, Mary and Henry live in Washington, D. C.; John S., born August 29, 1819, died in Cuba, June 26, 1846.

(10) Abigail, daughter of Benjamin, married Mr. Rowe of Allenstown.





Moses Hall



HILL FAMILY.

Moses Hill was born in Warner, May 5, 1805. His father's name was Benjamin, born in Hopkinton. His mother was Mary Hoyt, also of Hopkinton. Dr. Hill was employed much, in his early manhood, in teaching, being highly successful. He taught the academy at Salisbury one year, and studied medicine with Dr. Peter Bartlett, of that place, two years, than whom few physicians could be of better service to a young man, then having an extensive practice, quick in perception, zealous in his profession, and thoroughly alive to every improvement in the treatment of diseases. Dr. Hill graduated from the medical department of Dartmouth College in 1831, Dr. Mussey being at the head of that school of medicine. He began the practice of medicine in Chichester in the same year, and removed to Northwood in 1832, where he established a reputation for uprightness of Christian character, as well as being esteemed the "beloved physician," making himself useful to the schools and helpful to the church. Here he married Elizabeth B., daughter of the late David Clark, Esq. His children were here born: Margaret, born June 8, 1835, became the wife of Joseph Neally of Burlington, Ia., January 5, 1859, where they now reside; Mary Frances; Elizabeth C., born October 26, 1843, died January 22, 1867. It was a sad day for Northwood when, in July, 1844, Dr. Hill removed to Manchester, mainly for the purpose of securing better facilities for the education of his children. Hon. John Harvey, a wealthy citizen, proposed to endow an academy in town if the people would erect a suitable building, and Dr. Hill pledged himself to lay the foundations and erect the frame, of any dimensions the people desired, if they would finish the structure. But, in spite of strenuous efforts, the enterprise failed, because the building could not be located in the neighborhood of each man's door. From that day, Dr. Hill made arrangements to remove. In Manchester, he took an active part in all the



interests of that growing town. In 1849, he went to California, sailing round Cape Horn, and returned in 1852. In 1857, he removed to Burlington, Ia., and died January 27, 1875, near East Baton Rouge, La., in his seventieth year, leaving a host of strongly attached friends to mourn that they no more shall see his genial countenance, nor again hear his merry laugh, nor be helped by his Christian influence.

His widow still resides in Burlington, Ia., with, or in the neighborhood of, her two surviving daughters. Dr. Hill will long be remembered for the part he took in the erection of the present Congregational Church in Northwood; also in the erection of two Congregational churches in Burlington, Ia., and a Presbyterian in Louisiana, of which Rev. Mr. Young is pastor.

HOITT FAMILY.

Among the early settlers of this town were Daniel, Stephen, and Joshua Hoyt. They were the descendants of John Hoyt, who was one of the original settlers of Salisbury, Mass., whose age at the time cannot be accurately determined, but, from the fact that he had two children born previous to 1639, it seems probable that he was born about 1610-15; that John, 2d, and Thomas were the sons. The son of Thomas was Benjamin, who was the father of Benjamin, Moses, Enoch, Daniel, and Joseph. The said Daniel, Stephen, and Joshua were the sons of Daniel, who married Judith Carr, of Carr's Island in the Merrimack River, June 24, 1736, then residing in Salisbury, where he reared the above sons with others, and removed to Epping about the year 1752. Four of their children were baptized in Salisbury, and the rest in Epping; and he died about the month of November, 1757. Soon after his death, Daniel, who was born January 13, 1741, went to work with a Mr. Barber in Epping, at wages, until he accumulated sufficient funds to purchase a lot of one hundred and sixty

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acres of land in Northwood, nearly adjoining the two Batchelders, the first settlers, paying twenty-five cents per acre. He commenced clearing a portion of it for a farm, and, for a long time, brought his week's provision from Epping in saddle-bags, on his shoulders, returning to Epping on Saturday nights, and back in the same way on Monday mornings. In the course of a year or so, he reared him a small house, and soon after married Thankful Weeks of Greenland, and, second, Mary Bartlett of Kingston. Lieut. Daniel at one time became a great land-owner in this town, having eleven hundred acres; therefore, he settled his son Benjamin on the farm now owned by William H. and George F. Manning; his son Philip on a farm east of Saddleback Mountain, occupied by James W. Hoyt, his grandson; his son Daniel, on a farm west of the Mountain, now occupied by his son David; his sons Nathan and Richard he kept at home, and gave them the old homestead; Richard's half of the same is owned by his son Richard, and that of Nathan by David M. Smith. He had a family of nine children; was selectman in 1777; and signed the Association Test in 1776.

Stephen came a few years after, and settled upon a tract of land at the easterly end of Jenness Pond; cleared up a farm, the same now owned by the heirs of the late Abraham B. Cilley; he lived in Northwood most of his days. He was born about the year 1744, baptized in Epping by the Rev. Mr. Cutler; married, first, Lydia Buzzell; second, Widow Rachel Piper, January 10, 1795, and, third, Widow Hannah Clapham, December 7, 1809; had a family of three daughters and three sons. He also signed the Association Test in 1776.

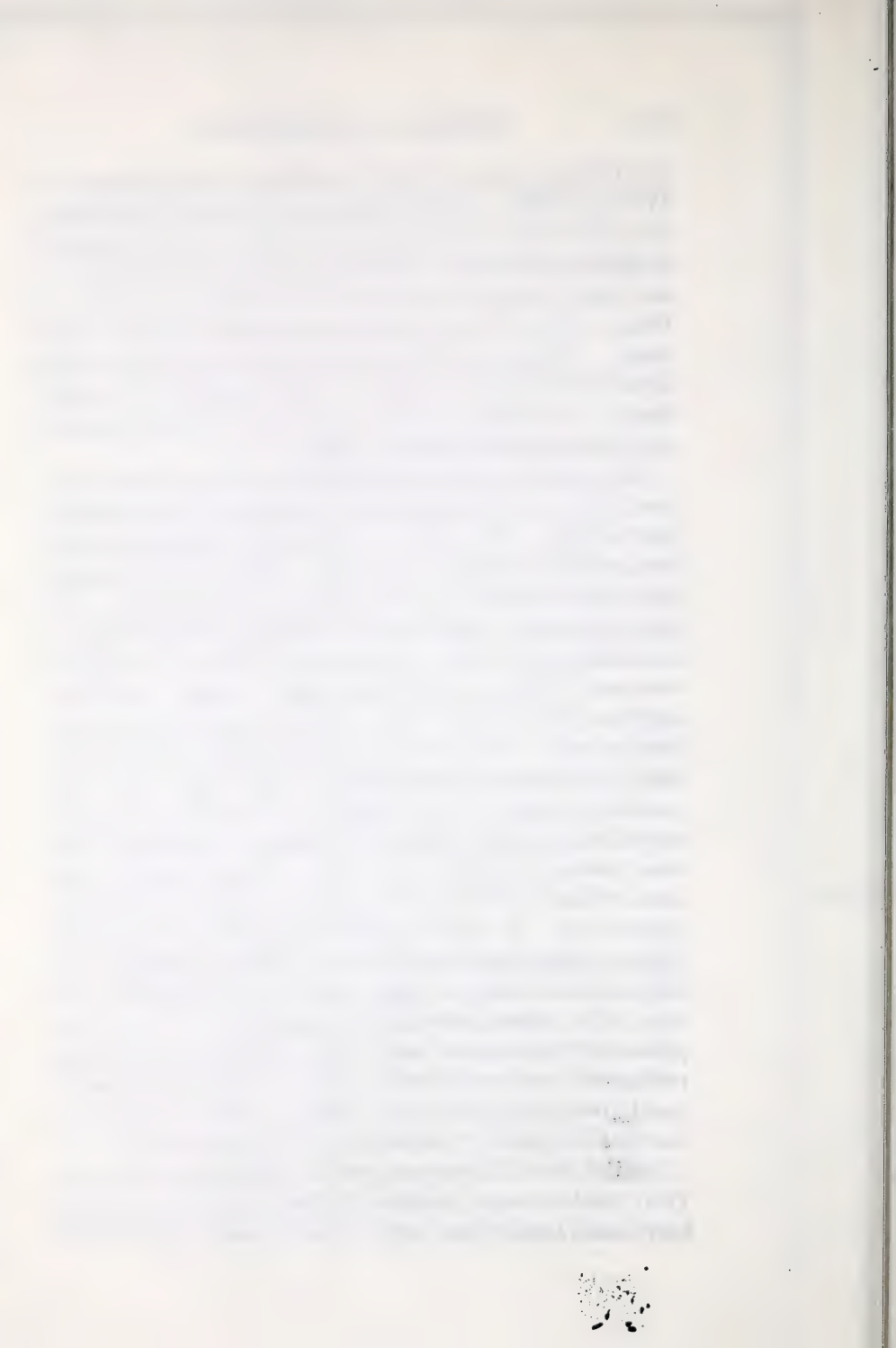
Joshua came here soon after, and purchased the land and mill privilege near the Narrows, upon which he cleared up a farm, erected mills, and run a grist-mill, to the last of his days. He was born August 15, 1750; baptized in Epping, by Mr. Cutler; married Betsy Gerrish; reared a fam-



ily of three sons and three daughters; was selectman in 1792 and 1800. At the breaking out of the Revolutionary war, four of the six brothers, viz., Lieut. Daniel, Richard, Benjamin, and Stephen, took arms and went into the war; and after serving the required time, Benjamin died, but Daniel, Richard, and Stephen returned to their several homes. Richard, tradition says, lived here a short time after his return, but where he went, and died, no record shows. A daughter of his, by the name of Judith, married one Silas Burnham, March 2, 1785.

The other three brothers became solid men of this town, good citizens, accumulated good estates, and raised respectable families. They were a very strong and hardy race of men, and so were their ancestors. Their uncle Benjamin was a very tall man. It is said he was a carpenter, and once held up the whole side of a building and prevented it from falling upon other individuals. He and a neighbor were once hoeing in adjoining fields. After a while, his neighbor said to him, "I have hoed as many hills as you, lacking two." It turned out, however, that Benjamin had hoed two rows at a time, and had thus done more than double the work of his neighbor. At another time, he carried a large stone into a mill, where it remained a long time, serving as a trial of strength. At last one man was found who carried it out, though not as easily as Benjamin carried it in. It was also said that while he was at Cape Breton, during the French war, in 1744, the soldiers were obliged, at one time, to supply the fort with water by carrying it in barrels, two men to each barrel. They complained of its being too heavy work, but Benjamin took up two barrels and carried them into the fort (a distance of twenty rods), and back, on a wager. He was taken sick shortly after, with a "nervous fever," and soon died.

Most of his children were noted for their great strength. Their uncle Joseph, brother of Benjamin, was a stout, heavy man, though not very tall, and was much noted for



his strength. It is said that he carried a barrel of water from the river to his house in Boscawen, where he lived, about thirty rods, when he was over sixty years old. He was a soldier in the Indian and French wars, and many stories are told of his strength and bravery. There is another told by his descendants, of Joseph, Benjamin, and another man, all very stout and strong, wishing to play off a joke upon a press-gang who were lurking in the vicinity of Salisbury, and were at the tavern for that purpose. The landlady told them they had better be going, for a press-gang would be along pretty soon, but they only laughed at it, and still remained. Eight men soon came in, appeared extremely friendly, treated all round, and, at last, invited them to take a walk. All now started off towards the shore, locking arms, but in such a manner that each supposed dupe was guarded by a pressman on each side. After walking till they came to an old cellar, overgrown with brambles, one of the Hoyts said, "Brother, haven't we come about far enough?" The other replied, "Yes, I guess we have." The pressmen laughed well at this, but not at what followed, for they were all suddenly pitched into the old cellar, while their intended victims started for home.

Joseph's name heads the "Association Test" from the town of Boscawen, 1776. He removed to Boscawen about 1761, and was a deacon of the Congregational Church there.

Son of Lieut. Daniel and Thankful Hoyt: (1) Benjamin, born September 8, 1766, married Sarah Pillsbury November 27, 1787; lived in Northwood. Their children were: Enoch, who died about 1810; Thankful, married George P. Newhall, died about 1840; John H., about 1797, married Lydia Cook and lived in Deerfield; had a large family of children.

Children of Lieut. Daniel and Mary Hoyt: (2) Philip, born September 11, 1771, married Dorothy Godfrey Sep-

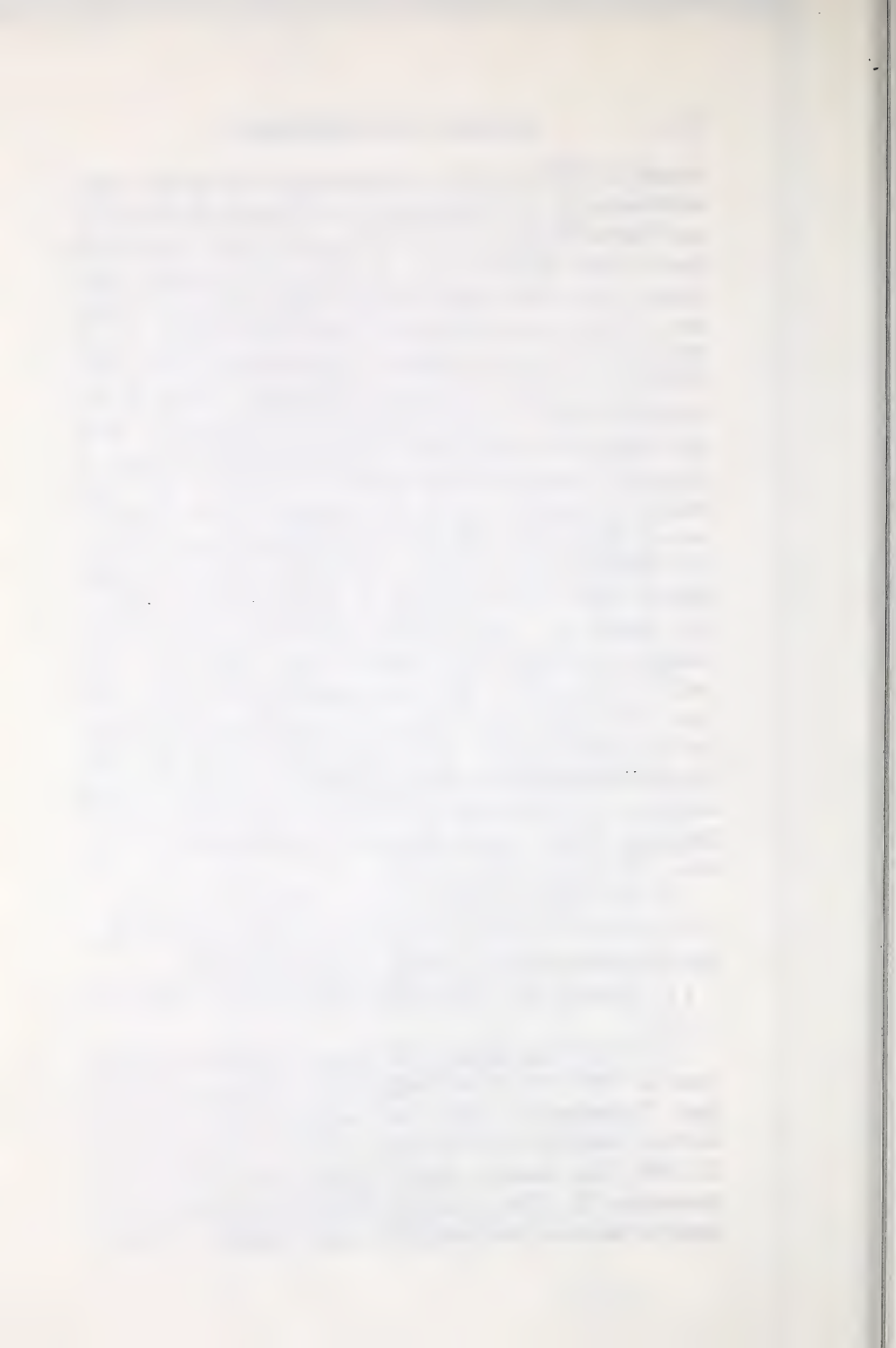


tember 2, 1790; lived in Northwood; died 1819. Their children were: (1) Jonathan, born February 6, 1791, married Dorcas Taylor; resided in Northwood upon his father's farm; their children were: Dorothy, who married Rufus Swain; John, who married Judith Hoitt, daughter of Richard; Philip, who married, first, Mary Furness, and, second, Elizabeth Sherburne; James W., who married, first, Ellen Clark, and, second, a Stearns of Deerfield; Betsy B., unmarried; Mary Ann, who married David Kimball of Bradford, Mass., who died; Sarah D., who married Francis J. Hanson; Martha married John C. Hanson; she died, leaving a daughter; Laura, who married Andrew J. Emerson of Barnstead. All live in Northwood except Laura. (2) Abigail, born December 15, 1793, married Jonathan Stokes and lived and died in Ossipee; left children. (3) Daniel G., born March 13, 1797, married Polly, daughter of Samuel Hill; had one son. The father died in November, 1821. The widow married John Oaks, and removed to New Salem, Mass.; since died, and also her son by her first husband. (4) Polly, born March 29, 1804, married Jacob Morrill; lived and died in Pittsfield, leaving children. (5) Lucinda, born October 19, 1807, married Benjamin Giles, lived and died in Deerfield, leaving four sons; the father is also dead.

(3) Thankful, daughter of Lieut. Daniel, born June 9, 1774, married Jonathan Chesley; removed to Rome, Me., and died there, leaving a large family of children.

(4) Hannah, born November 8, 1775, died in 1808, unmarried.

(5) Daniel, born March 1, 1778, married Dolly Knowlton June 2, 1803; lived in Northwood; children: Lydia D., born November 6, 1803; not married; lives with her brother David on the Mountain; Irene J., born February 15, 1805; not married; died in August, 1855; David, born September 12, 1807, married Mary Foss, resides on his father's farm in Northwood; has one daughter, Marrilla;

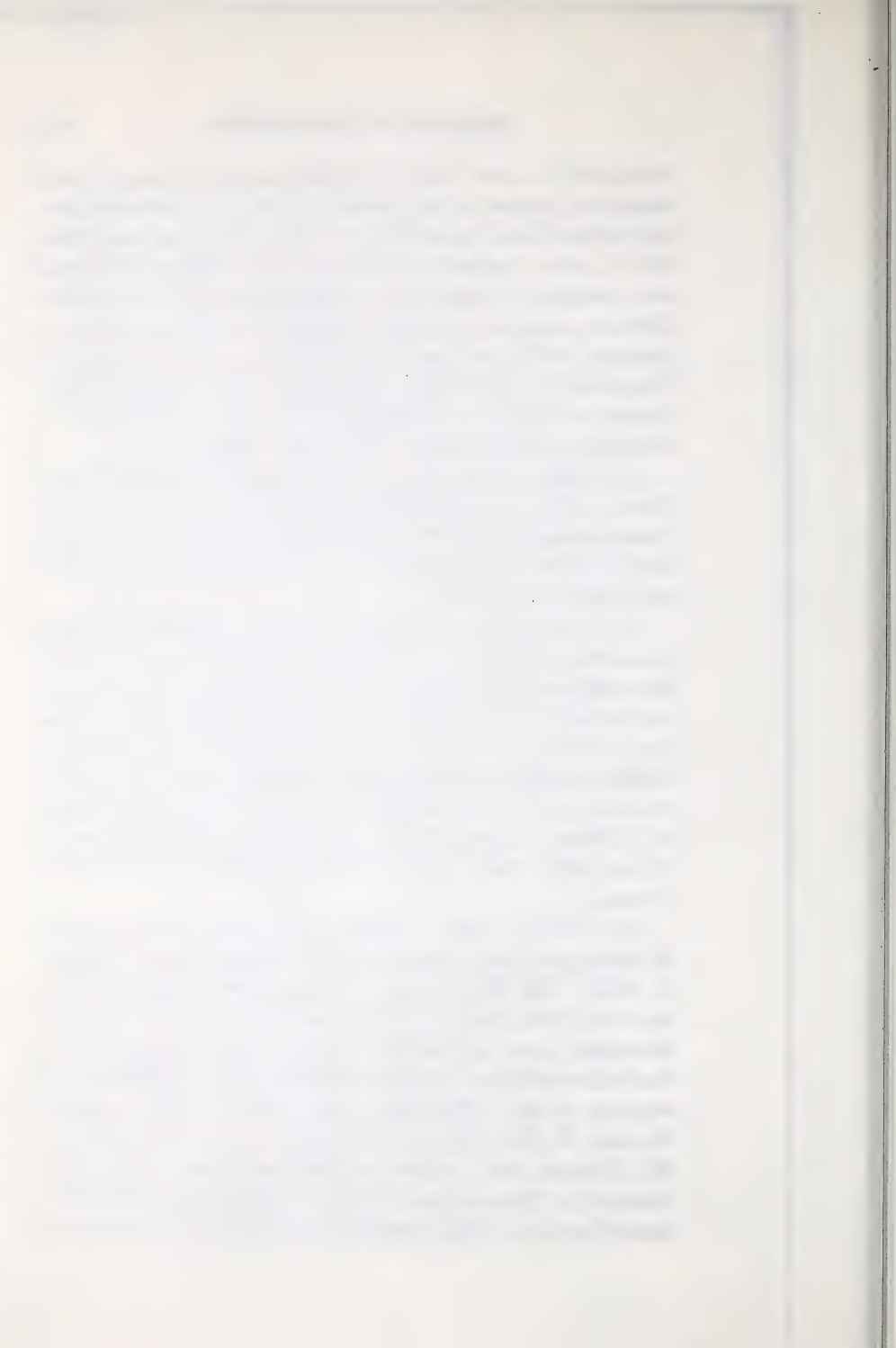


Jonathan K., born July 19, 1809, married Nancy Woodman, is a justice of the peace, has been a representative, and several times one of the selectmen; has one son, Martin W., who graduated at Dartmouth College 1872, and was principal of Pembroke Academy for a time; Jeremiah Bartlett, married Angeline Magoun in 1845, became a teacher in this and many other towns, and was in trade in Newmarket, Manchester, and Boston; was engaged in the insurance business in Boston at the time of his death, in Medford, in 1869; left a wife and one daughter.

(6) Judith, born May 4, 1780, married Richard Carr Hoitt. He was a successful school-teacher; was sent to Canada some time in 1803 on some important business, and died in Stanstead, leaving a son. His widow lived here, and died April 2, 1867.

(7) Nathan, born September 4, 1782, married Charlotte Knowlton; lived in Northwood, and died November, 1821; his children are: Eliza, married Nathaniel Knowlton of Northwood; Hannah, married Daniel B. Robinson of Candia; Harriet, married Joseph W. James of Deerfield; Nathan B., married Emily A. Bennett, resides in Northwood; John S., married Louisa B. Foss, resides in Chichester; Hosea C., married Mary N. Durgin, lives in Newton Upper Falls, Mass.; Abigail, married Jonathan Chesley of Epsom.

(8) Richard, born August 18, 1785, married Nancy Robinson in 1804; lived in Northwood, and died February 2, 1868. His children are: Joshua, born August 15, 1805, married, first, Lucy M. Huntress, and, second, Nancy B. Morrison; lives in Northwood; has one daughter by his first wife and a son by his second; is an industrious and wealthy farmer; Polly F., born April 5, 1808, married Nicholas D. Hill; has two daughters; one married George W. Furness, who resides in Newton, Mass.; the other, George E. Hanson, and lives in Portsmouth; Sarah B., born February, 1812, married, first, John Knowlton, and,



second, Barnard Smith; they are all dead; she leaves one son here, Lyman W. Smith, and twin daughters, one the wife of a Mr. Foss of Pittsfield, and the other the wife of the Rev. Mr. Jones of North Berwick, Me. Judith, born September, 1813, married John Hoitt, son of Jonathan; he has been dead some twenty years; she is still a widow; her children are: Lyman W., married Elizabeth Williams, has several children; Susan married Charles E. Dow, and resides in Farmington, has one daughter; Ellen, married B. Curtis Giles, has three children, and resides in Northwood; Abbie married Frederic J. Davis, has one child, and resides in Northwood. Richard, born August, 1817, married Mary J. Morrison; resides in Northwood; has been a representative one year and selectman two years; heired a large estate from his father; he succeeded his father as deacon of the Baptist Church; has been in trade a number of years, and makes farming his business; has one son, Orin A., who succeeded his father in trade for a short time, and is now in business in Farmington. Nancy J., born July, 1821, married John M. Taylor, formerly of this town, but now resident of Waltham, Mass.; she has no children. Lyman W., born January, 1825, drowned at Exeter July 4, 1842, while on a visit at Ira B. Hoitt's, then of Exeter. Charles H., born November, 1826, died young.

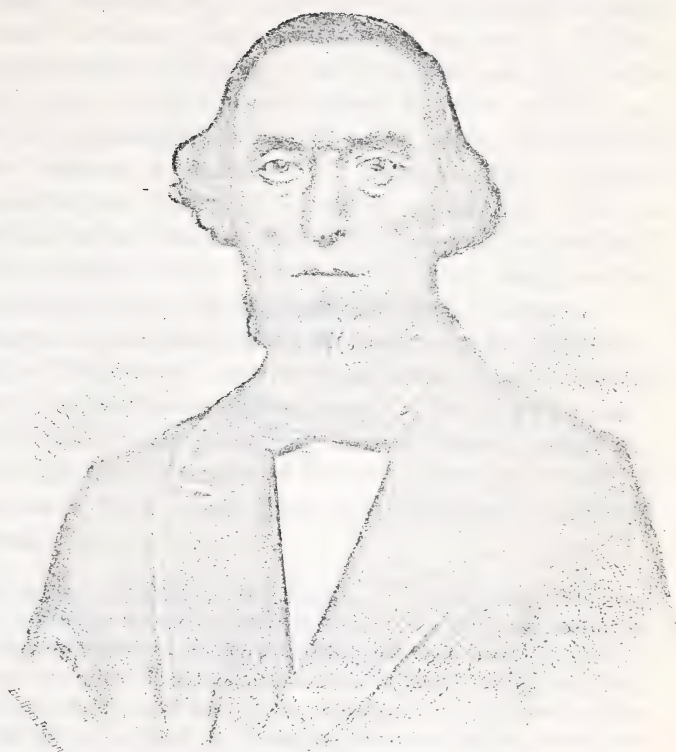
(9) Mary, born May 6, 1788, married Nathaniel Giles, April 7, 1805, died January 10, 1860, had a family of eight children, all dead but Paul S., and he resides in the State of Wisconsin.

The children of Stephen and Lydia Hoitt were:—

(1) Samuel, married Betsy Piper; moved from Northwood to Portsmouth in 1809, to Madbury in 1814, and to Lee, April, 1816; died May 3, 1819, leaving four sons and one daughter. Mrs. Hoitt married Abraham Batchelder in 1829, and died December 4, 1864. Their children are:—

Col. Gorham W., born March 5, 1804, married Abbie P. Lock, July 4, 1824, died September 5, 1868; in 1835 and

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Richard Hoyal

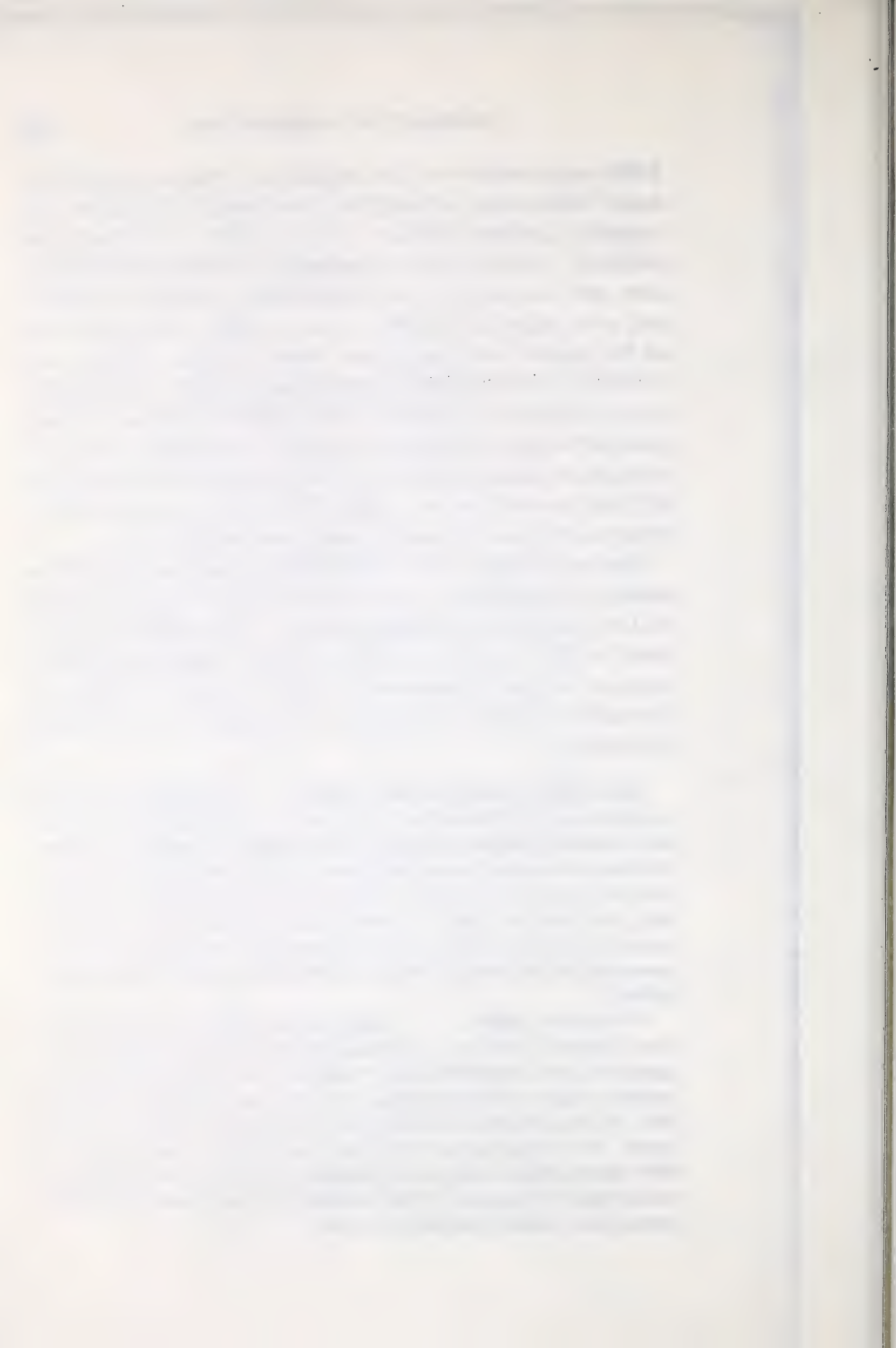


1836 was a member of the legislature ; was an aid to Governor Steele, and, as sheriff of the County of Strafford, he executed Andrew Howard, July 8, 1846. He had nine children : one son, Ira G., graduated at Dartmouth College, now and for many years a successful teacher in California, at a salary of \$3,000 a year ; another son died while at the Exeter Academy ; was about to enter college ; another son, a machinist in Lowell many years ; and another son in business in Boston ; five daughters, three of them married to good husbands, the others unmarried ; Mary, a prominent school-teacher, has had charge of the academy at Derry several terms. Their father was a smart, active, enterprising man in his day, and a successful farmer.

General Alfred, born in Northwood, married Susan Demeritt of Northwood ; now lives in Durham, and formerly in Lee ; has thirteen children living. The following statement of the family gathering on one Thanksgiving Day appears in the "Democratic Press," printed in Dover, of December 5, 1875, which gives a full history of his family at present :—

The family gathering at Gen. Hoitt's Thanksgiving was a remarkable one, for these latter days at least. Gen. Hoitt and wife, who have been married forty-eight years, have reared a family of thirteen children, six sons and seven daughters. All are now living, the youngest twenty-seven years of age. Three sons and six daughters are married, and the entire family, including all the grandchildren, twenty-one in number, making a total of forty-two with the general and his wife, assembled at the paternal home to celebrate the annual Thanksgiving holiday.

We doubt if another family as Gen. Hoitt's can be found in New England. Both sons and daughters are all smart, capable, intelligent, and well situated in life,—true "chips of the old block." The average weight of the entire family—father, mother, sons, and daughters—is one hundred and eighty-six pounds each, and their mental powers are commensurate with their bodily vigor. Gen. Hoitt and wife commenced the labor of life together with only their own efforts to rely upon for success. Their prosperity in every essential respect proves their reliance was not a vain one.



The general was a member of both branches of the legislature while he resided in Lee, and, by his indefatigable industry, has made himself rich, as well as many of his sons. He also represented the town of Durham in the legislature of 1874. He has proved himself more than a common man in his day, and retains his faculties remarkably.

Joseph R. W., married Mary E. Wyman; for many years keeper of the American House in Brunswick, and now lives in Portland; has one son, who is a sea-captain.

William K. A., born November 7, 1815, married Sarah C. Swain of Northwood, March 30, 1843; resides in Dover; has one son, Charles W., a graduate of Dartmouth College, and late engrossing clerk of the legislature, and resides in Nashua.

Mary Eliza, married William Clark; lived in Dover; he is dead; the widow resides with her two daughters, who are married, in Dover.

(2) Richard Carr, who was a son of Stephen Hoitt, and Judith Carr, who was a daughter of Lieut. Daniel Hoitt, were the father and mother of Ira Bartlett Hoitt, who was born on the thirteenth day of February, 1802; through the assistance of his mother he obtained a common-school education at sixteen years of age; then went to live with Joseph Coe, Esq., of Durham, as a clerk in his store, and stayed there until he became of age, and then, through the assistance of Mr. Coe, went into business in Northwood, in the spring of 1823. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. Samuel Huntress of Newington, August 20, 1823. In March, 1826, he was elected town-clerk of Northwood, and held the office until the spring of 1831, and on the 1st of November, 1827, he was appointed a deputy-sheriff of the County of Rockingham by the Hon. John Bell, sheriff, who was governor the next year; and by the Hon. William Badger for the County of Strafford, who was afterwards governor; and by the Hon. Jacob B. Moore, sheriff of the

The history of the United States is a story of growth and change. It begins with the first settlers who came to the shores of North America. These settlers were men and women who sought a new life, a new land. They brought with them the knowledge and skills of their European ancestors, but they also brought a spirit of adventure and a desire for freedom. As the years passed, the settlers grew in number and their influence spread across the continent. They built towns and cities, and they established a way of life that was uniquely American. The story of the United States is a story of the triumph of the human spirit over adversity, of the power of unity, and of the enduring values of freedom and justice.

The early years of the United States were marked by challenges and struggles. The settlers faced a harsh and unfamiliar environment, and they often encountered resistance from the native populations. Despite these difficulties, the settlers persevered, and they eventually established a strong and independent nation. The story of the United States is a story of the triumph of the human spirit over adversity, of the power of unity, and of the enduring values of freedom and justice.

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County of Merrimack; which offices he continued to hold about seven years, or until the January term of the court of common pleas, 1834, when he was appointed clerk of the court, and also clerk of the superior court of judicature within and for the County of Rockingham, and soon entered upon the duties of these offices, and in the following spring moved his family to Exeter, and continued to hold these offices about twenty years. He was appointed a justice of the peace in June, 1827, and has continued to hold the office, and for most of the time a justice throughout the state, for forty-eight years, a notary public for nearly thirty years, and for twenty-five years a trial justice in Exeter, and has probably tried more causes, civil and criminal, than any magistrate in the county now living. Upon his resignation of the clerks' offices, he was soon after appointed sheriff, which office he held about two years, and then conducted the probate office in Rockingham County as assistant-register four years and a half. He then gave up all offices and returned with his family to Northwood, his native place, upon his farm, where he has carried on the same successfully, giving his special attention to probate business. His family consisted of eight children, only three of them now living, as follows: (1) Charles William, his eldest son, was born June 22, 1824, and was a clerk in the clerk's office with his father for a number of years; then was employed as a clerk and bookkeeper in Boston for a length of time, and for five years a clerk in the York County Fire Insurance office at South Berwick, and in the month of December, 1861, enlisted at Concord in the New-England cavalry, under command of Capt. John J. Prentiss; left immediately for the seat of war, and continued in the service during three years; then took an honorable discharge and came home; but, at the solicitation of Dr. O'Leary, he went back, and was detailed as chief-clerk of the hospital at Portsmouth Grove, R. I., where he remained about nine months. He now resides in Northwood, unmarried. (2) His second



son, John Samuel, born September 10, 1826, after obtaining his education at Phillips Exeter Academy, served an apprenticeship in Boston, and, in October, 1849, he went to California, arrived there in May, 1850, and died in Sacramento, June 28, 1852. (3) His third son, Gardner James, born March 19, 1830, was about two years advanced in college at Phillips Academy at Exeter; was about to enter Harvard College, when his health failed him, and after regaining it in a great measure he served as a bookkeeper in Boston for about five or six years, and died on the seventh day of June, 1855. (4) His oldest daughter, Lucy A., was born May 10, 1828; after obtaining her education at the Young Ladies' Seminary at Exeter, married Henry C. Moses of Exeter, in September, 1849; her husband has been very successful in business, and has made for himself a fortune; their only son, Herbert, was prepared for college at Phillips Exeter Academy, entered the Cornell University at Ithaca, N. Y., graduated there about one year since, and is now in business with his father; their only daughter, Dora Walker, was educated at the Robinson Female Seminary at Exeter, and, having graduated, has become one of the teachers in the seminary. (5) His daughter Mary Elizabeth, born January 7, 1832, married John C. Scripture, then of East Cambridge, Mass., in October, 1850; had two children born to them, but they soon died, and the husband died some time in the fall of 1858; she still remains a widow. (6) His daughter Emma Frances, born August 17, 1840, died at Exeter, May 26, 1871, aged thirty-one years. Two other children died early.

(3) John was a popular school-teacher; taught school in Salem, Mass., and for some time in Portsmouth, where he died in 1809.

(4) Sally married William Lock, February 21, 1803; lived in Northwood many years, afterwards in Lee, where they died, leaving a family of nine children; only one survives them.

(5) Lydia married Simon Griffin; after residing here and in other places, removed with their family to Canada, where they both died, probably leaving descendants.

(6) Nancy married Micajah Sinclair of Stratham; removed there; both have been dead many years; left children.

The children of Joshua and Betsey Hoyt were:—

(1) Daniel married, first, Rhoda Rawlings, December 9, 1809, and second, Nancy Twombly, lived in Northwood most of his days, died in Rochester; his children are:—

(1) Betsey married Joseph Hoyt of Newton, and died June 11, 1863.

(2) Judith married Joseph M. Tucker of Portsmouth, and died there in 1843.

(3) Joshua, born March 30, 1812, married Data Pillsbury, November 16, 1836, and in the month of August, 1862, enlisted in Company G, Tenth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers, under the command of Capt. G. W. Towle; was in the battle of Fredericksburg and was wounded; continued in the hospital awhile, came home on a furlough, and in June following was discharged, and is now a pensioner. Three of his sons were with him in the war, as follows: Charles Henry, in the navy, on board the United-States ship "Brooklyn," in the spring of 1861, was discharged from the ship, came home, and immediately enlisted and was at the battle of Ball's Bluff; was fatally wounded, and died at Point Lookout, in 1864. James William enlisted in Company B, Second Regiment, in 1861, was in the battle of Bull Run, and, on account of injuries and sickness contracted at that time, was soon after discharged. Augustus J. enlisted in the Fifth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers, in 1861, and went into the war as a private; by his bravery and meritorious conduct, he was in a short time promoted to a captaincy, and served through the war with distinction in that capacity; was in sixteen battles, and at the surrender of Gen. Lee at Fredericks-

The first of these was the discovery of gold in California in 1848. This led to a great influx of people to the West, and the discovery of gold in Colorado in 1859. The second was the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859. The third was the discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860. The fourth was the discovery of gold in Montana in 1862. The fifth was the discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1863. The sixth was the discovery of gold in Utah in 1864. The seventh was the discovery of gold in Arizona in 1865. The eighth was the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1866. The ninth was the discovery of gold in Texas in 1867. The tenth was the discovery of gold in Oklahoma in 1868. The eleventh was the discovery of gold in Kansas in 1869. The twelfth was the discovery of gold in Nebraska in 1870. The thirteenth was the discovery of gold in Iowa in 1871. The fourteenth was the discovery of gold in Missouri in 1872. The fifteenth was the discovery of gold in Illinois in 1873. The sixteenth was the discovery of gold in Indiana in 1874. The seventeenth was the discovery of gold in Ohio in 1875. The eighteenth was the discovery of gold in Pennsylvania in 1876. The nineteenth was the discovery of gold in Maryland in 1877. The twentieth was the discovery of gold in Delaware in 1878. The twenty-first was the discovery of gold in Virginia in 1879. The twenty-second was the discovery of gold in North Carolina in 1880. The twenty-third was the discovery of gold in South Carolina in 1881. The twenty-fourth was the discovery of gold in Georgia in 1882. The twenty-fifth was the discovery of gold in Florida in 1883. The twenty-sixth was the discovery of gold in Alabama in 1884. The twenty-seventh was the discovery of gold in Mississippi in 1885. The twenty-eighth was the discovery of gold in Louisiana in 1886. The twenty-ninth was the discovery of gold in Arkansas in 1887. The thirtieth was the discovery of gold in Tennessee in 1888. The thirty-first was the discovery of gold in Kentucky in 1889. The thirty-second was the discovery of gold in West Virginia in 1890. The thirty-third was the discovery of gold in Maryland in 1891. The thirty-fourth was the discovery of gold in Delaware in 1892. The thirty-fifth was the discovery of gold in Virginia in 1893. The thirty-sixth was the discovery of gold in North Carolina in 1894. The thirty-seventh was the discovery of gold in South Carolina in 1895. The thirty-eighth was the discovery of gold in Georgia in 1896. The thirty-ninth was the discovery of gold in Florida in 1897. The fortieth was the discovery of gold in Alabama in 1898. The forty-first was the discovery of gold in Mississippi in 1899. The forty-second was the discovery of gold in Louisiana in 1900. The forty-third was the discovery of gold in Arkansas in 1901. The forty-fourth was the discovery of gold in Tennessee in 1902. The forty-fifth was the discovery of gold in Kentucky in 1903. The forty-sixth was the discovery of gold in West Virginia in 1904. The forty-seventh was the discovery of gold in Maryland in 1905. The forty-eighth was the discovery of gold in Delaware in 1906. The forty-ninth was the discovery of gold in Virginia in 1907. The fiftieth was the discovery of gold in North Carolina in 1908. The fifty-first was the discovery of gold in South Carolina in 1909. The fifty-second was the discovery of gold in Georgia in 1910. The fifty-third was the discovery of gold in Florida in 1911. The fifty-fourth was the discovery of gold in Alabama in 1912. The fifty-fifth was the discovery of gold in Mississippi in 1913. The fifty-sixth was the discovery of gold in Louisiana in 1914. The fifty-seventh was the discovery of gold in Arkansas in 1915. The fifty-eighth was the discovery of gold in Tennessee in 1916. The fifty-ninth was the discovery of gold in Kentucky in 1917. The sixtieth was the discovery of gold in West Virginia in 1918. 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The seventy-sixth was the discovery of gold in Delaware in 1934. The seventy-seventh was the discovery of gold in Virginia in 1935. The seventy-eighth was the discovery of gold in North Carolina in 1936. The seventy-ninth was the discovery of gold in South Carolina in 1937. The eightieth was the discovery of gold in Georgia in 1938. The eighty-first was the discovery of gold in Florida in 1939. The eighty-second was the discovery of gold in Alabama in 1940. The eighty-third was the discovery of gold in Mississippi in 1941. The eighty-fourth was the discovery of gold in Louisiana in 1942. The eighty-fifth was the discovery of gold in Arkansas in 1943. The eighty-sixth was the discovery of gold in Tennessee in 1944. The eighty-seventh was the discovery of gold in Kentucky in 1945. The eighty-eighth was the discovery of gold in West Virginia in 1946. The eighty-ninth was the discovery of gold in Maryland in 1947. The ninetieth was the discovery of gold in Delaware in 1948. The hundredth was the discovery of gold in Virginia in 1949.

burg, the regimental officers being all killed or away, he being the oldest captain was promoted to colonel, and soon after brought the remainder of the regiment to Washington, and took command of the same during a review by the general officers. That part of the regiment belonging to New Hampshire he brought to Concord, where they were dismissed from further duty. He was wounded once slightly, but still kept full command of his company.

(4) Paul G., another of Daniel's sons, now of Portsmouth, enlisted in the Massachusetts Heavy Artillery; was stationed for a time on Arlington Heights, Va., and remained through the war, or until he met with an injury just before it closed. His son, Charles L., enlisted in the Tenth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers, under Capt. Towle, and served to the end of the war, except that he was taken prisoner and put into the Andersonville prison, and while there was a great sufferer; was nearly starved to death, and said many other soldiers perished with hunger before him.

(5) Phineas D., another son of Daniel, lives in Portsmouth, has a family there.

(6) Mary R. married William Hidden of Portsmouth, and has two children.

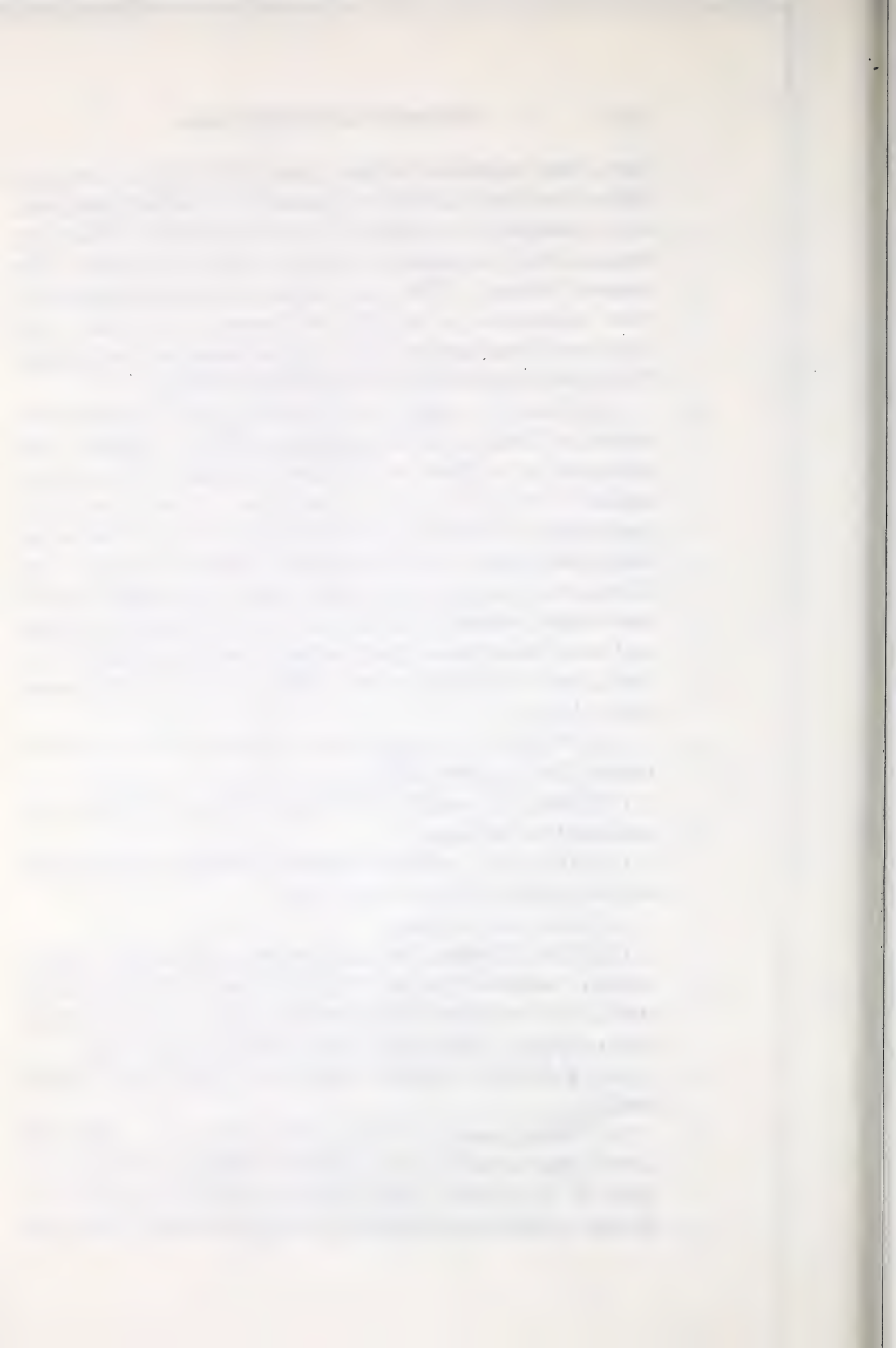
(7) Dolly A., married Benjamin Todd of Portsmouth, died in 1862, leaving two children.

(8) Fanny died young.

(2) Paul Gerrish, for many years a successful school-teacher, married a daughter of John Nutter, Esq., of Barnstead, lived and died there, leaving a son, John N. Hoitt, and a daughter, Betsey C. Hoitt, who are still living.

(3) Polly C. married Jonathan Tasker (see Tasker family).

(4) Betsey married Phineas Dow, November 26, 1807, having one son and four daughters: Eben C., on the home place of his father; Eliza married, first, Benaiah Dow; Miriam married Asa Bickford; Sarah married Samuel B.



Cilley, who died; Emily married John B. Hill, and they are both dead, leaving children.

(5) Judith married John Pease, resided in Northwood many years, and removed to Concord, where they both died, leaving two sons, who have taken a prominent rank in the world.

(6) Benjamin married, first, a Burnham of Epping, having one son, who now resides in Boston, and has a large family of children; second, the Widow Sally Knowlton, having two daughters, Sally, who married Charles A. Kingsbury, and lives in Boston, and Lydia Ann, who married George F. Manning, and lives in Northwood; he married, third, the widow of David Davis of Nottingham.

JAMES FAMILY.

Stevens James was born in Boston, Mass., August 25, 1755. He had one brother, Thomas, who died when about twenty years of age; his father was a sea-captain, and died while at sea. He married Rebecca Tuttle of Lee, in 1780; bought a lot of wild land in the north-west part of Northwood, near what is now called the Narrows, cleared a lot and built the house which is now (1876) owned and occupied by one of his grandchildren, Samuel S. James, being probably the oldest house now standing in Northwood. He moved to Northwood about 1785, then having two children.

Their children were: (1) Susanna, born September 24, 1780, married Samuel Lawrence in 1800; moved to Tamworth; had nine children.

(2) Lydia, born March 30, 1783, married Philip Bartlett in 1800; had eleven children.

(3) Katharine, born August 20, 1785, married Joshua Brackett in 1802; moved to Belfast, Me.; had nine children.

(4) Samuel, born April 24, 1788, married Abigail Godfrey in 1810; lived in Northwood; had five children; their first child died when young.

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(5) Rebecca, born September 1, 1790, married William Bartlett in 1811; lived in Northwood; had eight children.

(6) Sally, born May 16, 1793, died July 15, 1814.

(7) Deborah, born November 1, 1795, lived, unmarried, in the house where she was born; died August 17, 1870.

(8) George T., born March 7, 1798, married Nancy S. Dow in 1815; lived in Northwood; had three children; afterwards moved to Manchester.

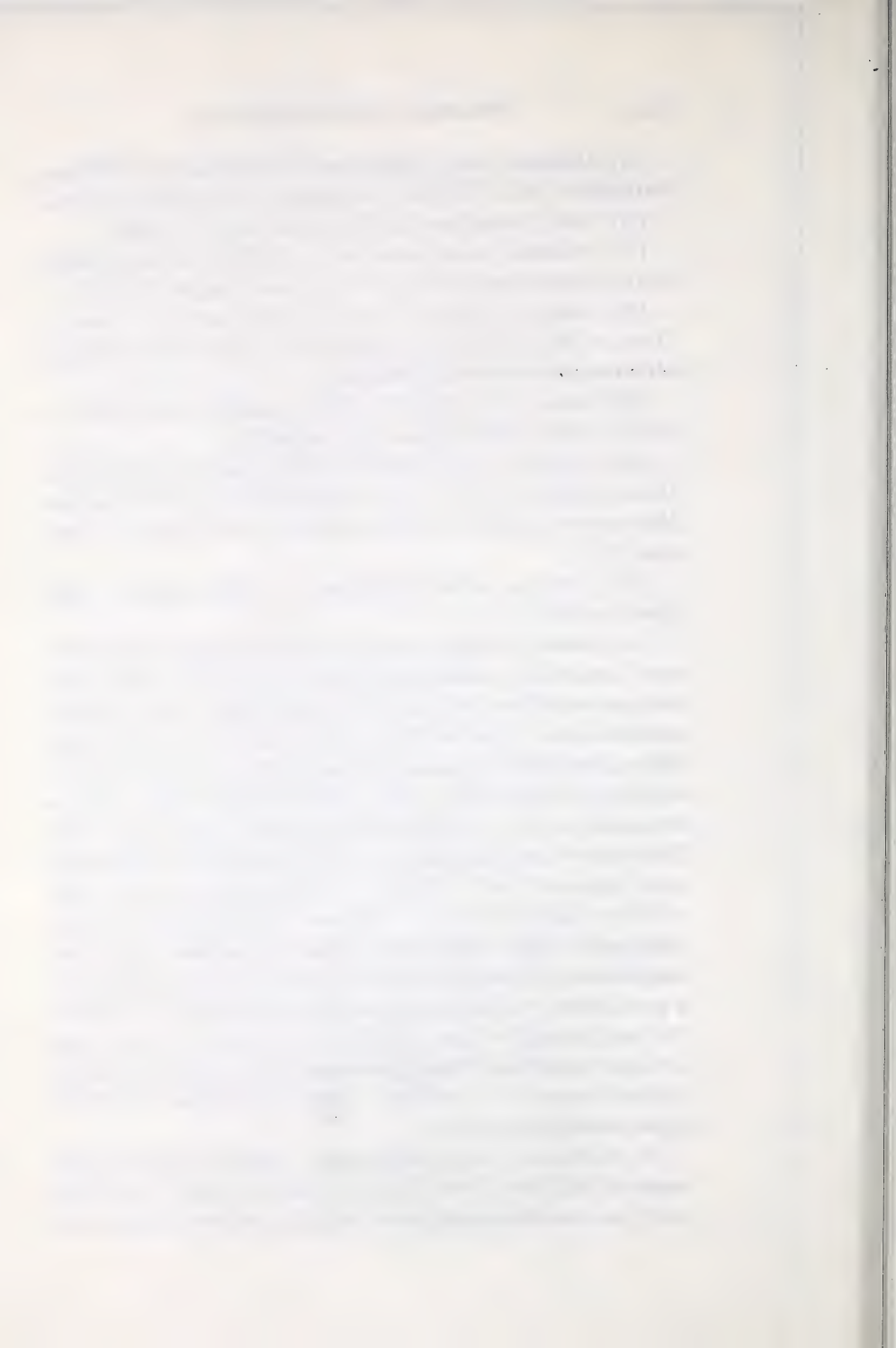
(9) Ruth, born May 29, 1800, married John Dow in 1823; lived in Barnstead; had one child.

(10) Judith, born March 18, 1802, married Nehemiah Chase in 1825; lived in Northwood, Dover, Pittsfield, and Manchester; had five children, and is now living in Syracuse, N. Y.

(11) Stevens, born November 7, 1805, married Sally Shaw in 1827.

Mr. James, the elder, paid for his land in part with what was then called continental money, which in a short time became worthless; his farm was rough and rocky, having meadows and a good mill privilege. He was a very industrious, hard-laboring man, making his farm very productive and easy of cultivation. He, together with others, built a saw-mill on his lot, which they operated spring and fall. Cranberry vines came into one of his meadows, which have been improved and cultivated by the present owner, and rendered highly valuable. He was a kind husband and an indulgent father, making his home a pleasant resort for neighbors and friends, where they were always welcome to a seat before the blazing fire in the old-fashioned fire-place. He lost the sight of one eye, also the use of one finger, and for some years his hearing was impaired, yet he was cheerful and happy in his old age. He died August 21, 1833, aged seventy-eight years.

His wife was a very industrious woman; and, like Rebecca of old, was fair to look upon, and as good as she was fair; an excellent nurse, ever ready to render assistance to



the sick in the neighborhood. She was a devout Christian, and died February 17, 1844, aged eighty-two years, having suffered for some time from an attack of paralysis.

Samuel settled in Northwood, near his father; held offices of trust in the town; accumulated a handsome property by his own industry; died July 15, 1860, aged seventy-two years.

His wife, having sustained a Christian character from her youth, and having been economical, thereby aiding in making her family prosperous and happy, still retains her physical strength and mental faculties to a remarkable degree, — now, at the age of eighty-four years, reading, knitting, and sewing without glasses; having, from January 1, 1874, to August 28, 1875 (the day she was eighty-four years old), cut and made for herself three dresses, knit forty-seven pairs of mittens, pieced, mostly from fragments, enough for twenty-three quilts, cut, braided, and sewed rags for rugs, two hundred and ninety yards, cutting her rags with shears bought by her grandmother in 1775, when her grandfather was in the army of the Revolution. Their children are: Moses G., born June 18, 1812, died January 24, 1813; Hannah L., born February 20, 1814; Samuel S., born October 11, 1820; Moses G., born November 15, 1822; Abigail G., born January 17, 1826.

Hannah L. married, for her first husband, David Langley; had three children; for her second, Gilman Batchelder.

Samuel S. married Martha G., daughter of Mr. Dudley C. Hill, and now owns and occupies the old homestead of his grandfather, Stevens James, having made great improvements on it; was for several years captain and major in the Eighteenth Regiment New-Hampshire militia, when the laws of New Hampshire required military duty to be performed; has several times held the office of selectman in the town, and for the last fourteen years has been secretary of the town fire insurance company, a school-teacher,

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and practical land-surveyor. His children are: Hattie M., born December 18, 1845; Abbie A., born June 1, 1848; Marcellus, born February 7, 1851; Frank S., born January 28, 1853, died September 21, 1858; Samuel D., born July 10, 1855; Mattie B., born September 9, 1862, and Orrin M., born March 19, 1868.

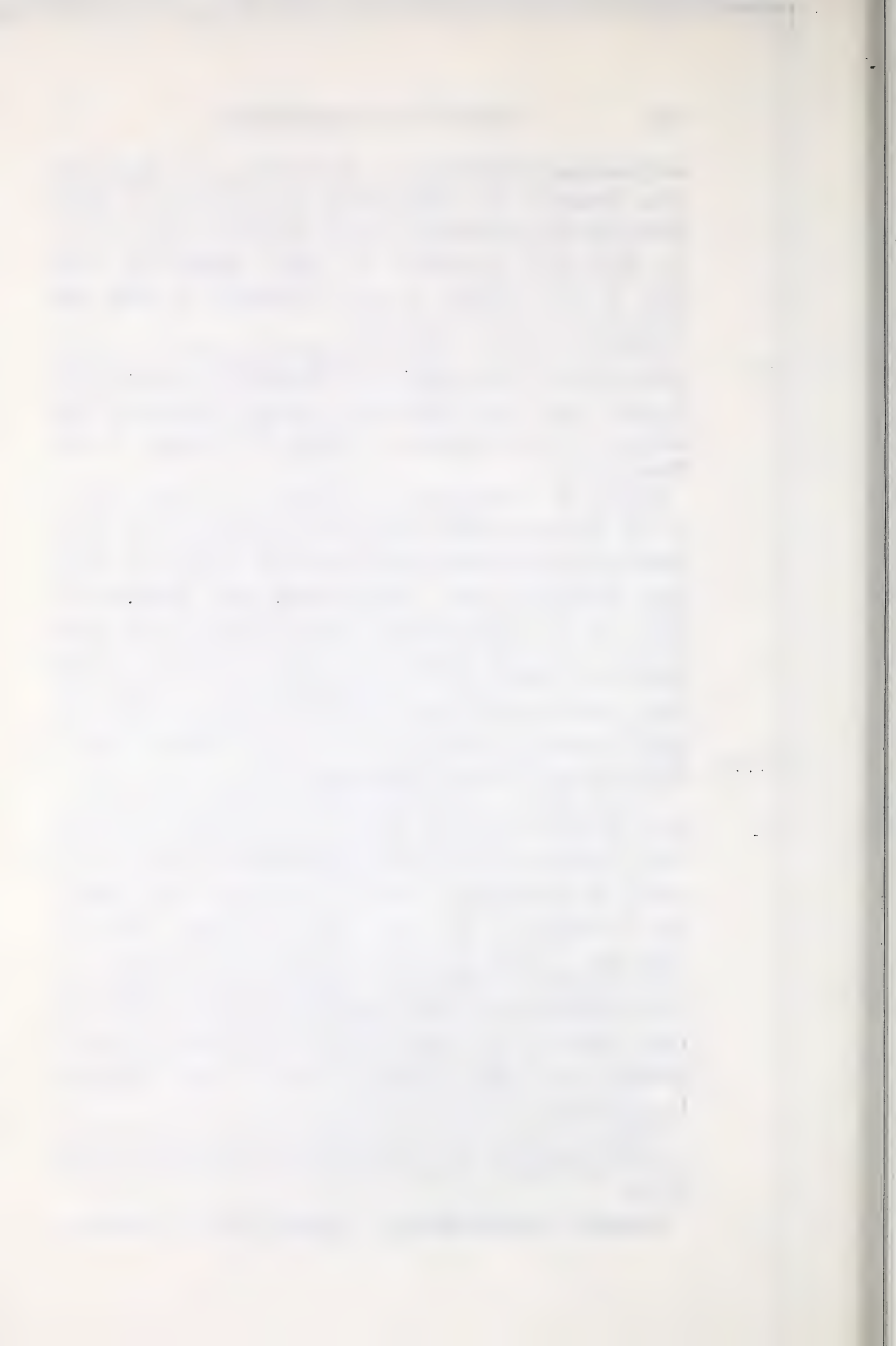
Moses G. married Dolly S., daughter of Mr. D. C. Hill, and now owns and occupies the homestead of his father, Samuel James; has held offices of trust, both civil and military; has no children. Abigail G. married W. M. Durgin, Esq.

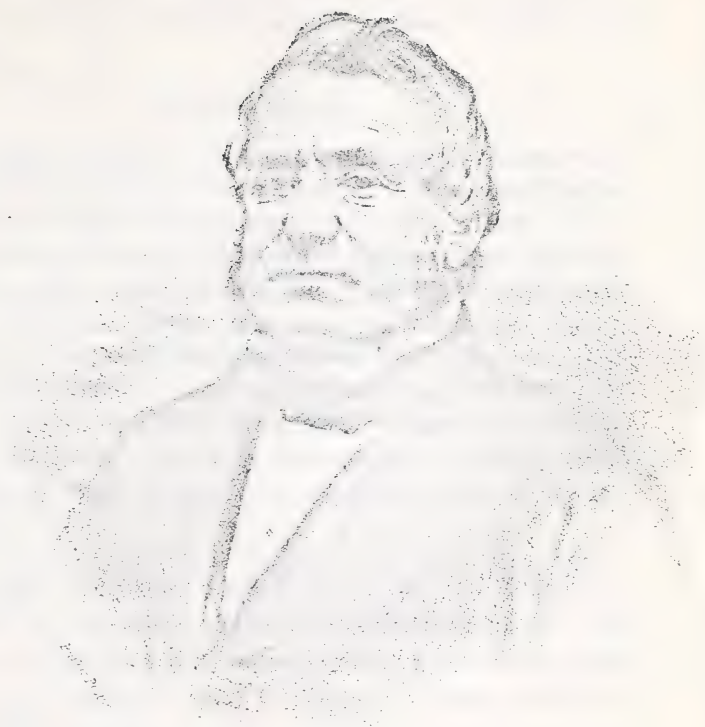
George T., a farmer by occupation, a military officer in the New-Hampshire militia, lived in Northwood, Newmarket, and Manchester, where he died August 21, 1846, aged forty-eight years. His children are: Winthrop D., born May 16, 1819, married Sarah Glidden; had three children; he died January 14, 1847; Benaiah M., born December 2, 1823, married Mary Haines; has several children; moved to Minnesota, where he now lives; Fannie A., born November 10, 1841, married a Mr. Willard; has no children; now lives in Westminster, Vt.

Stevens lived on the homestead till 1840; held offices of trust in the town and militia; was one of the leading men in building the Freewill Baptist Church in Northwood; moved to Manchester in 1840, and kept a livery-stable; died November 30, 1870, aged sixty-five years. His children are: William S., born April 24, 1828; Celistia J., born September 3, 1830, died August 19, 1833; Samuel S., born September 3, 1832; Adda H., born November 16, 1834; John S., born May 26, 1837, died July 13, 1843; Daniel C., born May 13, 1839; Sarah F., born September 13, 1843, died October 1, 1843.

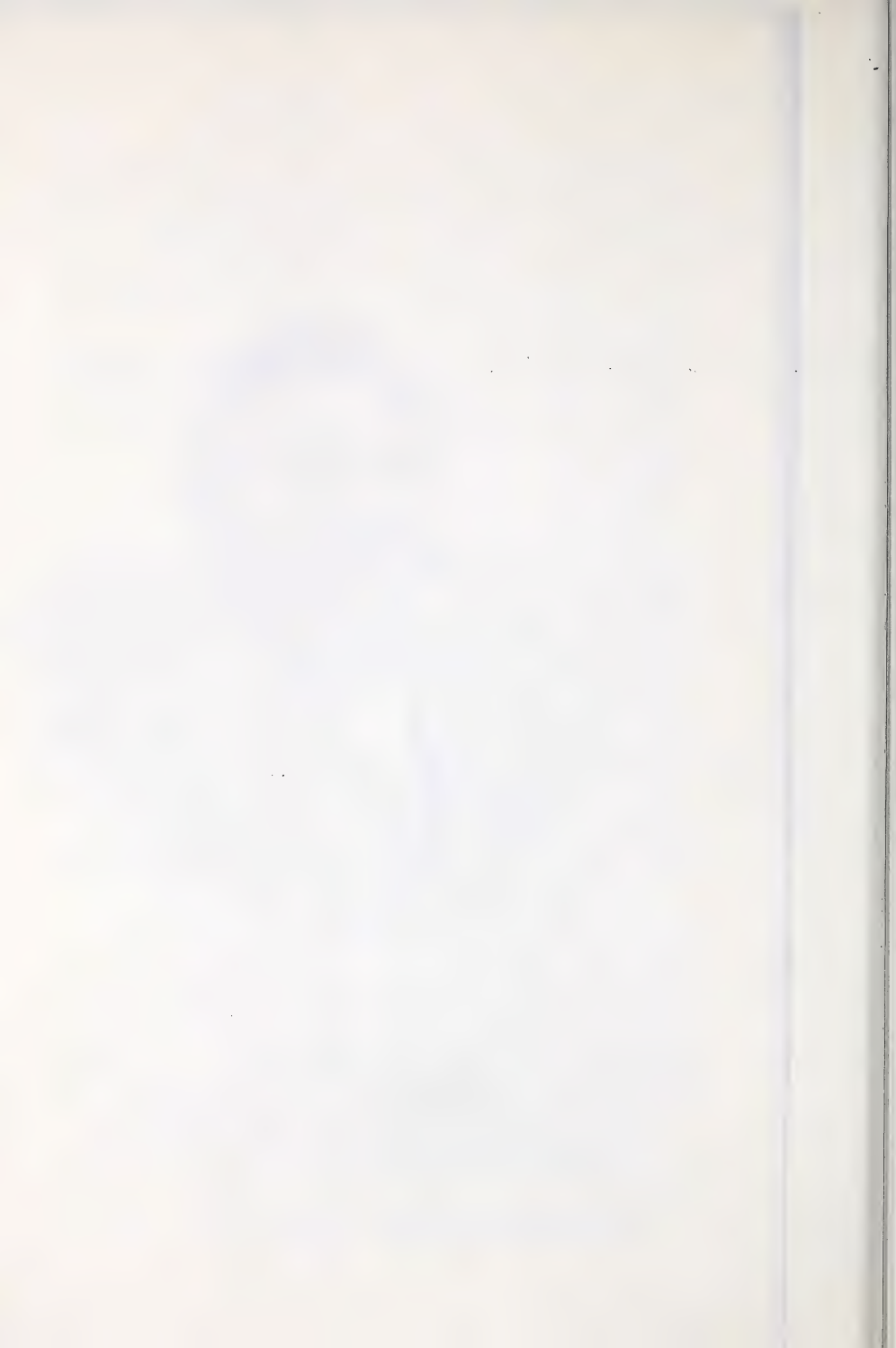
William S. married Ann McGerry, lives in Manchester; has three children; he married, for his second wife, Lydia Drake.

Samuel S. married Mary J. Marshall, lives in Manches-





Stearns J. Ames



ter, and is one of the partners in James Brothers' stable ; they have one child.

Adda H. married George W. Dodge, a shoe merchant ; lives in Manchester ; has three children.

Daniel C. married Lizzie A. Burt ; lives in Manchester ; is one of the firm in James Brothers' stable ; they have no children.

JENNESS FAMILY.

Jonathan Jenness was the son of Francis Jenness, who was born December 3, 1715, settled at Rye, married Sallie Garland, who was born November 26, 1720. Their eldest son, Jonathan, born in 1743, settled in Northwood, married Olive Cate, who was born in 1752. Jonathan's second son, Isaac, settled in Newmarket, and his third son, John, settled in Strafford, born February 17, 1750, and died January 10, 1833 ; he married Lizzie Cate, who was born June 9, 1753, and died July 9, 1839. Francis, the fourth son of Jonathan, settled at Newmarket, married Sally Batchelder, they having six daughters, all of whom married.

Besides sons, Jonathan Jenness had three daughters, Sally, Olive, and Betsey ; Sally became the wife of Thomas Demeritt of Madbury ; Olive became the wife of Joel B. Virgin of Concord ; and Betsey became the wife of Paul Hanson of Strafford ; and all three of these settled in Northwood.

John Jenness, son of Jonathan, had four sons and three daughters ; two of his sons, Peter and Lot, settled in Moultonborough ; the others, William and John, settled with their father ; William was born in 1780, and died June 14, 1848 ; his wife was Olive Johnson ; their children being one son, John Lee, and three daughters.

His brother John, born 1793, died June 22, 1840, married Isabel Johnson ; they had one daughter who became the wife of N. B. Batchelder, living in South Berwick, Me.

The American Medical Association is a non-profit corporation organized for the purpose of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. It is composed of members who are physicians and surgeons, and who are engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery. The Association is organized into sections, each of which is devoted to a particular branch of medicine or surgery. The sections are: General Medicine, Internal Medicine, Pediatrics, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Ophthalmology, Otorhinolaryngology, Dermatology, Syphilis, and Venereal Diseases. The Association also has a number of committees and subcommittees, which are charged with the task of promoting the interests of the medical profession and the public. The Association is a member of the International Medical Association, and is also affiliated with a number of other medical organizations.

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She died July 13, 1878, leaving two children, Albert and Emma.

John Lee Jenness, son of William, married Eliza Batchelder, who still survives him, having one son, Charles, residing on the homestead.

JOHNSON FAMILY.

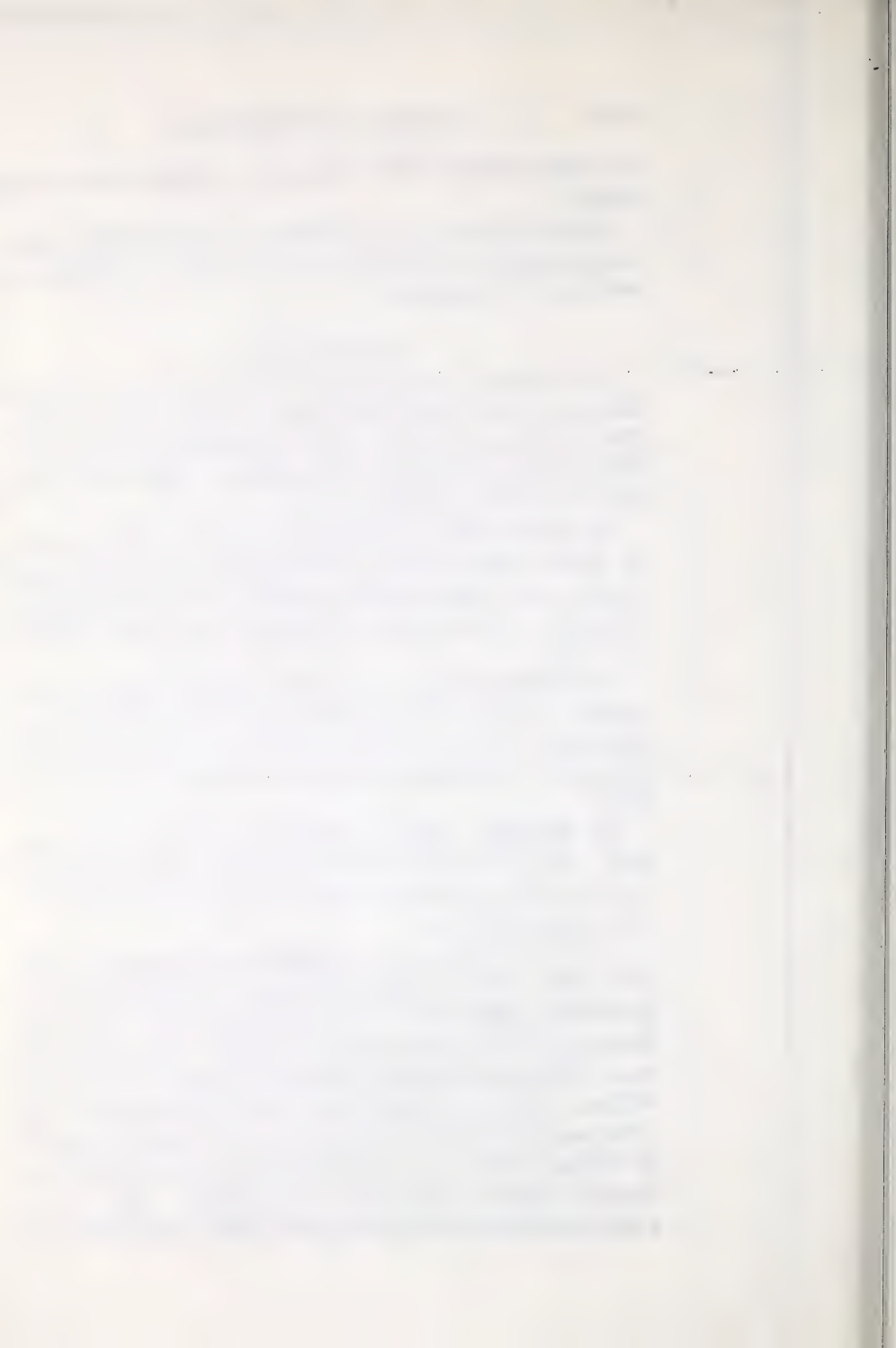
✓ (1) Edmund Johnson and his wife Mary came to Hampton (then known by its Indian name), early in 1639. He died March 10, 1651. His widow afterward married. They had three sons and one daughter. Two of the sons married and lived in Hampton.

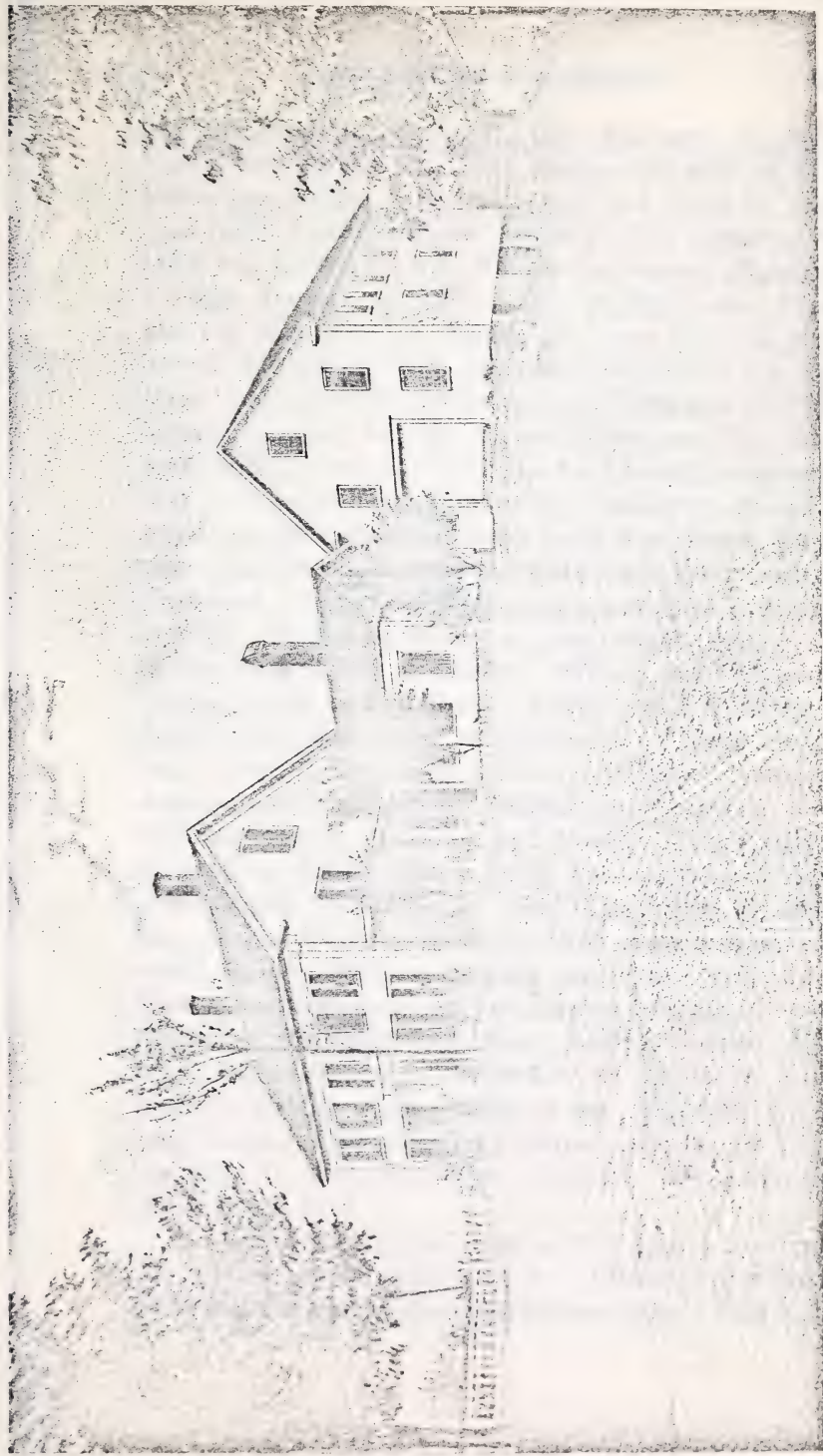
(2) James, the youngest son, born about 1643, married, in 1675, Sarah Daniel. He died June 16, 1715, aged seventy-two. They had nine children, six sons and three daughters. Their youngest child was John, born October 27, 1694.

(3) John married, June, 1718, Martha Redman, and settled in the northerly part of the town (now North Hampton). They had ten children, six sons and four daughters. Their eldest child was Benjamin, born May 5, 1719.

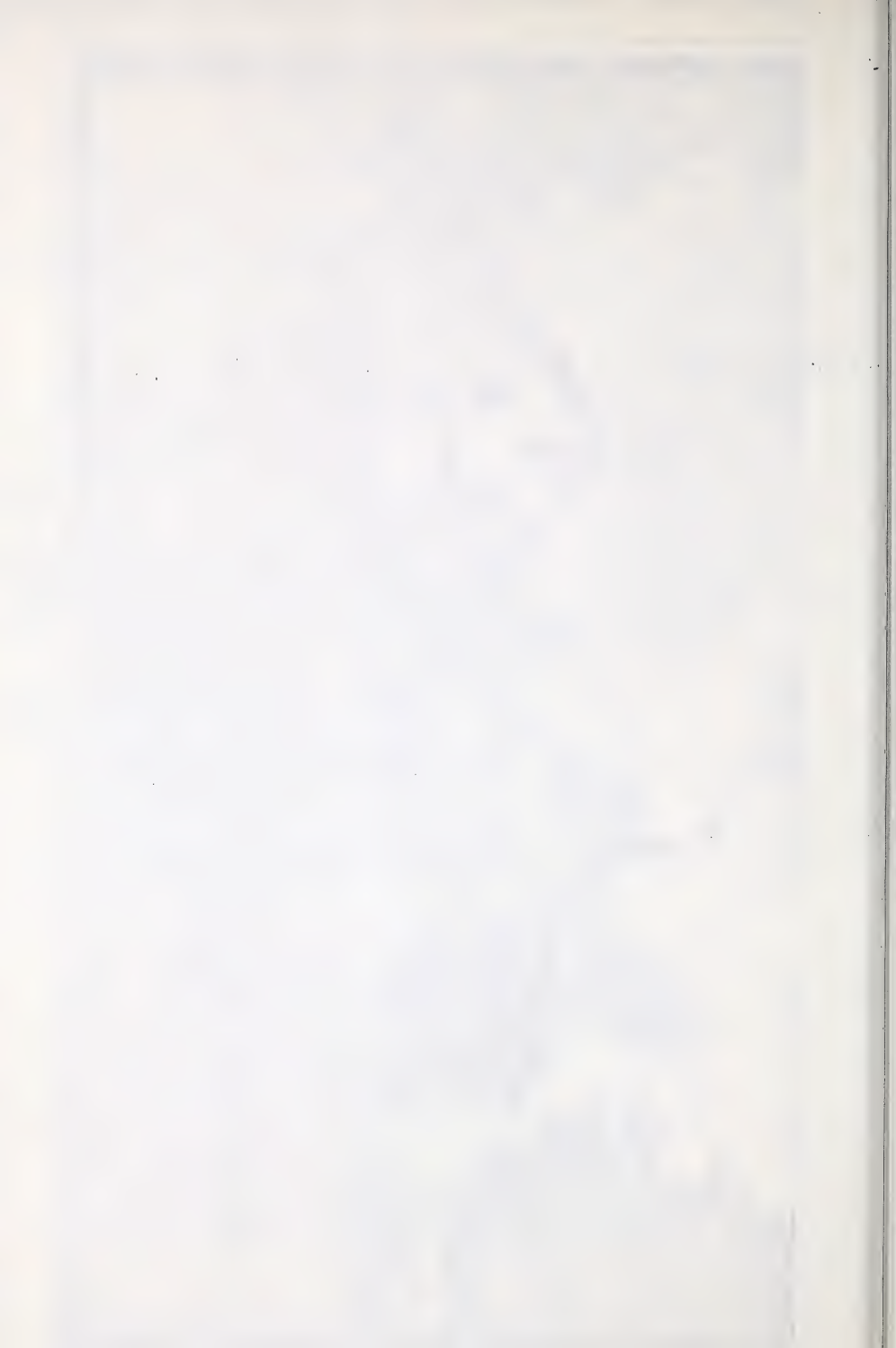
(4) Benjamin married, February 4, 1753, Rachel Garland. They removed to Northwood about 1758. He died July 2, 1811, aged ninety-two, and she died September 8, 1813, aged eighty-four.

(5) John Johnson, son of Benjamin, was born June 25, 1758. His wife was Sally, daughter of William Cate of Greenland, afterwards of Portsmouth. She was born March 14, 1765, being married in 1782. Their children were: Olive, born January 18, 1783, became the wife of William Jenness of Strafford; Isabel, born October 22, 1784, became the wife of John Jenness of Strafford, brother of William; Sally, born July 6, 1785, became the wife of Samuel Johnston, and has one daughter, Mary Ann, who became the wife of Elbridge G. Boody, they also hav-



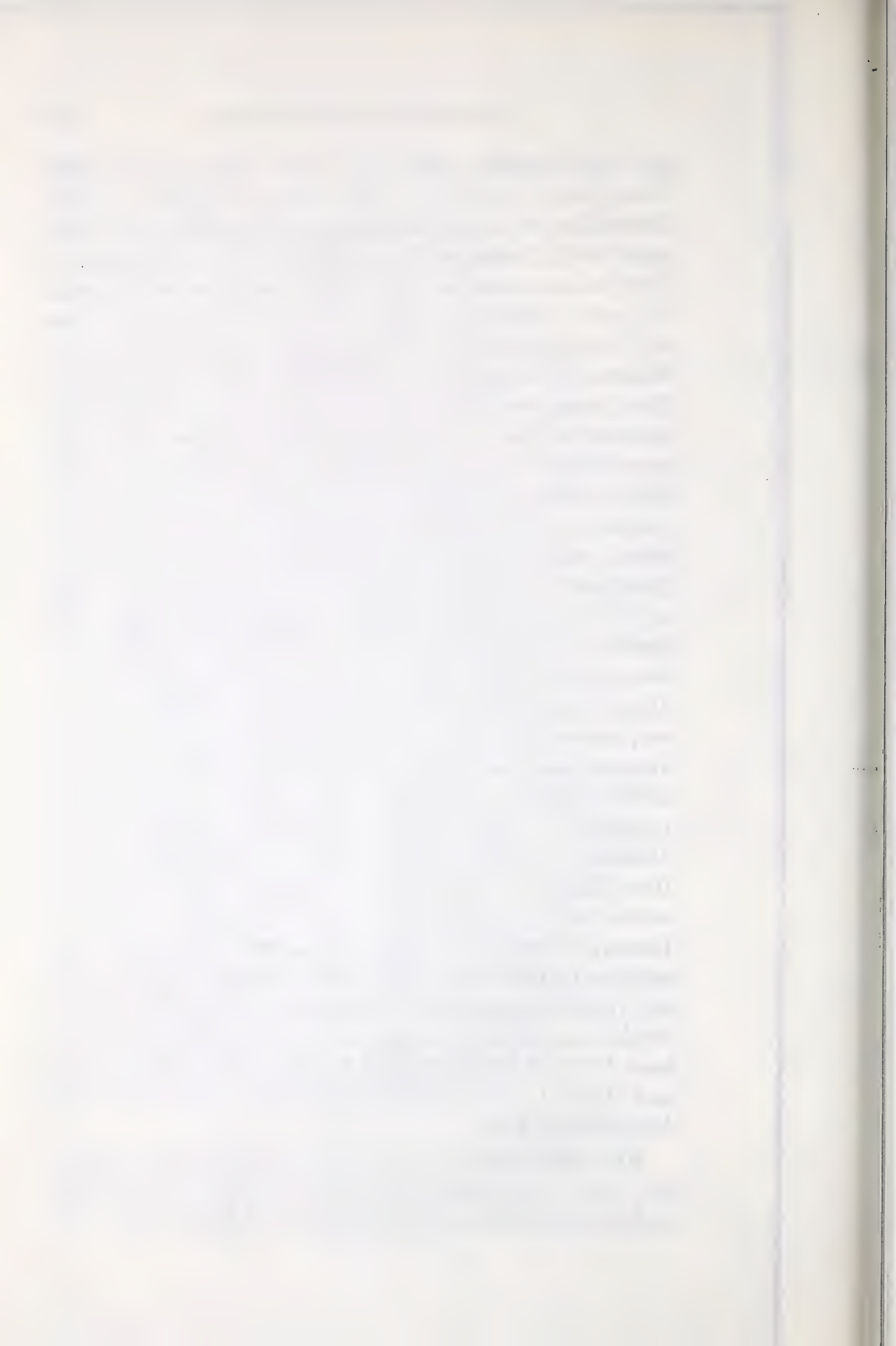


JONATHAN CATE'S RESIDENCE.



ing one daughter, Nellie B., born February 11, 1859; Nancy, born August 12, 1786, became the wife of John Batchelder, resided in Hampton, and died March 15, 1816, aged thirty, leaving children: Eliza T., born December 20, 1810, who became the wife of John Lee Jenness; Benjamin F., born January 15, 1813, living in Manchester, whose wife was Miss Jenness; Sarah A. L., born June 23, 1815, became the wife of Joel Batchelder; they have one son; Mary, daughter of John Johnson, born November 18, 1801, became the wife of Jonathan Cate of Nottingham. Mr. Cate's grandfather's name was William, who, it is believed, owned a mill in Greenland, near Concord and Portsmouth Railroad; was at one time chairman of the board of selectmen of that town; and his name appears in 1742 upon the records of Greenland, with Samuel Tucker and Eben Cate, and again in 1763. He died at the age of about eighty years. His brother John settled in Epsom. William had three sons, Joseph, Daniel, and William. Joseph was the father of John G. Cate, and settled in Northwood. William died at sea, unmarried, aged seventy-three, and Daniel married a Jenness, and remained in Nottingham; they had three children, Francis, Jonathan, and Daniel. This Jonathan married, as before stated, Mary, the daughter of John Johnson; their children are: John J., born July 30, 1831; Hon. George W., born March 10, 1834, graduated at Dartmouth College, 1862; studied law with Judge Stickney of Exeter, has represented his town in the legislature, is now member of the Senate from Essex district; married, January 1, 1873, Caroline C. Batchelder, of Amesbury, Mass., where he resides, in the practice of law; Elizabeth A. L., born March 9, 1839; Charles F., born September 19, 1841; and Mary O., born September 21, 1843. Mrs. Cate died November 2, 1870.

Mr. John Johnson was in the service of his country in the war of the Revolution, at two different enlistments, eight months, four in Rhode Island, and four in New York.

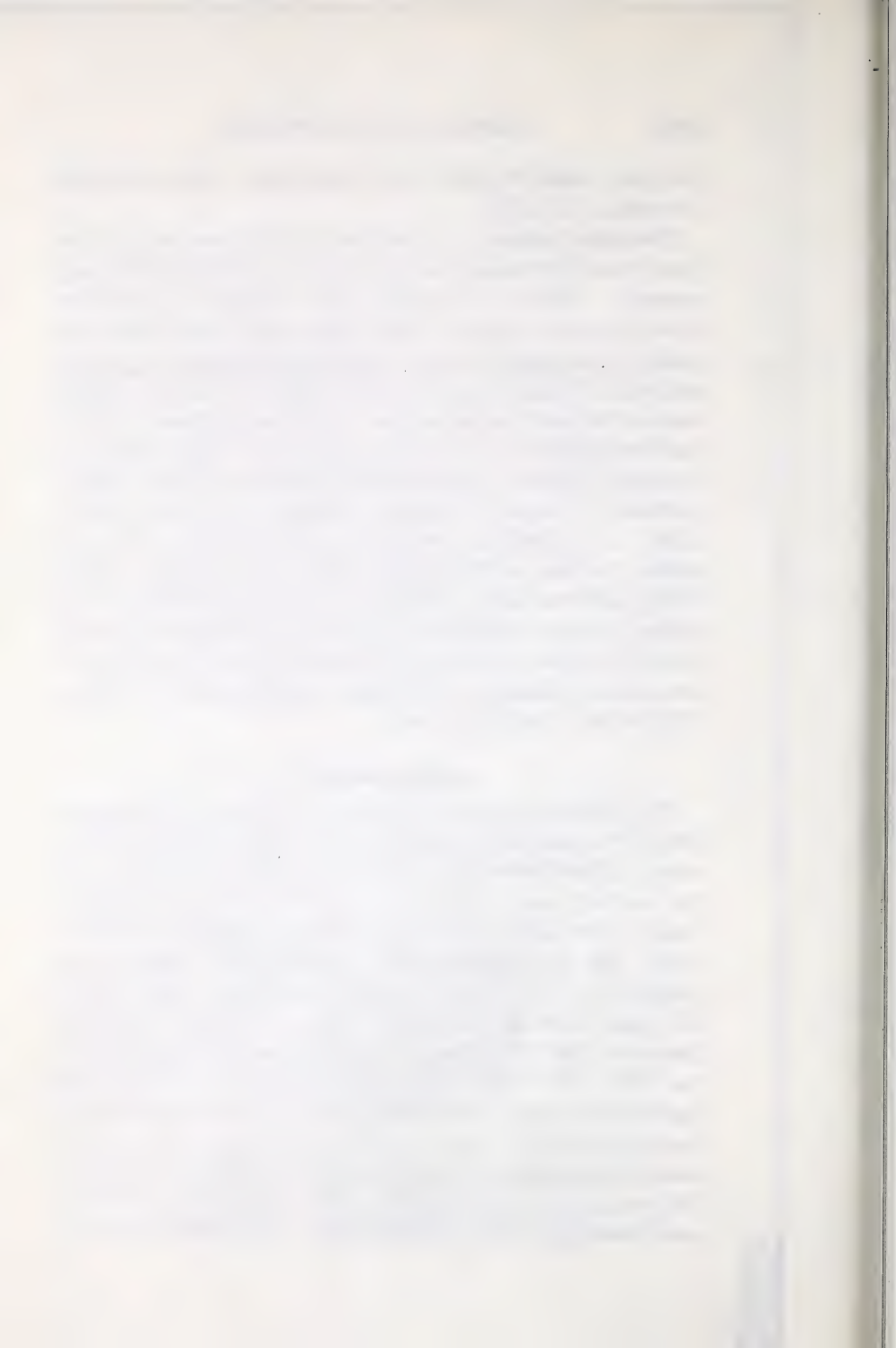


He died June 29, 1847, aged eighty-nine. His wife died November 24, 1851.

Benjamin Johnson, jr., brother of John, was one of the first from Northwood to do service in the Revolutionary struggle. News of bloodshed near Boston reached the town late one evening; the tidings flew from family to family; the people came together the following morning, and while deliberating as to what should be done, tidings came of the battle at Lexington. The "minut-men," "Volunteers enlisted for this present distress," namely, Samuel Johnson, William Woolis, Eliphalet Taylor, William Blake, Nathaniel Twombly, Benjamin Johnson, jr., Simon Batchelder, and Abraham Batchelder, start for the scene of action, uniting at Nottingham with the company under Cilley and Dearborn; they push on and reach Medford at eight o'clock on the following morning, a distance, as they must then have traveled, of at least eighty miles, and were immediately mustered into service, and posted at Winter Hill in Gen. Poor's regiment.

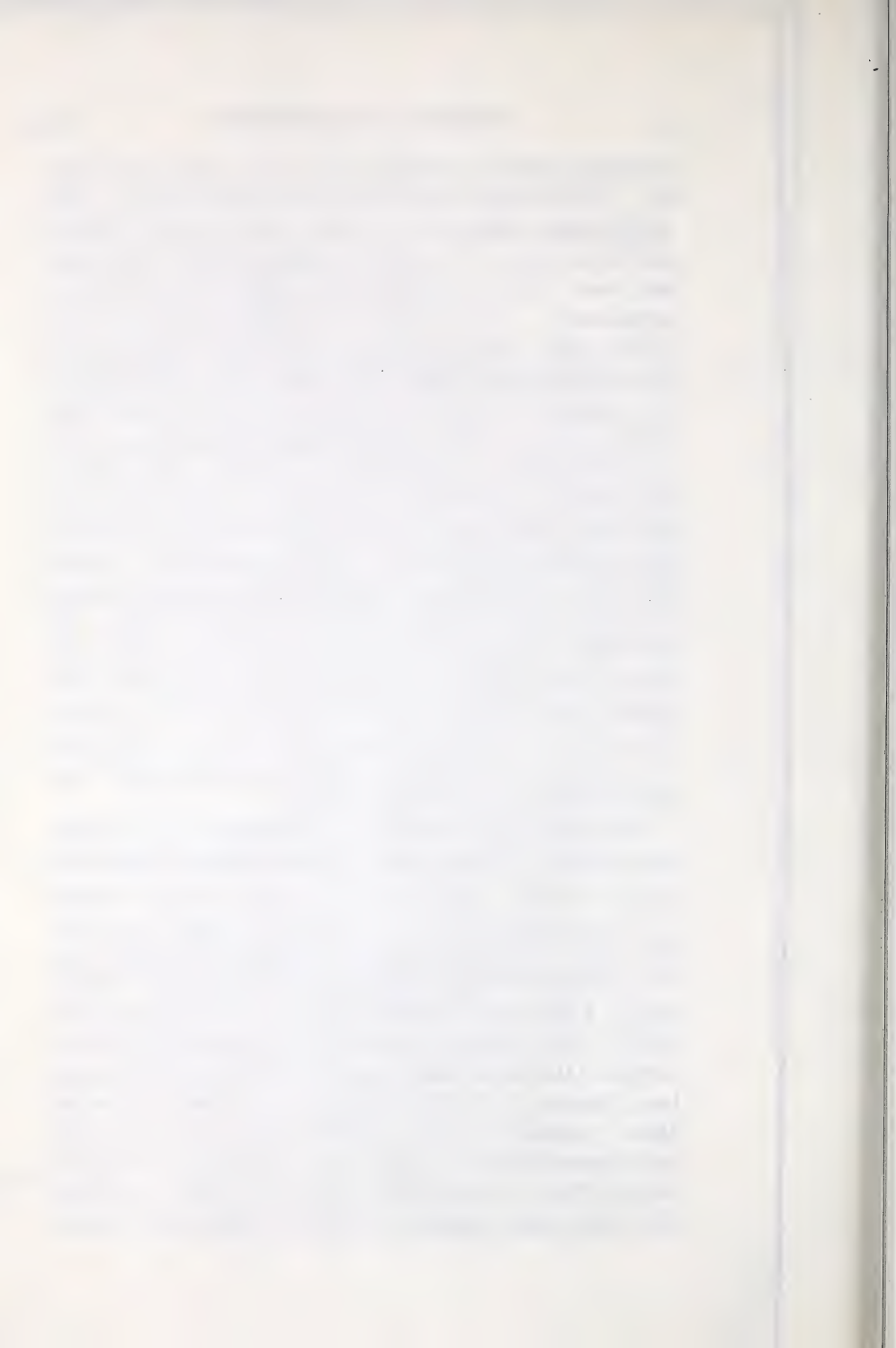
JOHNSON FAMILY.

Col. Samuel Johnson was born in Hampton September 12, 1739; married Lydia Roberts of Rye, March 1, 1762; came to Northwood November, 1765; built a log house in the orchard near the house where Woodbury M. Durgin lives; afterwards built the house where Charles O. Brown lives. On his arrival at the Narrows, Mr. Johnson encamped in the woods between two large rocks near the place where his ashes now repose. This place was long known as the "Old Camp." In the time of the Revolution he took care of the wives and children of such of his townsmen as bore arms in that cause, during the first two campaigns, but in that of 1777 he bore an active part, under a commission which gave him the rank of colonel. He was a most useful man in a new country, from his various knowledge in the mechanic arts. As a builder, he was



for many years the principal in all that part of the country. The first grist-mill at the Narrows was built by him. At the same place was soon after added the first fulling-mill in the town. For fifteen years he was a selectman, and was a member of the Congregational Church from its organization. He died March 30, 1822, and was interred in the family burying-ground near his first wife, who was there buried about fifteen years before. His children were: (1) Samuel S., born December 8, 1762; he was killed felling trees near where S. S. Johnson's house now stands, April 24, 1787; (2) Hannah, born May 1, 1765, married John Blake; moved to Monmouth, Me., where she died; (3) Lydia, born August 2, 1767, married Samuel Edgerly, and died December 4, 1822; (4) Alexander, born August 23, 1769, married Elizabeth Murry of Newmarket, February 10, 1793; settled on the home place with his father. He was known as Lieut. Johnson, and died July 9, 1835; (5) John, born February 16, 1772, was accidentally killed August 23, 1779; (6) Ruth, born July 5, 1774, married John Dow of Barnstead, and died September 16, 1828; (7) Abigail, born October 4, 1778, married Josiah Bartlett of Nottingham, where she died.

The children of Alexander Johnson were: (1) Joseph, born March 25, 1794, married Lucy Pinkham of Rochester, April 15, 1816. He built the house now owned by Samuel S. Johnson, and died May 1, 1853; (2) Bradstreet, born November 8, 1796, married Miss Bunker of Starksborough, Vt., and died November 10, 1832; (3) Lydia, born February 22, 1799, died December 29, 1831; (4) Samuel, born July 27, 1801, married Angeline Waite of Medford, Mass.; moved to Ohio, and died August 14, 1843; (5) Alexander, born October 25, 1803, married Mary Gates of Boston, Mass.; remained at home until the death of his wife; afterwards married Elizabeth Bartlett of Thornton; moved to Natick, Mass., and died May 8, 1874; (6) Mary, born May 20, 1806, died August 4, 1833; (7) Elizabeth N., born



February 13, 1810, married Charles Staniels of Chichester, and died October 25, 1834.

The children of Capt. Joseph Johnson were: (1) Ruth, born November 20, 1816, married Wilson H. Russell of Marblehead, Mass., May 4, 1854, who died May, 1869; she now lives in Chelsea, Mass.; (2) Jonathan P., born December 25, 1817, died June 6, 1818; (3) Samuel S., born January 1, 1819, married Harriet Fitts of Candia September 13, 1842, and now lives in Stoneham, Mass.; (4) Mary E., born September 20, 1821, married Thomas L. Wiggins of Newmarket, who died August 9, 1847; she afterwards married John W. Butts of New Portland, Me.; they are now living in Stoneham, Mass.; (5) Charles B., born July 1, 1826, died May 27, 1832; (6) Joseph H., born August 21, 1829, married Harriet M. C. Gammel of Charlestown, Mass., December 5, 1856, and lives in Chelsea, Mass.; (7) A. Jenness, born February 26, 1834, married Martha A. Russell of Marblehead, Mass., September 20, 1856, who died August 12, 1865; he afterwards married Sarah L. Russell of Marblehead; they now live in Chelsea, Mass.

The children of Samuel S. Johnson are: (1) Charles W., born December 8, 1844, married Anastasia Hindmarsh of Peoria, Ill., January 19, 1869; lives in Northwood; (2) John P., born January 14, 1848; lives in Stoneham, Mass.; (3) Mary L., born September 25, 1851, married W. L. Winslow of Stoneham, Mass., June 24, 1874; lives in Stoneham; (4) Edgar J. and Edward S., twins, born August 17, 1857.

KELLEY FAMILY.

John Kelley, son of the Rev. William Kelley, was born at Warner, March 7, 1786; graduated at Dartmouth College in 1804; read law with Jeremiah H. Woodman, Esq., at Meredith Bridge and Rochester; was admitted to practice January, 1808; commenced business at Henniker the next month, but removed to Northwood in November of the same year. August 18, 1817, he married Susan Hilton,

The first part of the book is devoted to a general history of the United States from its discovery by Columbus in 1492 to the present time. It covers the early years of settlement, the struggle for independence, the formation of the Constitution, and the growth of the nation. The second part of the book is devoted to a detailed history of the United States from 1789 to the present time. It covers the early years of the Republic, the struggle for independence, the formation of the Constitution, and the growth of the nation. The third part of the book is devoted to a detailed history of the United States from 1789 to the present time. It covers the early years of the Republic, the struggle for independence, the formation of the Constitution, and the growth of the nation.

The fourth part of the book is devoted to a detailed history of the United States from 1789 to the present time. It covers the early years of the Republic, the struggle for independence, the formation of the Constitution, and the growth of the nation. The fifth part of the book is devoted to a detailed history of the United States from 1789 to the present time. It covers the early years of the Republic, the struggle for independence, the formation of the Constitution, and the growth of the nation.

daughter of Lieut. Andrew Hilton; she was born July 4, 1792. In 1826-27, he was the representative of Northwood in the legislature of the state. In October, 1831, upon the death of John J. Parker, Esq., he was appointed register of probate for the County of Rockingham and removed to Exeter, soon becoming editor of the Exeter "News-Letter," retaining that position many years. In 1841 his term of office expired. In 1845 he was one of the representatives of Exeter in the legislature. In 1846-47 he was a member of the executive council. In 1842 he was elected treasurer of Phillips Exeter Academy. In 1848 he was elected a trustee of Dartmouth College. In 1849 he was appointed pension agent at Portsmouth. He died in Exeter, November 4, 1869, aged seventy-three. His children were all born in Northwood: Lavinia Bayley, born April 30, 1818; John Proctor Prentice, born January 3, 1820; Susan Hilton, born September 16, 1821; Charlotte Maria, born August 29, 1823; Caroline Emma, born March 29, 1831.

Lavinia B. married, November 22, 1837, Joseph Longfellow Cilley, and lives in Exeter, he having died August 18, 1868; their children being: Bradbury L., one of the professors in Phillips Exeter Academy, who married Amanda Morris of Great Falls, and whose children are Frank, Morris, and Lavinia; John Kelley, now of the firm Belt and Cilley, New York, who married Ellen R. Hutchins of Bath, and has for children, Arthur H. and Alice; Jacob P., who married Eugenia D. Davis of Exeter; Joseph L., living in New York; Alice L.; George E., living in Boston; Edward Hilton; Harriet S., and Emma.

John Proctor Prentice married Harriet N. Safford of Concord, January 10, 1861, resides in Exeter, and is of the firm Kelley and Gardner, hardware dealers.

Susan H. married Capt. Charles Emery of Springfield, Mass., a ship-master; their children being: Mary Abbott, who married Rev. Dr. Twing of New York; Susan H.;

John A., who married and resides in Oregon; Theresa, Julia, Charles, Carrie, and Helen.

Caroline, the youngest daughter of the Hon. John Kelley, married Rev. William F. Davis of Boston. Mrs. Davis is well known as the writer of popular Sunday-school books.

Mr. Kelley was characterized by integrity. All who knew him confided in him, finding him faithful to every trust committed to him. His generosity was great, his heart overflowing with sympathy for all forms of sorrow and want. The unfortunate never appealed to him in vain. He was a peace-maker, discouraging all unnecessary litigation, and striving to effect reconciliation between belligerent parties at the sacrifice of his own advantage. He demonstrated that it was possible to be a lawyer, and, at the same time, a Christian gentleman, controlled by his convictions of duty and the teachings of the Bible.

Mr. Kelley was a man of fine literary tastes. As an editor of a journal, he showed himself possessed of rare scholarly attainments. His editorials were lively and attractive, while they were discriminating and just. He was a man of keen wit, quick at repartee, and a prince of story-tellers. Hence he was a most genial associate, attracting to himself a host of friends and many admirers. Of him Northwood will long make her boast as one of her Christian citizens.

KIMBALL FAMILY.

Solomon Kimball, son of Solomon, was born in Bradford, Mass., April 5, 1772; he married Mary, daughter of Deacon Jonathan Shepard, born in Haverhill, Mass., December 31, 1770; they were married in 1792. This Solomon died July 25, 1825, and his wife died June 24, 1830; their children were: Hazen, born October 8, 1794; Mary G.; Sarah Trask; Caroline; Adaline, died May 1, 1822; Fannie S., died January 11, 1831; Mary G., who married James V. Ayer.

Hazen married, April, 1822, Nancy, daughter of John

Furber of Northwood, and died March 9, 1861; she was born August 9, 1803, died March 18, 1874; their children were: (1) Emily S., born November 17, 1823; (2) John F., born December 21, 1825; (3) Adaline F., born December 31, 1827; (4) Mary S., born January 2, 1830, died April 29, 1845; (5) James A., born February 28, 1832, died December 18, 1874; (6) Annie C., born March 14, 1837, died July 22, 1863; (7) Olla F., born June 21, 1838; (8) Lewis E., born December 23, 1839; (9) Edward H., born April 10, 1842; (10) Charles L., born January 16, 1845; (11) William C., born June 24, 1849.

Emily S. married, September 20, 1854, John Garvith, a native of England, and lived in New Bedford, Mass.; they had four children; Emmie Shepard, died February 22, 1857; Albert Bigelow, born November 14, 1858, died December 3, 1860; Fannie Western, born October 21, 1860. This John Garvith died September 19, 1874, and his widow died January 9, 1876.

John F. married Mary Elsworth of Newburyport, Mass., in 1852, and they have one daughter, Emma Frances.

Adaline F. married Abisha Western of Wareham, Mass., in 1849; she died October 5, 1866, leaving no issue.

Mary died aged fifteen.

James A. married Emma Kendall of Providence, R. I., and died without issue.

Anna Caroline died aged twenty-five.

Lewis married, January 1, 1869, Fannie Davis of Manchester, lives on the homestead, and is a merchant at East Northwood; has one son, Howard Gilman, born November 28, 1869.

Edward H. married, January 8, 1870, Mary Adelaide, daughter of the late Mark P. Hill; is in partnership with his brother Lewis, and has children: Carrie Gertrude, born January 12, 1872, and Albert Bigelow, born May 1, 1873.

Charles Loring and William Cole are unmarried.

The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and its history is therefore a history of growth and development. The second is the fact that the United States is a large nation, and its history is therefore a history of expansion and conquest. The third is the fact that the United States is a diverse nation, and its history is therefore a history of conflict and compromise.

The fourth is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and its history is therefore a history of assimilation and integration. The fifth is the fact that the United States is a nation of pioneers, and its history is therefore a history of exploration and discovery. The sixth is the fact that the United States is a nation of entrepreneurs, and its history is therefore a history of innovation and progress.

The seventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of reformers, and its history is therefore a history of social and political change. The eighth is the fact that the United States is a nation of idealists, and its history is therefore a history of high aspirations and noble goals. The ninth is the fact that the United States is a nation of dreamers, and its history is therefore a history of vision and hope.

The tenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of achievers, and its history is therefore a history of success and accomplishment. The eleventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of leaders, and its history is therefore a history of guidance and inspiration. The twelfth is the fact that the United States is a nation of heroes, and its history is therefore a history of courage and sacrifice.

The thirteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of visionaries, and its history is therefore a history of foresight and planning. The fourteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of visionaries, and its history is therefore a history of foresight and planning. The fifteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of visionaries, and its history is therefore a history of foresight and planning.

The sixteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of visionaries, and its history is therefore a history of foresight and planning. The seventeenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of visionaries, and its history is therefore a history of foresight and planning. The eighteenth is the fact that the United States is a nation of visionaries, and its history is therefore a history of foresight and planning.

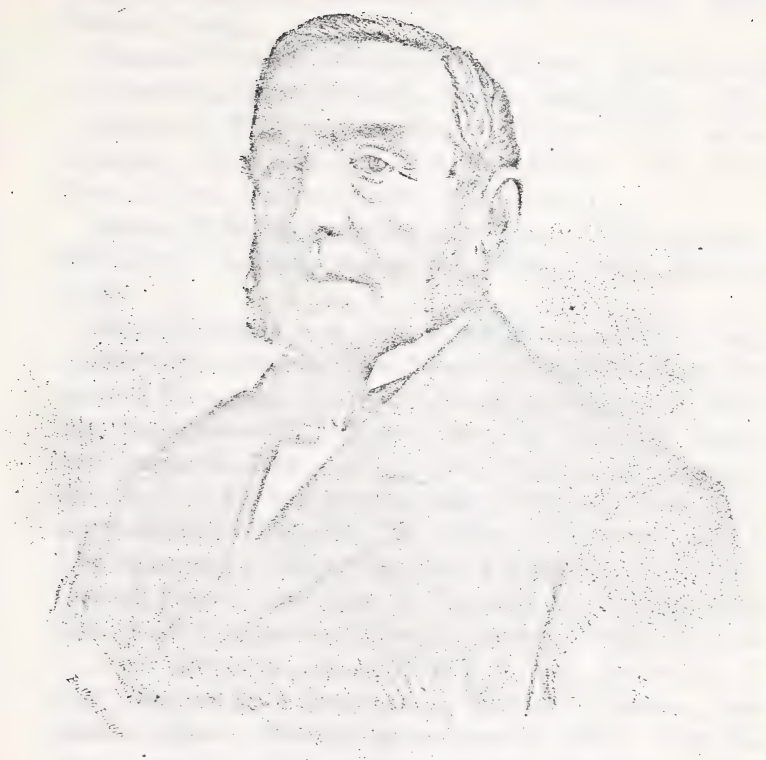
KNOWLTON FAMILY.

Thomas Knowlton was born in the town of Hampton, January 6, 1708, and died in Northwood, March 23, 1774. Amy Knowlton, his wife, was born 1714, and died October 6, 1791. He lived in the town of Kensington from 1739 to 1759. He had three sons, Jonathan, Thomas, and Ebenezer. "The 19th day of March, 1767, in the seventh year of His Majesty's Reign," Jonathan Knowlton bought fifty acres of land in the province of Nottingham and parish of Northwood, and paid for this land thirty pounds lawful money. This land was a part of the fifth lot, and in the eighth range, and located in what is now called school-district No. 2. In the summer of 1768 he built him a log house on this land, and moved into it in the fall of the same year. His family consisted at this time of himself, wife, and four children. Previous to this time he had lived in the town of Epping, from 1762 to 1768. In the year 1774 he bought fifty acres more of land. In the year 1777, Jonathan and Thomas bought one hundred and fifty-six acres. This lot was part of lot number seven, in the seventh range,—paid for the same twelve shillings lawful money.

It is not known what year Thomas and Ebenezer came to this town. Thomas settled on land near what is called Lucas Pond. Ebenezer settled on land near the base of Saddleback Mountain. The old farm is now owned by Joseph C. Harvey.

Thomas Knowlton, the father of Jonathan, Thomas, and Ebenezer, was a very large and powerfully built man, measuring in height six feet four inches; his three sons were also very large men, weighing about two hundred and twenty-five pounds each, and measuring in height six feet or more.

Jonathan Knowlton, the first of the Knowltons who settled in this town, was born in the town of Kensington, June, 1739; Ruth Page, his wife, was born June 16, 1739; and



Respt Yours
Henry Knowlton



they were married April 29, 1762. Names of Jonathan's children: Susannah, William, Sarah, Betty, David, — the first Knowlton born in Northwood, September 10, 1770, — Lydia, Patience, Dolly, Jonathan, Polly.

Names of Thomas Knowlton's children: Asa, Nathan, Stephen, Sherburn, Jeremiah, Joseph, Ebenezer, Sally, Hannah, Nancy.

Names of Ebenezer Knowlton's children: James, Hosea C., Charlotta, Shuah, Sally B., Nancy, Betsy, Ruth, Lydia.

Names of William Knowlton's children: Ruth, John, Jonathan, Miles, Samuel, Thomas, William and David (twins), Jane, Nathaniel and David (twins).

Names of David Knowlton's children: Oliver, Samuel, Eliphalet D., George, George W., Hittie, Rhody, Harriett, Lydia.

Miles Knowlton was born November 25, 1793; Nancy Demeritt, his wife, was born February 28, 1800; they were married November 28, 1816. Names of children of Miles and Nancy Knowlton: Henry, born June 25, 1819; James, born August 5, 1821, married Mary J. Morrison; Roxana, born April 1, 1823, married Stephen Tuttle of Dover; second husband, William H. H. Furber of Boston; Alfred, born December 2, 1824; Angelina W., born April 19, 1827, married John B. Morrison of Northwood; Elizabeth, born October 15, 1828, married Eben F. James of Deerfield; John P., born March 26, 1831; Daniel C., born December 15, 1832, married Mary Dearborn of Deerfield; Gardner, born June 25, 1834; Charles, born June 25, 1836; Ann M., born August 30, 1837, married Jonathan Morrison of New York; Olive J., born February 7, 1839, married Newton J. Tilton of Deerfield.

Henry Knowlton married Mary W. Morrison of Holderness, February 14, 1841. Names of Henry and Mary Knowlton's children: Electa A. and Abbie S.; Electa married John F. Cotton of Northwood; Abbie S. married John W. Lasky of Lynn, Mass.

Names of Jonathan Knowlton's children : Mayhew P., Alonzo F., George H., Mary J.

Names of Nathaniel Knowlton's children : Emery M., John B., Plummer C., Eliza A., Mary E., Melissa J., Francena A.

Names of William Knowlton's children : Charles T. B., James W., Mary, Helen, Addliza, Josephine, Emma.

Jonathan, Miles, William, and Nathaniel Knowlton were brothers, and sons of William Knowlton who came to this town with his father in the year 1767.

KNOWLES FAMILY.

John Knowles went from Cambridge to North Hampton, and married Jemima, daughter of Francis Asten, July 10, 1660. He died at North Hampton, December 5, 1705. They had five children ; three died quite young ; only two were married, John, jr., and Simon. John, jr., was born February 6, 1661. He married Susanna — ; they had several children ; among them was one Ezekiel, who was born June 29, 1687, and married Mary Wedgewood of North Hampton, January 31, 1712. They had a number of children ; one, named David, was baptized when an infant, November 21, 1725. He married Deborah —. They had seven children : David, born August 23, 1751 ; Simeon, born December 20, 1755 ; Ezekiel, born April 16, 1758 ; Hannah, born October 3, 1760 ; Samuel, born May 17, 1763 ; Deborah, born August 15, 1767 ; Nathan, born May 9, 1770. David and Simeon settled in Northwood.

(1) David married Mary Hobbs of North Hampton, September 5, 1776, who was born March 29, 1755. They had four children ; viz., Morris, David, Jonathan, and Jesse.

(1) Morris Knowles, born at Northwood, January 7, 1780, died November 28, 1834, married Polly, daughter of Philip Caverly of Strafford, December 8, 1801, who was born July 2, 1777, and died March 6, 1859. Their children are : (1) David C. Knowles, born September 12

1805, married Mary, born November 5, 1805, daughter of Joseph Cate of Strafford, June 1, 1826, and resides in Bradford, Mass., an inn-keeper on the temperance plan; (2) Charles Knowles, born October 9, 1807, died August 26, 1813; (3) Morris Knowles, jr., born February 6, 1810, married Sarah, born March 20, 1811, daughter of Ephraim Green of Pittsfield, January 19, 1836, and lives in Lawrence, Mass.; their children are as follows: Emma, born December 21, 1838, married Caleb W. Hanson, M. D., of Barnstead, now of Northwood, December 21, 1859; they have one child, Nellie B., born October 10, 1863; Charles Edwin, born August 20, 1841, married Ellen B. Richardson of Rumford, Me., May 20, 1866; they have one child, Morris Knowles, born October 13, 1869; George Alvin, born July 12, 1844, married Frances H. Roberts of Lawrence, Mass., April 29, 1866, died July 27, 1867, leaving one daughter, Etta, born July 26, 1867; Elbert Henry, born May 24, 1846, died November 30, 1846; Frank Clinton, born December 19, 1847, died May 25, 1848; Clara Bell, born June 23, 1849, married Charles H. Smith of Lawrence, Mass., April 29, 1867; their children are: Ida, born June 4, 1870, and Cora, born December 24, 1871; Grace Knowles, born April 16, 1854, died August 28, 1854; (4) Jefferson Knowles, born November 24, 1811, married Abigail J., born May 9, 1813, daughter of John Batchelder of Strafford, Vt., December 11, 1835; Mr. Knowles died August 8, 1878; their children are as follows: Emma J., born April 30, 1837, married James S. Cheney of Manchester, February 26, 1865, who died February 16, 1873; she died July 16, 1873; Elizabeth, born July 5, 1840, married Arthur Bunton of Manchester, November 14, 1866; they have one child, Arthur, born May 27, 1868; Grace E., born October 23, 1858; (5) Caverly Knowles, born August 7, 1814, married Almira, born February 18, 1818, daughter of John Haley of Lee, November 16, 1842, and resides in Northwood, a merchant on Clark's Hill; their children are: Sa-

rah Adelia, born July 19, 1845, married Lewis F. Hanson of Barnstead, February 25, 1867, a merchant in Newmarket; their children are: Grace K., born October 28, 1871, Hattie M., born July 30, 1873, Lizzie Mira, born March 21, 1876; Mary Caverly, born August 12, 1849, died June 21, 1851; Frank Morris, born February 22, 1853, married Clarrie F., daughter of Samuel H. Furber of Northwood, December 16, 1875, now a merchant with his father; (6) William Knowles, born July 24, 1816, married Ann Jane, born September 19, 1819, daughter of Nathaniel Tasker of Northwood, October 12, 1838; resides in Janesville, Wis.; a merchant, first at Northwood, then removed to Janesville; their children are: Ann Marentha, born October 12, 1839, married John Hayes Wingate of Janesville, Wis., October 12, 1858, son of the late Deacon John C., and grandson of the late John Wingate, Esq., of Northwood; their children are as follows: Charles Hayes, born December 22, 1859, Nellie Jane, born April 24, 1861, died October 8, 1864, Henry Knowles, born May 23, 1865, Willie Snell, born March 28, 1868, Fannie May, born September 16, 1869; Alice Augusta Knowles, born June 28, 1843, married David Allen Hudson of Rushford, Minn., January 3, 1870. They have one child, Henry, born September 28, 1871; Willie Tasker, born February 4, 1850, died January 9, 1853. William Knowles married, second, Emily A., born July 31, 1824, daughter of Mark Hill of Northwood, May 19, 1852; their children are: Willie Haven, born June 16, 1854, died October 2, 1855; Fannie Grace, born February 20, 1857; Eddie Herbert, born July 3, 1859, died September 5, 1859; Freddie William, born September 30, 1861; Mark Morris, born December 19, 1866, died April 27, 1869; Louis W., born July 12, 1872; (7) Smith Knowles, born May 26, 1819, married Harriet T., born July 8, 1817, daughter of Nathaniel Durgin of Northwood, December 8, 1842; they have one child, Henry Smith, born August 20, 1848, married Genella, daughter of Jonathan D. Cate of

Deerfield, September 26, 1872, now a merchant in Epsom ; they have one child, William Henry, born June 24, 1875 ; (8) Mary Jane Knowles, born April 26, 1821 ; unmarried, residing in Bradford, Mass.

(2) David, son of David, 2d, and brother of Morris, was born August 8, 1783, married Sally Batchelder January 1, 1807. She was born March 9, 1783, and died December 30, 1867 ; he died August 30, 1865. Their children are : (1) Lydia, born October 24, 1807, married Samuel Tasker of Strafford ; (2) Jacob L., born May 18, 1809, married Sarah Johnson August 12, 1842, and resides in Boston. Their children are : Ellen F., born July 14, 1843 ; Horace J., born May 23, 1855, died October 14, 1855 ; Arthur J., born January 3, 1857 ; (3) Mary, born March 29, 1811, died October 7, 1859 ; married Joseph Wiswell of Boston ; their children are : Mary D., Charlotte, and Stephen ; (4) Sarah B., born October 23, 1814, married Freeman Bowker of Boston October 8, 1837, who was born September 23, 1810 ; their children are : Edwin Freeman, born April 17, 1840, married, December 24, 1872, Jennie Hodorth Wellington, who was born in New York City November 23, 1840 ; they reside in Cambridge, Mass. ; Henrietta Florence, born September 1, 1852, died January 9, 1853 ; Charles Alfred, born January 20, 1854, died in Northwood August 8, 1865 ; these children were all born in Boston : (5) Caroline, born September 13, 1816, married John Smith of Pittsfield July 3, 1856, having one son, Freeman, born December 7, 1858 ; (6) Catherine, born September 13, 1816, died October 23, 1835 ; (7) Harrison, born December 7, 1818, died February 25, 1850 ; (8) Sophronia, born August 13, 1822, and is unmarried ; (9) Samuel, born November 1, 1824, died November 24, 1873.

Jonathan Knowles, born November 10, 1789, married, April 16, 1815, Mary P. Pillsbury, born April 13, 1796. Their children are : Mary C., born July 28, 1816, married Perry Sawyer of Nottingham November 29, 1840 ; Eliza-

beth J., born February 23, 1818, married Jefferson Sawyer of Lee November 29, 1840. Their children are: M. Francena J., born November 4, 1845, married J. P. Eaton September 10, 1869; M. Arabelle, born December 9, 1846; Frances D., born July 5, 1850, died August 26, 1854; Francillo J., born July 5, 1850, died March 12, 1851; Hattie B., born December 6, 1856; Charles L., born March 28, 1860; Charles H. Knowles, born July 7, 1820, married Mehitable M. Tarr of Newmarket, November 9, 1843, who died January 29, 1855. Their children are: Mary H., born June 24, 1847, died August 27, 1848; Charles V., born September 16, 1849.

Charles H. Knowles married Mary J. Dickinson of Springfield, Mass., June 19, 1872.

Hannah C. Knowles, born April 13, 1824, married Charles C. Tasker of Strafford December 4, 1847; Arianna M., their daughter, was born January 20, 1853.

James J. Knowles, born March 18, 1826, married Mary F. Burnham of Concord September 10, 1866, who died October 4, 1866. He married, May 25, 1876, Loraine A. Jenkins.

George W. Knowles, born October 22, 1829, married Martha F. Batchelder June 25, 1859. M. Blanche, their daughter, was born August 24, 1869.

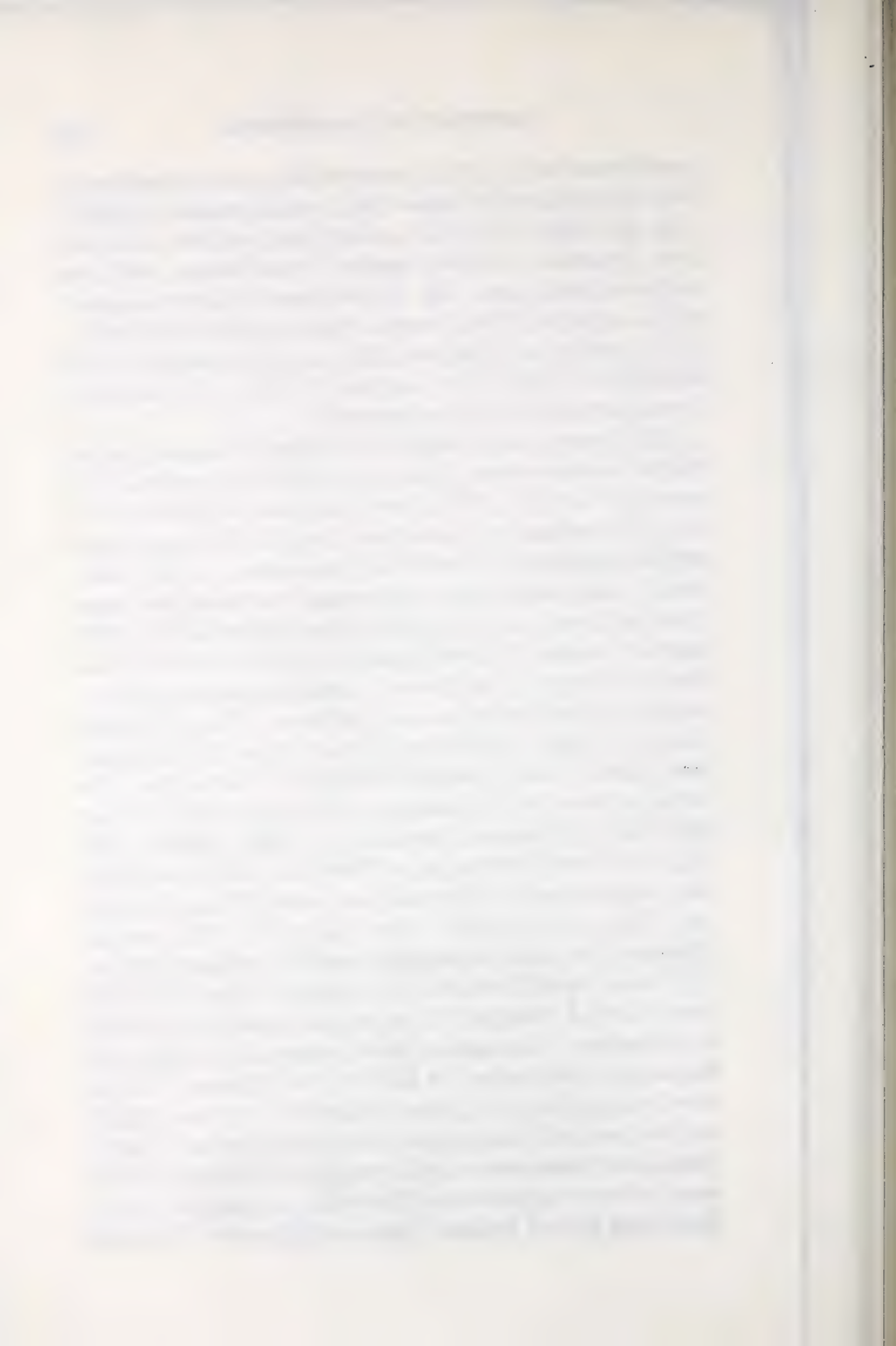
Jefferson A. Knowles, born June 14, 1833, married Fannie M. Tower of Lowell, Mass., November 8, 1864. Their children are as follows: Blanche, born March 12, 1866, died August 16, 1866; Herbert T., born August 3, 1871, died October 13, 1874; Annie F., born October 9, 1873.

Jonathan Knowles died June 14, 1864; Mary P. Knowles died February 9, 1874.

(4) Jesse, son of David Knowles, jr., born February 3, 1798, married, September 2, 1825, Eliza, daughter of James Pillsbury, and sister of Deacon Haley Pillsbury. He died January 12, 1856, and she December 6, 1861. She was born September 25, 1805. Their children are: (1) David,

born December 15, 1827, married Mary Ann, daughter of John Batchelder of Strafford, Vt., born September 23, 1827, who died March 28, 1857, leaving one daughter, Atta M., born September 20, 1854, married Frank Harris, and lives in Springfield, Mass. Mr. Knowles married, for his second wife, August 14, 1860, Louisa Bigelow, who died June 9, 1875, leaving one daughter, Ella L.; (2) James H., born September 6, 1830, died August 4, 1865; (3) Jesse M., born February 3, 1846; unmarried.

(2) Simeon, son of David and Deborah Knowles, settled where his descendant, Deacon Levi Knowles, resides. He married, March 15, 1776, Mary, daughter of Abraham Tilton of Stratham, who was born July 11, 1757, and came with her husband to Northwood soon after. A log house, rudely constructed in the wilderness, was their first home. Their children were: (1) Polly, born September 27, 1777, married, August 27, 1806, David Sawyer of Deerfield, and lived at the foot of Saddleback Mountain, subsequently removing to Lee, having one son, Jefferson. This Polly died March 20, 1850; (2) Hannah, born October 16, 1782, married, June 5, 1817, Samuel Colcord of Nottingham, the father of the wife of Deacon Levi Knowles, and died March 29, 1852; (3) Deborah, born July 1, 1785, married, May 17, 1810, David Sawyer, jr., of Deerfield, and subsequently they removed to Lee, their children being Gilman, Emeline, and Perry; (4) Abigail, born August 15, 1792, married Bradbury Colcord of Nottingham, and died without children; (5) Simeon, born March 4, 1795, married, February 29, 1816, Susan Cate of Strafford; lived on the homestead, and died in Gilmanton. He married Ann Lougee of Gilmanton for his second wife, having, by his first, for children: Gilman, now living in Haverhill, Mass., whose first wife was Mehitabel Dearborn of Nottingham, whose daughter was Martha Susan, and whose second wife was Miss Dearborn of Raymond, whose daughter was Elizabeth; his present being a Miss Mary Gile of Raymond, whose children are Nathaniel.



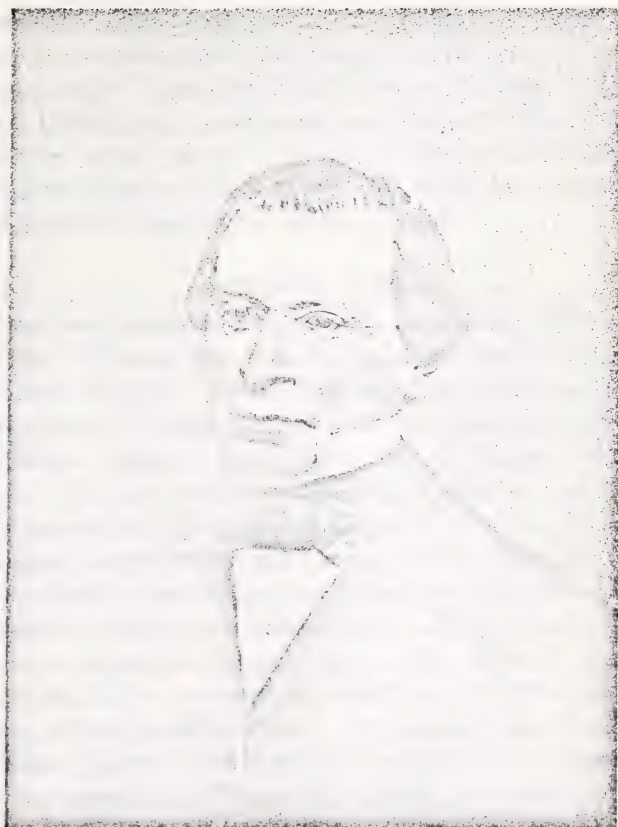
Edward, and Mary; Mary, daughter of Simeon, married Pearson Richardson of Rockport, Me., and died, leaving one daughter; (6) Levi, born April 17, 1797, married, April 1, 1822, Mary, daughter of Samuel Colcord of Nottingham, born April 28, 1803. This Levi, known as deacon of the Freewill Baptist Church, lived on the homestead, having one daughter, Christiana Colcord, born October 13, 1829, who became, March 4, 1875, the wife of Samuel Warren Morse of Boston, now a merchant in Lowell. Deacon Knowles lost two children in their infancy.

Deacon Knowles died February 9, 1878, respected by all who knew him, and highly esteemed for his social virtues, his integrity, sympathy with every benevolent enterprise, and for his ardent piety; and when the time came the chariots of Elijah's God bore him away, and he left behind the blessings of a godly life, of strong, manly faith, and a kind, loving spirit.

Simeon, father of Deacon Levi Knowles, was called to Stratham in a winter season during the early period of his married life, when a storm came upon him, which raged many days in succession, rendering it impracticable for him to return to his family. The drifts rose higher day by day, and everywhere the snow lay thick on the ground, concealing all traces of a pathway. Becoming impatient under his detention, he constructed snow-shoes, adapting them to his feet, left Stratham, and, after a toilsome march, reached home late on the evening of the ninth day. During all those stormy days his wife, who had remained at home, saw but one human being besides her little children. To keep them warm, she had consumed not only the wood which her husband had prepared for her use, but also a large pile of oak staves, which he had placed against the house, and which she could reach through a window; but for these she and her little ones must have perished from the cold.

This Simeon Knowles was an upright man, and greatly

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Levi Knowles



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respected. He was a member of a body of cavalry, raised about equally in Northwood and Deerfield, commanded by Capt. Samuel Sherburn; becoming a Christian, he shrank from wearing his gay, red coat, and putting on other military trappings; with the consent of his captain, he ever after wore a black coat, and, at the request of Capt. Sherburn, he offered prayer at the opening of every drill. In this company Simon Batchelder, deacon in the Congregational Church, was lieutenant, and Daniel Tilton of Deerfield was cornet, carrying the flagstaff; he was succeeded by Cornet Neally in this office. Mr. Knowles became the first deacon in the Calvin Baptist Church.

LANCASTER FAMILY.

Jonathan Lancaster was born in Amesbury, Mass., July 7, 1785. He was one of a family of eleven children, five boys and six girls. Of this family only two survive, Jacob, now living in Hopkinton, over seventy-five years of age, and Sceus, widow of the late Dr. Nathan Sanborn of Henniker. She now resides in Manchester with her son, Alden W. Sanborn, and is seventy-eight years of age. Jonathan Lancaster was the third child in his father's family. When he was three years of age his father moved to that part of Sanbornton that is now called Tilton. The farm in Tilton on which Jonathan spent a part of his boyhood days, is now occupied by two daughters of the late Thomas Lancaster, a brother of Jonathan. At the early age of sixteen, Jonathan learned the clothier's trade, which at that date was an important business throughout the country. February 13, 1806, he married Mary Fellows of Andover. In the early part of the same year, Jonathan with his wife moved to that part of Northwood which was then, as now, called Northwood Narrows, and commenced the business of his trade, which he followed with success for nearly forty years.

The family of Mr. Lancaster consisted of Thomas, born

April 20, 1807. At an early age he went to Haverhill, Mass., and learned the trade of a hatter. In July, 1835, he married Rebecca Mitchell of Haverhill; they have had born to them four children; two died quite young, and two are now alive, Mary Frances and Newell B. Mr. Lancaster died January 30, 1877.

Ezekiel F. Lancaster, born June 2, 1808, learned the printer's trade. About 1835, he started for the city of New York, and no reliable information has been received from him since.

Jonathan, jr., born March 26, 1811; he followed the vocation of his father; he died June 11, 1875, in Brentwood.

George C. Lancaster, born February 20, 1817, died April 1, 1817.

George C. Lancaster, born October 11, 1818; he now resides in Concord. November 12, 1845, he married Eunice Wood Corser of Boscawen; she died February 19, 1873; their children are: Augustus Clark, born March 10, 1847, died; Emma Frances, born September 5, 1849, died September 19, 1853; Mary Fellows, born June 24, 1851, died October 6, 1853; Emma Fellows, born August 6, 1854; Georgie Etta, born October 12, 1859. His wife died February 19, 1873.

Josiah Prentice Lancaster, born March 17, 1820. In 1842 he married Jane Bartlett of Northwood; they have had born to them three children: Jonathan, born April 25, 1844, who enlisted in the Fourteenth New-Hampshire Regiment, and died at Port Hudson, July, 1863; Ella, born June 6, 1849; Alice G., born May 16, 1853; she married, July 2, 1872, Charles H. Sherman. Josiah P. Lancaster is in the mercantile business, and is postmaster at the Narrows.

Mary Ann, only daughter of Jonathan Lancaster, was born July 14, 1825, married Alonzo J. Fogg of Newport, September 27, 1847, and resides in Concord. Mr. Fogg

The first part of the history is a general account of the state of the country at the beginning of the reign of King Henry the First. It describes the condition of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the relations of the king to his subjects. The second part is a detailed account of the reign of King Henry the First, from the year 1100 to 1135. It describes the king's wars, his domestic policy, and his relations to the church. The third part is a general account of the state of the country at the end of the reign of King Henry the First. It describes the condition of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the relations of the king to his subjects. The fourth part is a detailed account of the reign of King Henry the First, from the year 1135 to 1155. It describes the king's wars, his domestic policy, and his relations to the church. The fifth part is a general account of the state of the country at the end of the reign of King Henry the First. It describes the condition of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the relations of the king to his subjects. The sixth part is a detailed account of the reign of King Henry the First, from the year 1155 to 1175. It describes the king's wars, his domestic policy, and his relations to the church. The seventh part is a general account of the state of the country at the end of the reign of King Henry the First. It describes the condition of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the relations of the king to his subjects. The eighth part is a detailed account of the reign of King Henry the First, from the year 1175 to 1195. It describes the king's wars, his domestic policy, and his relations to the church. The ninth part is a general account of the state of the country at the end of the reign of King Henry the First. It describes the condition of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the relations of the king to his subjects. The tenth part is a detailed account of the reign of King Henry the First, from the year 1195 to 1215. It describes the king's wars, his domestic policy, and his relations to the church.



LEVI H. MEAD.



came to Northwood in 1844, and has served as selectman, register of deeds for Rockingham County, clerk in the war department in Washington, sergeant-at-arms in the New-Hampshire House of Representatives, and bank commissioner; he is also author of the "Statistics and Gazetteer of New Hampshire," published in 1874; their children are: Mary Elgiva, born June 8, 1848; J. Austin, born June 16, 1852, died June 3, 1854; J. Austin, born September 6, 1855; Bliss Whittaker, born August 16, 1857, died October 15, 1858; Lizzie Bliss, born January 10, 1859, died April 3, 1859; Lizzie Bliss, born March 20, 1860. Mr. Fogg was born August 29, 1823.

January 15, 1835, after a lingering illness, Mary Fellows, wife of Mr. Jonathan Lancaster, died greatly beloved. Mr. Lancaster, May 26, 1835, married Mrs. Mary J. Goss Badger of Epsom; April 10, 1871, Mr. Lancaster died, aged nearly eighty-six years. He lived in Northwood sixty-five years, and built the house in which he died, nearly sixty years ago. He was a sincere Christian, and a member of the Congregational Church fifty years.

MEAD FAMILY.

Levi Mead was born in 1753, in Newmarket, and settled where now his son Levi H. lives. He married Susannah, born 1767, daughter of Ichabod Hilton, whose wife was Susannah, daughter of Col. Joseph Smith of Newmarket, and this Ichabod was the son of Winthrop Hilton, who died on the paternal farm, December 26, 1781, whose wife was Martha, daughter of Joshua Weeks, but at the time of her marriage with him was the widow of Chase Wiggin. She died, March 31, 1769.

Mr. Levi Mead's children were: Levi H., born September 4, 1798; Susan S., born January 18, 1800; Elizabeth F., born March 13, 1802; Martha W., born April 23, 1804; Louisa F., born June 3, 1806; and Mary Ann, born April 23, 1809. Levi H. Mead, born September 4, 1798, married

Katharine Berry, a daughter of Col. Wm. Berry of Pittsfield; their children are: William Henry, born August 24, 1820, died August 1, 1874; John G., born July 29, 1822, married, December 26, 1847, Miss Harriet N. Thompson of Heath, Mass., their children being John Gilman, Lloyd Thompson, Helen Maria, and Katherine Grace; Susan S., born August 29, 1824, married, March 23, 1848, John B. Clarke, and died July 25, 1874; Edward H., born in 1827, died August 21, 1863, married Loanna Sherburne, had two children, Lulu, who died May 19, 1867, and Emma H.; Kate L., married Dr. S. A. Taylor, and they reside at Gilmanton Iron Works; George, who died April 18, 1842, aged six years. Susan S., daughter of Levi Mead, born January 18, 1800, became the wife of James Babb, and their children were Charles W., Sarah E., Henry M., George, Arthur L., and James.

Elizabeth F., daughter of Levi Mead, born March 13, 1802, died April 7, 1839; Martha W., born April 23, 1804, became the wife of Deacon William Frost of Andover, Mass., having one son, William E. Louisa F., daughter of Levi Mead, born June 3, 1806, became the wife of Benjamin Coe of South Newmarket, and died February 24, 1868, leaving one daughter, Annie, born September 26, 1845. Mary Ann, daughter of Levi Mead, born April 23, 1809, became the wife of Abner Newhall of Lynn, Mass., where they now reside.

There are three branches of the Mead family: one in New Hampshire, the second in Pennsylvania, and the third in Connecticut. John Mead was a sea-captain in his early days, whose large sea-chest or trunk is still in the Plumer family at Epping. He lived in Stratham, married the daughter of Col. Folsom of Newmarket, and ultimately removed to that town. This Col. Folsom lived in an old brick garrison-house which might, until recently, have been seen on the road between Newmarket village and South Newmarket, where now stands the house of Constantine

Mathes. The grandmother of Mrs. Plumer, of Epping, was born in that house. When about ten years old, one night between daylight and dark as she stepped out of doors, she saw an Indian peeping around the side of the house ; she ran quickly in and gave the alarm. That night two families who lived near were carried off by the Indians into Canada. This was in the beginning of the French and Indian war, and the first intimation that war had commenced. This John Mead had five daughters : Rhoda married a Willey of Deerfield ; Mary, a Shute of Northwood ; another a Mr. Doc. The sons were : Benjamin, who lived in Newmarket ; John, who lived in Deerfield ; Jeremy, the youngest, who lived on the homestead where Mr. Edwin Bennett now resides ; and Levi, who came to Northwood and settled where his son, Levi Hilton, now lives. He was a worthy citizen and a valuable helper in the town's struggle for a permanent and honorable existence.

MORRISON FAMILY.

Among the first settlers of Northwood who made a permanent residence here prior to the close of the American Revolution, and one who took an early and an active part in that conflict which changed these British colonies into an independent government, may be mentioned Robert Morrison.

He was the son of James Morrison, and was born at Nottingham Square, June 12, 1752, in the house built and occupied in 1728 by his grandfather, William Morrison, who was one of the first settlers, and, at that time, a proprietor in the township.

Both William Morrison and his wife, whose name was Mary Henry, were natives of Scotland, having been born there previous to 1690, at which time they bade adieu to the homes of their childhood, and, with their parents, left the wild scenery of "Bonny Scotland," —

"Land of brown heath and shaggy wood,
Land of the mountain and the flood,
Land of their sires!"

and took up their residence in the "Emerald Isle." Here, several years after, they were married; and here their son James, the only one who lived to manhood, was born, May 7, 1725.

At this time the tide of emigration was setting toward New England; and favorable reports coming from their relatives, who, a few years before, had settled in Londonderry, N. H., a new impulse was given, a company formed, and a vessel chartered, which sailed from Port Rush in the north of Ireland, August 7, 1726, and arrived in Boston on the 8th of October following.

Some of the party went directly to Londonderry, others to Groton; while William Morrison, William Kelsey, and others, who afterwards settled in Nottingham, hired tenements for their families in Boston until they could examine the various localities offered for settlement, and prepare suitable accommodations for them in their future homes.

James Harvey, however, with his family of eight children, all born in Ireland between February 10, 1710, and December 27, 1722, pushed on to Haverhill, reaching there October 16, and the next April went to Londonderry, but afterwards settled on Fish Street in Nottingham, where he died, May 4, 1742. Some of his descendants have since occupied posts of honor and trust in our state and national councils, as well as in the field and on the judicial bench.

Among the first settlers of Nottingham, the Scotch element formed no inconsiderable part, as the following names, taken from the proprietors' record, fully show; viz., Andrew McClary, William Morrison, David Morrison, William Kelsey, Robert Kelsey, John McCrillis. William McCrillis, James Harvey, John Harvey, Francis Harvey, William Nealley, Andrew Nealley, Matthew Nealley, James Maxwell, Robert Beard, Simon Beard, Andrew Simpson, James Simpson, Neal McGaw, Hugh Montgomery, John Dinsmore, Robert McCurdy, and Thomas Allison.

Thomas Allison, finding iron ore in Barrington, purchased the lot, erected a forge, and manufactured iron, which was used by the first settlers until a better quality of imported iron could readily be obtained. He married a daughter of William Kelsey, and their granddaughter became the mother of a distinguished member of Congress, B. F. Butler, from Essex district, Mass.

The proprietors of Nottingham selected for their first place of settlement an elevated swell of land, commanding an extensive view of the surrounding country, laid out in the center a public square, from which radiated at right angles from each other four streets, named King, Fish, Bow, and North streets, on which they surveyed and numbered one hundred and thirty lots, corresponding with the number of proprietors. These lots were restricted to ten acres each, having a front of twenty rods on the street, and running back eighty.

Besides these, were four other lots, of five acres each, on the corner of the Square; one of which was assigned to Gov. Shute, one to Lieut.-Gov. Wentworth, and two were reserved for a parsonage and school-house.

The survey of these lots was completed in 1727, when they were distributed by lot among the proprietors at their annual meeting held at Exeter.

Only twenty-six shares were owned in New Hampshire, forty-three in Newbury and vicinity, and sixty-one in Boston, where William Morrison purchased of one Robert Knox, for sixty-six pounds lawful money, "the original right of James Stringer, including the Home-lot No. 39 on Fish street." On this lot he built a house, into which he removed his family from Boston in the autumn of 1728, where they continued to reside until 1757, when he sold the premises to Matthew Nealley, and with his aged partner, who had shared with him the trials as well as the happiness of a well-spent life, which now appeared to be drawing to a close, took up his residence with his son James, on the

corner of the Square. Their decease soon followed, and they became the first occupants of what is now Judge Butler's cemetery.

Although William Morrison had passed his three-score years and ten in 1754, he served that year on the board of selectmen, was auditor of accounts the year following, and, during the last three years of his active life, he was appointed on three several committees, on one of which he was chairman to procure a minister for permanent settlement, when they invited the Rev. Samuel McClintock, a young clergyman of Scotch descent, who, however, accepted a preferable call from Greenland, where he became a distinguished divine. Both William Morrison and his wife died in 1758, about the age of seventy-four, in the house built and occupied by their son James in 1756; which house and lot he sold to Dr. Samuel Shepard in 1765 for one thousand pounds, and which was the residence of Gen. Henry Dearborn when he left Nottingham to join the American army in 1775. From this circumstance, the five-acre lot on which it stood, now owned by Hon. James Butler, is called the "Dearborn Field."

James Morrison removed to Deerfield in 1774, where he died November 13, 1798, in his seventy-fourth year, having been twice married; first, to Mary Kelsey, daughter of William Kelsey, who was born in Boston, April 26, 1727, and again in 1756, to Martha White; his first wife having died two years previous. Both of his wives died in Nottingham, where his eleven children were born, and except one, that died in infancy, all lived to become of age. He and six of his children, viz., Henry, born May 5, 1761; Hugh, born February 23, 1763; John W., born September 18, 1764; Mary, born April 15, 1766; Jane, born March 12, 1768; Martha, born March 17, 1770, all died in Deerfield, and were interred in the Veasey Cemetery, situated on an eminence adjoining their homestead, where tablets to the memory of each may be found by their relatives.

Only four of James Morrison's sons were ever married. All being farmers, each one purchased a farm on which he continued to reside through life, rearing a family of children, and leaving it unencumbered to his heirs.

William Morrison, his eldest son, born August 15, 1750, settled in Bridgeton, Me., where he died October 23, 1821, aged seventy-one, leaving four sons and two daughters.

Capt. James Morrison, born September, 1754, served several years in the army of the Revolution, where for some time he was a member of Gen. Lee's body-guard, and settled in Parsonsfield, Me., where he died in 1840, aged eighty-six, retaining, like the late Gov. Pierce, his military air to the close of life.

Isaac Morrison, born February 3, 1760, settled in Pembroke; his townsmen sent him some fourteen years to the legislature, and retained him on the board of selectmen more than twenty; he died January 9, 1846, aged eighty-six, leaving in that town two sons, Capt. John Morrison and Capt. James Morrison, and several daughters; his son Henry, who owned and occupied the old homestead in Deerfield, having previously died, leaving one son, Capt. Isaac Henry Morrison, who has since represented that town in the legislature, and commanded a company in the Eleventh New-Hampshire Regiment at the battle of Fredericksburg, where he was wounded, and who is now the only representative of the family name in Deerfield.

Robert Morrison, whose name has before been mentioned, was one of a company of young men who left Nottingham on the receipt of the news announcing the commencement of hostilities at Lexington, in April, 1775; and who remained in the same company during the first campaign.

The previous winter had been one of unusual excitement among all classes in the Province of New Hampshire. The proclamation of the king's order in council, prohibiting the importation of powder into the colonies, had aroused the whole people to a sense of their condition; the inhabitants

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on the Piscataqua and its branches had seized the powder and guns at Fort William and Mary; the royal governor had fled to the Isles of Shoals; a convention of deputies had assembled at Exeter and assumed legislative powers in behalf of the people, appointing delegates to Congress, county magistrates, and a committee of safety with executive powers.

At this critical time, the young men living on and around the Square, where the relations existing between the colonies and the home government were freely discussed, adopting the principle that "self-protection was the first law of nature," formed themselves into a company, and choosing Dr. Henry Dearborn for captain, met at the store of Thomas Bartlett for military drill on suitable evenings during the winter.

News from Lexington on the afternoon of the 20th of April brought them together at the store in the evening; and the next day found them with shouldered muskets on their way to the scene of civil strife.

They reached Medford on the 22d, and the next day went over to Cambridge, where, for want of field officers from their own state, they put themselves temporarily under those of Massachusetts, but were afterward transferred to Col. Reid's regiment, which, on the night before the 17th of June, was encamped at Medford, not far from Charlestown Neck.

At early dawn, on the morning of the 17th, Robert Morrison was selected by Dearborn from his company as one of the picket guard around the redoubt, then being constructed, which place he reached, to use his own words, "just as the sun was rising, where Gen. Putnam was sitting on his horse, giving the workmen directions how to construct it."

He was immediately placed on picket duty, from which he was not discharged until the arrival of the New-Hampshire regiments, a short time before the commencement of

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the action, when the guard was dismissed and each member joined the company to which he belonged.

He was at the rail-fence during the battle, and was one of the small party with and near Major McClary, when he fell in attempting to have "another shot at the enemy," as he expressed himself at the close of the action.

After seeing the body deposited behind a building standing near, in which several balls from a floating battery in Charles River were then lodging, he hastened forward, overtook Capt. Dearborn with the rest of his company, and informed him of the disaster, who sent back sufficient assistance to take it to Medford, where a coffin was furnished and it was appropriately interred.

Morrison's services during the day were fully appreciated by the officers in command; and in September he was appointed bearer of dispatches from Gen. Washington to the Committee of Safety in New Hampshire, directed to "Portsmouth," whom he found, however, in session at Exeter, who received him with more consideration and a warmer cordiality than he had anticipated.

He was, at this time, twenty-three years of age, of a sanguine temperament, with florid complexion, regular features, and a well-formed head; and being the first person the committee had seen who had taken a part in the first pitched battle of the Revolution, in which the New-Hampshire troops had borne so conspicuous and so honorable a part, they appeared to look upon him as a fair specimen of the citizen-soldier who had left his plow in the furrow, rushed to the post of danger, and on the fourth day after the first aggressive shot had been fired at Lexington, had enrolled his name at Cambridge, helping to form the very nucleus of that military organization which was to bring out of colonial servitude a new empire, and place a new star in the constellation of nations, and it required no little effort on his part to withdraw himself from their personal attentions and hospitality.

Unlike his brother James, Robert Morrison had no partiality for a military life ; yet, when Burgoyne had taken the posts of Crown Point and Ticonderoga, and was pushing his troops into New York to form a junction with Sir Henry Clinton on the Hudson and cut off all communication between the North and South, he shouldered the same musket he had brought home from Winter Hill and marched to the Hudson ; served there during the summer and autumn of 1777 ; was at both Stillwater and Saratoga, and, at the latter place, witnessed the surrender of Burgoyne in October.

A few years after returning from Saratoga, he was married, by the Rev. Mr. Hutchins, to Anna Randall, daughter of Miles Randall, Esq., of Lee, in the garrison of her father, which was built by his father, Nathaniel Randall, in the first part of the century.

Nathaniel Randall was a native of England, who landed at the Isles of Shoals, where he remained a few years, when he came up into that part of Durham which is now Lee, purchased a lot of land, and, on the south side of the Mast Road, built a substantial garrison, which not only protected his own family from the Indians, but served as a place of refuge to the inhabitants whose houses soon after dotted the forest around it.

An aged lady, one of the first settlers of Northwood, who died here more than fifty years ago (Mrs. John Durgin, whose maiden name was Susan Pitman), told the writer that she had slept in its spacious attic, which on such occasions was appropriated to the children, when the floor would be covered by them, sleeping on mats, until the Indians had left the neighborhood.

After the town of Nottingham was surveyed and came into market, he purchased lot No. 29, on Summer Street, where he erected mills and entered extensively into the lumber business, and where he died suddenly in 1748, while inspecting the operation of the mills.

He had previously seen his children all married and well settled ; his daughter Elizabeth having married Samuel Demeritt of Durham, whose three sons, Andrew, Nathaniel, and Israel, afterwards owned and occupied contiguous farms on the Turnpike in Lee and Durham ; while Mary had been married to Capt. Jones of Portsmouth, who on his decease left her a large farm in Lee, between the Mast Road and Turnpike, which after her decease was cut up into twenty-eight lots and divided between that number of her nephews and nieces.

To his sons, Nathaniel, Jonathan, and Simon, had been given each a farm in Lee ; and to Miles, the homestead, with the garrison.

Miles Randall took a prominent part in the affairs that immediately followed the proclamation of the king's order in council, sending pine wood and timber to Portsmouth, helping to construct the boom across the river ; and the saltpeter he obtained under his buildings, to Exeter, to be made into gunpowder ; and was, in January, 1775, commissioned a county magistrate by the authorities at Exeter.

He had many years before been married to Abigail Runnels, daughter of Job Runnels, who had six children : three sons, Israel, Thomas, and Job, and three daughters, Deborah, Anna, and Lois.

Israel settled in Nottingham, on a farm his father bought of William Nealley, remaining there until Vermont was admitted into the Union, when he removed with his large family to the "New State," as it was then called, being one of the first settlers in Danville, in Caledonia County.

Thomas settled in Northwood, on a farm purchased of Capt. Joshua Furber (No. 5, in the seventh range), but soon after emigrated to Canada ; when Job was married and took the same farm, but was the next year recalled to the homestead in Lee, which he inherited on his father's decease, near the close of the century, and where he died some forty years since ; a few years previous to which, he

The following is a list of the names of the members of the American Medical Association, as reported in the official directory for the year 1912. The names are arranged in alphabetical order, and are given in full, including the name of the state or territory in which they reside. The names are given in the following order: first, the names of the members who are residents of the United States; second, the names of the members who are residents of foreign countries; and third, the names of the members who are residents of the District of Columbia. The names are given in the following order: first, the names of the members who are residents of the United States; second, the names of the members who are residents of foreign countries; and third, the names of the members who are residents of the District of Columbia.

took down the old garrison and utilized its then sound timbers in the construction of a new barn.

Deborah married Lieut. Benjamin Chesley of Durham, whose seven sons and four daughters all lived to mature age; and excepting one, Valentine, who died at sea, or in a foreign port, were married.

Lois married Simon Huckins of Lee, where he inherited a farm, which he sold, and with his family moved to Effingham, where she died some fifty years ago.

Anna, who on her marriage became Mrs. Morrison, was the last of Miles Randall's children to de cease.

Robert Morrison had been from early manhood familiar with the somewhat rough, though varied and picturesque, scenery of the "North Woods," as this part of Nottingham was then called; with its swelling ridges and deep valleys, its rounded hill-tops and sloping declivities, its winding streams and ten silver lakes, five of which lie in the bosom of its hills, and a like number that decorate its borders; and in 1781 he purchased for himself a farm bordering on one of its little lakes, or ponds as they are here called, to which, on the following spring, he removed from Nottingham his youthful partner of eighteen summers, where they passed together forty-two years in a quiet, happy home; improving their farm, and rearing a family of five children, four sons and one daughter, each of whom became the head of a family: Miles, born October 7, 1781; Mary, born February 7, 1785; James, born August 7, 1787; John, born October 3, 1790; Robert, born June 30, 1797. Selecting James to remain at home, who proved to be a faithful son and a practical farmer, they gave to the other three sons an academical education, and here closed the labors of a useful and exemplary life; he dying, November 11, 1823, in his seventy-second year; and his wife, March 21, 1844, at the age of eighty. Their remains now rest in the family cemetery, situated on an eminence overlooking the little lake that washes its base below.

The homestead has since been owned by the children of Capt. James Morrison, who died August 5, 1823, at the age of thirty-six; Capt. Miles Morrison died October 12, 1849, aged sixty-eight. Their daughter Mary, who married Capt. Moses Haseltine of Manchester, died in Roxbury (now Boston), Mass., February 10, 1869, aged eighty-four; and Dr. John Morrison died in Alton, May 17, 1878, in his eighty-eighth year.

Miles, on leaving the academy, applied himself closely to teaching for several years, in which he was successful and popular; was always cheerful in the school-room, where he was ever respected, and where a mutual attachment usually grew up between the pupil and teacher.

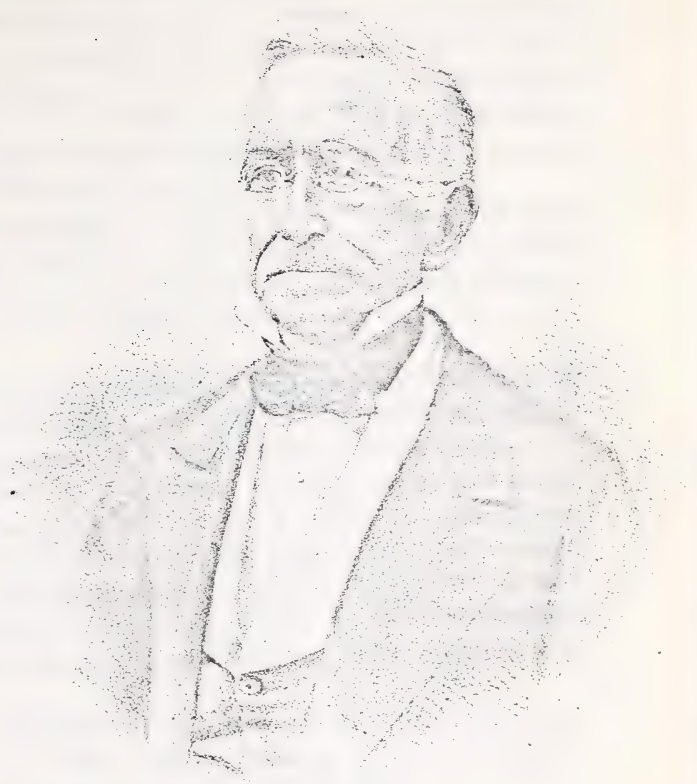
He was married in the autumn of 1806, to Martha, daughter of Deacon Increase Batchelder, and, the next April, settled in Nottingham, where for several years he employed his time industriously in some mechanical pursuit; served some years on the board of selectmen; and seemed never to allow adverse circumstances to discourage him, or to relax his energies while he had the power to meet the duties of life. His wife died in Nottingham, June 27, 1831, where his children were born, only two of whom now survive, both daughters, and, since their marriage, residents of Northwood; Nancy B. being the wife of Capt. Joshua Hoyt, and Mary J. the wife of Richard Hoyt, Esq.

John taught school for some two years, when he commenced the study of medicine with Dr. Graves of Deerfield, which he finished with two physicians in Vermont, where he acquired a knowledge of the practice.

He subsequently attended the medical lectures at Dartmouth College, and, in 1814, received a diploma from the New Hampshire Medical Society, of which he soon after became a member; was appointed surgeon on board of the privateer "Fox," commissioned by government, in which capacity he was serving when the war closed, in 1815.

In 1816 he married Mary Randall, daughter of Simon Randall of Lee, and settled as a physician in Alton, where he had an extensive practice for more than half a century, and acquired a large estate; leaving, on his decease, a widow in her eighty-fifth year, and one daughter, Mary Ann, now the wife of Moses T. Cate, Esq., of Wolfeborough.

Robert, the youngest and now only surviving member of the family, commenced as a teacher of a public school at the age of sixteen; and, after keeping a winter school, in May, 1814, traveled into the State of New York, where he obtained a school to which he applied himself closely until the next spring, when he returned home; and, for a few years, alternately kept and went to school at some academy. He then passed two years in a store, one as a partner; after which, he returned again to the academy, and, having obtained some knowledge of chemistry, assisted a lecturer in that science in his laboratory through several courses of lectures. Having already acquired a general knowledge of anatomy and physiology, and read a few authors on the theory and practice of physic, he resolved on pursuing those studies; and subsequently qualified himself for the practice of medicine, studying with his brother in Alton, and two other physicians in the State of Maine, where he went through a thorough course of instruction in anatomy and physiology; and in 1824-25, he attended the medical lectures of Harvard University, given in Boston; at the same time witnessed the clinical practice in the Massachusetts General Hospital; and was riding with a physician in Deerfield to acquire a knowledge of the country practice in which he was taking a part, when he was offered a good situation as teacher in one of the public schools in Portsmouth, which he accepted; was soon after married, and took up his residence in Portsmouth, where he was encouraged to remain in that profession ten years; the last three in a private school, well patronized by the first families; when a change in occupation being deemed



Robert Morrison



essential to his health, he relinquished the business, receiving from his successor a liberal bonus, and giving him a bond to teach no longer in Portsmouth.

But before leaving town, a vacancy occurring in the office, he was appointed superintendent of the public institutions, consisting of house of correction, almshouse, hospital for the insane, and town farm, all then recently united under one department, of which he had the control for some five years with popular success.

Resigning this office in March, 1841, he was at the same time elected a member of the legislature, and during the first week of the session received the appointment of superintendent of the Boston Asylum and Farm School in Boston.

Obtaining leave of absence for the rest of the term, he entered immediately a new post of duty in Boston, which he held for fifteen years with very satisfactory results.

He returned to Portsmouth in July, 1856, and was in March following elected mayor of that city, re-elected in 1858, and in 1859 elected for the third time by an increased majority, when he purchased a farm in Northwood, in view of the old homestead where he was born and passed his early youth, where he is now residing, in his eighty-second year.

Robert Morrison was married in this town Sept. 25, 1825, by the Rev. Josiah Prentice, to Ann Edmond, daughter of Stephen Couch, a trader in Bath at the time of her birth, but who devoted the last years of his life to developing the mineral resources of the valley of the Connecticut, both in New Hampshire and Vermont, bringing into notice the quarries of mica in Grafton, organizing the Franconia Iron Company, of which he was the first agent, to manufacture iron from the ore he found in Lisbon; and forming two companies in Vermont for the manufacture of copperas, which, after his decease, were both merged into one at Thetford.

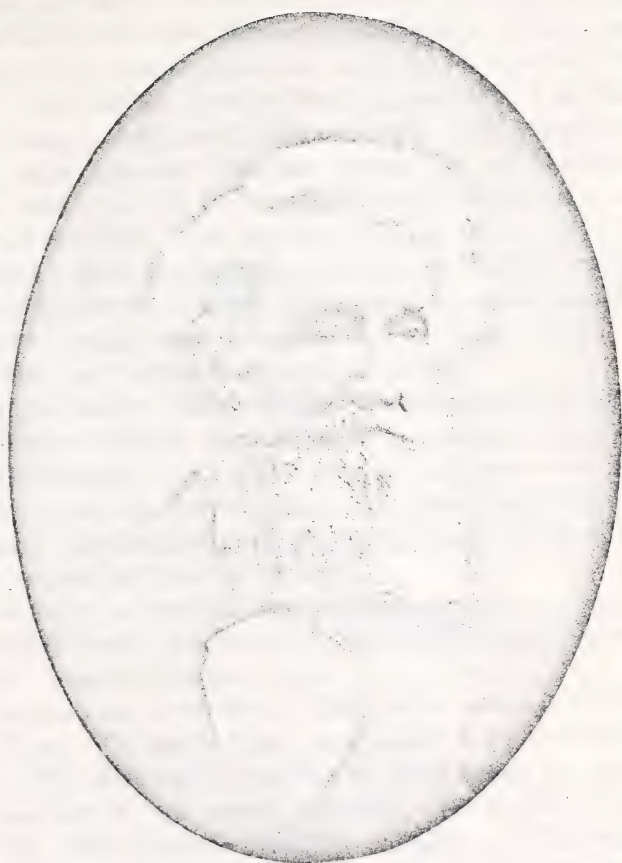
Both of Mrs. Morrison's parents were natives of Connecticut, her father having been the son of Stephen Couch of Fairfield, and her mother, Ann Edmond, daughter of Robert Edmond, of Ridgefield, and a sister of Hon. William Edmond, representative to Congress from that state during its third session, and afterward a well-known attorney and counselor-at-law in Vergennes, Vt.

Mrs. Morrison was born in Bath, June 15, 1796, where in April, 1813, she had the misfortune to lose both of her parents from an epidemic fever, and a few years after she came to Northwood as a teacher, keeping that summer and autumn two of the district-schools.

Being again invited here in 1819 she followed the same vocation in this and the adjoining towns until her marriage, improving the intervals to advance her own education by attending the academics both at Kingston and Bradford, Mass., where she was ever a close student.

She was a person of quick perception, ready wit, and of cheerful conversation, and uniting correct taste with a love of order in her household arrangement, she proved to be an efficient aid to her husband in the several positions he was called upon to occupy.

She died Jan. 1, 1872, in her seventy-sixth year, leaving two children, daughters, both born in Portsmouth. The eldest, Ann Edmond, born April 16, 1834, was married in Boston, Jan. 28, 1853, by the Rev. S. H. Winkley, to Thomas M. Thompson, now an attorney and counselor-at-law in Chicago. The other, Augusta Elizabeth, born May 31, 1839, was married in Portsmouth April 15, 1858, by Rev. Dr. Peabody, to Edward N. Fuller, at that time editor and proprietor of the *Newark Journal*, N. J., in which state she resided until filial duty called her to the home of her parents in this town a few months previous to her mother's decease.



Gen. Kealley



Ms. A. 1. 1. 1.

NEALLEY FAMILY.

John Nealley, the progenitor of the Northwood Nealleys, was one of the early settlers of Northwood. He owned and lived on the farm on which the present John Nealley now resides, and built the first house upon it. He was a grandson of the first William Nealley, who settled in Nottingham, and probably a son of John, the third son of the first William. He married Dorothy Burleigh, and they had three sons, Joseph, John, and Andrew; and three daughters: Sally, who married Dearborn Bachelder of Meredith; Elsie, who married Joshua Furber of Nottingham; and another daughter, who married Thomas Furber of Nottingham. John Nealley, the second son of John, resided the latter part of his life in Hopkinton, where he died. Andrew Nealley, the youngest son of John, settled in Meredith, and resided there until he died.

Joseph Nealley, the eldest son of John, was born, lived, and died on the old homestead in Northwood, where his son, the present John Nealley, resides. He was at one time representative of Northwood in the New-Hampshire legislature. He married Polly Bachelder of Northwood, and they had six children, as follows: —

Harriet, who married Joseph Lawrence of Lee. He was for many years president of the Newmarket National Bank. They now reside in Lee.

George, born December 6, 1809, who removed early to the West. He studied law, and commenced practice in Ohio. He afterwards removed to Burlington, Ia., where he commenced the nursery business. He married, January 13, 1846, Frances Mary A. Nealley, of Burlington, Ia., for his first wife. She died in Burlington, December 9, 1851. They had four children, one of whom died in infancy. Their eldest daughter, Mary Nealley, born January 17, 1849, married, June 5, 1873, Hon. William B. Allison, United-States senator from Iowa; George True, born July 6, 1847; Frances Ann, born December 9, 1857, married,

AMERICAN PEOPLE

The American people have a long and glorious history. From the first settlers to the present day, they have shown a remarkable ability to adapt to their environment and to overcome adversity. The American people have a rich cultural heritage and a strong sense of national identity. They have made many contributions to the world and have played a leading role in the development of the modern world. The American people are a people of freedom, of opportunity, and of progress. They are a people who believe in the rights of all and who strive for a better future for all. The American people are a people who are proud of their history and who are committed to their future. They are a people who are united by a common purpose and a common destiny. The American people are a people who are the hope of the world.

October 16, 1876, George H. Higbee; they have one child, George Greenleaf, born March 20, 1878. He married Elizabeth Davis of Burlington, Ia., for his second wife, February 12, 1854. They now reside in Burlington.

John, born July 9, 1812, the second son of Joseph, resides on the homestead. He married, November 20, 1834, Mary Durgin, of Northwood, born January 12, 1814, and died April 27, 1875. They had two daughters, Loanna, who married James C. Locke, and resides in Northwood, and Rouetta, who married Frank Furber, and resides in Northwood.

Charles, the third son of Joseph, commenced business as a merchant in Burlington, Ia. He was afterwards register of the United-States land office, at Iowa City. Finally, removing to Muscatine, Ia., he again commenced business as a merchant, which he continued while he lived. He married Abigail, a daughter of Governor Lucas of Iowa, for his first wife, and Sarah Dodge of Hampton Falls, for his second wife. He died in Muscatine, Ia.

Mary Ann, the youngest daughter of Joseph, died while on a visit to her friends, in Burlington, Ia., September 6, 1849, aged twenty-four years.

Joseph L., the youngest son of Joseph, married Susan Sherburn of Northwood for his first wife, and Sarah Marlow of Burlington, Ia., for his second. He resides in Minneapolis, Minn.

NORTON FAMILY.

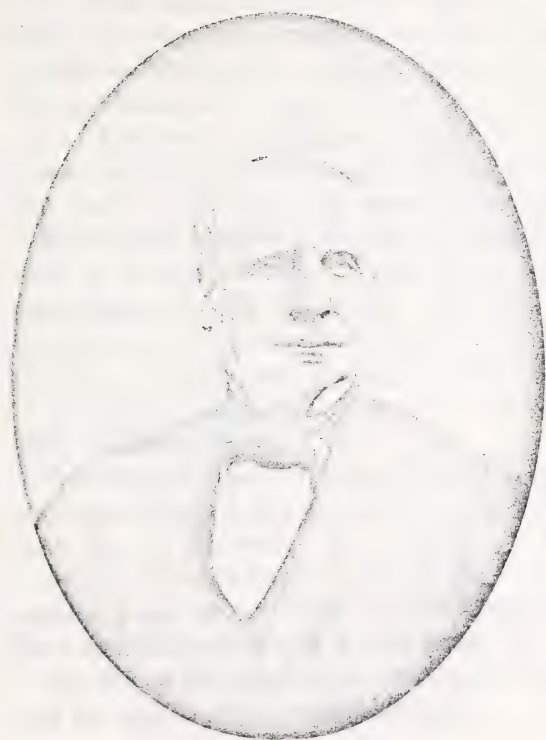
Mason Norton was born in New Durham. He came to Northwood when sixteen years old, and spent four years with Col. Samuel Sherburn, learning the trade of a blacksmith. He was apt to learn, and became master of his business before starting for himself. Prepossessing in his manners and correct in his habits, possessed of superior natural abilities, he inspired in the community an assurance of a noble manhood. He started in business for himself when about twenty-one, erecting his shop near where

the first of these things, which is the most
important, is the fact that the people of
the world are now more united than ever
before. This is due to the fact that the
people of the world are now more
aware of their common interests and
are more willing to work together for
the good of the world. This is a great
step forward and it is a sign that the
world is becoming a more united and
peaceful place.

The second of these things is the fact
that the people of the world are now
more educated than ever before. This
is due to the fact that the people of
the world are now more aware of the
importance of education and are more
willing to invest in it. This is a great
step forward and it is a sign that the
world is becoming a more educated and
progressive place.

The third of these things is the fact
that the people of the world are now
more healthy than ever before. This is
due to the fact that the people of the
world are now more aware of the
importance of health and are more
willing to take steps to improve it. This
is a great step forward and it is a sign
that the world is becoming a more
healthy and vibrant place.

These three things are the most
important ones and they are the ones
that are most likely to lead to a
better world. They are the ones that
are most likely to lead to a world that
is more united, more educated, and
more healthy.



CHARLES H. NORTON.



SECRET

the Congregational Church now stands. Business rapidly increased, and numbers of young men were taken into his employ as apprentices, among whom was the late Jonathan Hill.

Mr. Norton manufactured "cut-tools," and his axes became famous throughout all the neighboring towns, and were eagerly sought as the best that could be found, an instrument of great utility in the early history of the town. He married Lydia Rollins, whose father lived near Jenness Pond, and they had seven children, Eliza, Thomas B., John Creighton, Charles H., William, Catherine, and Lydia A. Thomas B. married Mary J. Bennett, and lives in Northwood; Charles H. established himself in business when a minor, in Concord, and is widely known as a man of integrity, and as "mine host" by many a weary traveler.

He married Hannah B. Barton of Pittsfield, whose father died in the war of 1812. Their living children are two sons, Charles H. and William K. The latter married Anna L., daughter of Francis Ham of Exeter, and they have two children, Frank M. and Caribel F., and reside in Concord.

Mr. Norton represented Concord in the legislature in the years 1849 and 1850.

Catherine married William King of Lowell, Mass., and soon after died; Lydia A. married Amos B. Sargent, and they live in Concord. Mr. Sargent has been connected with the Prescott Organ Company for forty years, and for several years he has been master mechanic in it. They have two children, Frank A. and Susan C.

Mr. Mason Norton died in 1855, aged sixty-eight years, and his wife in 1848, aged fifty-nine.

PILLSBURY FAMILY.

Rev. Edmund Pillsbury was born in Tewksbury, Mass., March 12, 1738, died August 17, 1816. He married Sarah Hale of Newbury, November 22, 1759; she was born May 27, 1739, died March 28, 1761, leaving one son, John, who died July 6, 1761.

Mr. Pillsbury married, for his second wife, October 22, 1761, Martha Hale, sister of his first wife, and she died April 11, 1800.

Their children were: (1) John Hale, born September 27, 1762; (2) Enoch, born December 17, 1763; (3) Thomas, born June 27, 1765; (4) Sarah, born September 18, 1768; (5) James, born August 26, 1770.

This James settled where Deacon Pillsbury resides; he was born in Plaistow, died April 15, 1826; married Rhoda Smart of Exeter, July, 1795, who died February 7, 1856; their children were: (1) Polly, born April 13, 1796; (2) Martha Hale, born October 14, 1797; (3) Hilton Smart, born January 10, 1799; (4) Alpha Jefferson, born August 21, 1800; (5) Enoch Hale, born November 21, 1802; (6) Eliza Smart, born September 25, 1805; (7) Theodatha Batchelder, born September 28, 1807. This Polly married Jonathan Knowles; Martha H. married Ephraim Foss of Barrington; Hilton Smart married Sarah, daughter of Daniel French; Alpha Jefferson married Margaret Caveno; they had two sons; removed West; one son died, the other is a judge; the mother is dead.

Enoch Hale married Eliza Young, daughter of Isaac Young of Barrington; she was born January 30, 1804; they were married November 29, 1827. Their children were: (1) John James, born September 21, 1828; (2) Charles Henry, born December 2, 1829, died; (3) Eliza Jane, born April 27, 1833; (4) Alpha Jefferson, born March 9, 1836; (5) Josephine, born March 2, 1846.

John James married Juliet Tucker of Laconia, and they reside in Lynn, Mass.; Alpha J. married Eliza Tucker, sister of the wife of his brother, and their children are Mabel and Ethel; they reside in East Northwood.

The Rev. Edmund Pillsbury married, for his third wife, Hephzibeth Twombly, December 22, 1809; she was born October 24, 1740.

PRENTICE FAMILY.

Rev. Josiah Prentice, son of Nathaniel S. and Martha Howard, born February 17, 1772, in Grafton, Mass., graduated at Dartmouth College, Hanover, 1795, studied theology with Dr. Emmons of Franklin, Mass., and Dr. Burton of Thetford, Vt.; removed to Northwood in 1798, and was ordained May 29, 1799. He married Nancy Wiggin of Newmarket February 12, 1801, and was dismissed May 10, 1842. Mrs. Prentice died June 11, 1850; Mr. Prentice died October 28, 1855. Their children were: (1) Matilda E., born April 13, 1802; (2) Mary A., born August 8, 1804; (3) Martha H., born February 15, 1807; (4) Hannah W., born October 14, 1809; (5) Tryphena C., born July 12, 1813. (1) Matilda E. married Samuel B. Buzell of Northwood September 30, 1832. Mr. Buzell died June 18, 1853; they had two children, George B. and Susan M. Mrs. Buzell died in Portland, Me.

(2) Mary A. married Abraham Perkins, jr., of Durham, June, 1830. Mr. Perkins died February 14, 1853; they had five children: Mary A. B., died July 8, 1851; Charles R., died August 1, 1835; Charles P., died May 26, 1862; Elizabeth B., died May 31, 1842; Henry E., resides in Northwood. Mrs. Perkins died November 26, 1875.

(3) Martha H. married Dudley F. Tucker of Deerfield December 31, 1829. They have had eight children:—

Martha A. D., who married Joseph A. Grace of Portsmouth May 5, 1864; they have one child, Edward Prentice.

Josiah Prentice married Hannah Ralston Whipple of Concord October 22, 1857, and resides in Boston, Mass. They have three children, Alice Ralston, John Prentice, and Winifred Howard.

Ellen N. married D. Dexter Smith of New Orleans November 29, 1877; Harriet N. C.; Austin H., married the widow of the late Benjamin Freese; and Charles P., who married Susan Bradley Clough of Concord October 24,

CHAPTER I

The first settlement in the United States was made by the English in 1607, at Jamestown, Virginia. The colony was founded by a group of men sent by the Virginia Company of London. The first year was very difficult, with many deaths due to disease and lack of food. However, the colony survived and grew. In 1619, the first representative assembly was held in the colony, known as the House of Burgesses. This was a significant step towards self-government. The colony continued to grow, and in 1644, it was able to defend itself against a Native American attack. This marked the beginning of the colony's independence from the Virginia Company.

The colony's growth continued, and in 1650, it was able to defend itself against another Native American attack. This marked the beginning of the colony's independence from the Virginia Company. The colony's growth continued, and in 1650, it was able to defend itself against another Native American attack. This marked the beginning of the colony's independence from the Virginia Company. The colony's growth continued, and in 1650, it was able to defend itself against another Native American attack. This marked the beginning of the colony's independence from the Virginia Company.

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1871, and resides in Chicago, Ill. They have one child, Edwin Howard.

James W. died November 28, 1850; Isabella P. married George A. Wiggin of Stratham October 4, 1871; they have one child, Annie Prentice.

(4) Hannah W. married Rev. Samuel H. Merrill of Barrington October 31, 1831. Mr. Merrill died in Portland, Me., September 18, 1873; they had three children, Edward P., who resides with his mother in Portland, Me., Susan P., who married Thomas Reed, Esq., of Portland, Me., Marion C., who married Rev. Charles D. Barrows, and they reside in Lowell, Mass.; they have two children, Malcom Dana and Charles Dana.

(5) Tryphena C. married Grenville L. Remick of Pittsfield, February, 1839, and died October 2, 1841, leaving one child, Tryphena P., who married Jacob C. Gear of Concord, August, 1865; they have one child, Marion Belle.

PRESCOTT FAMILY.

Reuben Swain Prescott, born November 18, 1805, married, October 27, 1830, Mary B. Leavitt of Bangor, Me., born 1806, and died November 21, 1868, aged sixty-two. Mr. Prescott's father's name was Josiah, and his mother was Judith Swain. His grandfather's name was James, and his grandmother was Mary Thompson of Deerfield. Mr. Prescott, at the age of thirteen, entered a store at Exeter, where he remained until nearly twenty-one. He went to the State of Maine in 1826, and located himself in business at Exeter, where he remained until 1833, when he removed to Bangor where he now resides. He represented Exeter in the Maine Legislature two years, and in Bangor has filled many important offices, and has inspired those who have intrusted business to his management with unbounded confidence in his sterling judgment and unimpeached integrity. His children are: Caroline A., born February 23, 1832, married, May 17, 1865, Rev. Sheridan

Zelie, a Congregational clergyman; James Swain, born April 16, 1833, went to Australia in 1853, was in Calcutta in 1862, in China in 1864, and in Northern Australia in 1869; Charles Carmel, born January 26, 1836, married, August 17, 1865, Sarah E. Ffory; one child, Edith Mary, born May 26, 1867; Mary Elizabeth, born February 1, 1838, married, January 30, 1868, Charles C. Sargent of New York City; one child, Grace Lillian, born November 16, 1868; Harriet Ann, born July 31, 1844, died November 3, 1846.

SHERBURNE FAMILY.

Henry Sherburne came to Strawberry Bank,—so called until 1653, since which it has been known as Portsmouth,—in the ship "James," in 1631. He married Rebecca, only daughter of Ambrose Gibbons, November 13, 1637, and died 1680. His wife died June 3, 1667. This Henry Sherburne was the last man received into the corporation of Nottingham under its charter, and was for many years its treasurer, and great confidence seems to have been reposed in him.

The children of Henry Sherburne and Rebecca Gibbons were: Samuel and Elizabeth, born August 4, 1638, twins; Mary, born November 20, 1640; Henry, born January 11, 1642, died 1659; John, born 1647; Ambrose, born 1649; Sarah, born 1650; Rebecca, born 1654; Rachel, born 1656; Martha, born 1658; and Ruth, born 1660.

Samuel, son of Henry, married Love, daughter of John Hutchins, December 15, 1668, and lived in Hampton. He was killed by the Indians at Meregnoit in 1691, while acting as captain in King William's war. His wife died in Kingston, Mass., February, 1739, aged ninety-two. Their children were:—

(1) Francis, born March 14, 1670; (2) Elizabeth, born February 5, 1671; (3) Henry, born February 16, 1674; (4) Frances, born September 29, 1676; (5) John, born February 2, 1678; (6) Mary, born May 23, 1680; (7) Sa-

The first part of the history is a general account of the state of the country at the beginning of the reign of Henry the Second. It describes the state of the kingdom, the state of the church, and the state of the people. It also describes the state of the country at the end of the reign of Henry the Second.

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rah, born January 14, 1682; (8) Sarah, born July 21, 1684; (9) Love, born July 5, 1686; (10) Achareus, a daughter, born February 23, 1692.

This John, son of Capt. Samuel Sherburne, was known as "Lieutenant John." He married, November 12, 1713, Jane, daughter of Abraham Deane. She was born 1691. Their children were: (1) Sarah, born July 8, 1715, who married Joseph Freeze, and died December 26, 1737, aged twenty-two; (2) Margaret, born June 29, 1718, married Henry Dearborn, died January 19, 1738; (3) Samuel, born October 7, 1720, married Lydia Marston; (4) John, born February 2, 1723, married Sarah —; (5) Love, born April 30, 1726; (6) Jane, born November 22, 1728; (7) Mary, born April 13, 1731; (8) Elizabeth, born November 13, 1734; these last three dying of "throat ail," December, 1735; (9) Jane, born February 25, 1737, and died soon.

Lieut. John Sherburne settled in Epping, and his son John settled in Northwood, where now is the residence of John Day, and had one son and four daughters: (1) Jane, baptized October 14, 1744, married a Mr. Prescott; (2) Mary, baptized October 26, 1746, married Levi Cass; (3) Elizabeth, baptized July 30, 1749, married James Moses; (4) Sarah, baptized December 29, 1751, married Thomas Hobbs of North Hampton; (5) Samuel, baptized June 9, 1754.

This Samuel married Sarah, daughter of Benjamin Hill, the first settler of that name in Northwood. This John and Sarah lived at first where the late David D. Bennett died; subsequently, where Mr. Jacob Gile resides, having exchanged farms with Taylor Clark. Their children were: Sally, Benjamin, John, Betsey, and Deborah.

This Samuel Sherburn married, for his second wife, Nancy Randall, by whom he had, for children: Samuel, Nancy, Polly, James, Joseph, Abigail, Polly, Eliza, George, Uriah, and Warren P.

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(1) Sally married Samuel Batchelder, and became the mother of the present Gilman Batchelder.

(2) Benjamin married Nancy Durgin, daughter of Samuel D., and lived where Mr. Hayes resides; his son Samuel lives in Manchester.

(3) John, known as Captain John, married, for his first wife, Abigail, daughter of George Tuttle of Lee, and for his second wife, Nancy Shackford, widow of Samuel Shackford of Barrington. By his first wife, he had ten children: (1) William B., whose first wife was Sarah Ann, daughter of Joseph Davis of Effingham, and their children are: Mary A. (dead), Joseph (dead), Daniel T., David S., Moses H., Sarah Elizabeth, Frances (dead), William J., and Ida A.; (2) Sarah Ann, married Daniel Tuxbury of Amesbury, Mass.; he died at Newmarket; she subsequently became the wife of Simon Veasey, and is now living; (3) Samuel D., married Elizabeth Fogg, lived in Manchester, and died, leaving one son, Elbert, now living in Minnesota; (4) George T., married Mary, daughter of Joseph Bartlett of Nottingham, and lives on the homestead, his children being Alice, Carrie, and John; (5) John G., graduated at Dartmouth College, read law, and now resides in Lowell, Mass.; (6) Abigail J., became the wife of Charles Kelley of Gilmanton; she died, leaving children: Mary, Charles, John, and George; (7) Catherine E., became the wife of Jacob Gile of Nottingham, now of Northwood, their children being Henry A., Clara, and Joseph; (8) Susan, became the wife of Joseph Nealley, and died in Wisconsin in 1804; (9) Loanna S., became the wife of Edward H. Mead, and their children were Lula, who died May 19, 1867, and Emma H.; Mr. Mead died August 21, 1863, and she became the wife of Prof. A. B. Mersevey; (10) Charles H., married Miss Hammond, and lives in Minneapolis, Minn.

(4) Betsey, fourth child of Col. Samuel Sherburne, became the wife of John Batchelder, son of Deacon Increase

The history of the United States is a story of growth and change. From the first settlers to the present day, the nation has evolved through various stages of development. The early years were marked by exploration and the establishment of colonies. The American Revolution led to the birth of a new nation, and the subsequent years saw the expansion of territory and the growth of industry. The Civil War was a pivotal moment in the nation's history, leading to the abolition of slavery and the strengthening of the federal government. The Reconstruction era followed, and the nation began to heal the wounds of war. The late 19th century saw the rise of industrialization and the growth of the middle class. The early 20th century was marked by the Progressive Era, which sought to reform society and government. The Great Depression of the 1930s led to the New Deal, a series of programs and policies that reshaped the nation's economy and social structure. The mid-20th century saw the rise of the Cold War, which shaped international relations and domestic policy. The 1960s and 1970s were years of social change, with the Civil Rights Movement and the Vietnam War. The late 20th century saw the end of the Cold War and the rise of globalization. The 21st century has been marked by technological advances, economic challenges, and ongoing social and political issues. The history of the United States is a testament to the resilience and adaptability of the American people.

Batchelder, the father of the late Deacon Thomas J. Batchelder of Deerfield.

(5) Deborah died young.

(6) Samuel married Mehitable Berry of Pittsfield ; she subsequently became the wife of Capt. Benjamin Batchelder.

(7) Nancy became the wife of Jacob Batchelder, son of Deacon Increase Batchelder.

(8) Polly died young.

(9) James died unmarried, when about twenty-seven years old.

(10) Joseph married and lived in Upper Canada.

(11) Abigail married Ebenezer Ford of Nottingham, and lived in Charlestown, and in Haverhill, Mass., having two daughters and one son.

(12) Polly married Capt. Levi Batchelder, son of Deacon Simon Batchelder ; she is now living in Manchester.

(13) Eliza married Ebenezer Ford of Nottingham.

(14) George married Abigail Hall, sister of Rufus Hall of Strafford. He lived where Mr. Hayes lives ; subsequently he removed to Stetson, Me., where he died, leaving several children.

(15) Uriah married Adaline Durgin, daughter of John D., and she resides in Chichester, becoming, after the death of Mr. Sherburne, the wife of Hosca Knowlton, having one son, Charles, residing in New York.

(16) Warren P. married Elizabeth Demeritt of Lee, and resides in Durham, having for children, Henry, Andrew, Mary S., dead, Fannie, Emma, and Charles, dead.

SMITH FAMILY.

Dr. William Smith's father's name was John, who died at Salem, May 5, 1796, aged eighty-three ; his wife, Mary Anna, died May 18, 1821, aged ninety-nine years. Their children were : Mary, born 1743, died November 30, 1805, her husband being a Mr. Stewart ; Rebecca, born 1745, died Oc-

tober 21, 1818, her husband being a Mr. Mann ; Sarah, born 1747, died 1842 or 1843, being the second wife of Mr. Stewart ; Betsey, born 1748, died January 16, 1839, being the wife of Solomon Smith ; John, born 1754, died February 12, 1840 ; Susan, born 1756, died December 15, 1816 ; Lydia, born 1758, died November 23, 1828, being the second wife of Mr. Francis Smith, who died October 5, 1837, aged seventy-five ; Margaret, born 1760, died April 7, 1813, being the first wife of Mr. Francis Smith ; James ; Anne, died about 1831 ; William, born September 18, 1769, died August 11, 1833.

This William came from Salem to Northwood, and studied medicine with Dr. Benjamin Kelley, who was also a native of Salem, whom he succeeded in the practice of medicine, Dr. Kelley removing to Loudon in 1797. Dr. Smith married, March 10, 1805, Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan Clark, who came to Northwood from Stratham, March, 1773. Their children were as follows : —

(1) John, born December 18, 1805, married, July 7, 1836, Mrs. Pamela Smith of Lowell, Mass., born November 16, 1813, died January 16, 1860. Mr. Smith was for many years a merchant in Lowell, Mass., where he died June 11, 1877.

(2) Susan L., born September 19, 1807, died October 6, 1872, became, January 2, 1834, the wife of Jacob Graves, born June 10, 1807, died February 17, 1856.

(3) Jonathan Clark, born September 5, 1809, died October 22, 1863 ; married Eliza M. Jackson, January, 1848, who was born 1819, and died February 26, 1849.

(4) George K., born October 2, 1811, married, January 27, 1842, Fidelia Wilcox, born June 25, 1816 ; they reside in Northwood, their children being Charles C., born October 21, 1842 ; Mary Ellen, born January 11, 1845, who became, December 25, 1869, the wife of Warren G. Sanborn, born May 1, 1842, son of Dr. John Sanborn of Newmarket, a graduate of Dartmouth College, now residing in Maysville, Ky..

having two children, Mary S., born November 22, 1870, and Augusta W., born April 29, 1877; Juliette S., born November 19, 1848, a graduate of Coe's Academy; and George H., born March 8, 1851, marrying Ellen Brown.

(5) Mary A., born October 24, 1813, died February 11, 1850.

(6) Elizabeth C., born January 31, 1816.

(7) William, born March 26, 1818, married, October 18, 1854, Helen H. Baker, born August 20, 1832; they are residing in Whitehall, N. Y., having one son, William B., born November 26, 1856.

(8) Margaret, born March 1, 1820.

(9) Sarah A., born April 21, 1824.

Mrs. Smith died March 17, 1843, aged sixty-three. Dr. Smith was a highly successful physician, and died, endeared to many, August 11, 1833, aged sixty-four. He taught school in 1795 and 1796. The following are from the records of the town: "Paid to Mr. William Smith for keeping school in the year 1795, \$33.00." "Paid to Doct. Will^m Smith for keeping school \$13.25." Dr. Smith for many years taught singing-schools, and led the choir in the Congregational Church, and for more than twenty years was town clerk.

TASKER FAMILY.

John Tasker was born in England, came to this country and settled in Madbury about the year 1680. He had four sons born in Madbury, Ebenezer, Samuel, John, and William.

Ebenezer, son of John Tasker, sen., had two sons, Ebenezer and Jonathan. There is no authentic record of the descendants of Ebenezer, jr., and Jonathan, only that Ebenezer settled near the White Mountains.

Samuel had no descendants.

John, 2d, was born in Madbury about the year 1718, and moved to Barnstead about the year 1767. He had three sons, Joseph, Paul, and Nathaniel. Joseph had five

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sons, born in Barnstead, whose names were : William, John, Joseph, 2d, Paul, and Ira. Paul had no descendants, so far as can be learned from the record. Nathaniel had three sons : Gilbert, born February 3, 1804 ; Paul, born November 11, 1812 ; Seth, born September 28, 1809, and died May 31, 1874. Joseph, 2d, had three sons, John True, William, and Joseph Orren.

William was born in Madbury, May 28, 1721. His children were : Abigail, born October 27, 1750, died February 13, 1823 ; Samuel, born April 26, 1752, died September 11, 1811 ; William, born November 14, 1753, died September 11, 1828 ; Daniel, born August 14, 1755 ; James, born February 6, 1757, settled in Cornish, and several of his descendants are still living in that part of the state ; Hannah, born July 22, 1758 ; Elizabeth, born March 19, 1760 ; John, born March 9, 1762 ; Louis, born September 24, 1764 ; Rebecca, born May 29, 1766 ; Andrew, born April 30, 1768 ; Israel, born December 16, 1769 ; Miles, born October 19, 1771.

Samuel settled in Strafford, and had two children, William, and a daughter who became the wife of Elijah Tuttle of Strafford.

William, Samuel's son, lived in Strafford ; had eleven children : David, Samuel, Paul, Jeremiah, Nancy, William O., Jane, Charles C., George W., Lydia, Lavina.

William, son of William, was born November 14, 1753, married Hannah Pinkham, born October 12, 1750. They settled in Strafford upon a farm ; their children were : Nicholas, born March 3, 1777, died March 30, 1838 ; Jonathan, born November 13, 1779, died March 12, 1873 ; Nathaniel, born September 7, 1784, died August 27, 1868 ; Elisha, born September 16, 1787, died February 3, 1863 ; Betsy, born March 27, 1794.

Nicholas settled in Strafford as a farmer. He was, however, a natural mechanic, as shown in his skill in making all kinds of cooper's ware, ox-wheels, ploughs, and fram-

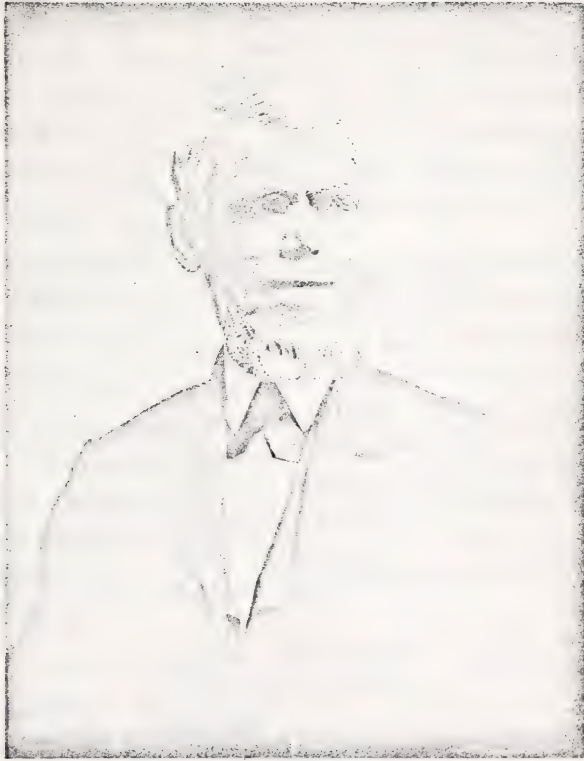
ing buildings. In all of these respects he was somewhat celebrated. He had six children, not including those who died in infancy, whose names were: Nahum, Mary, Hiram, Hannah, Eliza, Susan. Nahum and Mary settled in Milton; Hiram died.

Jonathan was born in Strafford, November 13, 1779. At the age of fourteen years he was apprenticed to Daniel French of Northwood, to learn the carpenter and joiner's trade. Having completed his seven years' apprenticeship, and receiving therefor, in addition to the skill he had acquired, a freedom suit, he commenced business for himself. He married, May 18, 1803, Mary, daughter of Joshua Hoitt of Northwood, born September 1, 1781, and soon after settled in Pittsfield, near Jenness Pond. After residing there several years, he moved to Northwood, near the Narrows, where he closed a long and useful life, March 12, 1873, at the advanced age of ninety-three years. His wife died October 11, 1854, at the age of seventy-three years. Their children were: Jewett, born October 6, 1803; Eliza G., born September 18, 1805; Joshua G., born March 30, 1808, died in infancy; John C., born October 17, 1809; Mary H., born November 7, 1811; Cynthia Jane, born August 25, 1815, died September 28, 1830; Ezra, born September 11, 1818.

Jewett Tasker married Louisa H. Haskell of Beverly, Mass., and settled in Newmarket. His business was that of a carpenter and builder. Their children were: Charles E., Helen L., and Fanny A. His wife died in February, 1840, and he married Lydia Lefavor of Beverly, Mass. Their children were: Joseph J., William A., George H., died young; Georgia A., died May 10, 1872; Mary Abba.

Charles E., son of Jewett, married Georgiana J., daughter of Rev. Levi B. Tasker, and their children are: Lulu J., Edward, Charles Herbert, and Harry.

Fanny, daughter of Jewett, married James Chesley of Durham and settled in Minnesota. Their children are: Edward T., Thomas Jewett, and Georgiana.



Ezra Parker



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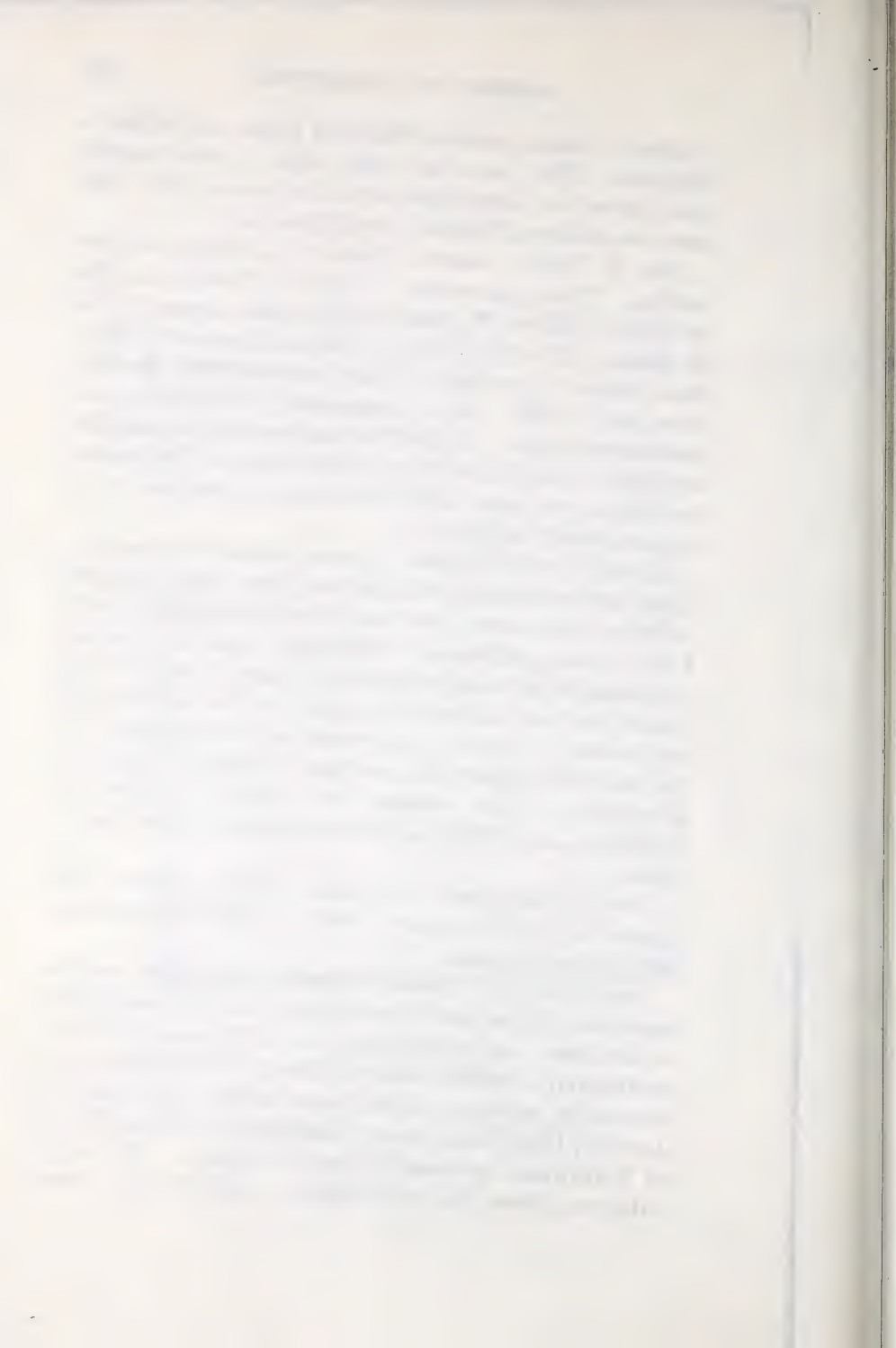
Eliza G. Tasker married Philbrick Cram, and settled in Raymond. They have one child, Alvin S., who married Abby Tarbell of Lowell, and settled in Barnard, Vt.; they have two children, Charles F. and Elvira E.

John C. Tasker married Charlotte A. Battles of Newmarket. Their children are: Albert P., Charlotte A., died in infancy; Edwin W., died May 17, 1864; Emma I., died in infancy. His wife died in 1851, and he married Marietta Smith of Manchester. They have one child, Fred E., born May 9, 1862. He is a machinist, civil engineer, and mechanical expert. In 1866 he was appointed an assistant examiner in the United-States patent office at Washington. In 1868 he was made one of the principal examiners, which position he still occupies.

Albert P., son of John C. Tasker, enlisted in the New-Hampshire cavalry in 1861, and was three years connected with the Union army; was once taken prisoner and sent to Libby prison, and thence to Belle Isle, where he remained six weeks before being exchanged. Since the close of the war he has been employed as a clerk in the adjutant-general's office in the war department at Washington, D. C. He married Augusta M., daughter of Joseph Peabody of Manchester. Their children are: Edwin S., Harry P., Charles A., and Edith A., the last three of whom died in infancy.

Mary H., daughter of Jonathan Tasker, married Rev. Collins L. Foss December 6, 1849; resided in Manchester; they had no children.

Ezra Tasker is by trade a carpenter and builder, and has made that his business in connection with the management of his farm. He resides upon the old homestead, and is particularly identified with the history of the town, as may be seen by reference to the town records. He married, June 26, 1844, Catherine J., daughter of William Bartlett of Northwood, by whom he had no children. His second wife was Susan Hill of Strafford; their children were



Emma S. and Cynthia Jane. He married, third, Eunice Hilliard, and their children were : Dora G., and Willie, who died in infancy. Emma S., daughter of Ezra and Susan Tasker, married Henry Albert Cilley, son of John, and settled in Northwood.

Nathaniel, son of William Tasker, 2d, and brother of Jonathan, with whom he served an apprenticeship and learned the carpenter and joiner's trade, married Nancy Batchelder, and settled in the lower part of the town of Northwood, where, through a long life, he contributed largely and successfully toward building up that portion of the town as well as securing a handsome property for himself and family. Their children were : Luther, John B., William, Lorenzo D., Ann Jane, and Harriet. The boys all learned the house carpenter and joiner's trade of their father.

Luther married Mary Ann Stearns of Deerfield, and settled in Northwood upon the old homestead, where he now lives, his wife having died many years since.

John B. married Martha, daughter of Abram Batchelder, and settled in Northwood upon a farm ; they had one child, Susan B. He is dead.

William married Mary Ann Dawley, and settled in Great Falls, where he was engaged several years in mercantile business. He died leaving no children.

Lorenzo married Mary Allen, and settled in Northwood, near the residence of his father, where he still carries on a successful business in the manufacture of carriages and sleighs. Their children are : George A., William, Charles, Ann Jane, and Nathaniel.

Ann Jane, twin sister of Lorenzo, married William Knowles, and settled in Northwood ; they afterward moved to Andover, Mass., where she died. Their children were : Ann Marantha, Alice, and William.

Harriet married Henry Hart, and settled in Janesville, Wis. ; they have five children.

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Elisha Tasker, son of William Tasker, 2d, was born in Strafford, September 16, 1787; married Mary, daughter of Levi Buzzell of Barrington; settled in Strafford, upon the old homestead farm, where he lived many years, an industrious, useful, and influential citizen. He married, for his second wife, Hannah B., widow of Simon Batchelder, jr., of Northwood. Mr. Tasker moved into Northwood in April, 1851, where his wife died, August, 1853, and he married, third, a Mrs. Elizabeth Garland, mother of the first wife of the late Dr. Thomas Tuttle, September 5, 1854. Mr. Tasker died February 3, 1863, aged seventy-six years. His end was peace. He had been blessed by the affections and influence of three excellent wives in succession, and surrounded by a large circle of appreciating friends, among whom a happy life had been spent. His children (all by his first wife) were: Hannah P., born November 12, 1812, died June 22, 1842; Levi B., born March 21, 1814, died August 29, 1875; Mary E., born October 20, 1815, died February 7, 1817; Alfred, born March 9, 1817; Andrew B., born June 6, 1819, died February 26, 1841; John G., born July 1, 1821; Vincent P., born December 13, 1822; Mary E., born June 10, 1825; Elisha S., born April 18, 1826; Martha M., born September 19, 1827; Ascenath A., born June 22, 1830; Cynthia J., born December 24, 1831; Emily A., born April 30, 1835.

Hannah P. married Joseph Johnson, jr., of Northwood, and settled at Bow Pond in Strafford, where she died, June 22, 1842, leaving two children.

Levi B. married Hannah P. Caswell, daughter of William Caswell, and became a minister of the Freewill Baptist denomination. He was wise in council, and influential as a preacher, spending most of his ministerial life in Newmarket and Sandwich, and died in the latter place, August 29, 1875.

John G., son of Elisha Tasker, married, April 29, 1852, Mary C. Hall of Strafford, and resides in Northwood, having one daughter, Sylvia Eveline.

Vincent P., son of Elisha, married Hannah W. Walker of Strafford, September 27, 1842, and resides in Northwood ; their children being Andrew B. and Emma A.

Elisha Shapley, son of Elisha Tasker, married, October 6, 1852, Frances Flynn Gage of Manchester, and resides in Northwood ; they had one son, Eugene S., who died in 1877.

Betsey, daughter of William Tasker, 2d, married William Caswell, and settled in Northwood. Their children are : Hannah P., Perley, Nathaniel D., Elizabeth, Timothy, and Willard W.

Hannah P. married Rev. Levi B. Tasker.

Perley, born November 30, 1818, married, November 1, 1847, Angenette Harding of Medford, Mass., and they had children : Bell T., Florence A., Jennie A., Ellicott, Genevere, Melvin. Bell T. and Jennie A. alone survive, and both parents are dead.

Nathaniel D. was born October 18, 1821, married Naomi, daughter of Abraham Cilley ; both have since died, leaving one son, Charles.

Elizabeth A., born June 28, 1824, married Mr. Hodgen ; has children, and reside in Newmarket.

Timothy, born December 6, 1826, married, February 2, 1853, Ellen McCarty, and have children, George W. and Cora E.

Willard W., born August 3, 1829, married, and lives in Pittsfield.

TUCKER FAMILY.

Most of the Tuckers in New Hampshire originated in Salisbury, Mass., their ancestors coming from England about the middle of the sixteenth century. Henry Tucker, son of James and Hannah Tucker of Salisbury, Mass., born May 10, 1742, came to Deerfield about 1760 ; married Miss Robinson of Brentwood. They had eight children : John, settled in Hopkinton, and had a family ; Daniel, at Meredith Bridge (now Laconia), and had three children ; he was



the first president of the Winnepesaukee Bank, and held the office till his death; Henry had no family, or permanent residence; died at Laconia; True, the youngest son, went to South America soon after he was of age, entered a war that was prevailing at the time, was taken prisoner, and died in prison on the island of Trinidad; Mary, one of the daughters, died in youth, while Hannah married Andrew Gilman, and lived in Gilmanton, afterwards in Northfield, but died at the old homestead in Deerfield; Sally married Stephen Prescott; lived in Deerfield, but after his decease went to Lowell, Mass., and died there.

James lived on the homestead; married Anna Freese of Deerfield; they had nine children: Charles lived on the homestead, and died there in 1850, aged forty-nine; Harriet W. Sanborn died in Sanbornton in 1847, aged forty-three; Dudley F. married Martha H. Prentice of Northwood; moved from Deerfield to Northwood in 1840; they had seven children; one died in infancy; two sons, Josiah P. and Austin H., live in Boston, Mass.; Charles P., in Chicago, Ill.; Martha Grace, in Portsmouth; Nellie M. Smith in New Orleans, La.; Belle P. Wiggin lives in Stratford; Harriet Newell resides with her parents.

Eliza S. Tucker, daughter of James and Anna, married Theodore Dame, who died in Rome, N. Y.; afterwards she married James Maines, and now lives in Minnesota.

Benjamin F. left home soon after his father's death in 1826; resided in the Southern States; married in New Orleans. His wife died in about one year, leaving a son, who went to Paris with his grandparents, and was killed during the siege of Paris by the Prussians, aged twenty. The father returned to California.

Andrew G. lives in Lynn, Mass.; Mary Ann Butler lives in West Newton, Mass.; Gordon F. lives in Lowell, Mass.; John T., the youngest, lives with his nephew, C. C. Tucker, on the old homestead in Deerfield.

TUTTLE FAMILY.

John Tuthill, or Tothill, came from England in the ship "Planter" from London, in 1635. Tradition says he came from the western part of England. A coat of arms in possession of one branch of the family corresponds with that of the Tothill families in Devonshire, England. He came to Dover between 1635 and 1640. The name was changed to Tuttle the second or third generation after coming over.

Dr. Tuttle's great-grandfather, Thomas Tuttle, bought the farm now owned by Timothy Tuttle in Barrington, and gave it to his son Thomas, who gave it to his son Samuel, the father of the present owner of it. The ancestors of Dr. Tuttle were long lived; his great-aunt lived to be a hundred and three years old; his father lived to be eighty-one; an aunt eighty-six; and his uncle Thomas is now living, aged ninety-six. The rest of the family lived to a good old age.

Dr. Tuttle, the son of Samuel Tuttle and Mary Waterhouse, his wife, was born in Barrington, February 23, 1817, and died May 28, 1873. He married Olive Furber Garland of Northwood, April 30, 1843, who died October 16, 1858. Their children were: Mary Elizabeth, born January 3, 1848, died September 5, 1858; George Thomas, born March 18, 1850, graduated at Dartmouth College, 1872; was principal of Pinkerton Academy two years, and is now a member of Harvard Medical School; Annie O., born October 7, 1852, died March 30, 1874; Charles Francis, born December 15, 1856. Dr. Tuttle married, for his second wife, Abbie Blake of Raymond, November 26, 1862, and their children are: Ellen Elizabeth, born November 4, 1863; Sherburne Blake, born November 11, 1865; Edith Pierce, born November 24, 1867; Fred Cilley, born September 7, 1870, died January 9, 1875.

The first year of his professional study was passed with Dr. Fernald of Barrington, the second at Hanover, under the instruction of Dr. Dixi Crosby, meanwhile attending the lec-



tures of the Medical Department, Dartmouth College; the third at Boston, with Dr. Perry for an instructor, and attending a course of lectures at the Medical School of Harvard, where he graduated in 1842, and soon after began the practice of medicine in Northwood, under circumstances by no means encouraging. By devotion to his patients, and study, he gradually won the confidence of the people, and by kindness to the poor and sympathy for the suffering, and by his sound judgment, and high moral and Christian character, he became "the beloved physician," and his death caused universal sorrow through the wide region in which he was known.

It would be well if his example could be followed by all entering the medical profession, in eschewing tobacco and intoxicating liquors in all their forms. Physicians, in too many instances, lose the esteem of their patients, by nauseating them with the odors of the poisonous narcotic, or the fumes of strong drink. The life of Dr. Tuttle was a success, and his death a triumph.

WIGGIN FAMILY.

As early as 1784, John Wiggin, who had but recently married Elizabeth Durgin of Lee, settled on the Turnpike near the center of Northwood, upon a tract of sixty acres of land given him by his father-in-law. He afterwards added largely to his farm by purchases of adjoining lands, and built the house in which B. Wells Clark now lives. He was of the Wiggin family who came from England, and among the first settlers of the country to whom a grant of land was made, called the Wiggin Grant. Prominent in this family was Capt. Thomas Wiggin, who was agent of the Dover settlement, or Upper Plantation.

John Wiggin was a soldier in the Revolutionary war and was highly respected by those who knew him for his moral worth. He died at the advanced age of eighty-eight years. His wife was a daughter of a Mr. Durgin of Lee. Her

The first of these is the fact that the United States is a young nation, and that its history is a history of growth and development. The second is the fact that the United States is a nation of immigrants, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a common identity. The third is the fact that the United States is a nation of free men and women, and that its history is a history of the struggle for freedom and justice.

The fourth is the fact that the United States is a nation of opportunity, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a better life. The fifth is the fact that the United States is a nation of progress, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a more perfect union.

The sixth is the fact that the United States is a nation of peace, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a more peaceful world. The seventh is the fact that the United States is a nation of hope, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a more hopeful future. The eighth is the fact that the United States is a nation of love, and that its history is a history of the struggle for a more loving society.

mother's name was Coffy. Their children were, John, Mary, Lydia, and Elizabeth. Mary was married to Joseph Durgin of Northwood, where she died in 1826, leaving a large family, most of whom have since followed her. But there are still living, John, the eldest, who resides in Raymond, Samuel, who lives in the State of Maine, and Mary, who was married to a Mr. Dearborn of Deerfield, where she now lives.

Lydia, the second daughter, was married to John Moore of Stratham. She died in Northwood in 1826, leaving a large family of children, of whom there are now living Mrs. Durgin, widow of the late Miles Durgin, of Northwood, Shepard, who married a daughter of Benjamin Batchelder, and has always lived in Northwood, and a daughter by the name of Elizabeth.

Elizabeth, the third daughter, was married to Joab Durgin, and died in Newmarket, leaving three children, a daughter and two sons. The daughter became the wife of Samuel Batchelder, and now lives in Haverhill, Mass.

John, the eldest of the family, was born in 1783, and was married to Charlotte, the fifth daughter of Capt. Henry Batchelder, who was the eldest son of Davis Batchelder, and brother of Deacon Simon Batchelder. Her mother's name was Randall, whose sister was the second wife of Col. Sherburne. She was for many years a member of the Baptist Church, and died in faith, in 1825, leaving five children, one of whom, an infant, followed its mother in two weeks after her decease.

John Wiggin married, for his second wife, Ann Quimby of Tuftonborough, who survived him, and became the wife of a Mr. Towle of Chichester. He always lived in Northwood and enjoyed the reputation of being an honest and industrious man; and was repeatedly elected as one of the selectmen of the town. He died in 1848, aged sixty-five years. Four children survived him, Henry B., John, Belinda, and Joseph. Henry finished his preparation for college at Gil-



H D Wiggins



— 524 —

manton Academy, and was admitted to Waterville College in 1834, and graduated at Dartmouth College in 1838. He was licensed the same year to preach the gospel by the South Boston Baptist Church, of which he had been a member for six years.

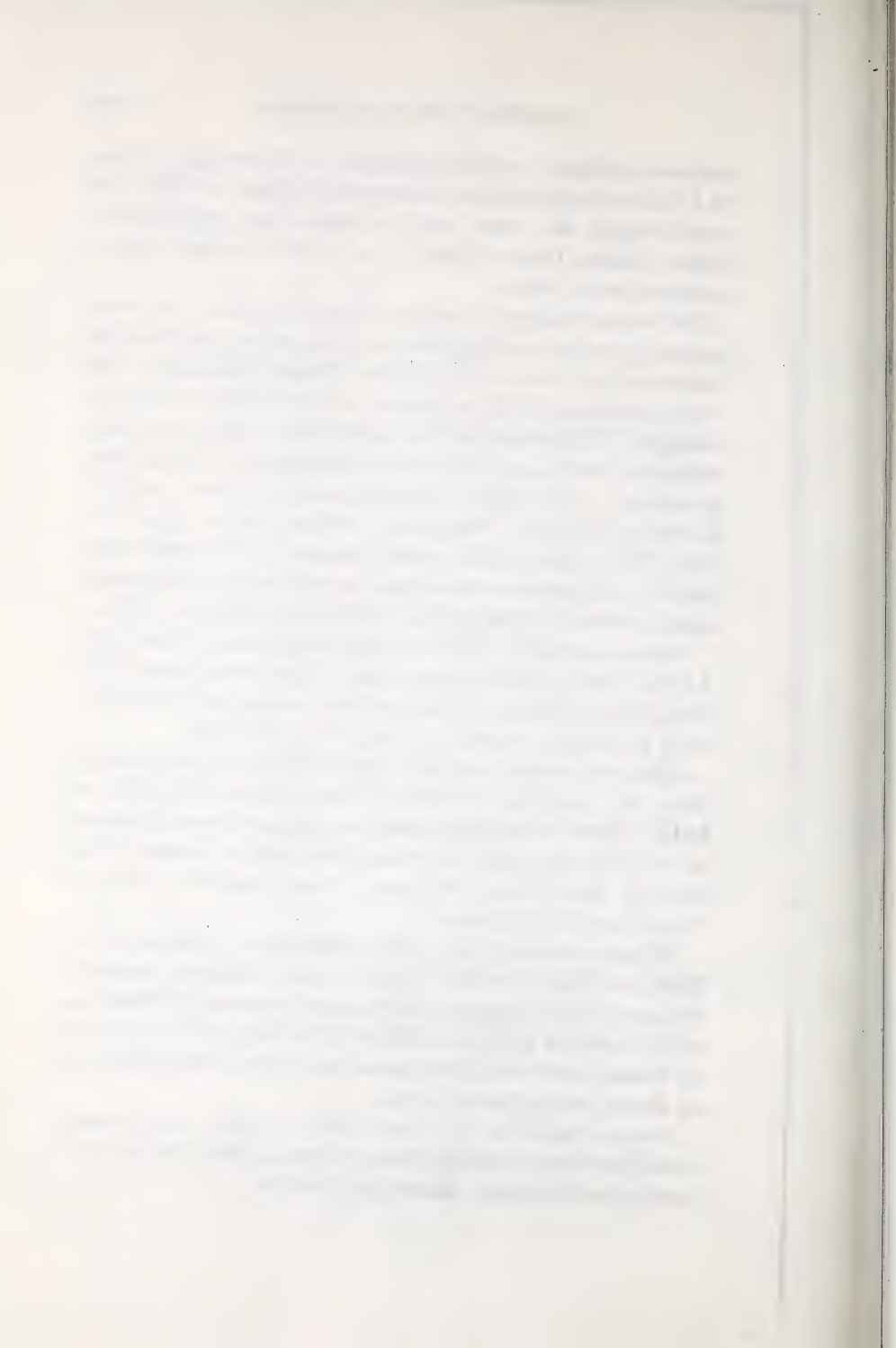
On leaving college he went to Kentucky where he spent several years in teaching, first as principal of the Glasgow Academy, and then of the Elkton Female Seminary. He was ordained in 1839, by request of the Baptist Church of Glasgow. He labored in the ministry for many years with enfeebled health, and was finally compelled to desist from preaching. He suffered severely during the war, and left Kentucky in 1864. He is now residing in the city of Orange, N. J., with health much improved. He was nominated by all parties as candidate for mayor, and was unanimously elected to that office, which he now fills, --- 1874.

He was married in 1842, to Jane M. Mohan of Kentucky. As the fruit of this union there have been seven children, six of whom are living, whose names are Rollin H., John D., Laurie, Sarah C., Joseph N., and Lillie.

John, the second son of John Wiggin, was married to Mary A., daughter of Henry Batchelder of Meredith, in 1843. There were born to them one son, who was drowned at an early age, and two daughters, one of whom is the wife of John Ricker of Lynn, Mass., and the other, of Frank Leavitt of Exeter.

Belinda was married to John Bennett of Northwood, in 1843, and died in 1854, leaving four children, namely: Frances, who is the wife of George Scruton, William H., who is married and lives in Lynn, Charlotte, who is the wife of Frank Goodwin of Northwood, and Anna, who is the wife of James Arrington of Lynn.

Joseph has lived in New York City for many years, where he was married to Elizabeth Beggs, who died in 1865, leaving two children, Henry and Freddie.



WILLEY FAMILY.

John Willey was born December 19, 1763, and came from Durham with his wife in 1785. They settled about a quarter of a mile below the present Willey homestead. In 1790, he bought the farm where now stands the house in which he lived the remainder of his life. He was a tailor. His children were John, Robert, and William B. He died August 11, 1846, aged eighty-two; his wife, Mehitable, died October 21, 1855, aged ninety.

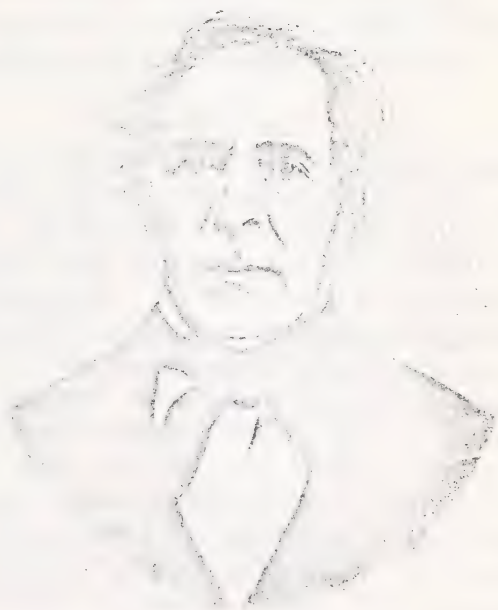
John, their son, was born July 19, 1786, and married Elizabeth Shaw of Canterbella. His children were Lavina, Eliza, William, and Susan. All are now living in the State of Maine.

Robert was born June 22, 1783. He died November 22, 1810, aged twenty-two years.

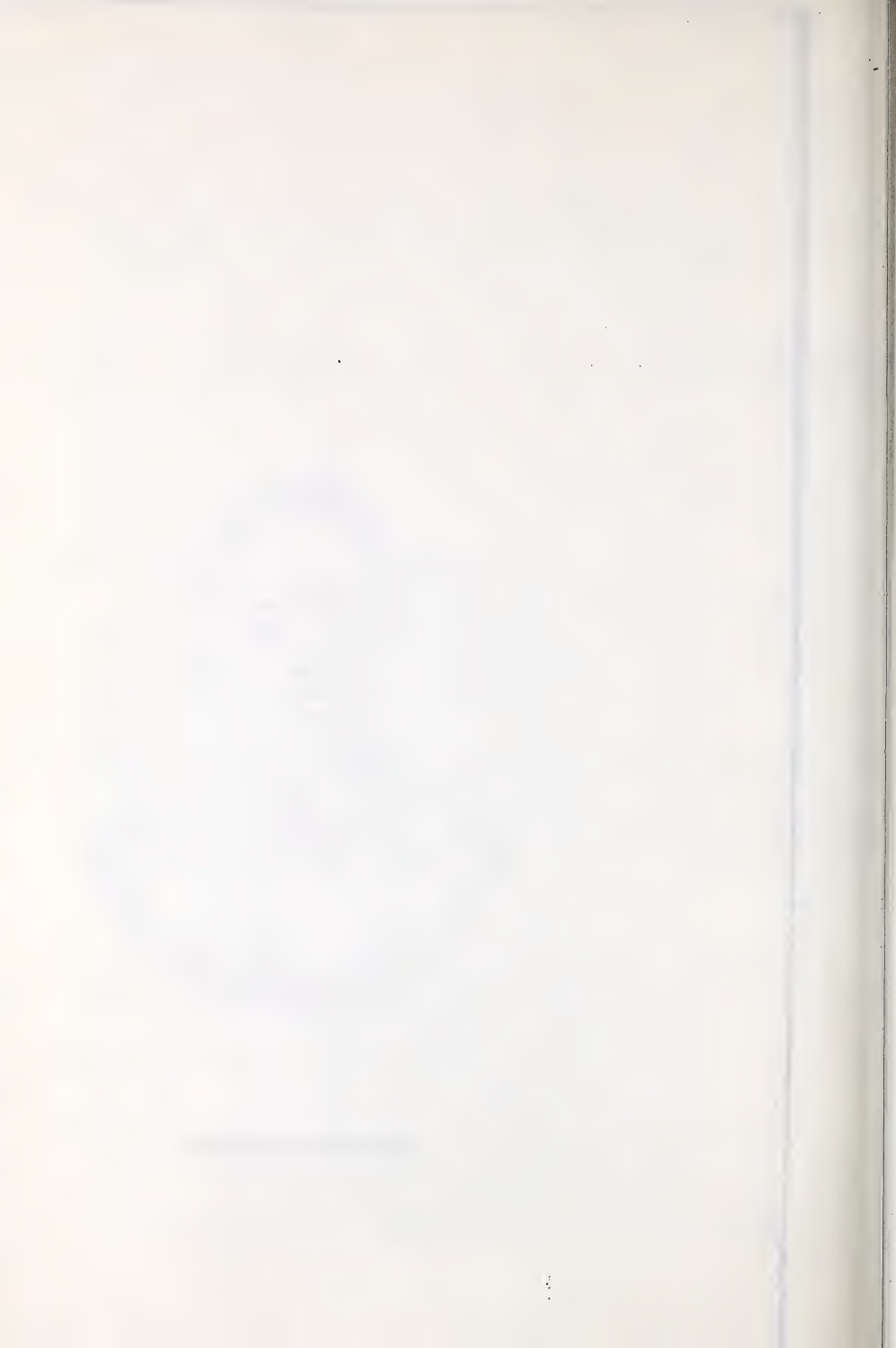
William B. was born September 11, 1794. In 1822, he married Mahala Dearborn of Effingham, and lived on the farm with his father. He built a saw-mill, and carried on the lumber business. He died August 5, 1871, leaving his children an example which they can safely follow. He was a genial, hospitable man, greatly beloved by his family. He served in the war of 1812, and was entitled to a pension at the time of his death. Their children were William T., Elizabeth, John, George, Mary, Susan, Sarah, and Clarke.

William T. married, for his first wife, Mary Newman, daughter of Nathaniel Dearborn, Esq. She died October 20, 1860, leaving an assurance that a life full of good works and kindly endeavors shall end with joy and gladness. She left one daughter, A. Grace, who married E. McDuffee of Dover, October 6, 1876. He married, for his second wife, Lucinda Nealley of Newmarket. Their children are Charles Warren and Alice Mary. William T. went to California in 1848, returned in 1852, and bought the Daniel-French farm, a few rods from the homestead.

Elizabeth married, for her first husband, Samuel Sherburne, son of Col. Samuel Sherburne. They lived on the



WILLIAM B. WILLEY.



Col. Sherburne farm. Her second husband is Philip Hoyt; they reside at East Northwood.

John and George are living on farms in Montgomery County, Kansas. John married Ellen Willey of Newmarket.

Mary married Jasper H. Randlett of Lee. They reside in Dover. They have three children living: Minnie A., Edward J., and Caroline B.; Lizzie B., a child of much promise, died February 24, 1869, aged seven years.

Susan married, and lives in Kansas.

Sarah and Clarke are living on the homestead. Clarke enlisted, September 15, 1862, for nine months, in Company D, Fifteenth Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteers.

WINGATE FAMILY.

John Wingate was the son of John Wingate of Madbury, and connected with the prominent families of that name in the state. He was born in 1776; he married Mary Cate of Barrington about 1800; she was born in 1773; they settled in Farmington. He was by trade a blacksmith, and devoted himself to his business; but was early appreciated as a man of unusual intelligence, of a sound judgment and unyielding integrity. He was early appointed a justice of the peace, and an almost incredible number of cases were tried before him. Hon. Nehemiah Eastman, a prominent lawyer, resided in Farmington, and, having the utmost confidence in the good sense and impartiality of Mr. Wingate, threw his extensive business into his hands. As they lived in the first half of the present century, when lawyers and sheriffs were diligent in business and thoroughly impressed with the importance of keeping the people entangled in legal prosecutions and suits, we are better prepared to credit the statement that, on leaving the County of Strafford in 1826, he deposited with the clerk of the court ten thousand writs and three thousand executions; having been appointed justice about 1810, and having done as a

justice a greater business than had been done by any other in that county before him. We have received from his lips an oft-repeated declaration that not one of his decisions had ever been reversed by a higher court, though appeals were sometimes taken. In 1836 Mr. Wingate bought the well-known Clark farm, upon the height of land on the turn-pike road which has, from the settlement of the town, been designated as Clark's Hill. Here Mr. Wingate died August 22, 1862, aged eighty-six; his wife having died October 26, 1853, aged eighty.

Their children were six in number, and all born in Farmington: (1) John C., who was born in 1802, married Eliza Hayes of Milton, settled in Sanbornton, where he became a deacon in the Congregational Church and was highly esteemed; he removed to Janesville, Wis., where he died; his children were: Mary J., John, who married a daughter of William Knowles of Janesville, formerly of Northwood, Stephen, Ann E., Carrie, Henry, and Charles; (2) Sarah was born in 1804, married John Hayes of Milton, where they resided; their children being Mehitabel, John W., Henry, and Fannie; (3) Apphia was born in 1806, resides in Portsmouth, unmarried; (4) Mary was born in 1808, married Capt. Joseph Grace of Portsmouth, where they reside; (5) Caroline was born in 1810, married, July 10, 1848, Samuel C. Wallace of Concord, where they now reside; (6) Charles was born in 1816, married Alice C. Horn of Gilmanston, granddaughter of the late Deacon Simon Batchelder. His wife died September 28, 1869, aged fifty-four; he married, October 4, 1870, Mrs. Mary E. Caverly.

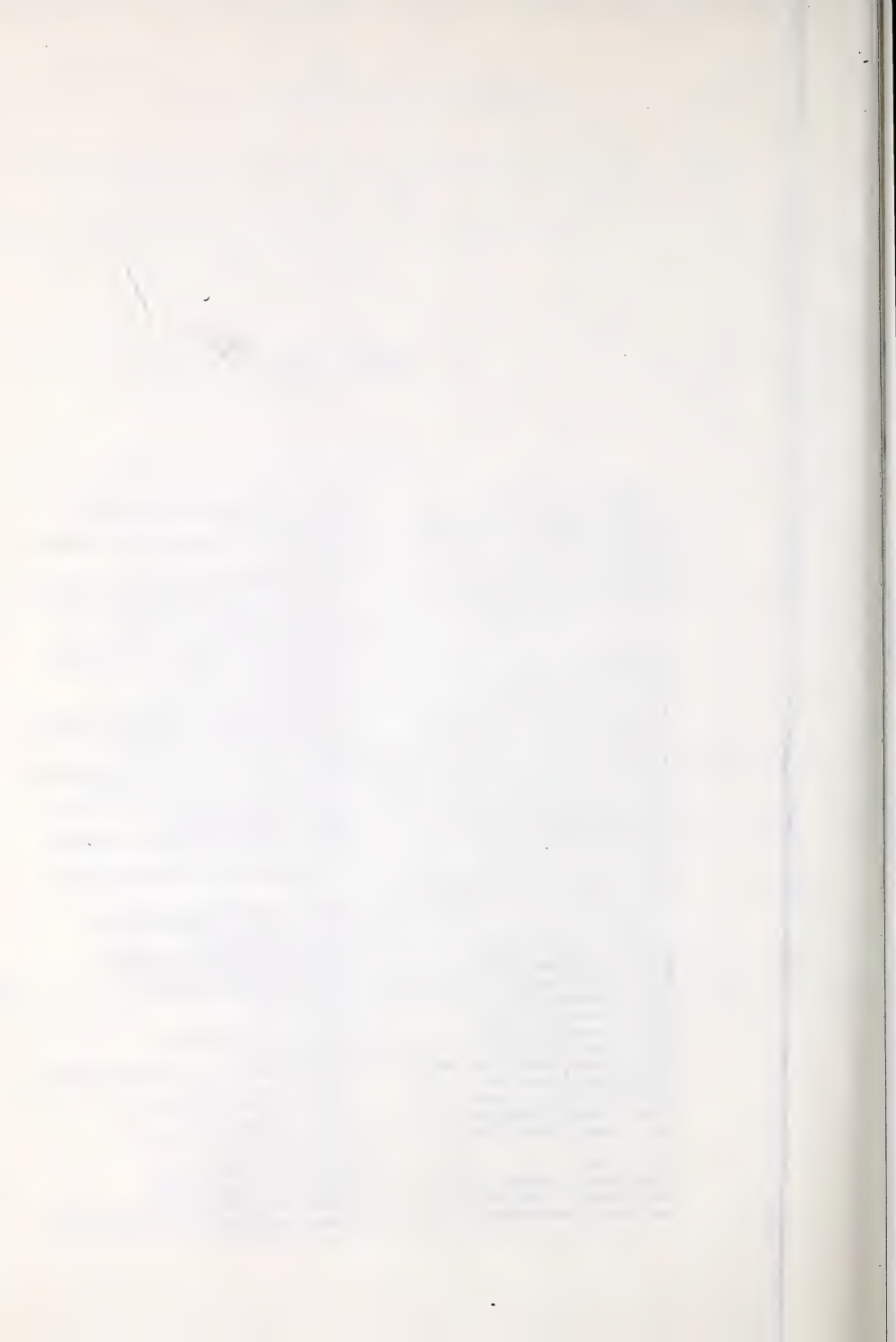
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from the future to the present
time. The sixth part of the
history of the world is the
history of the world from the
present time to the future.

INDEX.

- Academy, Coe's, 558.
 Adams, Thomas, 674.
 Animals, Anecdotes of WMA, 604.
 Appropriation for Schools, 602.
 Arnold, Gen., 345.
 Ashby, Rev. George W., 545.
 Association Test, 126, 200, 522.
 Attorneys, 254, 324, 583.
 Bacheler, Rev. Stephen, 518.
 Badger, 662.
 Bartlett, Col. Thomas, 130, 183, 254.
 Bartlett, Bradbury, 254.
 Bartlett, A. W., response, 32.
 Bartlett, family sketch, 167, 622.
 Batchelder, Col. J. B., 195.
 Batchelder, John and Increase, 516.
 Batchelder, family sketch, 333, 626, 635.
 Beau, family sketch, 334.
 Bennett, family sketch, 679.
 Bickford, family sketch, 641.
 Bickford, Solomon, 518.
 Blake, family sketch, 645.
 Brown, family sketch, 645, 647, 649.
 Bunker Hill, battle of, 223.
 Butler, Rev. Benjamin, call, settlement, dismissal, 111.
 Butler, Dorcas, 170, 172.
 Butler, Zephaniah, 172.
 Butler, Gen. Henry, 172, 174.
 Butler, Ebenezer, 174.
 Butler, James H., 175, 254.
 Butler, Sarah Cotta, 176.
 Butler, Gen. B. F., 196.
 Butler, family sketch, 170, 394.
 Butler, Hon. Josiah, 343.
 Buzzell, S. Clarke, response, 27.
 Buzzell, George B., response, 43.
 Buzzell, family sketch, 620.
 Canals, 184.
 Care, John J., response, 21.
 Cate, George W., response, 45.
 Cate, family sketch, 339.
 Caverly, R. B., reminiscences, 10.
 Cemeteries, 607.
 Centennial, preparation for, 3; committee, 4.
 Center, Old, 302; New, 305.
 Census, 1775, Deerfield, 128; Northwood, 524, 600; Nottingham, 600.
 Chadwick, family sketch, 340.
 Chadwick, Dr. Edmund, 294.
 Chapman, Rev. Jacob. See addenda.
 Chase, family sketch, 347.
 Chippewa, 185.
 Churchill, family sketch, 253.
 Churches, Congregational, 546; Baptist, 294, 542; Freewill, 296, 557.
 Cilley, Capt. Joseph, 179.
 Cilley, Gen. Joseph, 180; his wife, 180; his letter, 181; his children, 184.
 Cilley, Bradbury, 184; his wife, 184.
 Cilley, Greenleaf, 184.
 Cilley, Capt. Joseph, 184; his children, 185.
 Cilley, Jonathan M. C., 183; duel fought, 180.
 Cilley, Capt. Greenleaf, 188.
 Cilley, Gen. Jonathan Prince, 189.
 Cilley, Cutting, 196.
 Cilley, Horatio Gates, 194, 354.
 Cilley, family sketch, 179, 354.
 Clark, family sketch, 654.
 Coe, E., 554.
 Coe, E. S., 10.
 Coe, family sketch, 656.
 Coffee Town, 307.
 Cogswell, Rev. E. C., closing remarks, 13; ordination, 556.
 Cogswell, family sketch, 659.
 Colcord, Samuel, 198.
 Colcord, family sketch, 198.
 Colby, Judith, 670.
 Collins, family sketch, 353.
 Committee of Safety, 286.
 Condit, Rev. U. W., 284.
 Contrasts, 1778 to 1878, Deerfield, 329.



- Cram, family sketch, 358.
 Cram, Wadley, 294.
 Crockett, family sketch, 675.
 Currier, family sketch, 369.

 Dearborn, Gen. Henry, 196, 218, 223, 255, 614.
 Dearborn, family sketch, 199, 372.
 Declaration of Independence of New Hampshire, 125.
 Deerfield, history of, 259; petition, 260; incorporation, 264; first meeting, 266; meeting-houses, 266; new lights, 268.
 Demeritt, Joseph, 201.
 Demeritt, family sketch, 201, 678.
 Dodge, Rev. Oliver, call, 113.
 Downs, Dr. C. S., 186, 255.
 Dow, family sketch, 679.
 Drake, Samuel G., 575; his letter, 576.
 Durgin, family sketch, 681.

 Early settlements, 515.
 Eastman, family sketch, 374.
 Ecclesiastical history, 592; churches, 542.
 Education, 534.
 Ela, Jacob H., 16, 186.
 Emery, Rev. Stephen, call, 108.

 Factory, shoe, 598.
 Fair, town, Deerfield, 322.
 Farmers' association, 597.
 Fever, spotted, 326.
 Fort William and Mary, taken, 120.
 Ford, Capt. John, 292.
 Forster, Rev. Eden, D. D., 282.
 Fragmentary records, 592.
 Freese, family sketch, 375.
 French, family sketch, 379.
 Fernald, family sketch, 379.
 Furber, Rev. F., response, 57.
 Furber, John N., family sketch, 687.

 Gerrish, family sketch, 202, 280.
 Gile, family sketch, 294.
 Gilman, John H., 588.
 Gilman, family sketch, 383.
 Godfrey, Moses, 516.
 Goodhue, Rev. Josiah, call, 110.
 Goodrich, family sketch, 205.
 Gove, family sketch, 206.
 Gove, Samuel, 207.
 Gove, Edward, his sentence, 209.
 Grace, G. A., 231, 255.
 Griffin, family sketch, 339.

 Haines, family sketch, 390.
 Haby, John, his children, 177.
 Hampton, Gen., 184.
 Hanson, family sketch, 693.
 Harrison, Gen., 184.
 Harvey, James, 157.
 Harvey, Thomas, 299.
 Harvey, Jonathan, 210.
 Harvey, Matthew, 210.
 Harvey, Robert, 213.
 Harvey, family sketch, 209, 696.
 Hidden, Rev. Ephraim N., 234.
 Hill, Hon. Edson, response, 19.
 Hill family, sketch, 639.
 Hill, Dr. Moses, 707.
 Hill family, sketch, 707.
 Hill, Chace C., 577.
 Hilton, family sketch, 404.
 Hoag, family sketch, 407.
 Hobert, Rev. James, call, 115.
 Hoitt, Hon. Alfred, 16, 201.
 Hoitt, family sketch, 708.
 Hooper, Noah, 295.

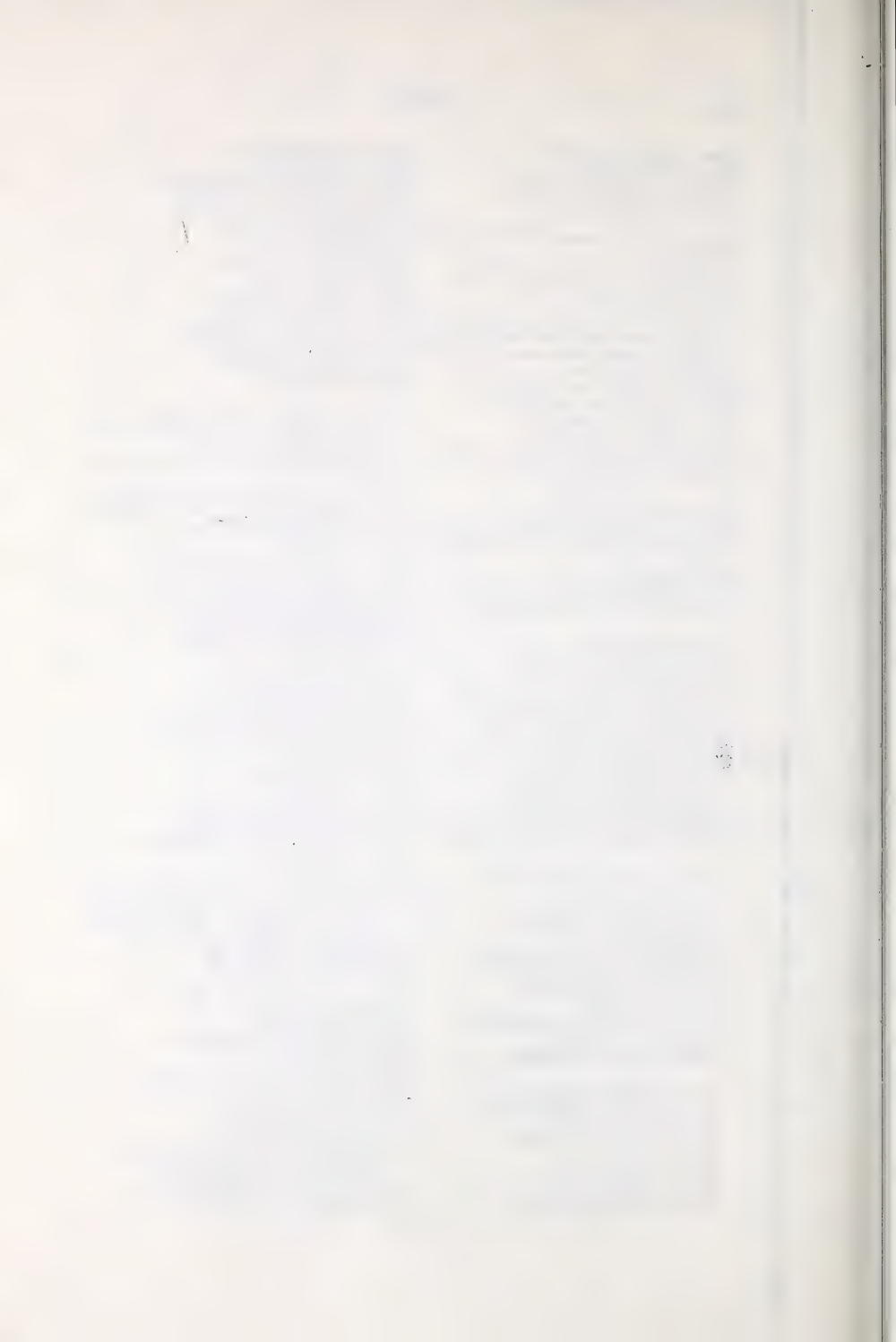
 Incidents: insane man's prayer, 132; thirsty disciple, 164; rattlesnakes, 346; the dog and the wig, 346.
 Indians, murder of Mrs. Simpson, 134, 294.
 Inventory, Nottingham, 1806, 142; Deerfield, 1777, 316; 1878, 322; Northwood and Nottingham, 1878, 600.

 James, family sketch, 409, 410.
 James, family sketch, 721.
 Jenness, Hon. B. W., 186.
 Jenness, family sketch, 411.
 Johnson, family sketch, 723.
 Johnson, family sketch, 728.

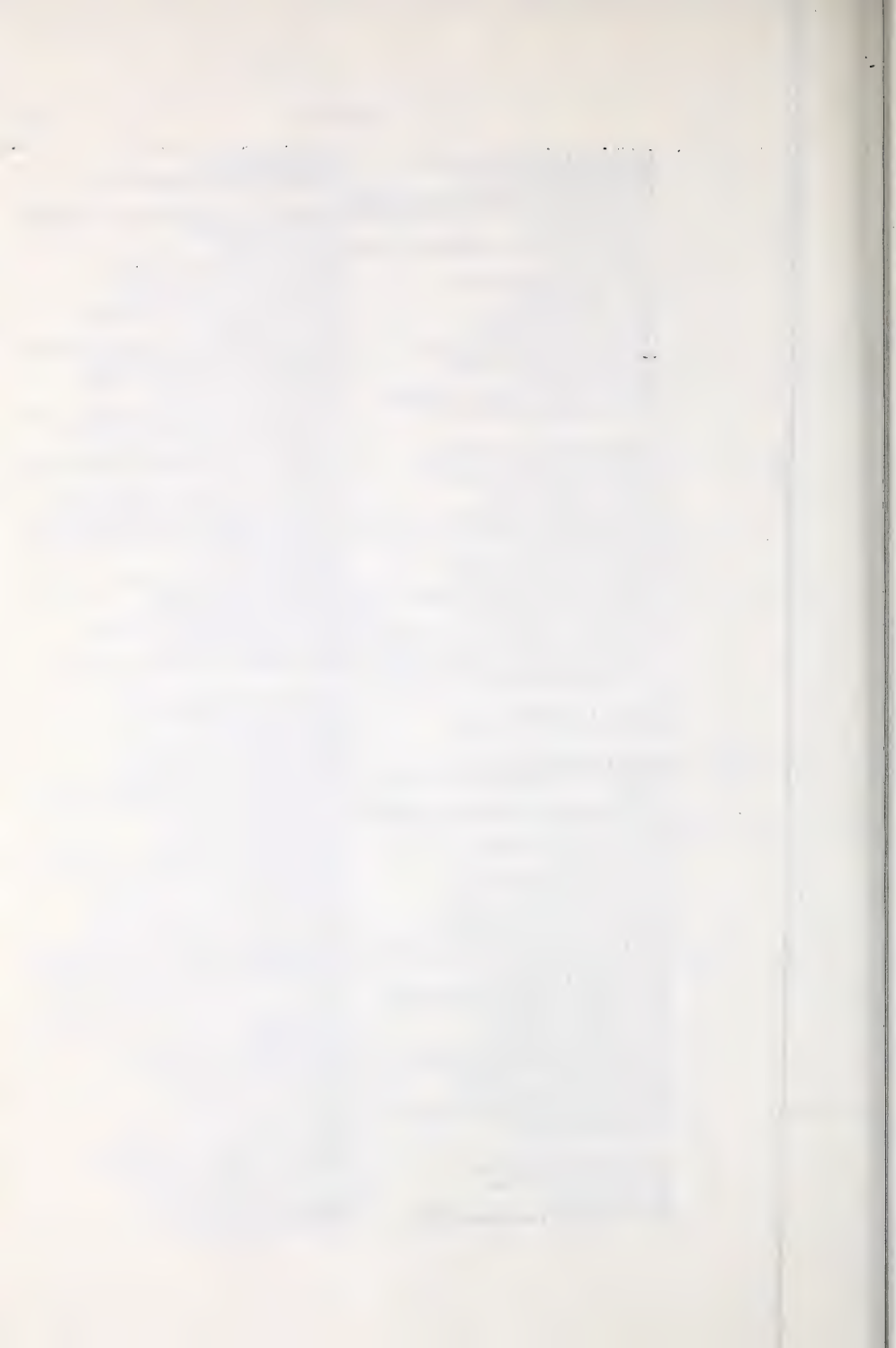
 Kelley, family sketch, 730.
 Kelley, family sketch, 213.
 Kimball, family sketch, 722.
 Knowlton, family sketch, 734.
 Knowles, family sketch, 736.

 Labor, price of, 328.
 Lafayette, 538.
 Lancaster, family sketch, 743.
 Langley, family sketch, 215.
 Leavitt, Rev. D. P., response, 53.
 Lee, Gen., 183.
 Local sketches: East Northwood, 566; Clark's Hill, 569; Center, 570; Narrows, 573; Blake's Hill, 576; the Mountain, 580; Bennett's Hill, 581; Richardson's Hill, 581.
 Lucy, family sketch, 216.

 Maloon, family sketch, 419.
 March, Joseph, 294.
 Marsh, family sketch, 230.
 Marston, family sketch, 425.
 Marston, Simon, 236.
 Maylen, Rev. Joseph, call, 106.
 McClary, Michael, 290.
 McClary, Andrew, 212.
 McClary, John, 218.
 McClary, Maj. Andrew, 219; march to Cambridge, 221; his letter, 221.
 McClary, family sketch, 217.
 McClintock, Rev. Samuel, call, 110.



- McGrillis, family sketch, 230.
 Mead, family sketch, 745.
 Meeting-houses: Congregational, efforts to build, 263, 270; Calvin Baptist, 296; Freewill, 296.
 Mills, 509; first in Nottingham, Shem Drown's, 91.
 Mills, family sketch, 432.
 Mills, Joseph, 189.
 Miller, Col., 184, 185.
 Monroe, President, 537.
 Moody, Rev. Joshua, call, 107.
 Moore, family sketch, 434.
 Moore, Daniel, 294.
 Morrison, Hon. Robert, 6; address, 7.
 Morrison, family sketch, 747.
 Nealley, family sketch, 761.
 Nealby, Matthew, died, 138.
 Nealley, William, married, 129.
 Nealley, Andrew, 200.
 Nealley, family sketch, 231.
 Nesmith, Hon. George W., names furnished by, 610.
 Norris, family sketch, 296.
 Norton, family sketch, 762.
 Northwood, incorporation, 519; doings in the Rebellion, 523.
 Nottingham, history of, 77; first called New Boston, 79; proprietors, 84; royal charter, 84; first settlement, 87; division of lots, 92; third division, 102.
 Officers, town, 308.
 Osborn, Rev. Mr., call, 133.
 Page, family sketch, 435.
 Parade, 297; academy, 297; Husey, 298.
 Pastors: Calvin Baptist, 295; Freewill, 296.
 Patten, Rev. W. A., 234.
 Pensioners, 614.
 Physicians, 255, 323, 584.
 Pierce, Gov. Benjamin, 185.
 Pillsbury, family sketch, 763.
 Pillsbury, Rev. Edmund, 542.
 Pirkham, Thomas J., response, 39; or for the dinner, 5.
 Piper, Hon. Charles H., 7.
 Piper, Hon. S. B., 7; his letter, 571.
 Poem, Susan C. Willey, 16.
 Poor, the, 327, 602.
 Poor, Gen. Enoch, 184.
 Prentice, Rev. Josiah, 8, 55, 549.
 Prentice, family sketch, 765.
 Prescott, R. S., response, 25.
 Prescott, family sketch, 437, 766.
 Proctor, Gen., 185.
 Rand, family sketch, 441.
 Rawson, Jonathan, 254.
 Red store, 396.
 Revolution, 120; soldiers of, 616.
 Ripley, Col., 184.
 Robinson, family sketch, 446.
 Sabbath day, celebration on, 10; sabbath-school, 565.
 Sacrifices, 527.
 Sanborn, family sketch, 450.
 Sawyer, family sketch, 453.
 Seales, family sketch, 243.
 School-districts, 140; houses, 563.
 Seminary, 562.
 Shepard, Dr. Samuel, silenced, 128, 255.
 Sherburne, family sketch, 767.
 Simpson, family sketch, 243, 455.
 Sinclair, John G., 189.
 Sketch of families, Nottingham, 166; Deerfield, 333; Northwood, 622.
 Small, Hon. William B., 562.
 Small-pox, Dr. Dearborn forbidden to inoculate, 139.
 Smith, family sketch, 463, 468, 770.
 Soldiers, inducements to enlist, 292; war of 1812, 616; war of Rebellion, 617.
 South Road, 306.
 St. Clair, Ira, 269.
 Stearns, family sketch, 469.
 Stevens, Daniel B., 195.
 Stevens, Theophilus, 295.
 Stevens, family sketch, 246, 472.
 Steele, Jonathan, 254.
 Stove, first in meeting-house, 328.
 Tasker, John C., response, 62.
 Tasker, family sketch, 772.
 Tecumseh, 185.
 Thompson, family sketch, 474.
 Tilton, family sketch, 476.
 Tories from New York, 287.
 Town officers, history of, 147, 585, 592.
 Towle, Dr. G. H., 306.
 Tree, elm, 28.
 True, family sketch, 481.
 Tucker, Dudley, family sketch of, 778.
 Turnpike, 596.
 Tuttle, family sketch, 248, 780.
 Upham, Maj. Gen. Timothy, 186.
 Upham, Rev. Timothy, call, 272; marriage, 274; death, 275; chosen deputy, 286.
 Upham, Nathaniel, of Rochester, 276.
 Upham, Prof. Thomas, of Bowdoin College, 276.
 Upham, Hon. Nathaniel G., 277.
 Upham, Prof. Albert, 279.
 Upham, Hannah, 279.
 Veasey, family sketch, 486.
 Vehicles, 146.
 Votes of the town, 1786-1811, 155.
 Volunteers, Northwood, 525.
 Watson, family sketch, 251.
 Wear, family sketch, 487.



- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Webster, Daniel, 537. | Wiggin, family sketch, 781. |
| Wentworth, Gov., proclamation, 120. | Willey, family sketch, 784. |
| Whittier, family sketch, 493. | Williams, Nathaniel, 184. |
| White, family sketch, 504. | Wilkinson, Gen., 184. |
| White, Rev. Lyman, 284. | Wingate, family sketch, 785. |
| Wiggin, Rev. Henry B., 6; response,
67. | Woodman, family sketch, 506. |
| | Woodbury, Hon. Levi, 186, 277. |

ADDENDA.

The following should have been inserted between the fourteenth and fifteenth lines on page 284:—

Mr. Condit was succeeded by Rev. Jacob Chapman, who was installed May 20, 1866, and dismissed, after a successful ministry, May 10, 1872, to be followed by Rev. Mr. Patten.

THE END.

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